Using Mathematica to plot solutions to Laplace's equation

The problem: solve Laplace's equation $\nabla^2 \phi = 0$ in two dimensions for a rectangle of size a in the x direction, size b in the y direction, with boundary conditions: $\phi(x,0)=\phi(0,y)=\phi(a,y)=0, \quad \phi(x, b) = v.$ The solution: $\phi = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \operatorname{Sin}[n \pi x/a] \operatorname{Sinh}[n \pi y/a]$, where $c_n = \phi_0 (1 - (-1)^n) \frac{2}{n \pi \operatorname{Sinh}[n \pi b/a]}$

■ First I define the approximate solution as the sum of the first 40 terms:

 $\begin{array}{ll} ln[16]:= & nmax = 40; \\ c[n_{-1}] = v & (1 - (-1)^n) & 2 / (n\pi \sinh[n\pi b/a]); \\ \phi = & sum[c[n] & sin[n\pi x/a] & sinh[n\pi y/a], \{n, 1, nmax\}]; \end{array}$

■ Next I choose for definiteness a = b = v=1

In[19]:= v = 1; a = 1; b = 1; Next I have the countour plot made. Look under Help for CountourPlot, and it will tell you about the options this function can take.





Next I plot the 3D graph of the function: