

Signatures of WIMP scattering inelastically off nuclei

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Baudis, Kessler, Lang, Menéndez, Reichard, Schwenk, PRD (2013) Vietze, Menéndez, Haxton, Schwenk, arXiv to appear

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Inelastic scattering Xenon spectra





- Excitation to low-lying first excited state (40 keV / 80 keV) possible
- Nuclear recoil + prompt deexcitation gamma can be observed

Types of WIMP-nucleon interactions Spin-independent (SI)



Elastic scattering:

All nucleons contribute (coherent)

$$\langle \mathsf{initial} | \sum_i^{\mathcal{A}} \mathcal{L}^{\mathsf{SI}}_{\chi \mathsf{N}} | \mathsf{initial}
angle \propto \mathcal{A}$$

Inelastic scattering:

 For experimentally relevant isotopes transitions between ground state and first excited state are of single-particle nature

$$\langle {
m final} | \sum_i^{\mathcal{A}} \mathcal{L}_{\chi N}^{
m SI} | {
m initial}
angle \propto 1$$

► For SI interaction, inelastic scattering strongly suppressed

Structure factors: SI inelastic scattering





• Suppressed by $A^{-2} \sim 10^{-4}$ compared to elastic

Types of WIMP-nucleus interactions Spin-dependent (SD)



Elastic scattering

Spin carried mostly by unpaired nucleons

$$\langle \text{initial} | \sum_{i}^{\mathcal{A}} \mathcal{L}_{\chi N}^{\text{SD}} | \text{initial} \rangle \propto 1$$

Inelastic scattering

Transition also of single-particle nature

$$\langle {
m final}|\sum_{i}^{A} {\cal L}_{\chi N}^{
m SD} |{
m initial}
angle \propto 1$$

SD channel sensitive to both elastic and inelastic scattering

Structure factors: SD inelastic scattering





Baudis, Kessler, PK, Lang, Menéndez, Reichard, Schwenk, PRD 88, 115014 (2013)

▶ Inelastic comparable to elastic scattering at $u \approx 1$ ($p \approx 125$ MeV)

Inelastic scattering Integrated recoil spectra





Mass [GeV]	$^{129}\mathrm{Xe}$	$^{131}\mathrm{Xe}$	Total
10	-	-	-
25	5	_	5
50	7	17	9
100	7	24	12
250	9	32	19
500	11	35	24

TABLE II. Minimum energy $E_{\rm vis}$ in keV above which the observed inelastic spectrum for $^{129}\,\rm Xe,$ $^{131}\rm Xe$ and for the total spectrum starts to dominate the elastic one for various WIMP masses.

- One plateau per excited state
- Combined information from elastic and inelastic channel will allow to determine dominant interaction channel in one experiment
- Inelastic excitation sensitive to WIMP mass