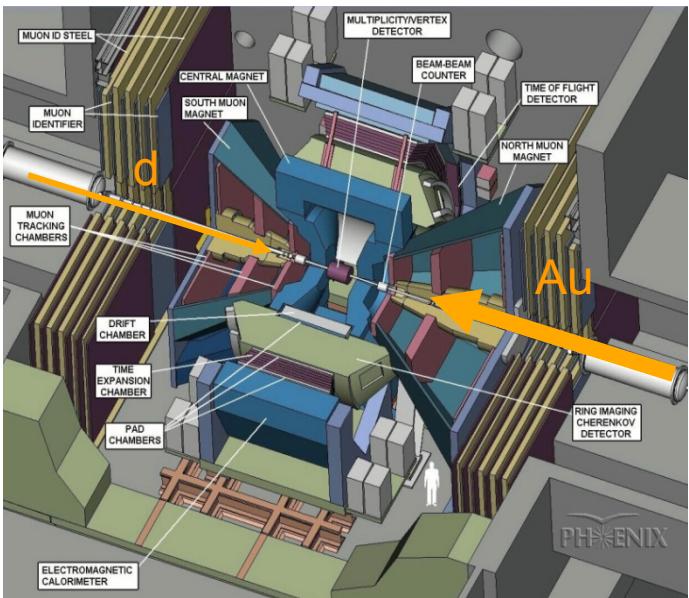


# Quarkonium Results at PHENIX

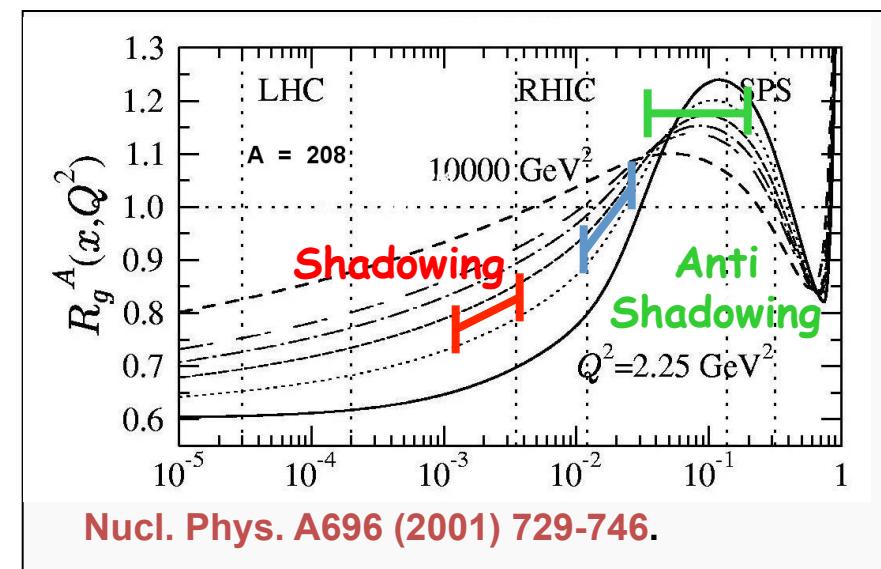
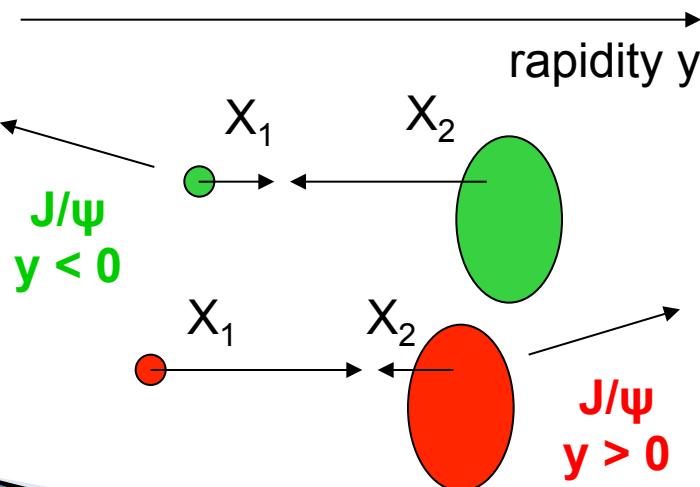
Marzia Rosati  
Iowa State University



# PHENIX J/ $\psi$ Measurement



- J/ $\psi$  is mostly produced by gluon fusion, and thus sensitive to gluon pdf
- Phenix probes different momentum fraction of Au gluons
  - South ( $y < -1.2$ ) : large  $X_2$  (in gold) ~ 0.090
  - North ( $y > 1.2$ ) : small  $X_2$  (in gold) ~ 0.003
  - Central ( $y \sim 0$ ) : intermediate  $X_2$  ~ 0.020



# PHENIX J/ $\psi$ Measurement in A+A

➤ 200 GeV

- Au+Au
- Cu+Cu
- Cu+Au
- U+U

➤ 62.4 GeV

- Au+Au

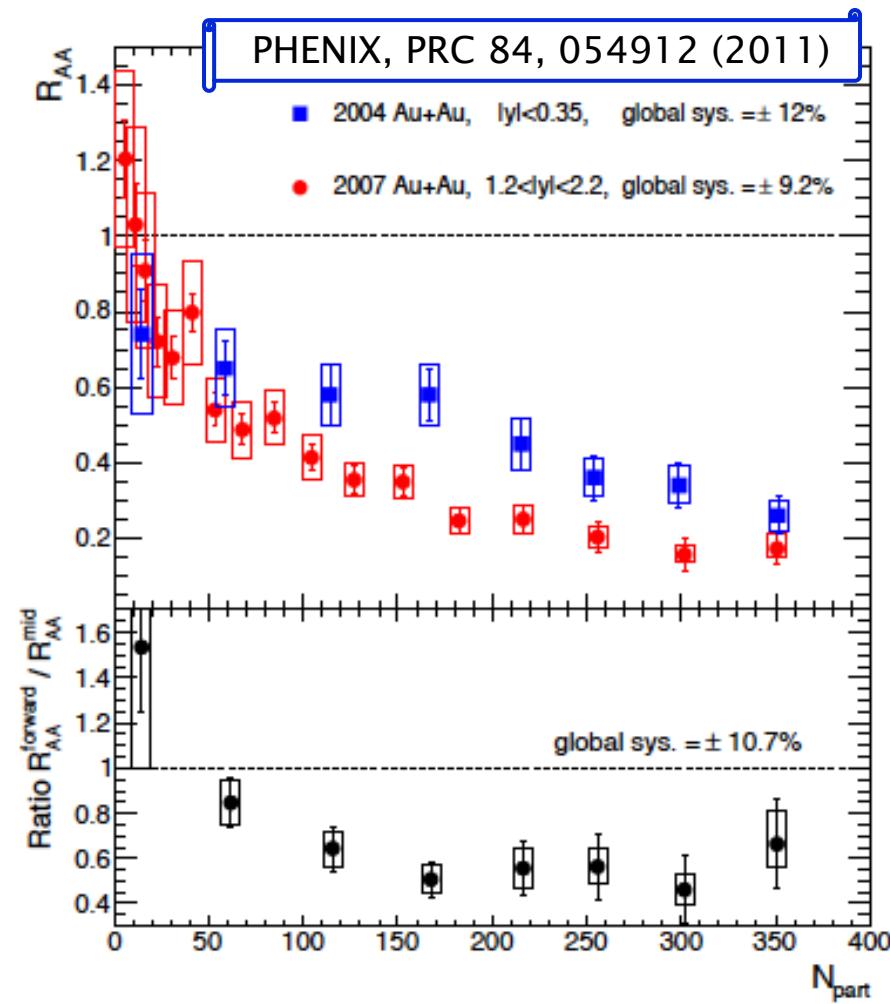
➤ 39 GeV

- Au+Au



200 GeV  
 Au+Au  
 Cu+Cu  
 Cu+Au  
 U+U  
 62.4 GeV  
 Au+Au  
 39 GeV  
 Au+Au

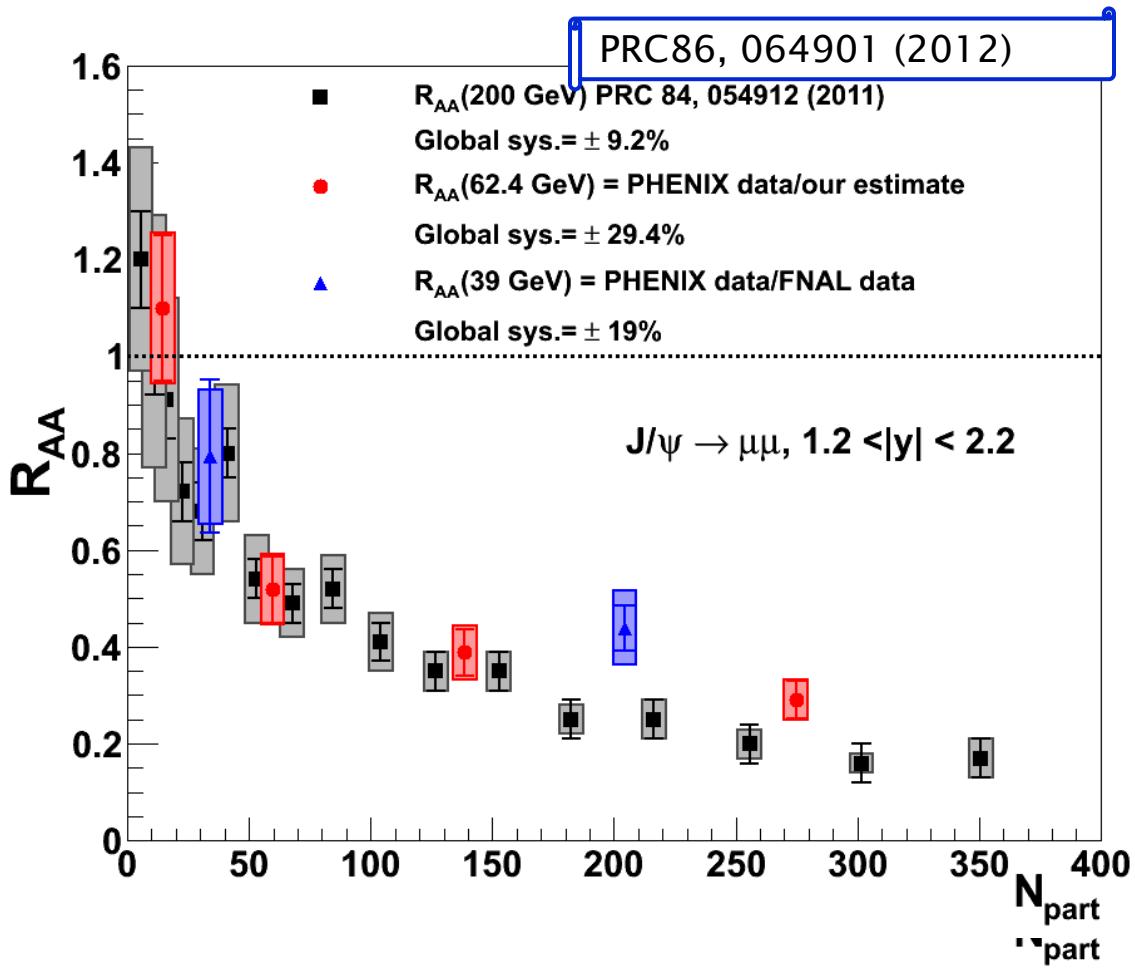
# Suppression in Au+Au at 200 GeV



- Smooth suppression with increasing collision centrality
- Forward rapidity more suppressed than mid-rapidity



# $J/\psi$ $R_{\text{AuAu}}$ vs Collision energy



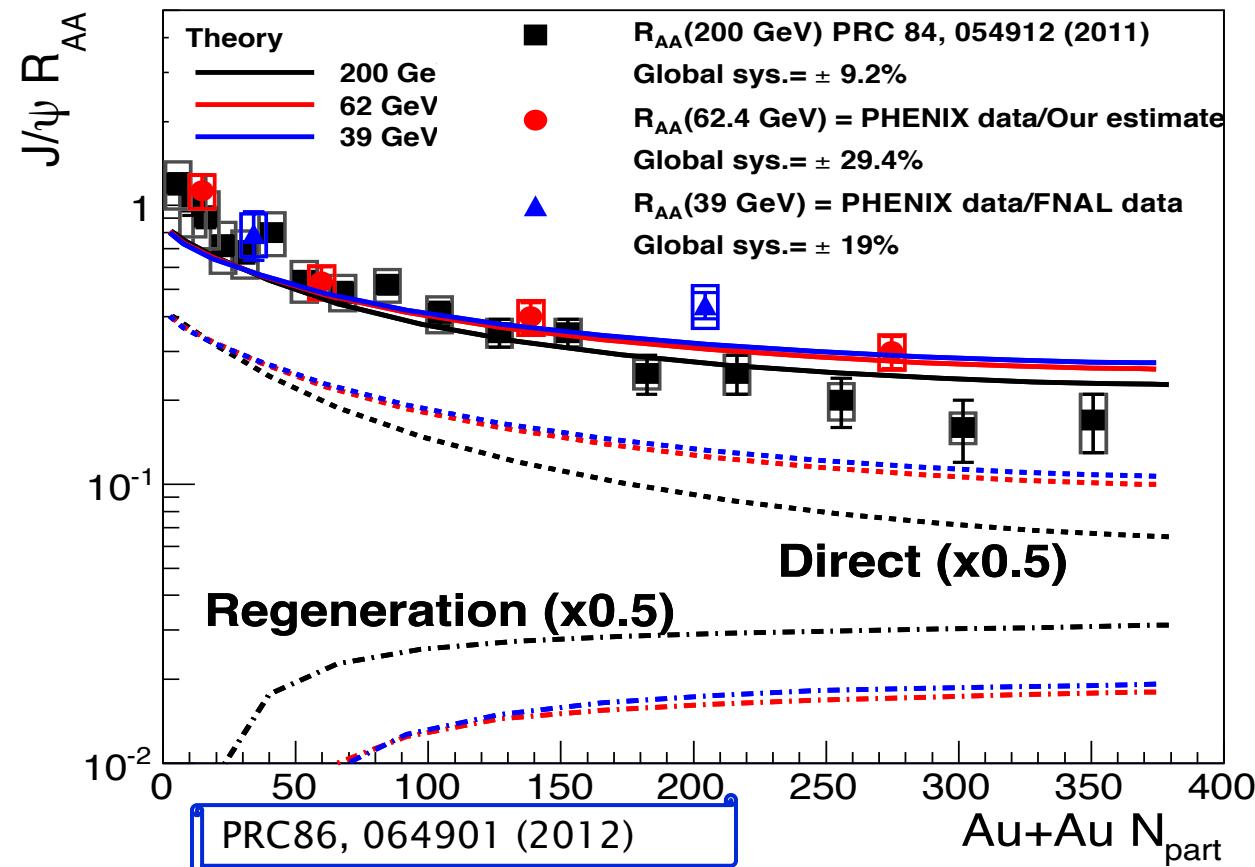
62 GeV suppression follows the trend of the 200 GeV and constrains theoretical models...



200 GeV	Au+Au
Cu+Cu	
Cu+Au	
U+U	
62.4 GeV	Au+Au
39 GeV	Au+Au

# $J/\psi R_{\text{AuAu}}$ vs Collision energy Theory comparison

X. Zhao, R. Rapp  
Phys Rev C82 064905 (2010)

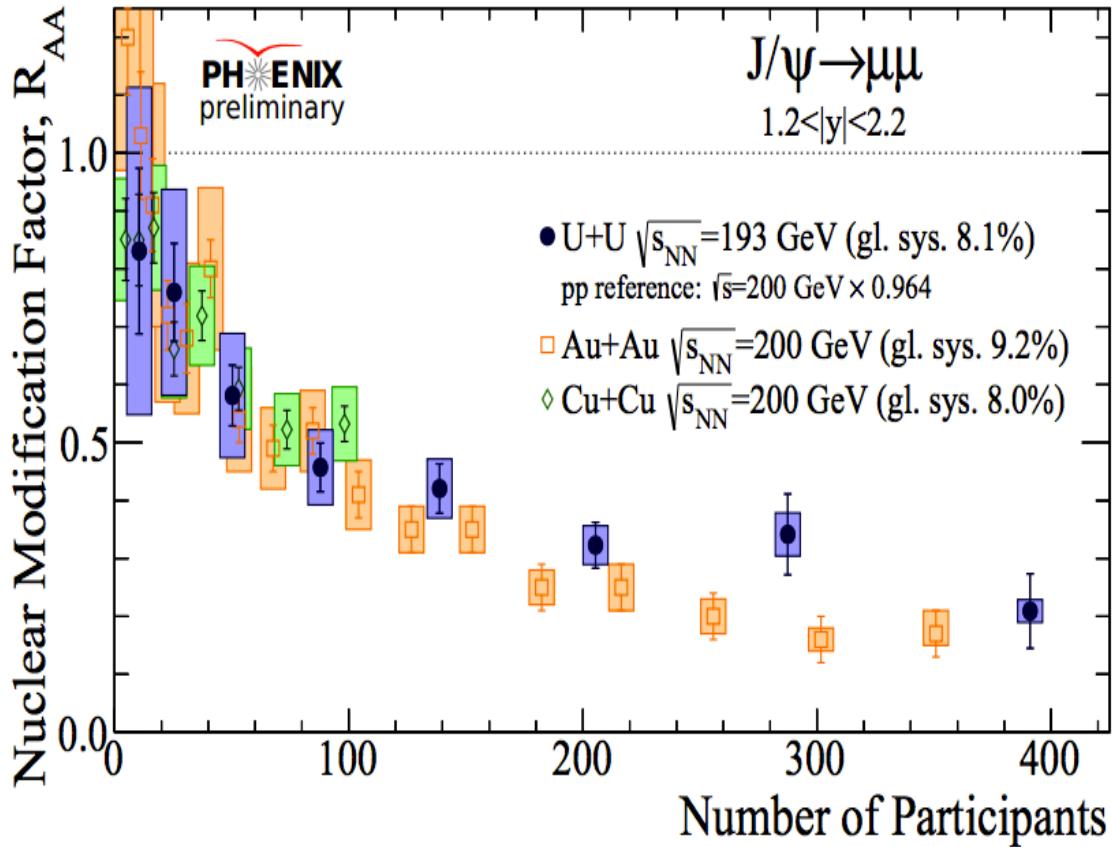


200 GeV	Au+Au
Cu+Cu	
Cu+Au	
U+U	
62.4 GeV	Au+Au
39 GeV	Au+Au

62 agrees with data,  
suggesting similarity  
of  $R_{\text{AA}}$  from 39 to 200  
GeV originates from  
cancellation of  
suppression and  
regeneration



# J/ $\psi$ R<sub>AA</sub> vs System Size



200 GeV	Au+Au
	Cu+Cu
	Cu+Au
	U+U
62.4 GeV	Au+Au
39 GeV	Au+Au

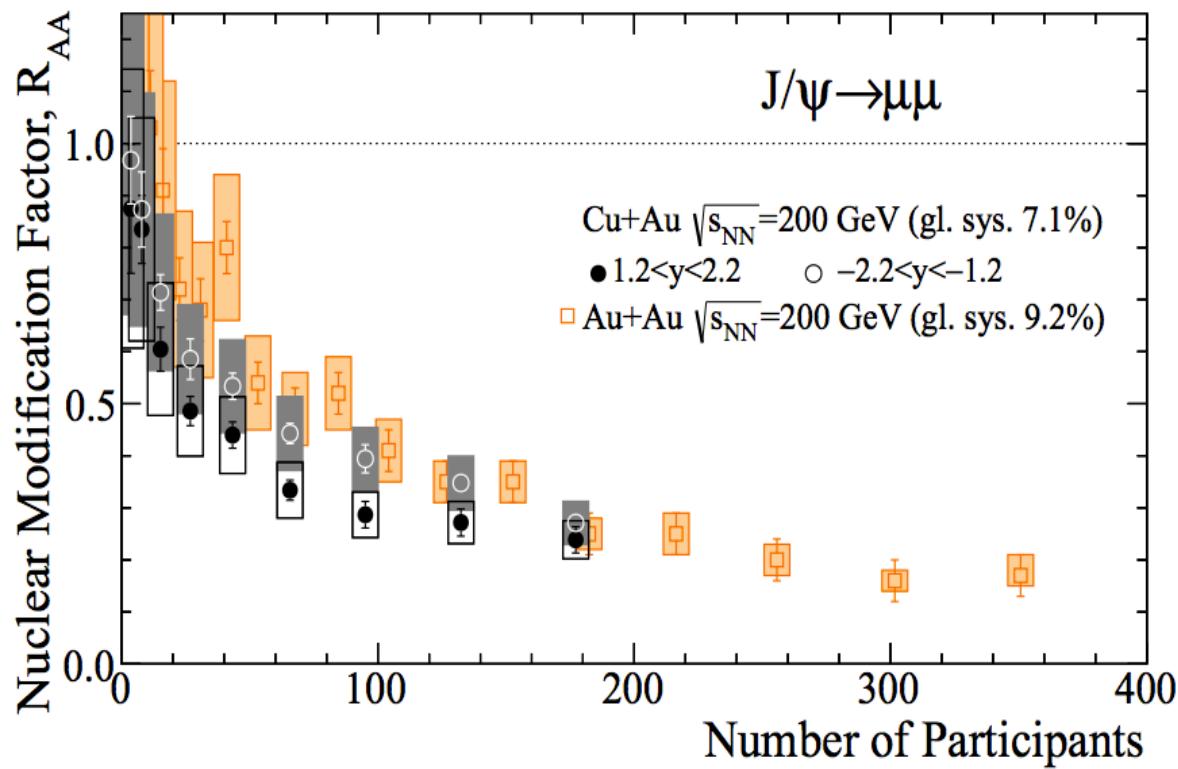
- Qualitatively similar suppression from Cu+Cu to U+U.
- Somewhat weaker suppression in central U+U collisions? Higher coalescence?



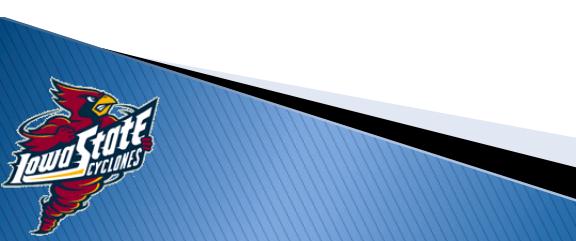
# J/ $\psi$ in Asymmetric Collision R<sub>CuAu</sub>

200 GeV  
Au+Au  
Cu+Cu  
Cu+Au  
U+U  
62.4 GeV  
Au+Au  
39 GeV  
Au+Au

arXiv:1404.1873

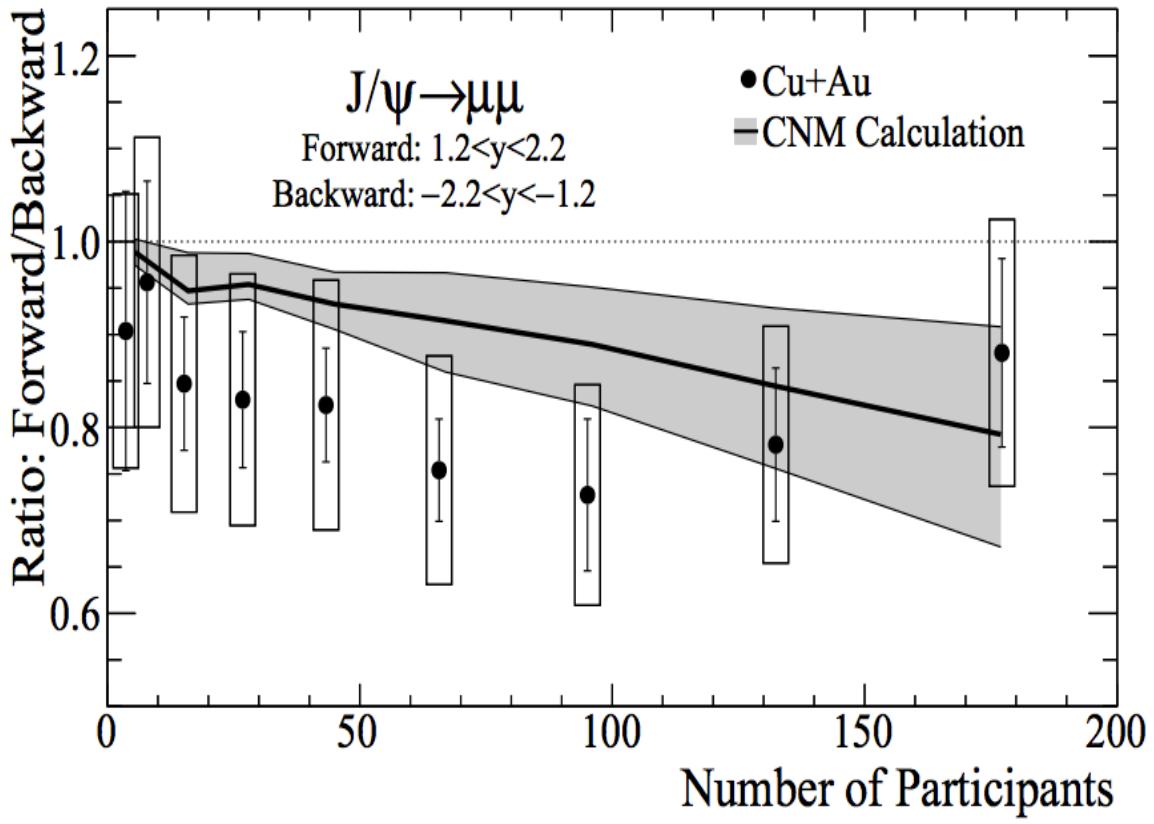


- suppression in Cu+Au comparable to Au+Au but somewhat smaller
- Cu-going more suppressed than Au-going.



# J/ $\psi$ in CuAu

arXiv:1404.1873



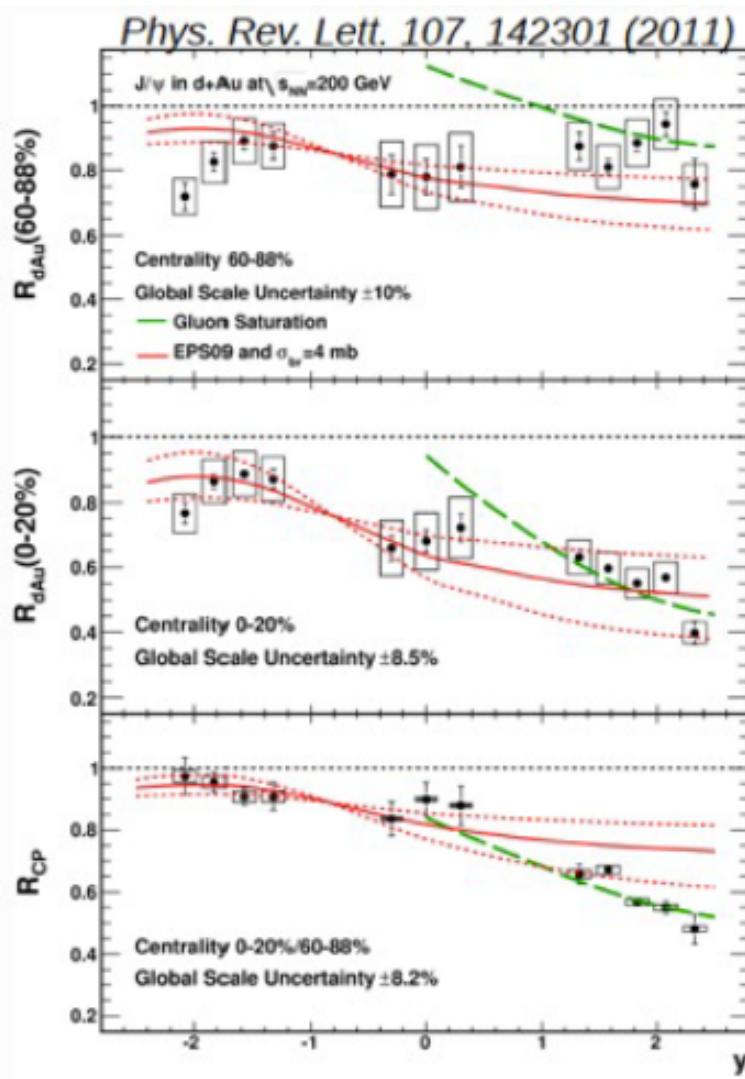
200 GeV  
Au+Au  
Cu+Cu  
**Cu+Au**  
U+U  
62.4 GeV  
Au+Au  
39 GeV  
Au+Au

- CNM effects:
  - Cu-going  $R_{AA}$  probes low  $x$  gluons in Au long proper crossing time.
  - Au-going  $R_{AA}$  probes low  $x$  in Cu, short proper crossing time.

CNM = EPS09 + 4mb breakup (Phys. Rev. C84, 044911, 2011)



# PHENIX J/ $\psi$ Measurement in d+Au

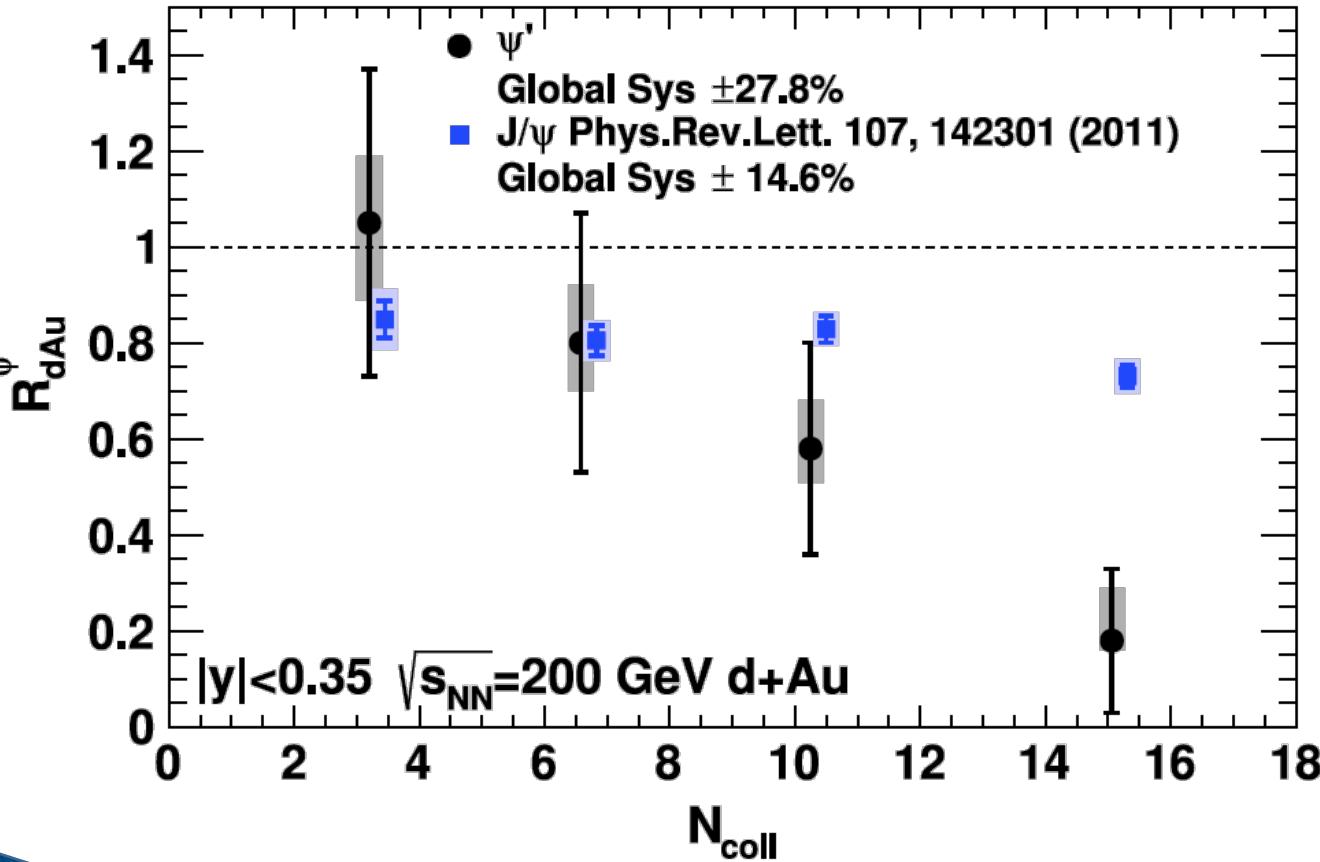


- Strong centrality dependence not expected from EPS09 or breakup cross section



# $\Psi'$ and $J/\Psi$ $R_{dAu}$ at midrapidity

PRL 111, 202301 (2013)

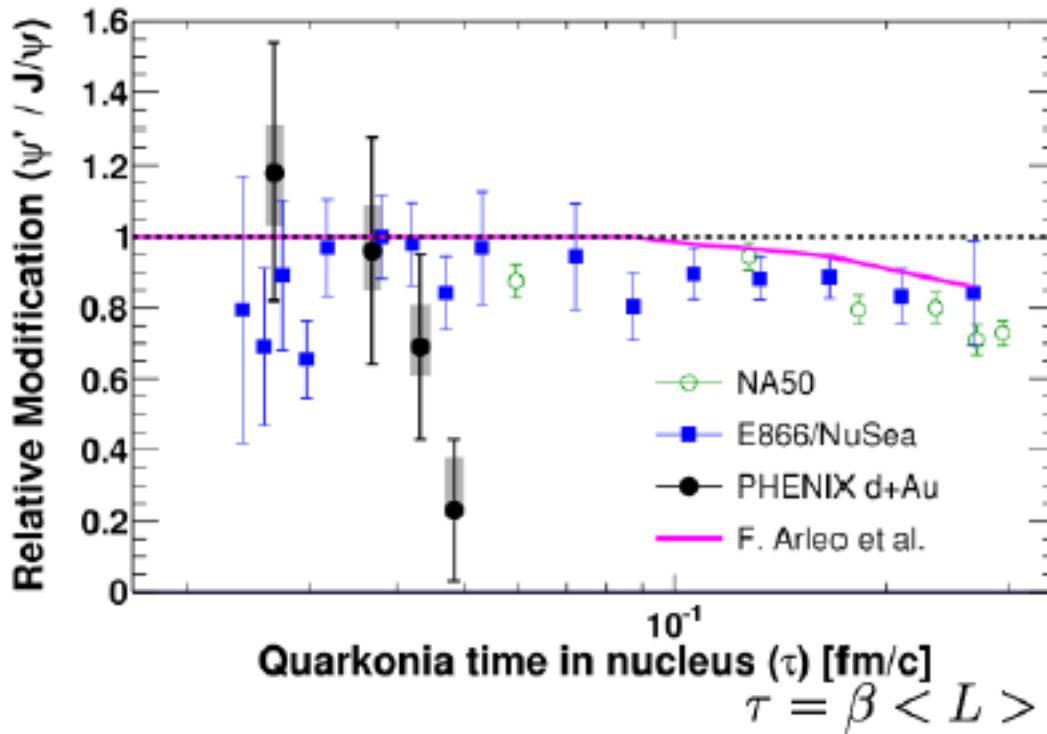


- $\Psi'$  is  $\sim 3$  times more suppressed in most central collisions than  $J/\Psi$ .
- Very different trend with  $N_{COLL}$ .



# $\Psi' / J/\Psi$ ratio

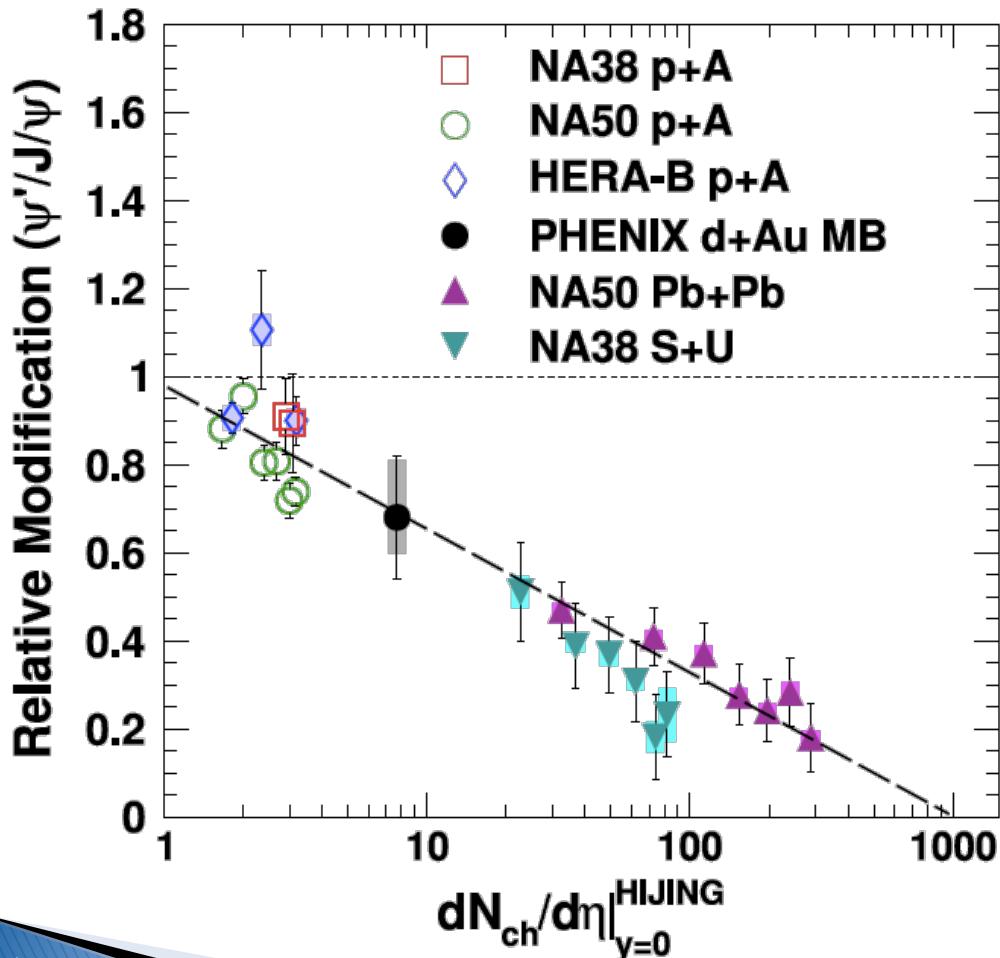
PRL111, 202301 (2013)



- Bound  $c\bar{c}$  cross nucleus as a preresonant state
- $\Psi'$  and  $J/\Psi$  should have the same suppression



# Relative suppression of $\Psi'$ and $J/\Psi$

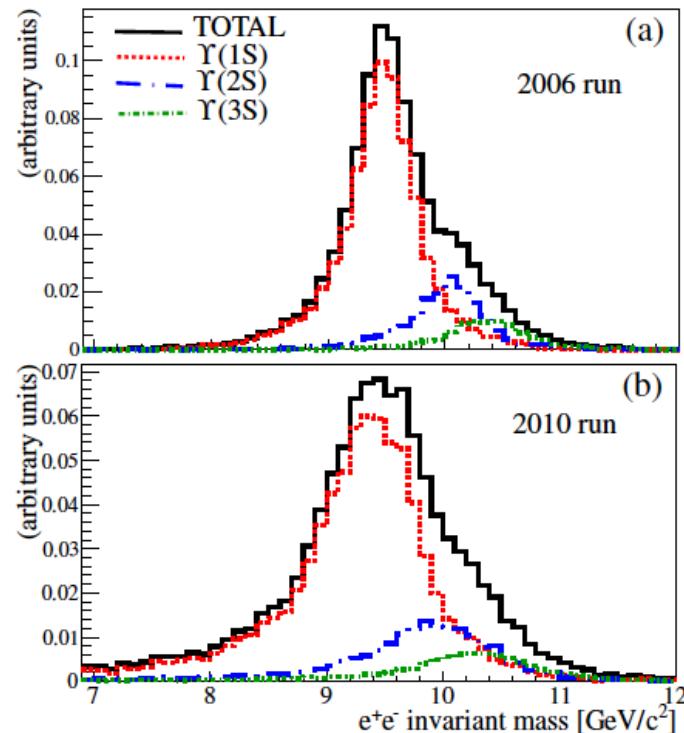


- Relative modification in *all* systems follows common trend with increasing produced particle density.
- Co-mover (or medium) density seems to be the relevant quantity.

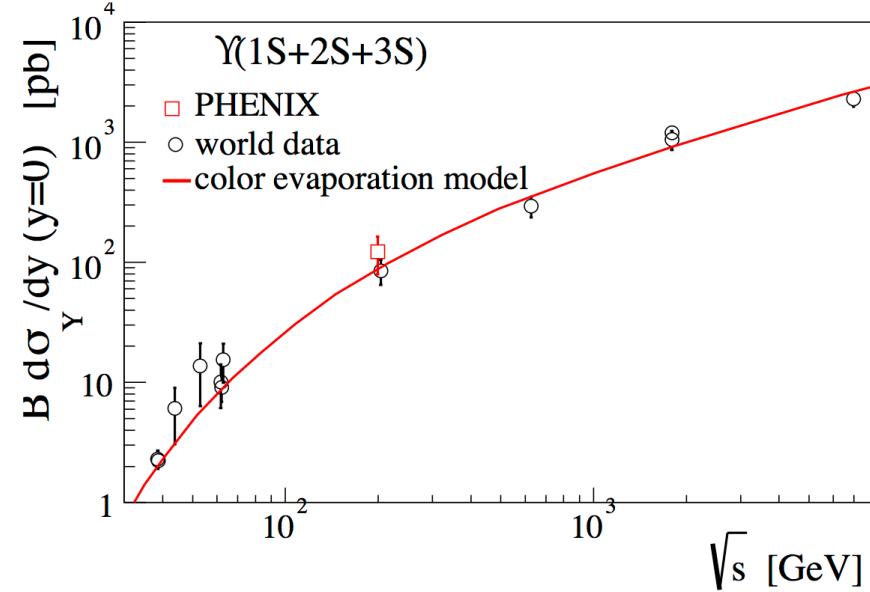
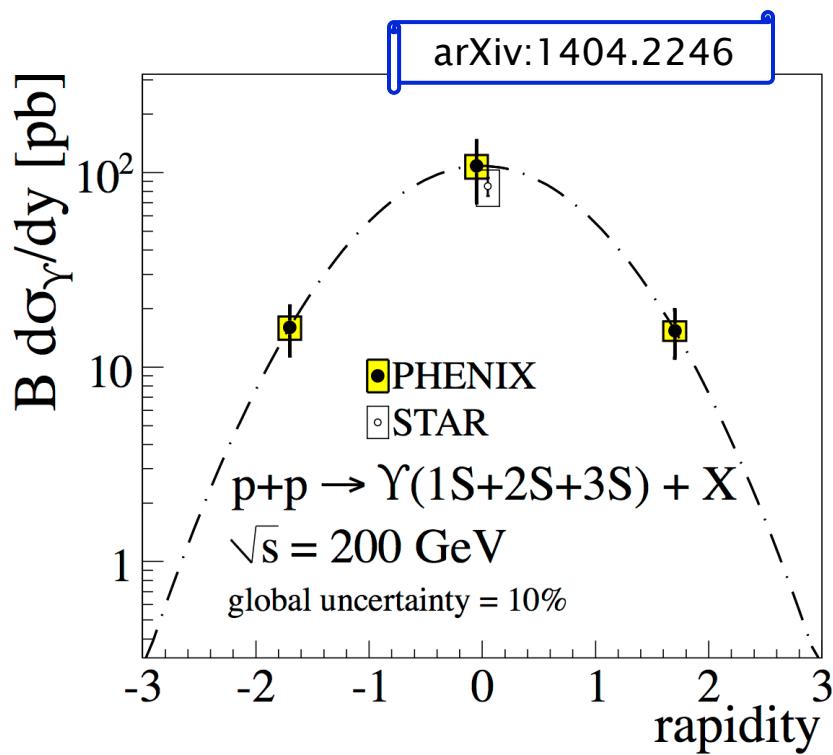


# PHENIX $\Upsilon(1S+2S+3S)$ Measurement

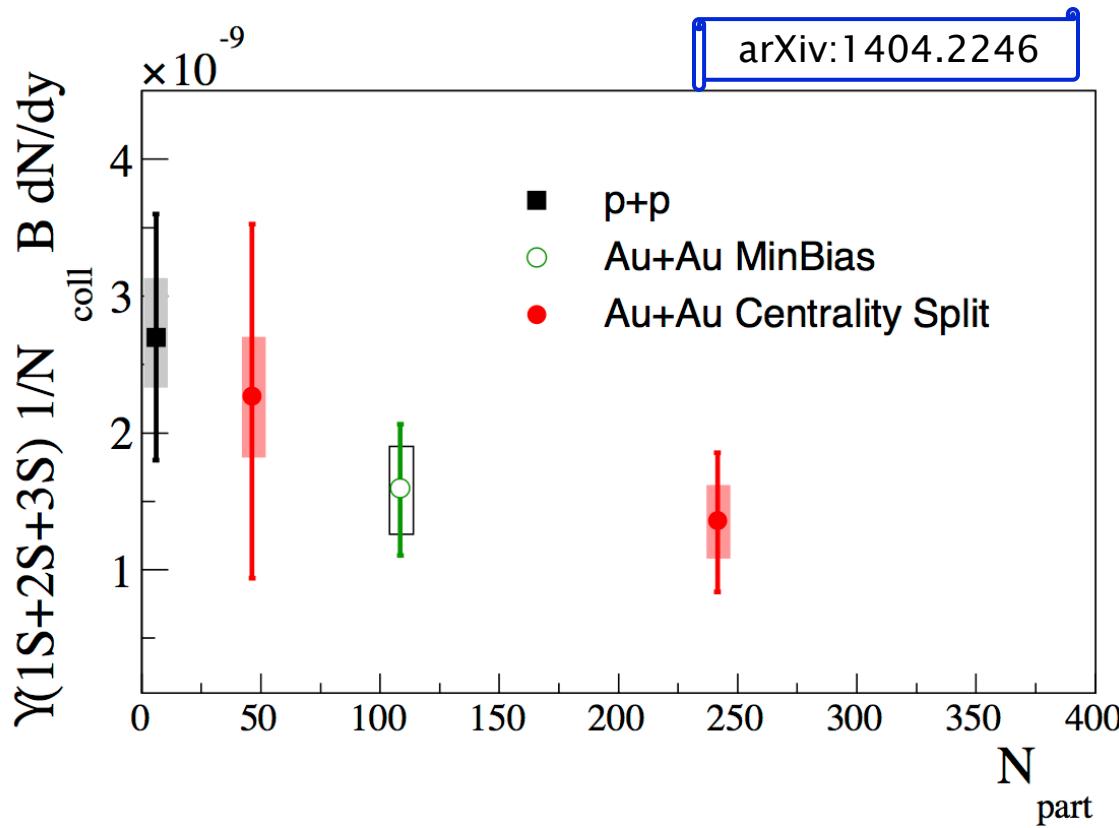
- Mass resolution doesn't enable PHENIX to separate the  $1S+2S+3S$  states.



# $\gamma$ cross section in pp at mid-rapidity



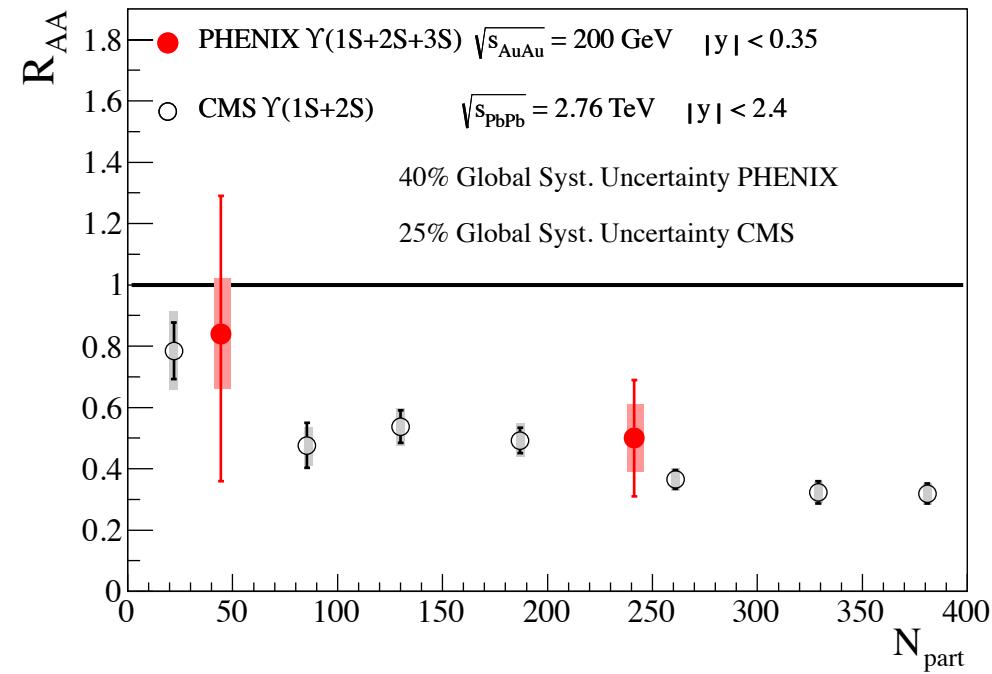
# $\gamma$ Invariant Yield/ $N_{\text{coll}}$ versus $N_{\text{part}}$



For central  
Au+Au collisions  $\gamma$   
invariant yield at mid-  
rapidity is reduced  
relative to expected  
 $N_{\text{coll}}$  scaling



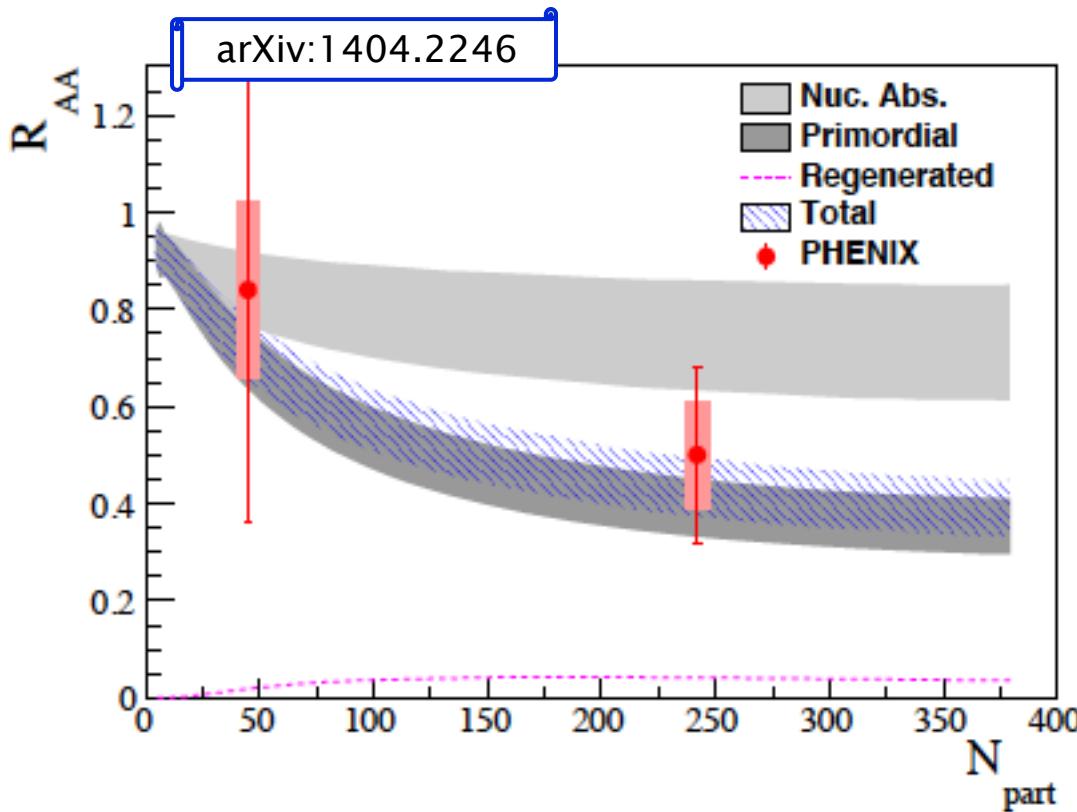
# $\gamma$ $R_{AA}$ vs Collision Energy



- Expected maximum  $R_{AA}$ :  
No 2S and 3S:  $0.65 \pm 0.11$   
No 2S, 3S and  $\chi_B$ :  $0.37 \pm 0.09$
- Measured  $R_{AA}$  consistent with melting of 2S+3S.
- Consistent with LHC results for the same  $N_{\text{PART}}$ .



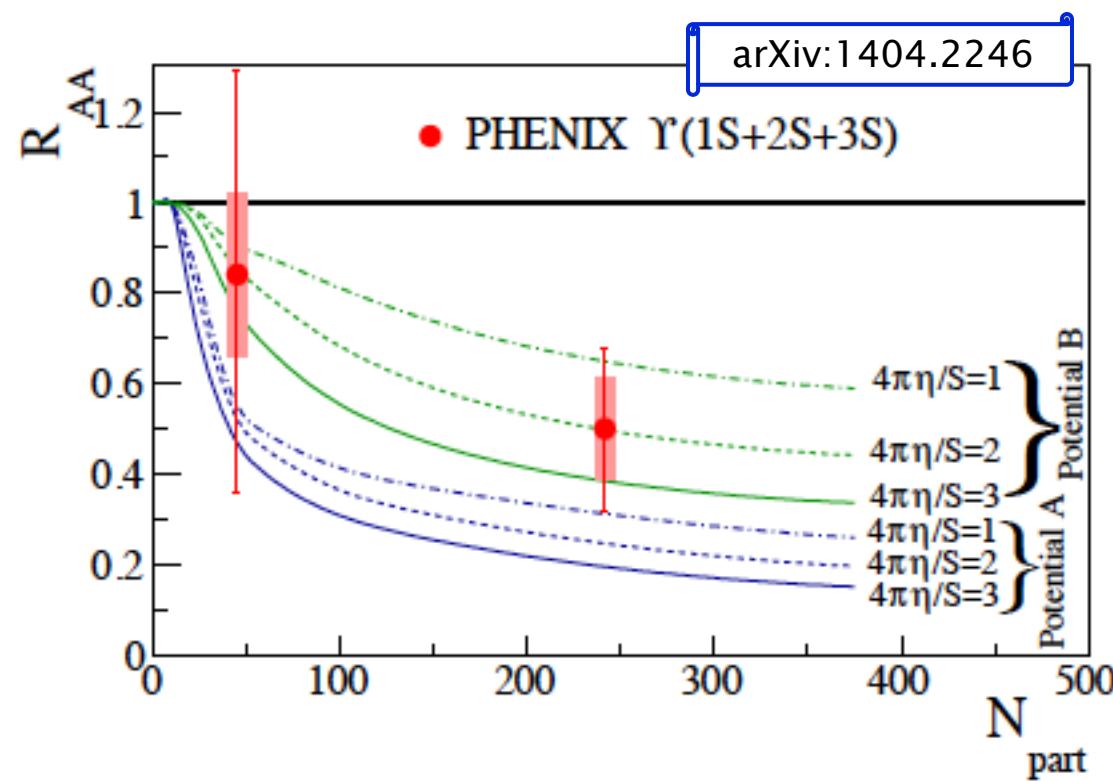
# Comparison to Theory (I)



- Model based on rate equation by Emerick, Zhao and Rapp  
[Eur. Phys. J. A48, 72(2012)]
- Model includes  $\Upsilon$  primordial formation, nuclear absorption and regeneration (very small at RHIC)
- Model consistent with data



# Comparison to Theory (II)

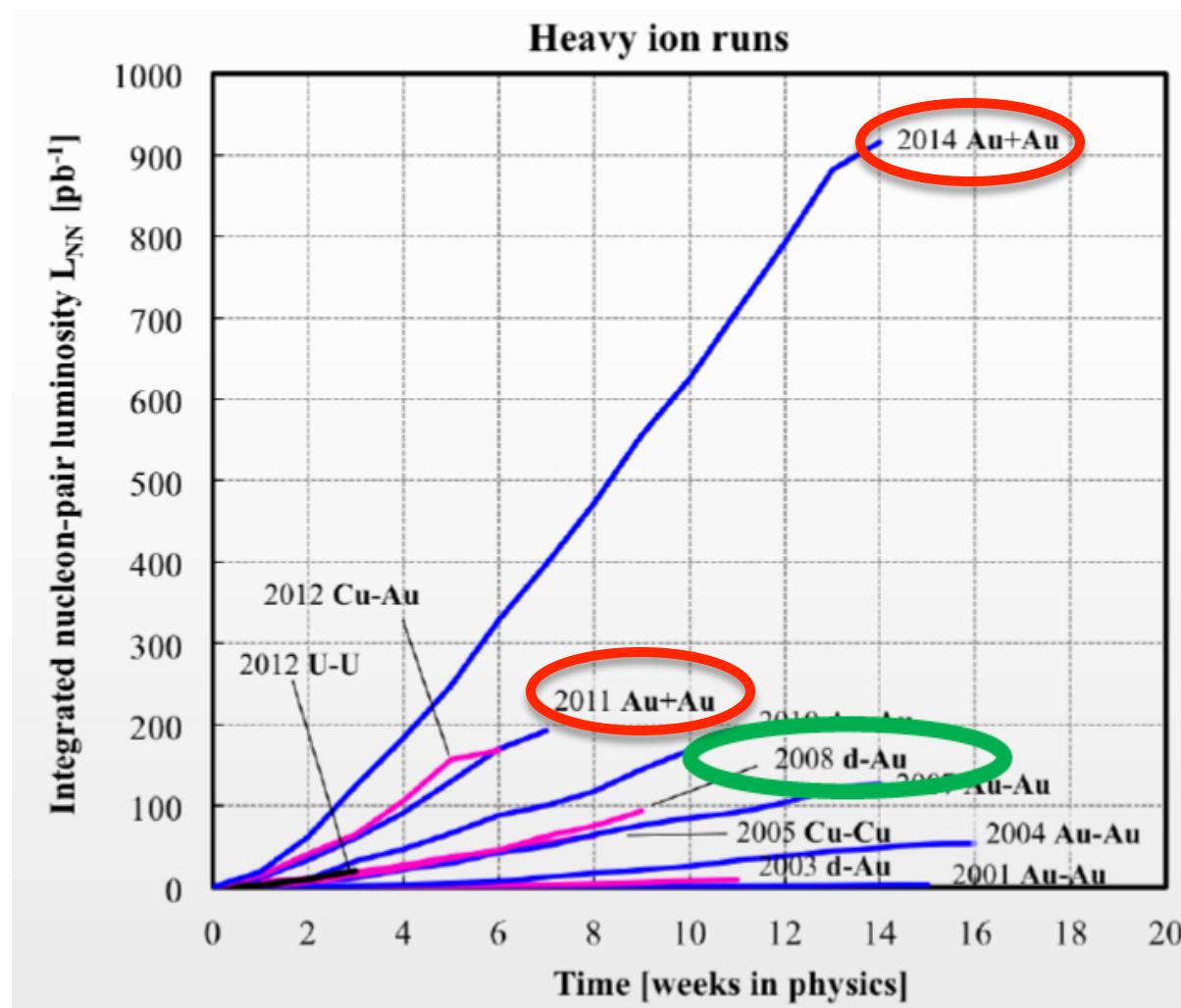


- Potential Model with finite momentum-space anisotropy by Strickland and Barzov [Nucl.Phys. A 879,23(2012)]
- Data prefers model with potential B which includes entropy contribution to the free energy but unable to constrain  $\eta/s$



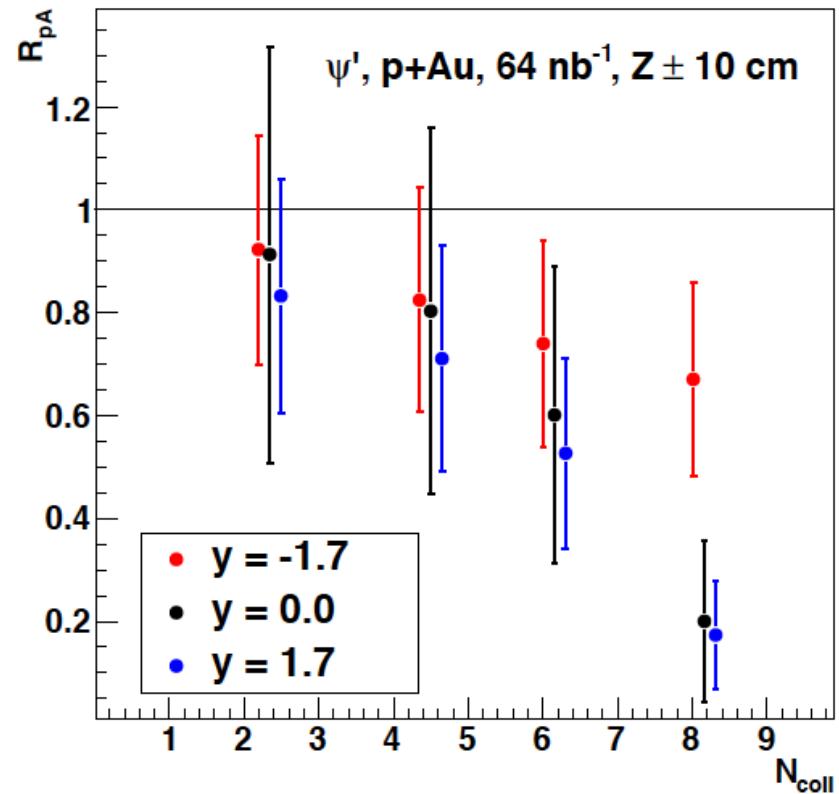
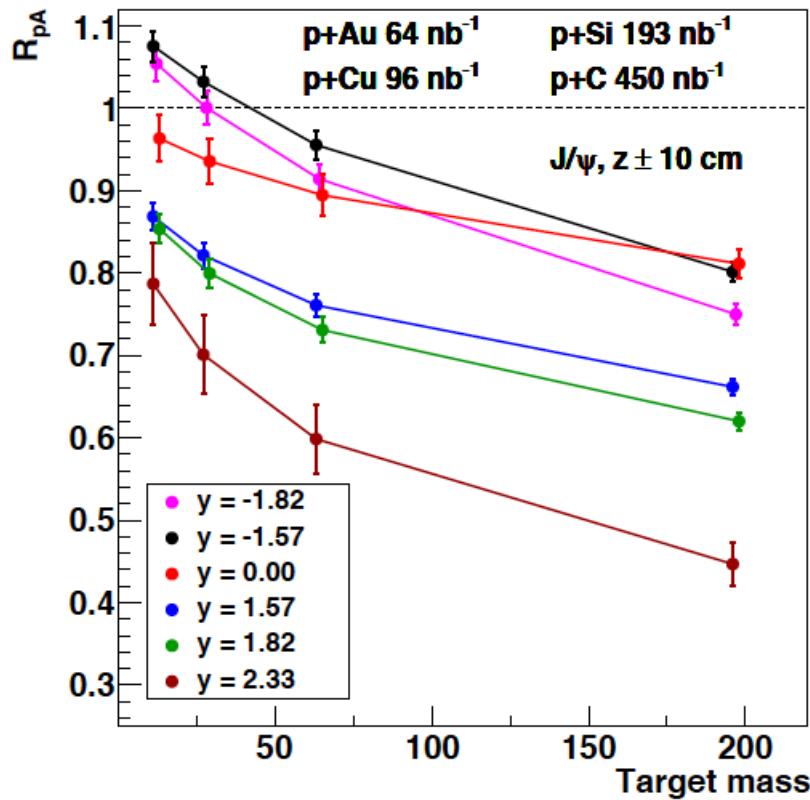
# PHENIX 2014 Au+Au dataset

- Integrated luminosity ( $|z| \pm 30$  cm)  
 $\mathcal{L} = 6.6 \text{ nb}^{-1}$
- $\times 5$  2010 dataset
- $\times 8$  2007 dataset



# In 2015 RHIC pA Run

## Projected uncertainties for $\text{J}/\Psi$ and $\Psi'$

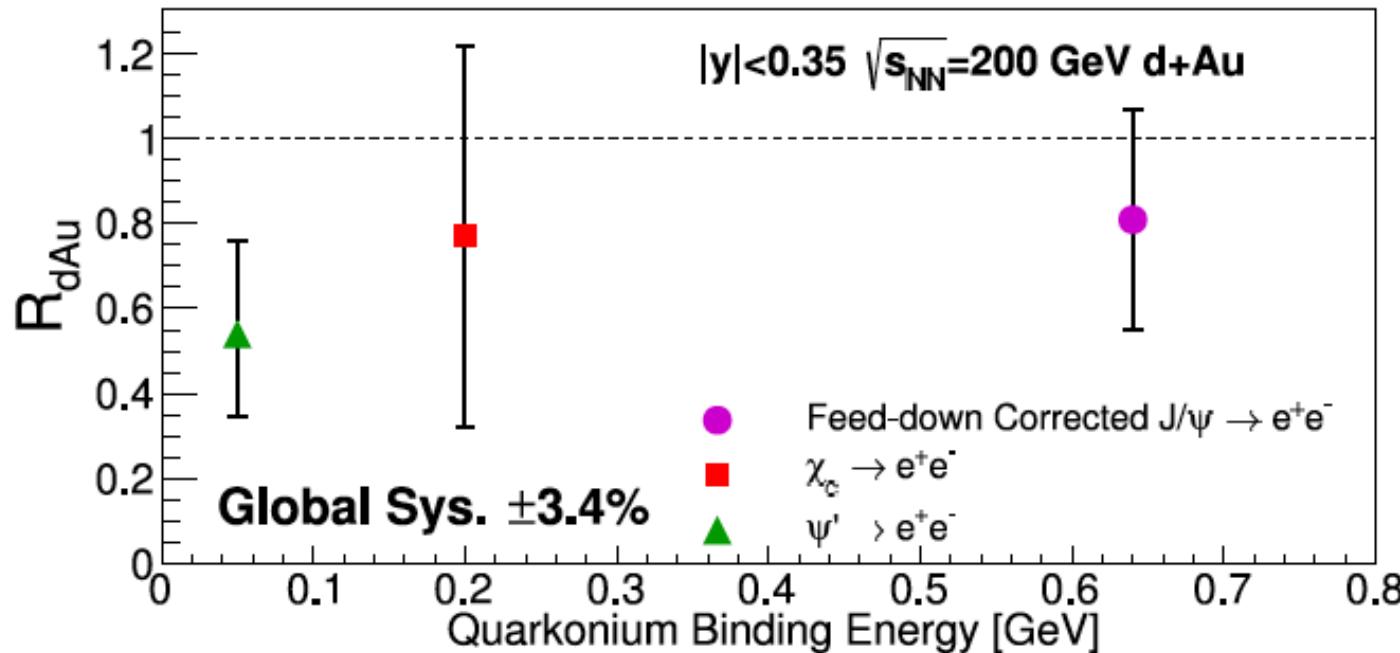


# BACKUP

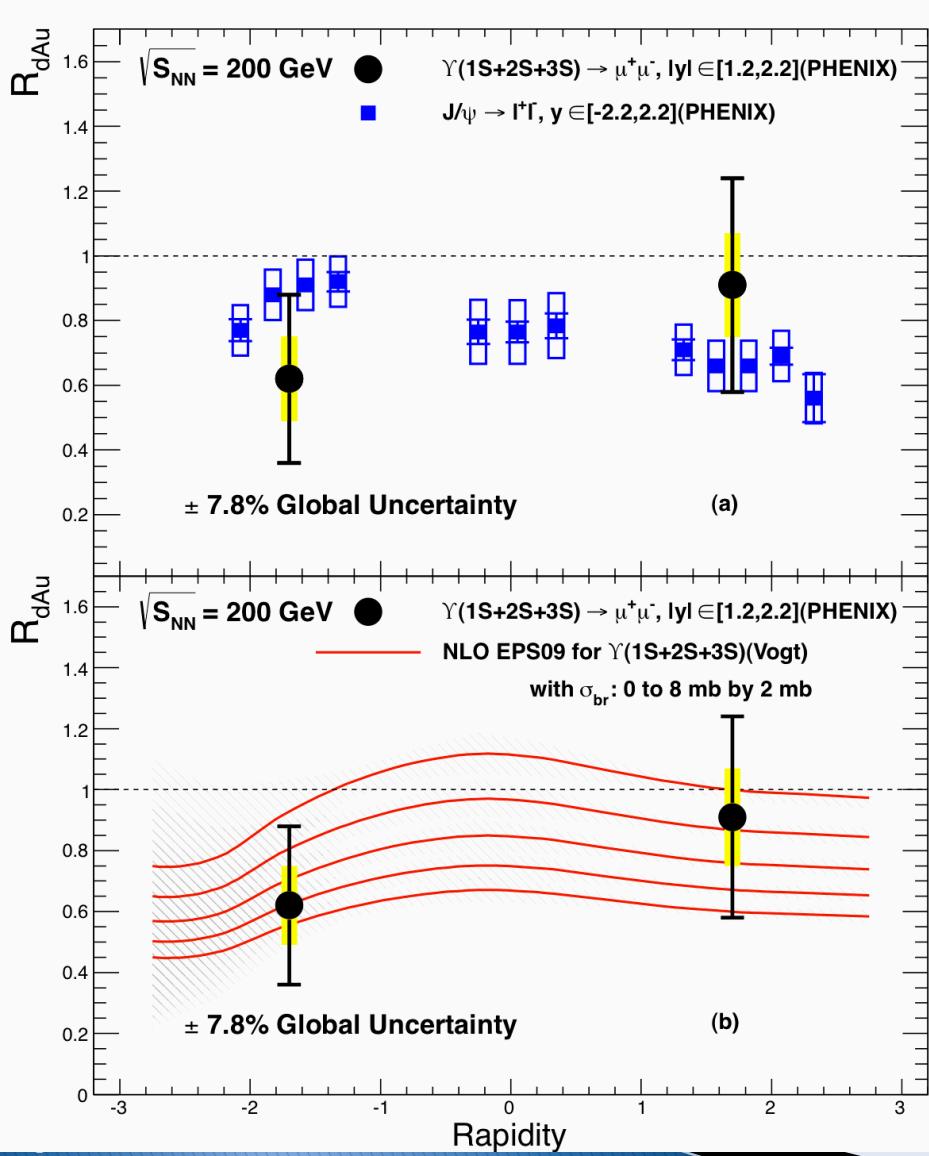


# $R_{dAu}$ vs binding energy

PHENIX PRL 111, 202301 (2013)



# Upsilonons in d+Au at forward rapidity



PHENIX, PRC 87, 044909 (2013)

Suppression consistent with NLO  
+EPS09 trend  
(R. Vogt, PRC C81, 044903, 2010)

Unable to constrain breakup  
cross section due to large  
experimental uncertainties.