

Recent Developments for Quarkonia in Medium

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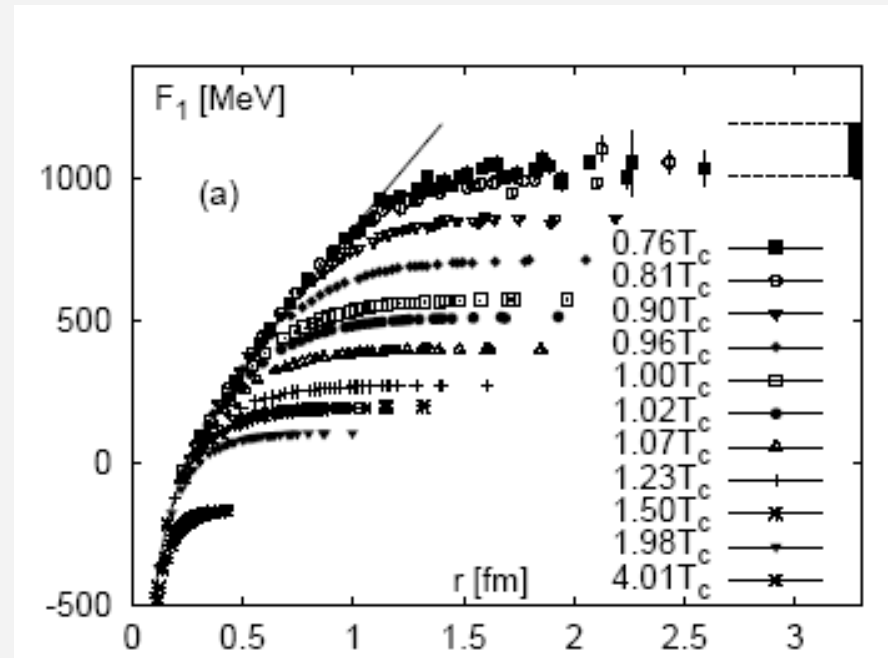
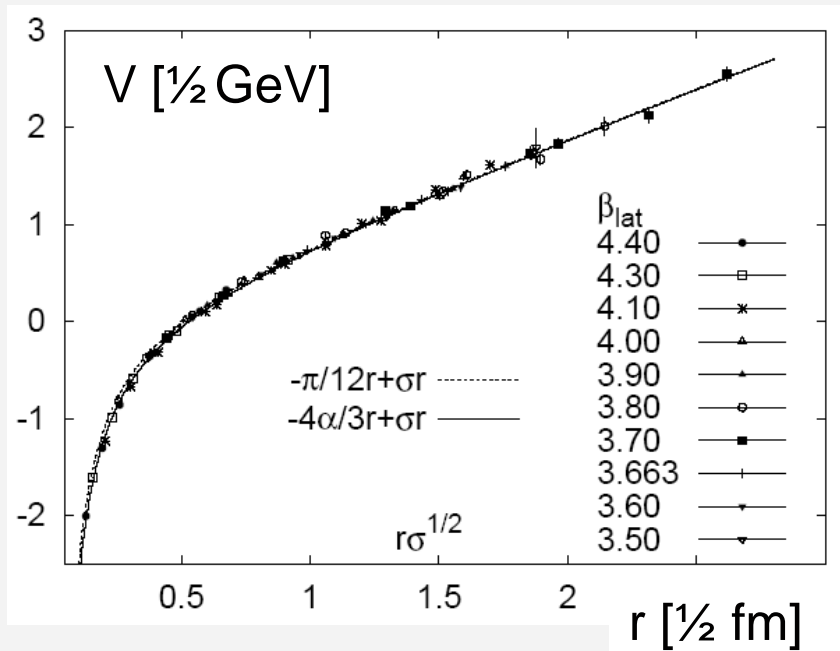


INT Program on

“Heavy-Flavor and EM Probes in Heavy-Ion Collisions”

INT (Seattle, WA), 29.09. - 02.10.14

1.) Introduction: A “Calibrated” QCD Force



[Kaczmarek et al '03]

- Vacuum charm-/bottomonium spectroscopy well described
- Confinement?! Operational criterion: **linear part of potential**
- most sensitive to $\mathbf{J}/\psi + \Upsilon'$ ($E_B^{\text{Coul}}(\mathbf{J}/\psi) \sim 0.05 \text{ GeV}$ vs. 0.6 GeV exp.)
- **nonperturbative** treatment
- potential approach in medium?

Outline

1.) Introduction

2.) T-Matrix for Heavy Flavor in QGP

3.) Quarkonium Transport at RHIC + LHC

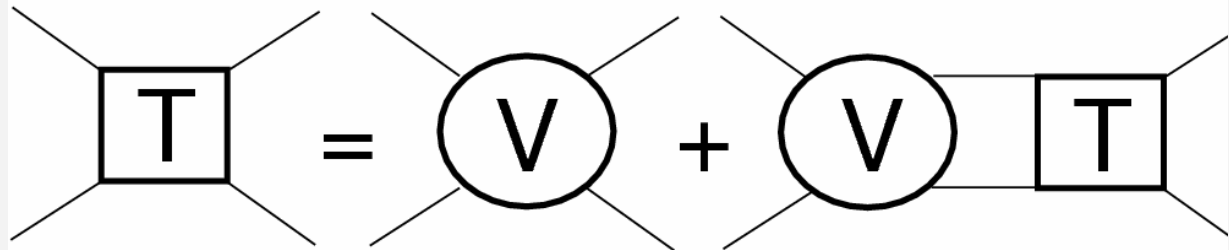
4.) Heavy-Quark Potential in Medium

5.) Conclusions

2.) Thermodynamic T-Matrix for Quarkonia in QGP

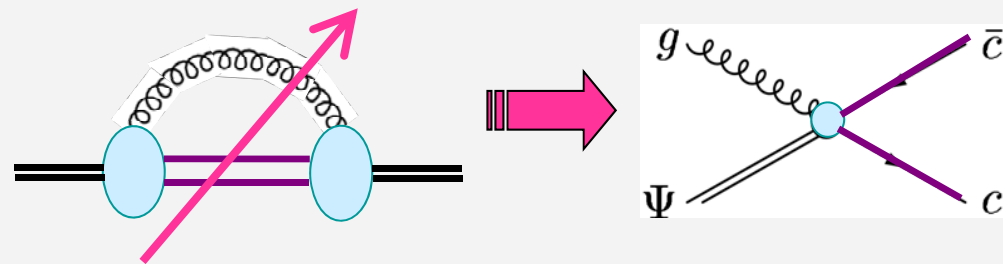
- Lippmann-Schwinger equation

In-Medium
Q-Q̄ T-Matrix:

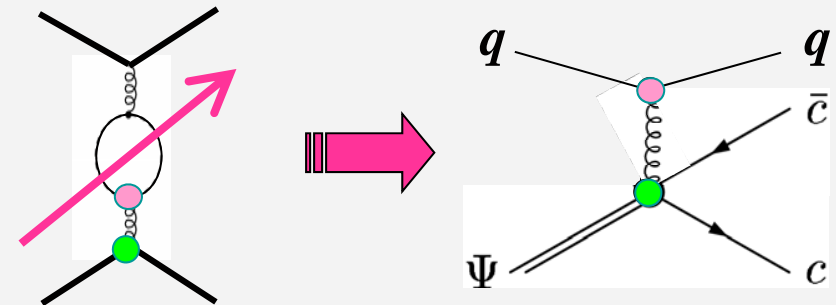


$$T_\alpha(E; q, q') = V_\alpha(q, q') + \int k^2 dk V_\alpha(q, k) G_{Q\bar{Q}}^0(E, k) T_\alpha(E; k, q')$$

- potential V_α real
- imaginary parts: unitarization (cuts in in-med. $Q\bar{Q}$ propagator $G_{Q\bar{Q}}$)



- gluo-dissociation (coupled channel)
[Bhanot+Peskin '85]



- Landau damping (HQ selfenergy)

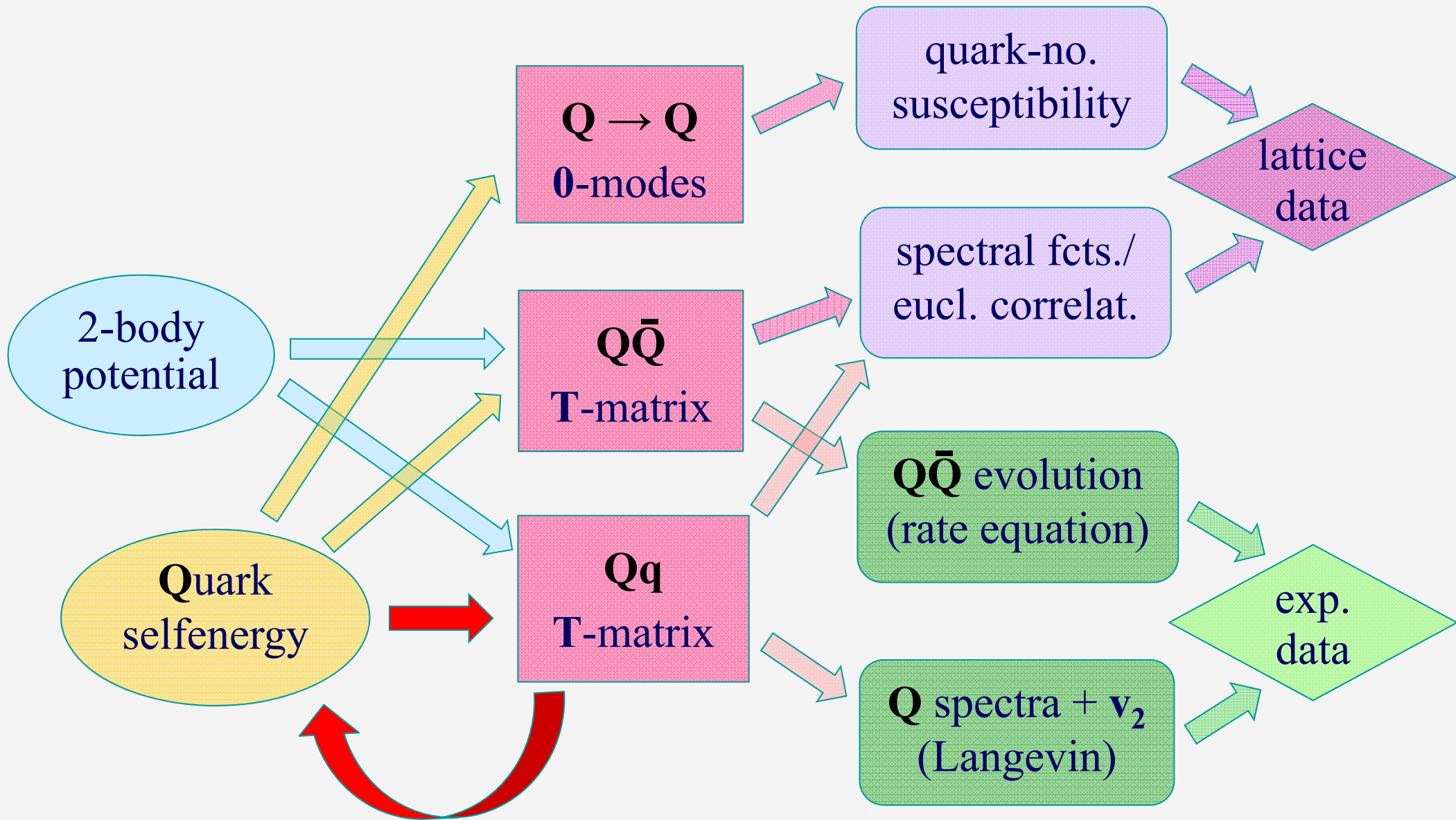
2.2 Brueckner Theory of Heavy Quarks in QGP

Input

Process

Output

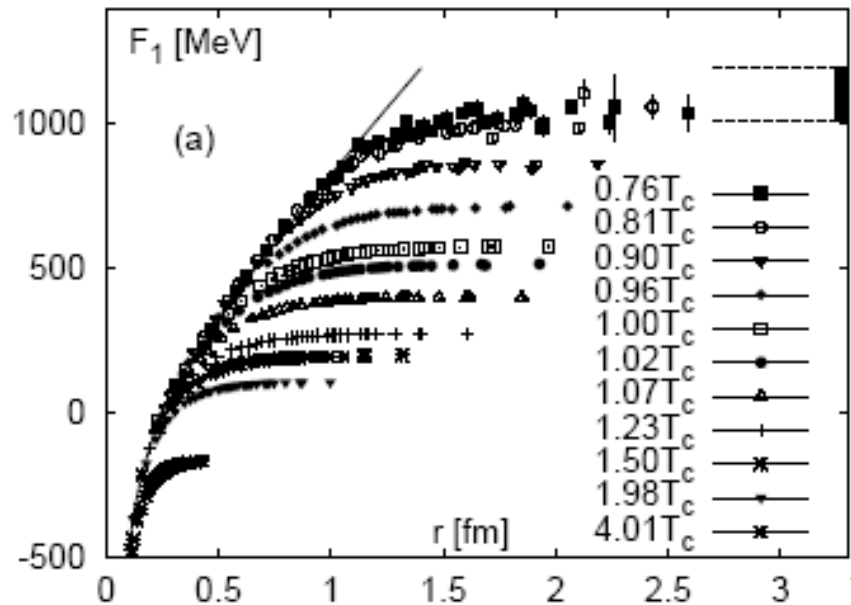
Test



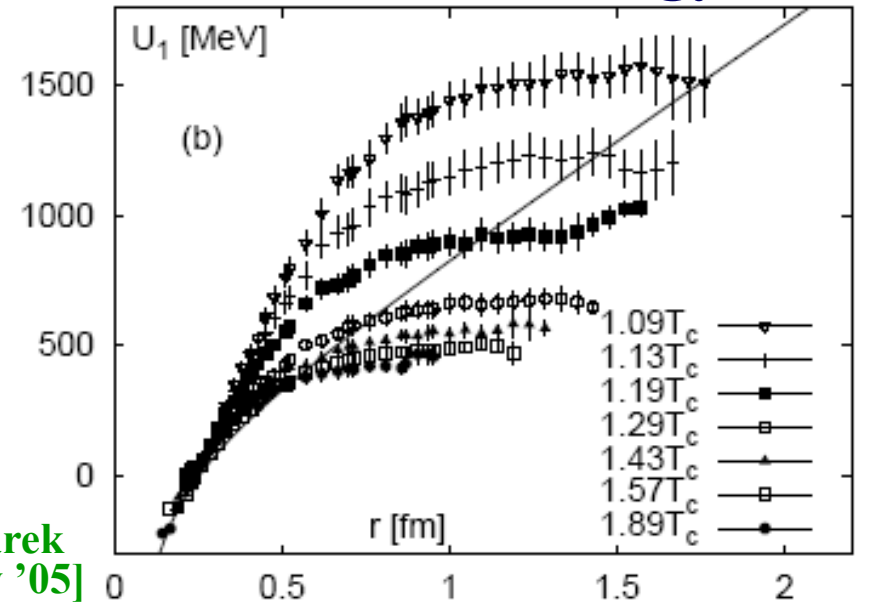
2.3 Free vs. Internal Energy in Lattice QCD

$$F_1(r,T) = U_1(r,T) - T S_1(r,T)$$

Free Energy



Internal Energy



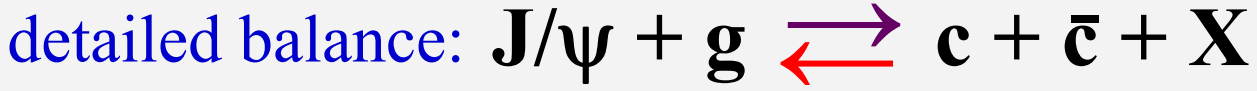
[Kaczmarek
+Zantow '05]

- weak $Q\bar{Q}$ potential
- small $m_Q^* \sim m_Q + F_1(\infty, T)/2$
- strong $Q\bar{Q}$ potential, $U = \langle H_{\text{int}} \rangle$
- large $m_Q^* \sim m_Q + U_1(\infty, T)/2$
- F , U , S thermodynamic quantities
- Entropy: many-body effects

3.) Quarkonium Transport in Heavy-Ion Collisions

[PBM+Stachel '00, Thews et al '01, Grandchamp+RR '01, Gorenstein et al '02, Ko et al '02, Andronic et al '03, Zhuang et al '05, Ferreiro et al '11, ...]

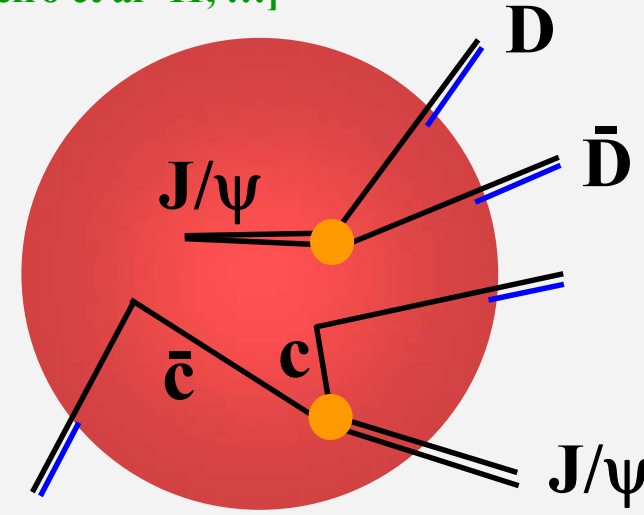
- Inelastic Reactions:**



- Rate**

Equation:

$$\frac{dN_\psi}{d\tau} = -\Gamma_\psi (N_\psi - N_\psi^{eq})$$

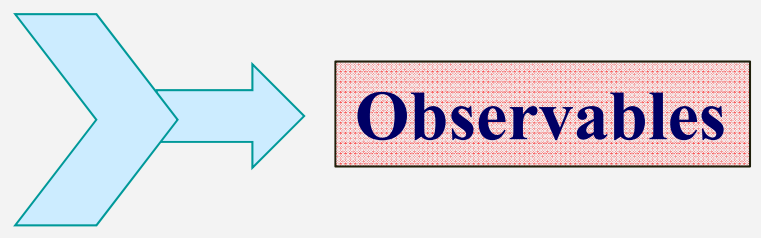


- Theoretical Input: Transport coefficients**

- chemical relaxation rate Γ_ψ
- equilibrium limit $N_\psi^{eq}(\epsilon_\psi^B, m_c^*, \tau_c^{eq})$

- Phenomenological Input:**

- $J/\psi, \chi_c, \psi' + c, b$ initial distributions [pp, pA]
- space-time medium evolution [AA: hydro, ...]



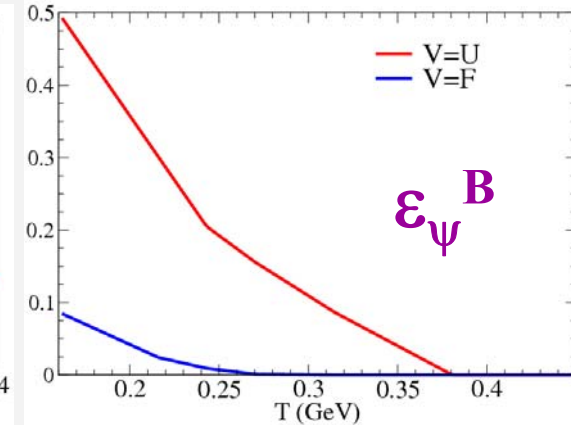
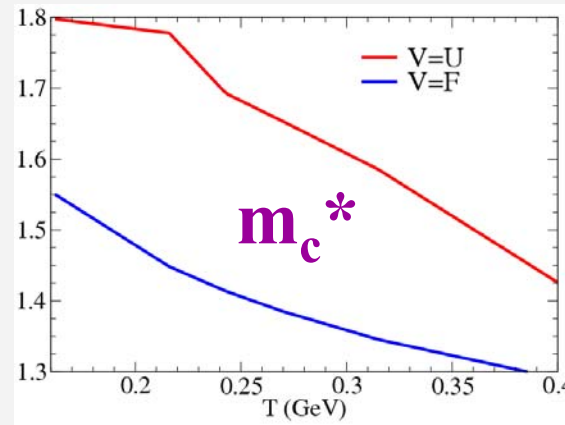
3.1 Thermal Charmonium Properties

(a) Equilibrium Ψ number:

$$N_{\Psi}^{eq} = V_{FB} 3 \gamma_c^2 \int \frac{d^3q}{(2\pi)^3} f^{\Psi}(m_{\Psi}, T)$$

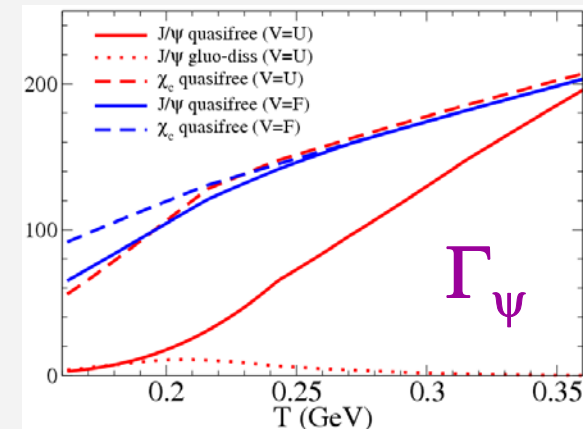
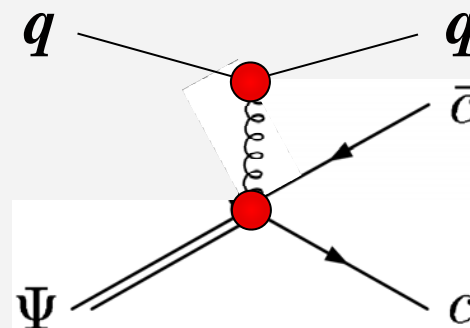
- γ_c from fixed $c\bar{c}$ number: $N_{c\bar{c}} = \frac{1}{2} V_{FB} \gamma_c n_c(m_c^*, T) I_1 / I_0 + \sum_{\Psi} N_{\Psi}^{eq}$
- interplay of m_c^* and $m_{\Psi} = 2m_c^* - \varepsilon_{\Psi}^B$
- constrain spectral shape by lattice-QCD correlators

$$R_{\alpha}(\tau; T) = \frac{\int dE \sigma_{\alpha}(E, T) \mathcal{K}(\tau, E, T)}{\int dE \sigma_{\alpha}(E, T_{rec}) \mathcal{K}(\tau, E, T)}$$



(b) Inelastic Ψ Width

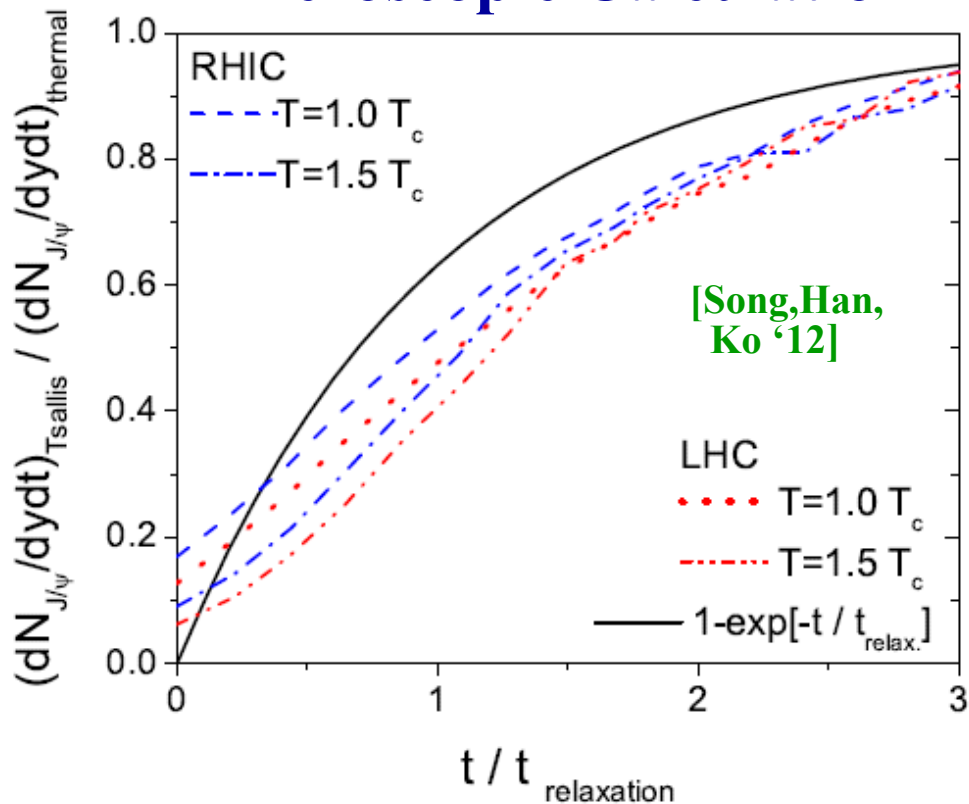
- controlled by α_s (parameter)



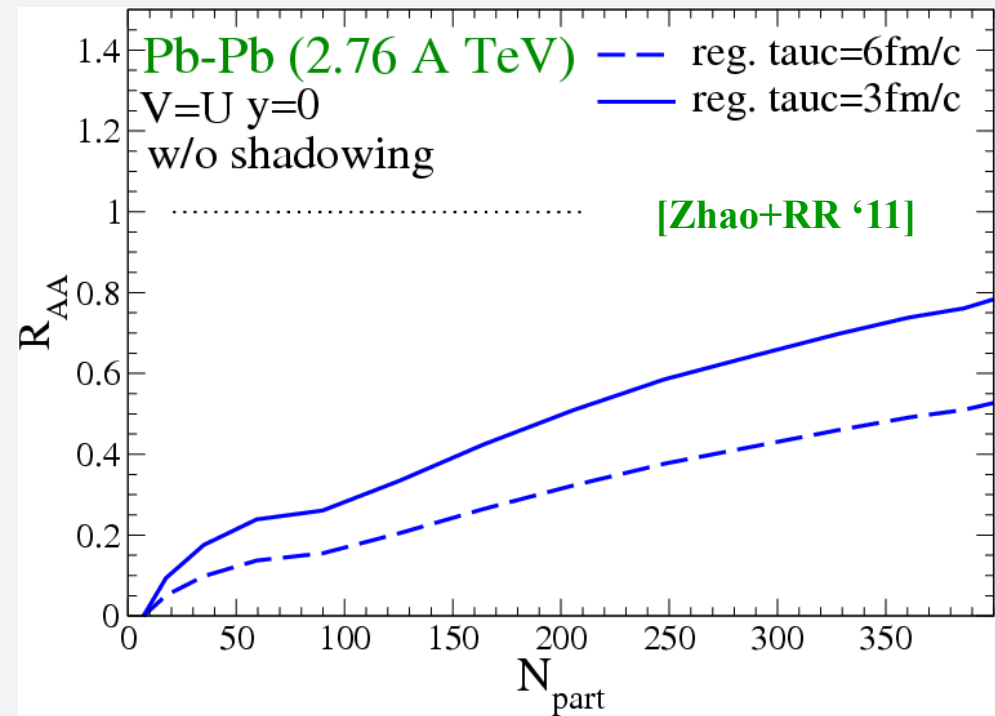
3.2 Incomplete c-Quark Thermalization

- Relaxation time ansatz: $N_{\psi}^{\text{eq}}(\tau) \sim N_{\psi}^{\text{therm}}(\tau) \cdot [1 - \exp(-\tau/\tau_c^{\text{eq}})]$

Microscopic Calculation

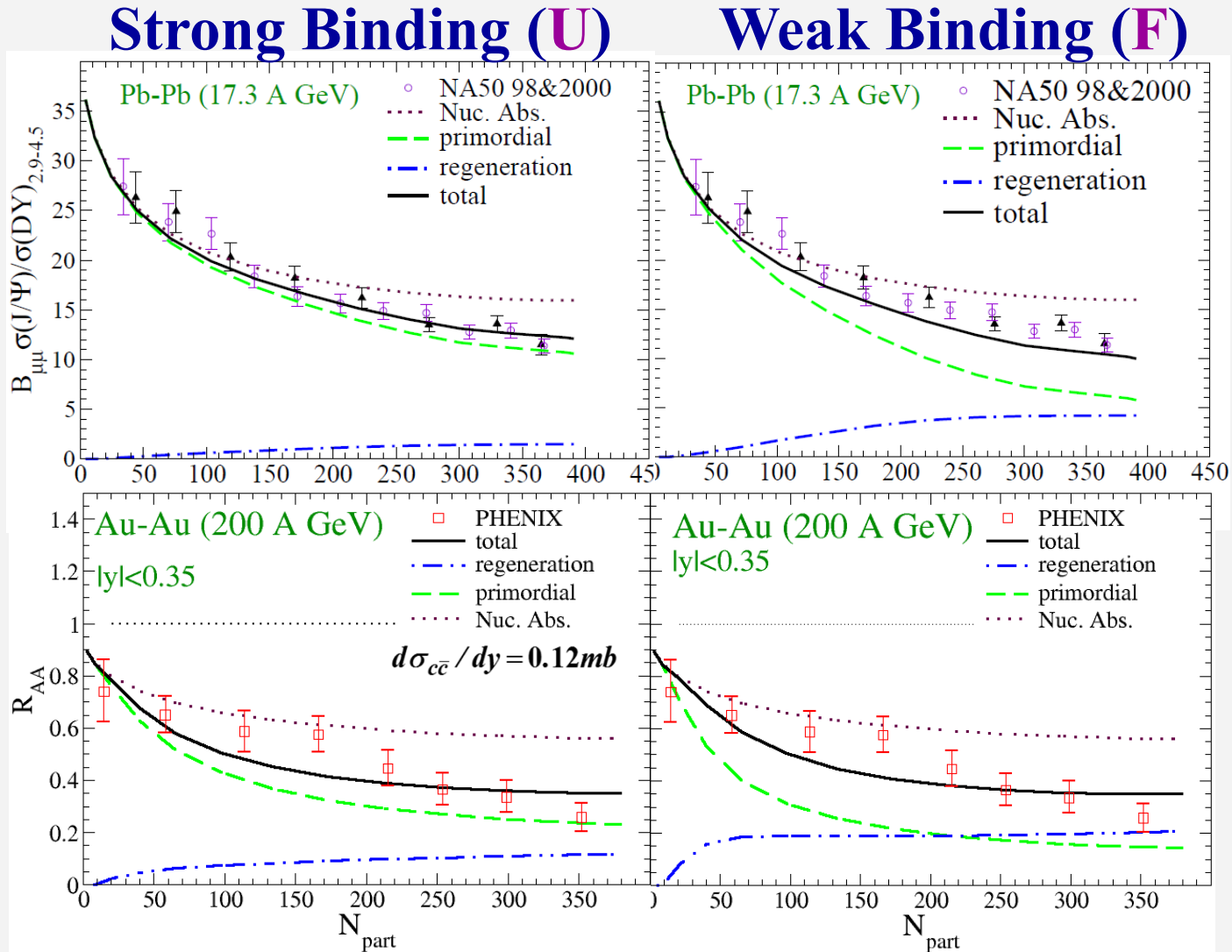


Impact on Regeneration



- regeneration sensitive to charm-quark spectra

3.3 Inclusive J/ψ at SPS + RHIC



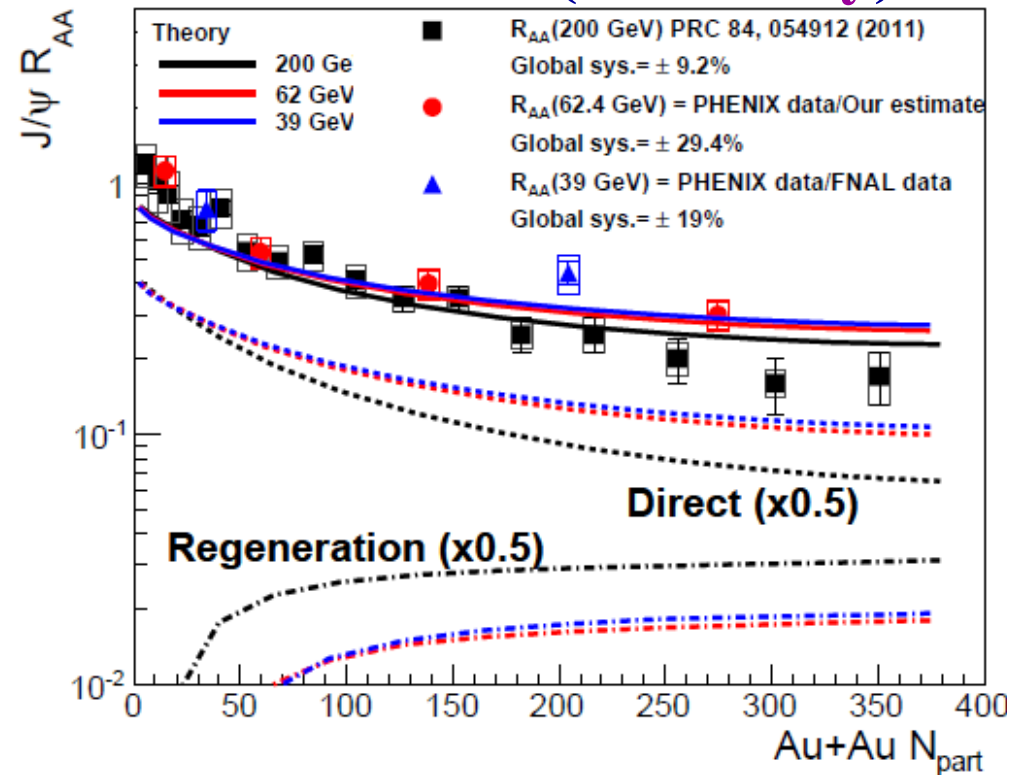
[Zhao+RR '10]

- Fix two main parameters:

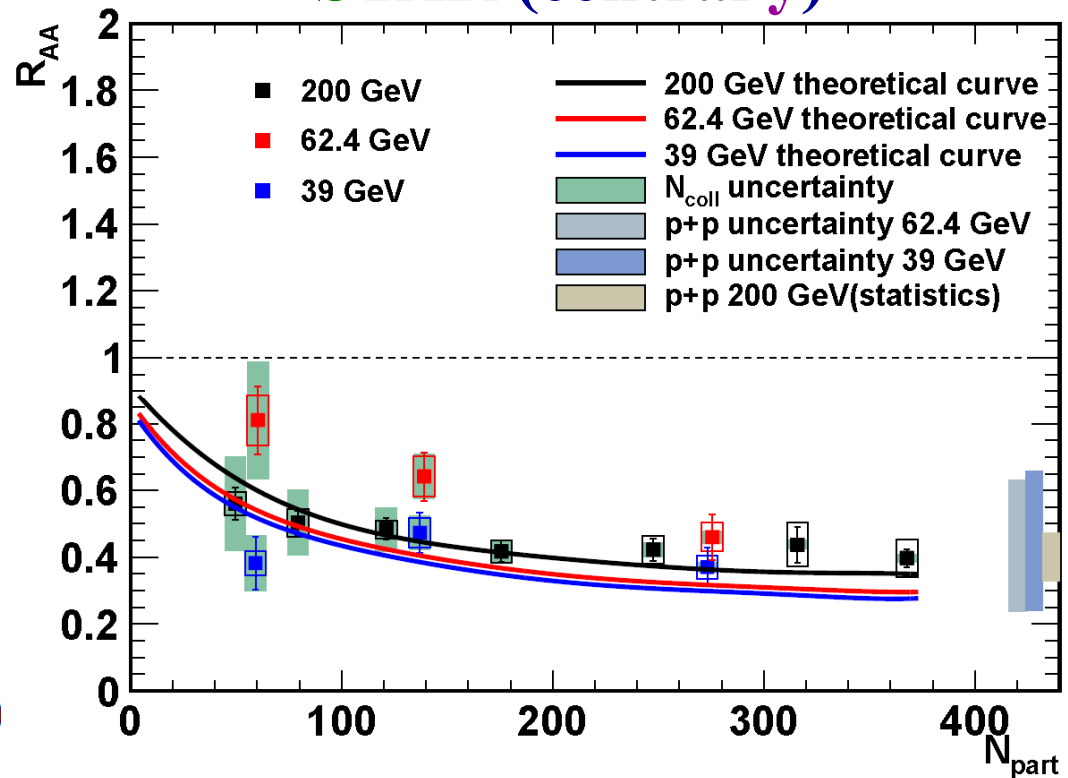
$\alpha_s \sim 0.3$, charm relax. $\tau_c^{eq} = 4(2)$ fm/c for U(F) vs. $\sim 5(10)$ from T-matrix

3.4 J/ψ Excitation Function: BES at RHIC

PHENIX (forward y)



STAR (central y)

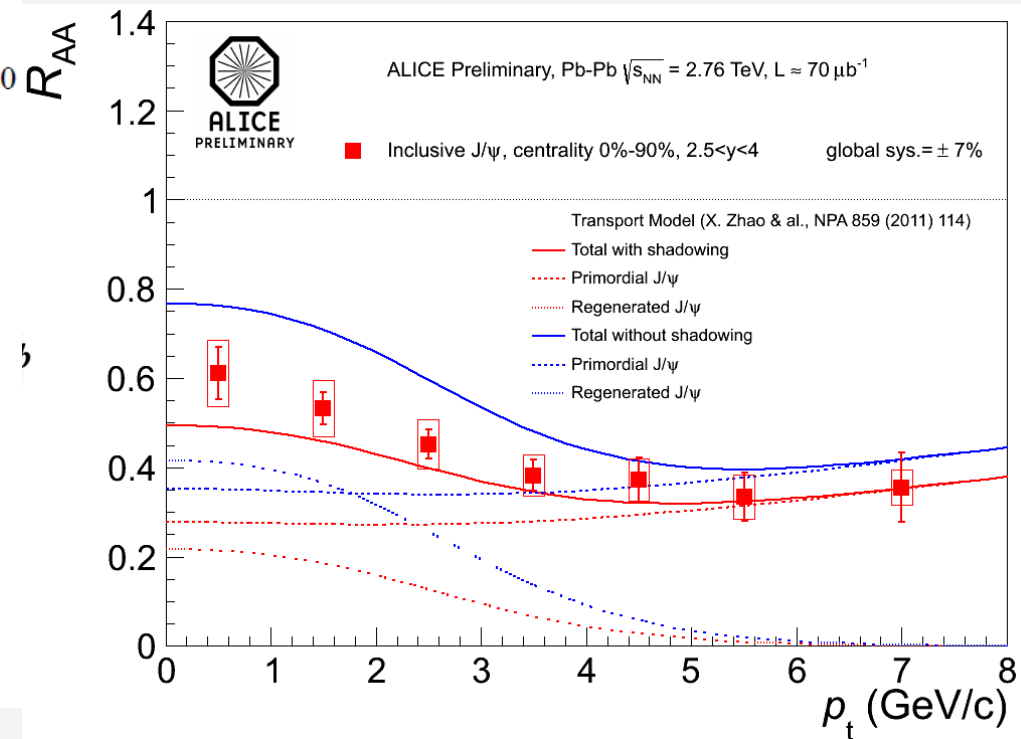
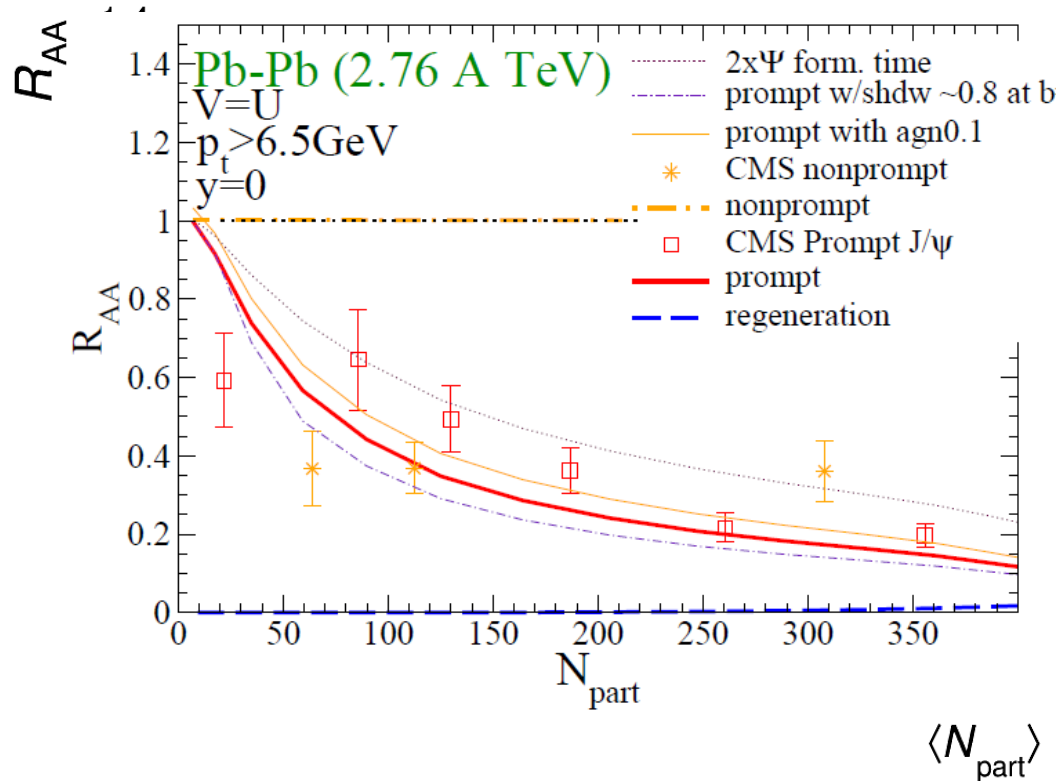


- suppression pattern varies little (expected from transport)
- quantitative **pp + pA** baseline critical to extract systematics

[Grandchamp +RR '02]

3.5 J/ψ Predictions at LHC

[Zhao+RR '11]



- regeneration becomes dominant
- uncertainties in σ_{cc} +shadowing

- low p_T maximum confirms regeneration
- too much high- p_T suppression?

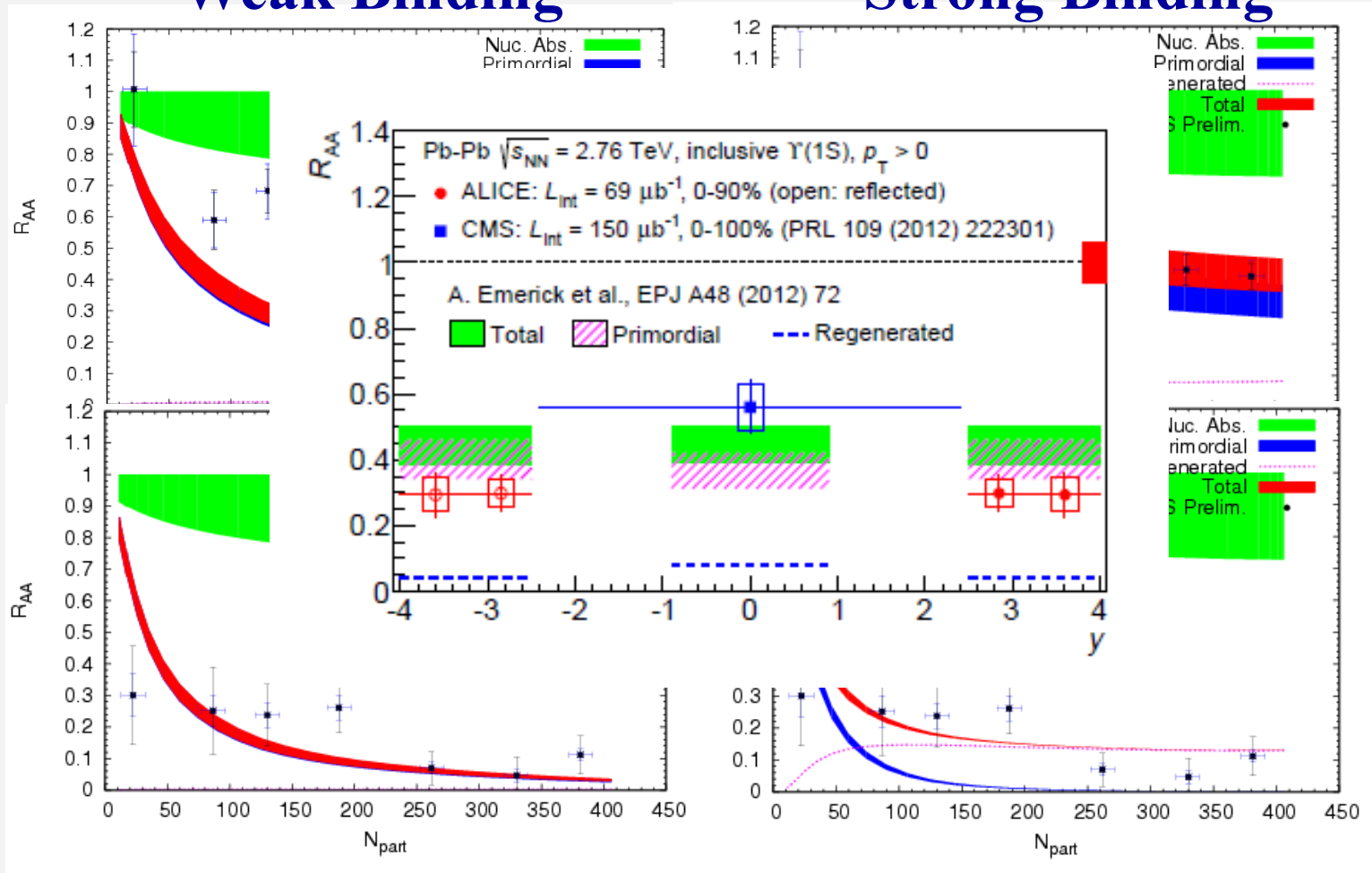
3.6 $\Upsilon(1S)$ and $\Upsilon(2S)$ at LHC

Weak Binding

Strong Binding

$\Upsilon(1S)$
→

$\Upsilon(2S)$
→



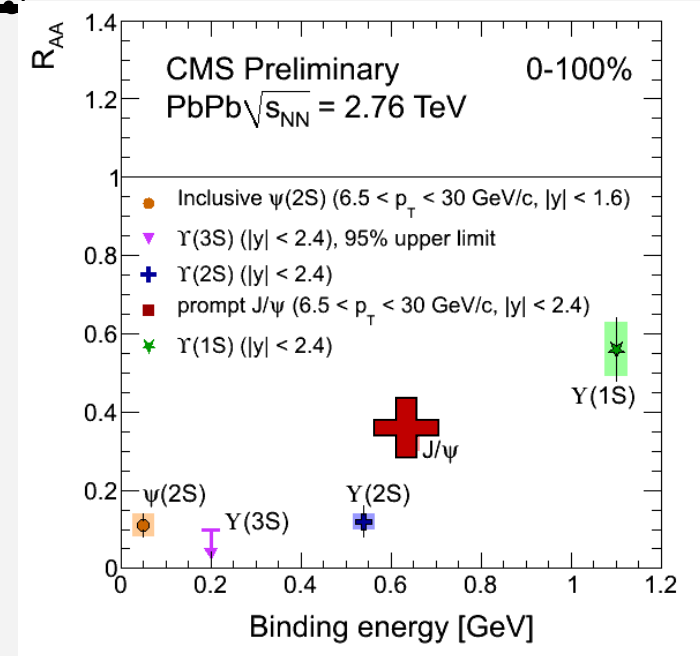
[Grandchamp et al '06,
Emerick et al '11]

- sensitive to color-screening + early evolution times
- clear preference for strong binding (U potential)
- similar results by [Strickland '12]
- possible problem in rapidity dependence

3.7 Summary of Phenomenology

- **Quarkonium discoveries in URHICs:**

- increase of J/ψ R_{AA} SPS, RHIC \rightarrow LHC
- low- p_T enhancement
- sizable v_2
- increasing suppression of Υ' ($\epsilon_B^{\Upsilon'} \sim \epsilon_B^{J/\psi}$)



- **Fair predictive power of theoretical modeling**

- based on description of SPS+RHIC with 2 main parameters

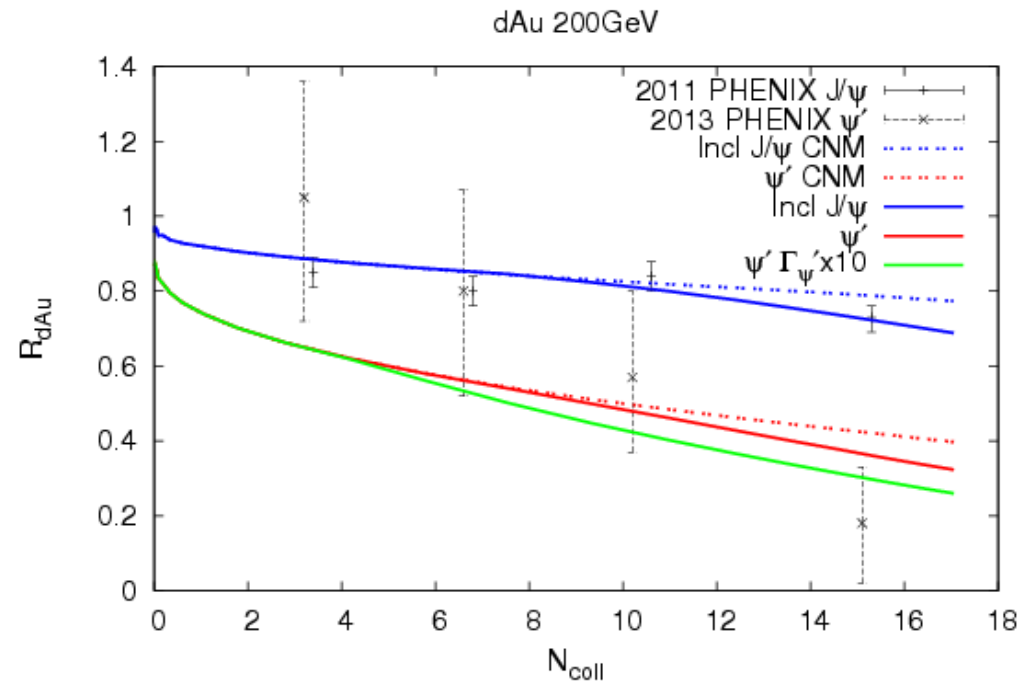
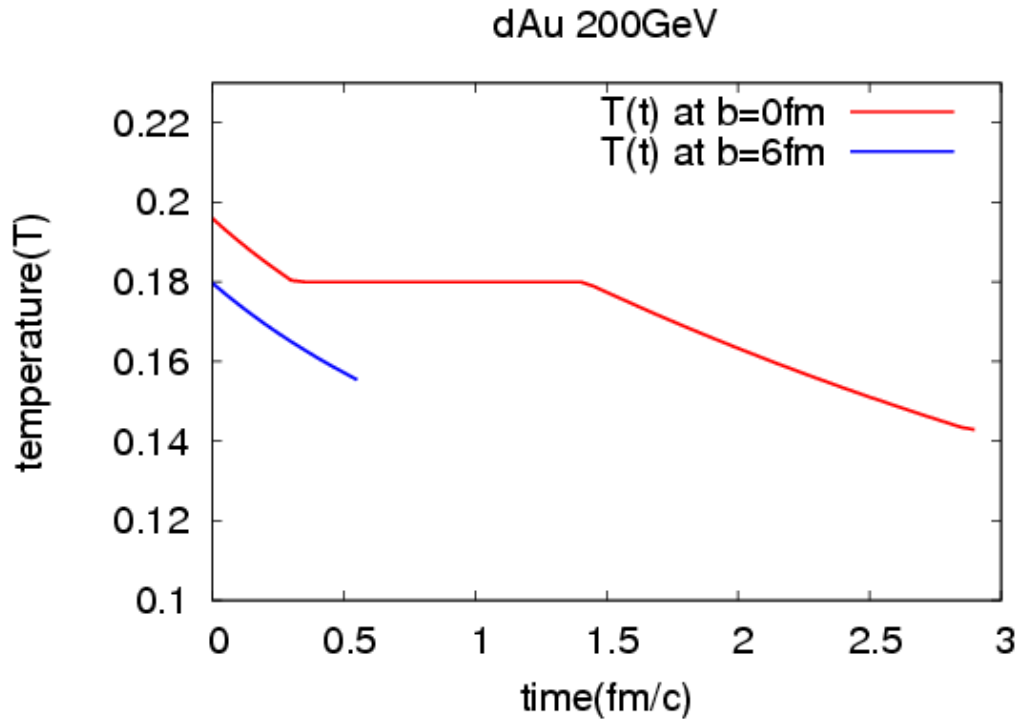
- **Implications**

- $T_0^{\text{SPS}} (\sim 230) < T_{\text{diss}}(J/\psi, \Upsilon') < T_0^{\text{RHIC}} (\sim 350) < T_0^{\text{LHC}} (\sim 550) \leq T_{\text{diss}}(\Upsilon)$
- **confining force screened at RHIC+LHC**
- marked recombination of diffusing charm quarks at **LHC**

3.8 Future Improvements of Approach

- Check expanding fireball with hydrodynamic evolution
- Microscopic calculation of gain term with time-evolving heavy-quark spectra
- Nonperturbative calculation of dissociation rate
- Better determination of HQ potential (thus far: $V=F$ vs. U)
- Scrutinize cold nuclear matter and formation time effects

3.9 Back to Charmonium: dAu



- “Standard” procedure produces significant fireball

- Some extra suppression from hot medium

[X.Du+RR
in progress]

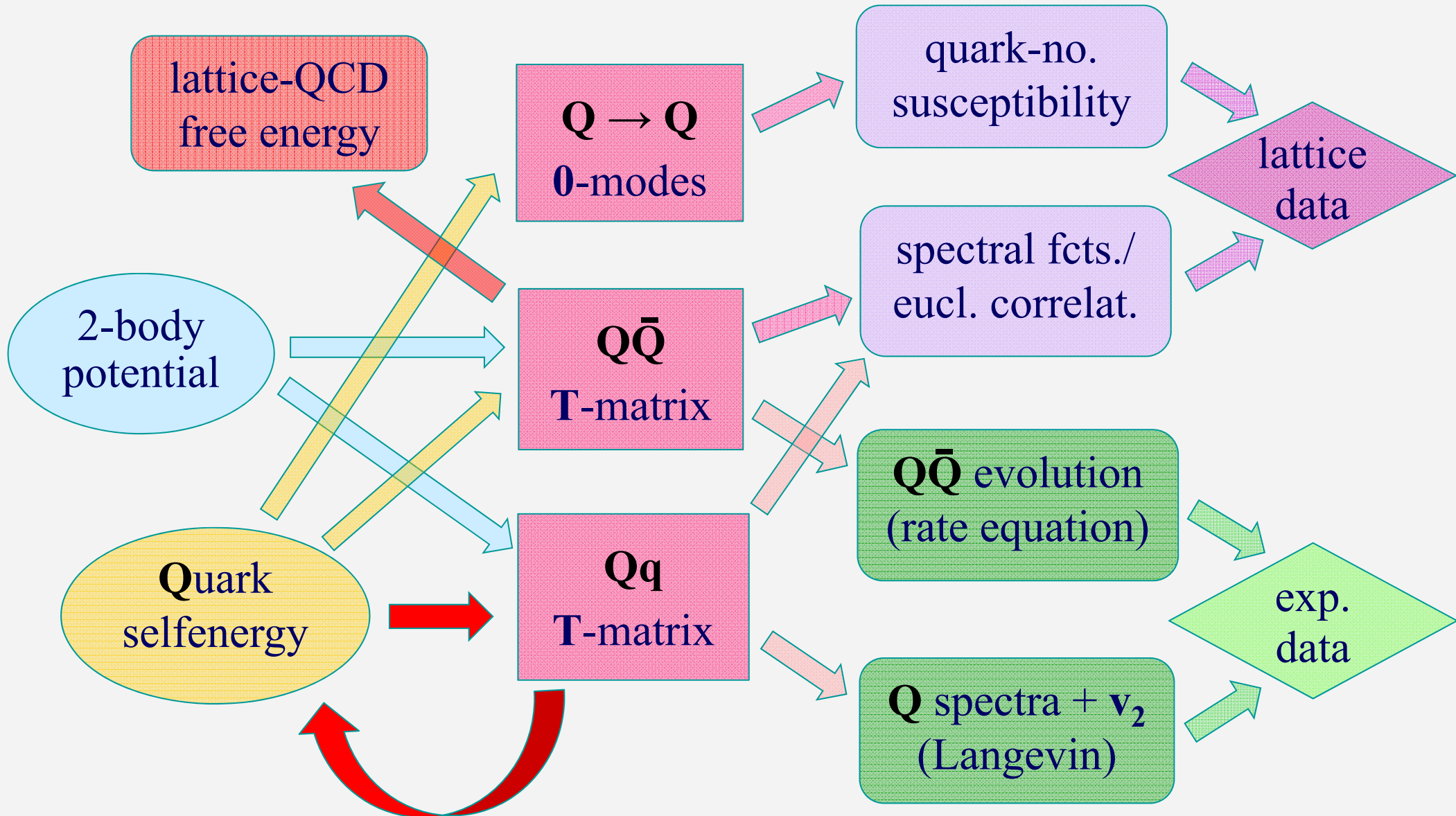
4.) Back to T-Matrix

Input

Process

Output

Test



4.1 Calculate Free Energy in Potential Approach

$$\exp(-\beta F_{Q\bar{Q}}) = \frac{1}{Z} \sum_n \langle n | e^{-\beta H} (e^{\beta H} \chi(r_2) e^{-\beta H}) (e^{\beta H} \psi(r_1) e^{-\beta H}) \psi^\dagger(r_1) \chi^\dagger(r_2) | n \rangle$$

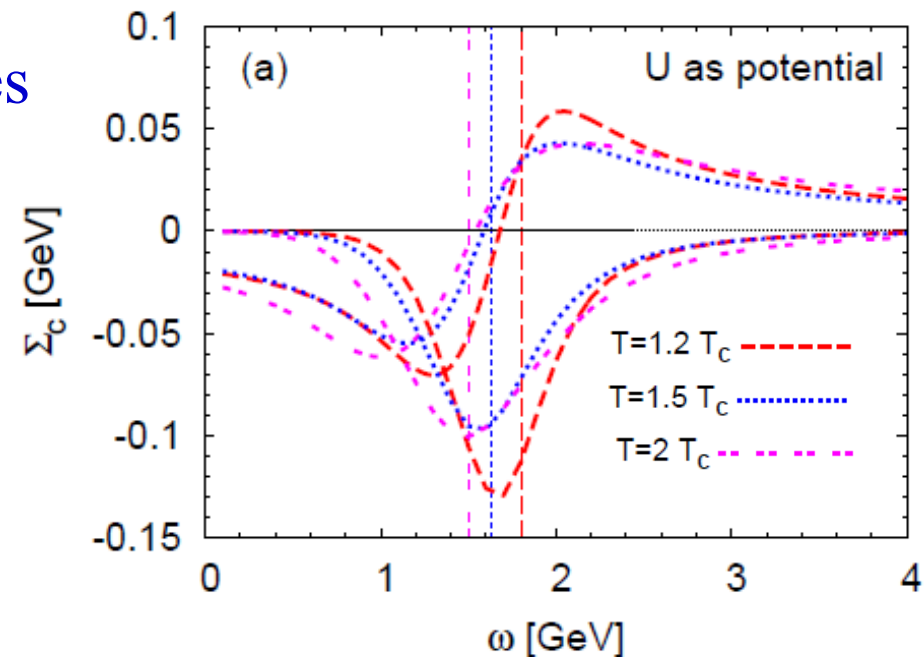
$$\equiv G^>(-i\beta, r_1, r_2 | r'_1, r'_2) |_{r'_1=r_1, r'_2=r_2}$$

$$F_{Q\bar{Q}}(r_1 - r_2) = -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln(G^>(-i\beta, r_1 - r_2)) = -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln\left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} d\omega \sigma(\omega, r_1 - r_2) e^{-\beta\omega}\right)$$

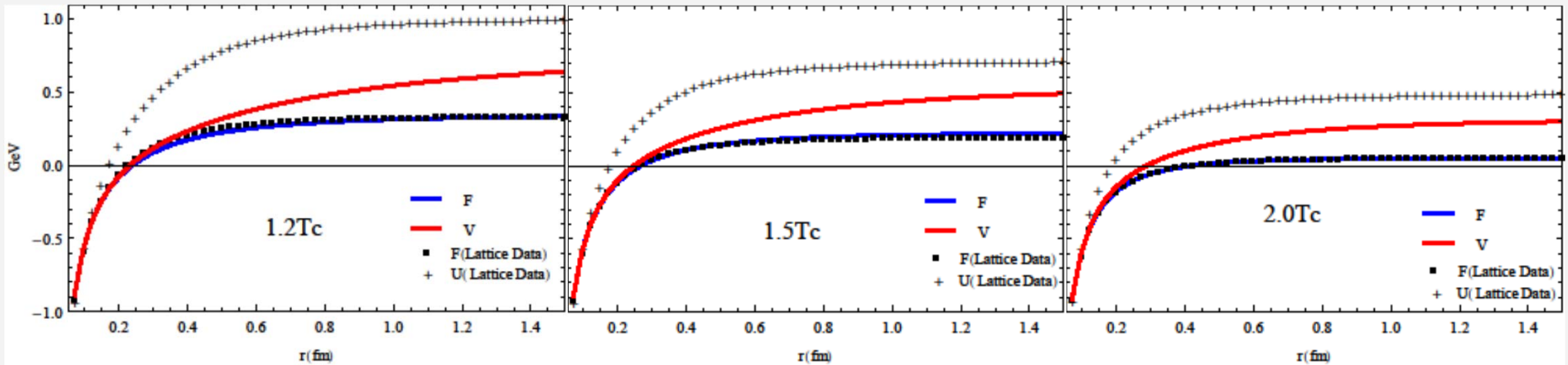
$$\sigma(\omega, r) = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{(V + \Sigma)_I(\omega)}{(\omega - (V + \Sigma)_R)^2 + (V + \Sigma)_I^2(\omega)}$$

[S.Liu+RR
in progress]

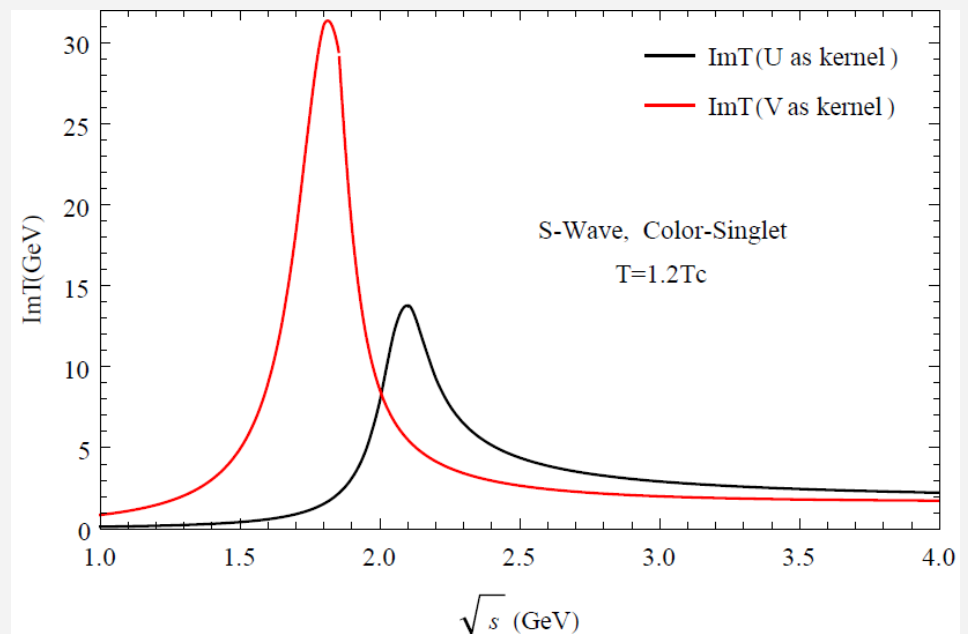
- first step: utilize heavy-quark selfenergies from previous microscopic calculations



4.2 Free Energy, Potential + T-Matrix



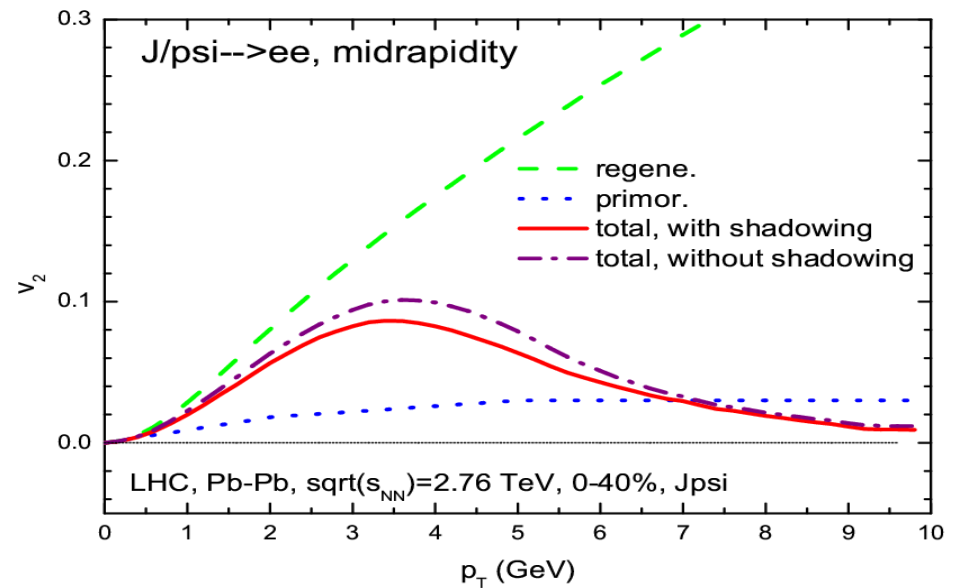
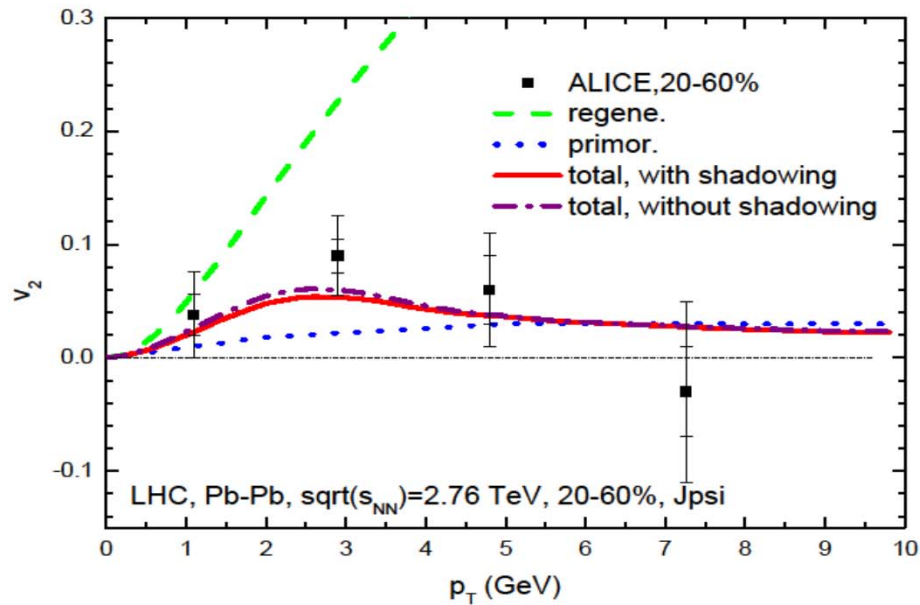
- long-range confining force induces substantial enhancement in near-threshold $Q\bar{q}$ T-matrix



5.) Conclusions

- **Quarkonium transport approach, gauged at SPS + RHIC, yields fair predictive power at LHC**
 - ⇒ **formation of deconfined medium with interplay of suppression + recombination of diffusing charm/bottom quarks**
- **Further refinements in progress**
 - **medium effects in p/dA small**
 - **improved determination of in-medium potential**

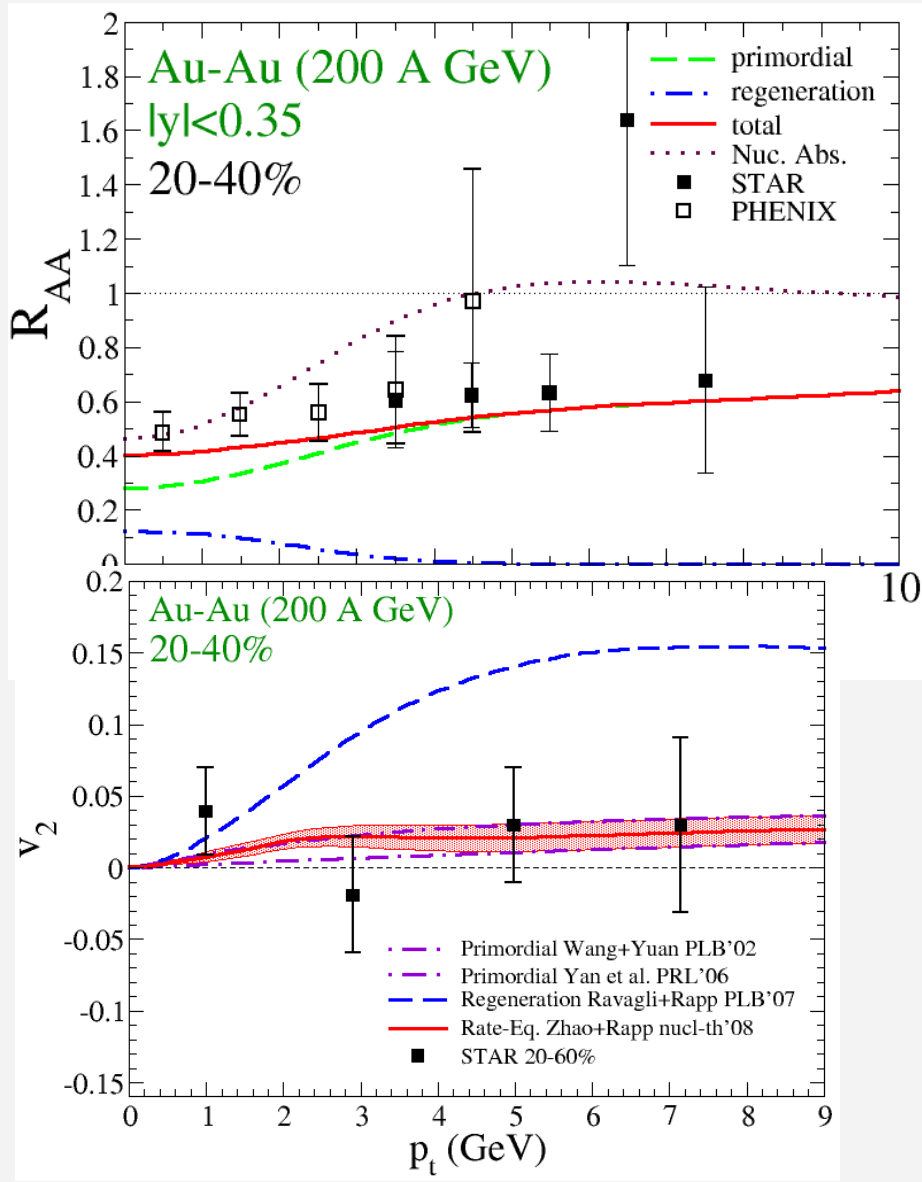
3.2.2 J/ψ at LHC: v_2



[He et al '12]

- further increase at mid- y

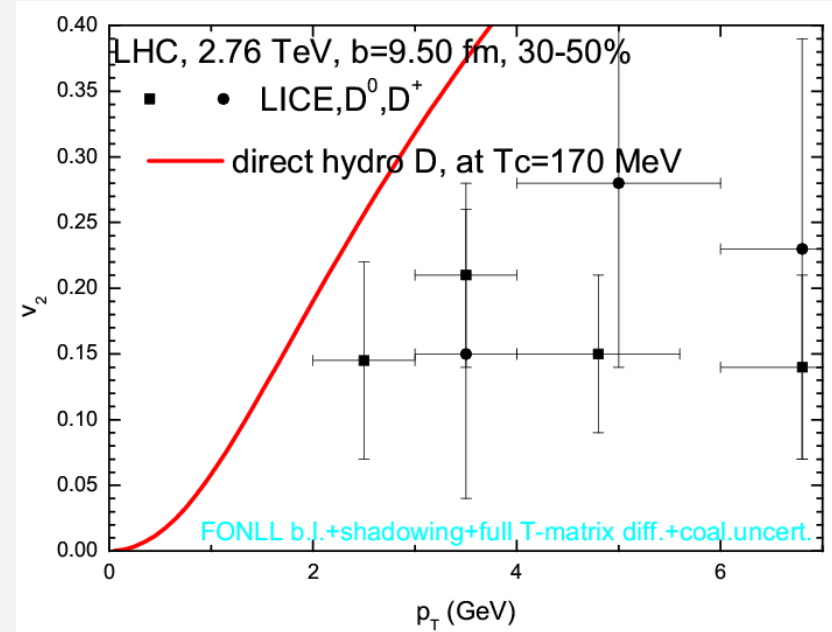
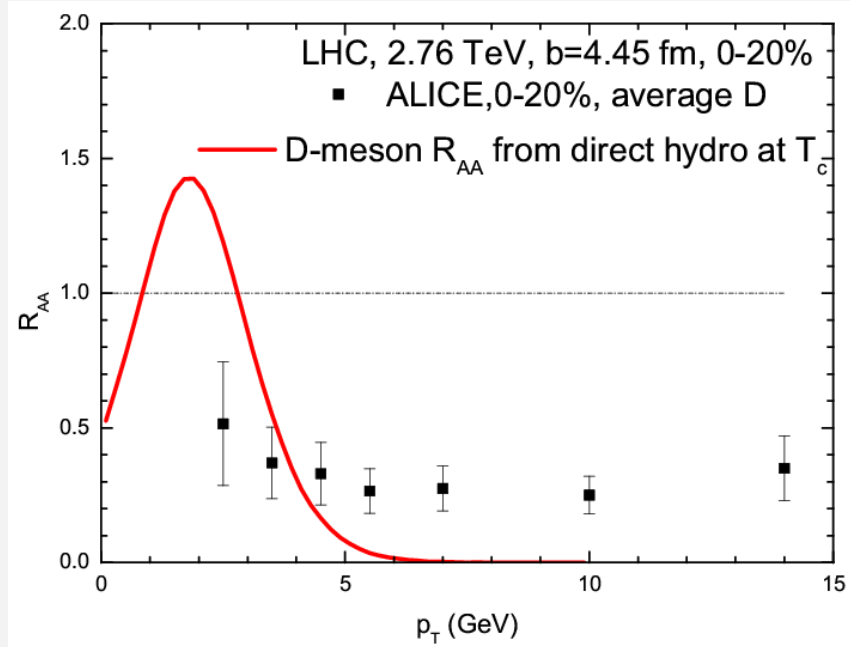
3.1.2 J/ψ p_T Spectra + Elliptic Flow at RHIC



(strong binding)

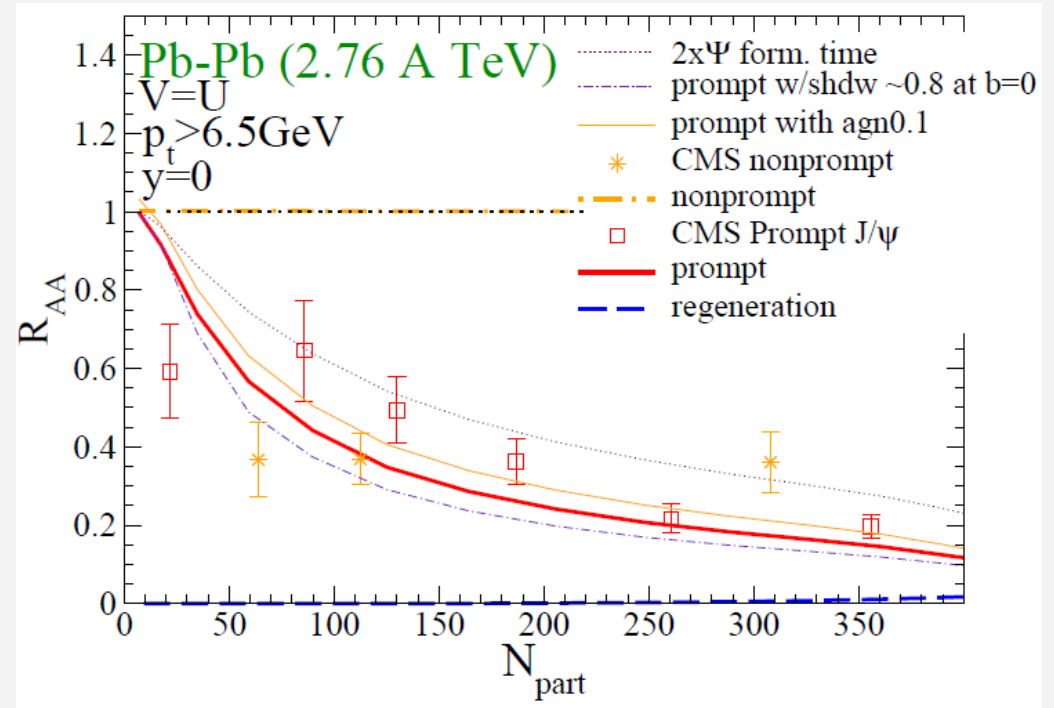
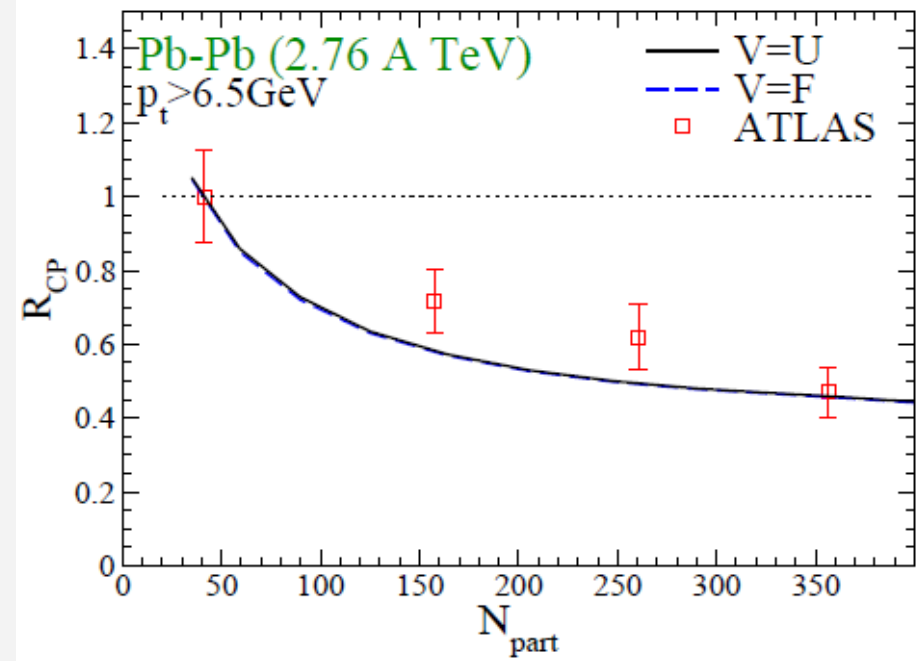
- shallow minimum at low p_T
- high p_T :
formation time, \mathbf{b} feeddown, Cronin
- small v_2 limits regeneration, but does not exclude it

3.2.2 D-Meson Thermalization at LHC



- to be determined...

3.3.3 J/ψ at LHC III: High- p_t – **ATLAS+CMS**

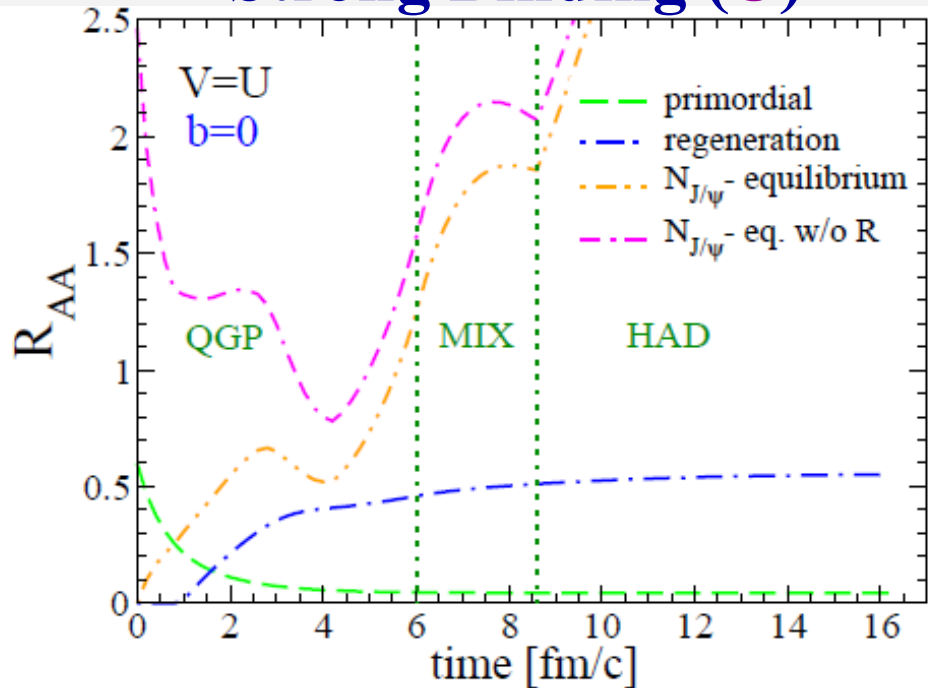


[Zhao+RR '11]

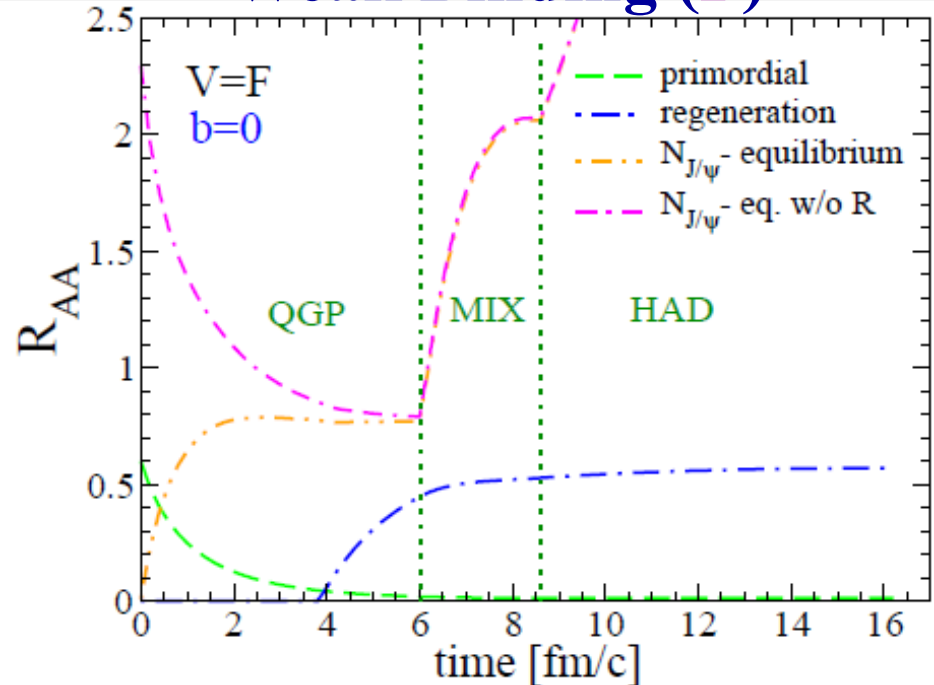
- underestimate for peripheral
(spherical fireball reduces surface effects ...)

3.3.4 Time Evolution of J/ψ at LHC

Strong Binding (U)



Weak Binding (F)



- finite “cooking-time” window, determined by inelastic width

[Zhao+RR '11]

3.2 Charmonia in QGP: T-Matrix Approach

- **U-potential**, selfconsist. **c**-quark width

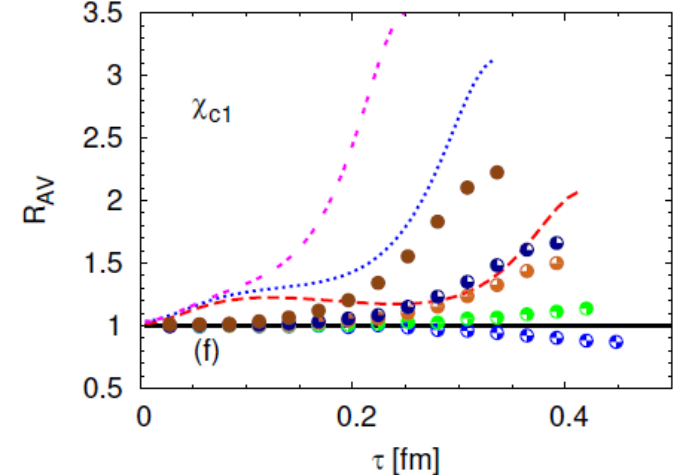
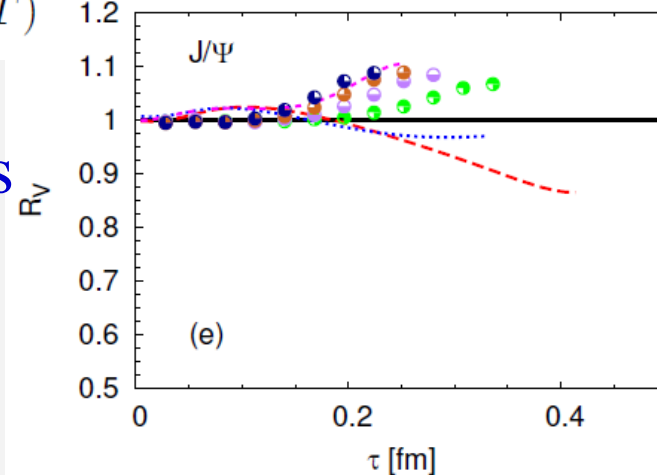
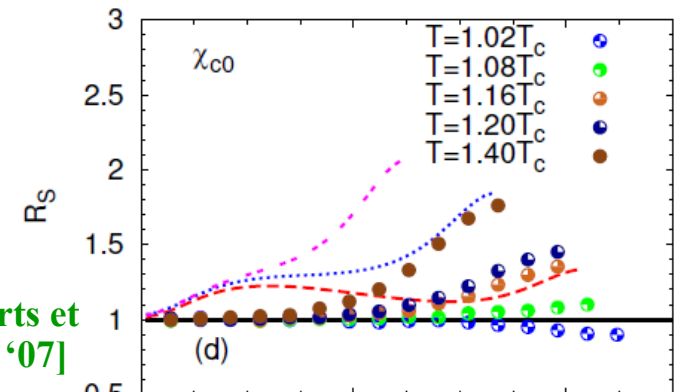
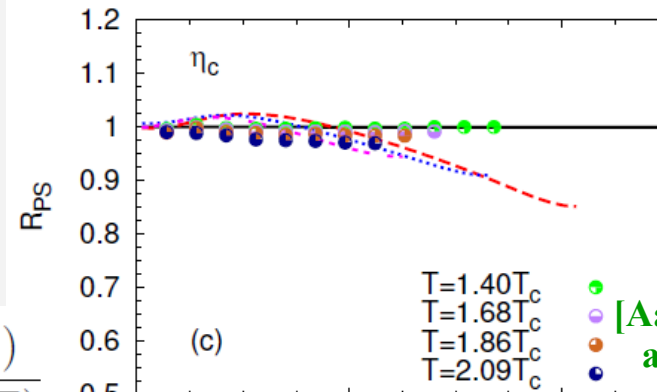
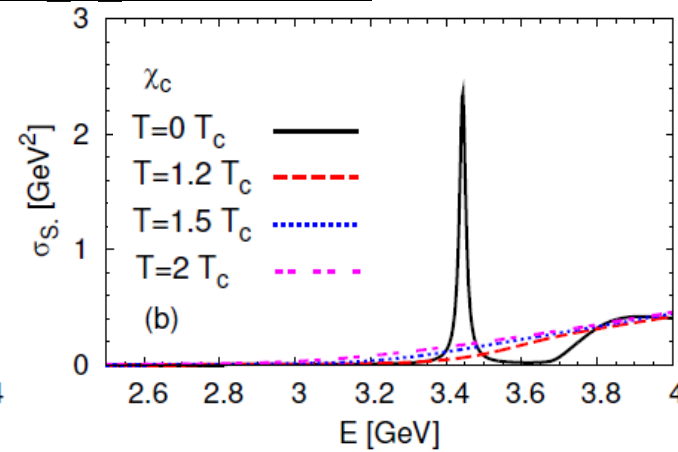
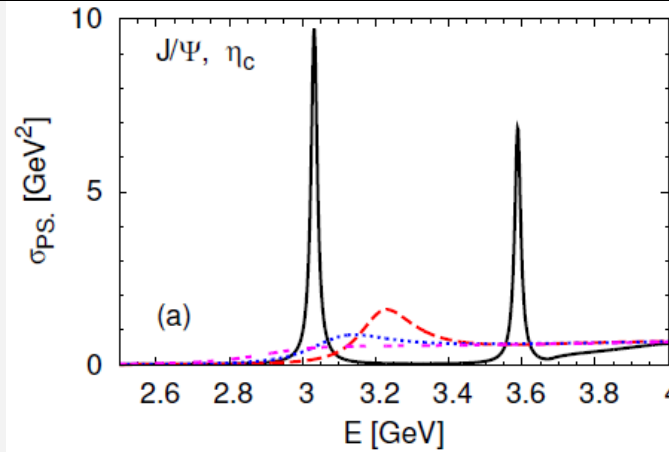
• Spectral Functions

- **J/ψ** melting at $\sim 1.5T_c$
- χ_c melting at $\sim T_c$
- $\Gamma_c \sim 100\text{MeV}$

• Correlator Ratios

$$R_\alpha(\tau; T) = \frac{\int dE \sigma_\alpha(E, T) \mathcal{K}(\tau, E, T)}{\int dE \sigma_\alpha(E, T_{\text{rec}}) \mathcal{K}(\tau, E, T)}$$

- rough agreement with lQCD within uncertainties



[Aarts et al '07]

[Mocsy+ Petreczky '05+'08,
Wong '06, Cabrera+RR '06,
Beraudo et al '06, Satz et al '08,
Lee et al '09, Riek+RR '10, ...]

3.2.2 T-Matrix Approach with F-Potential

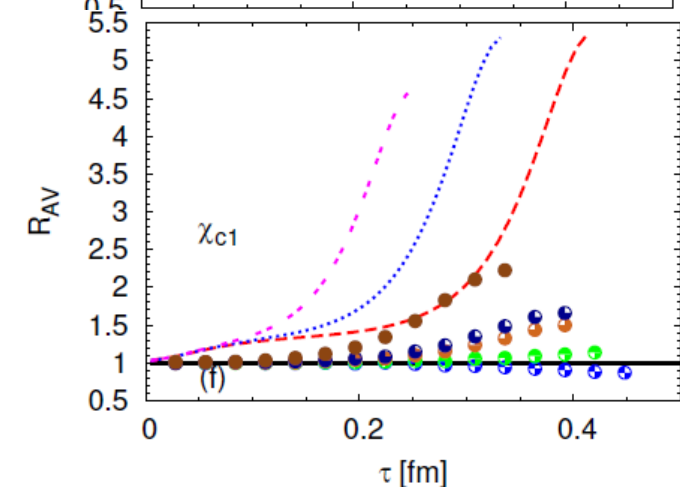
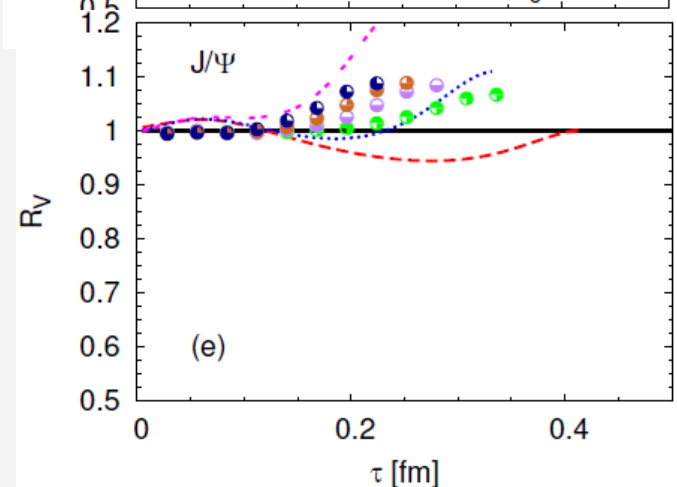
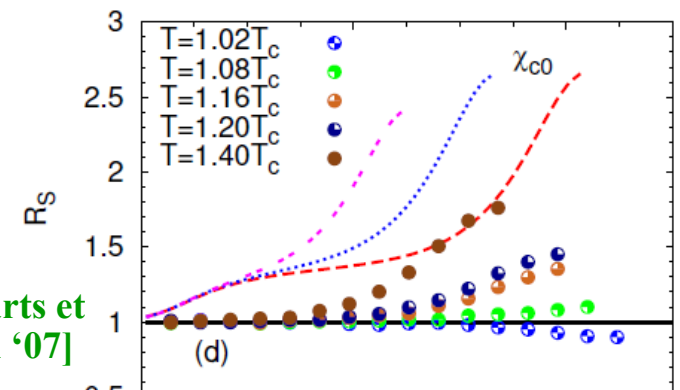
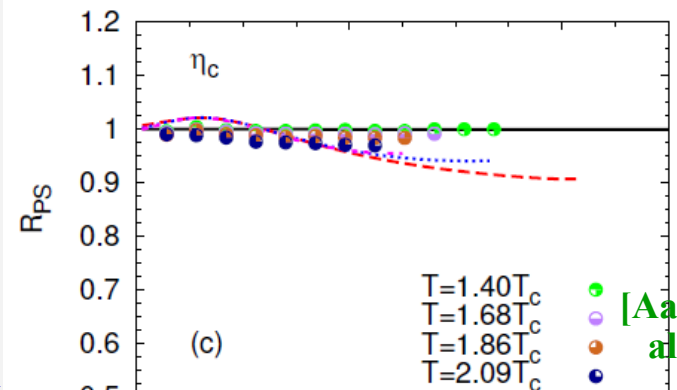
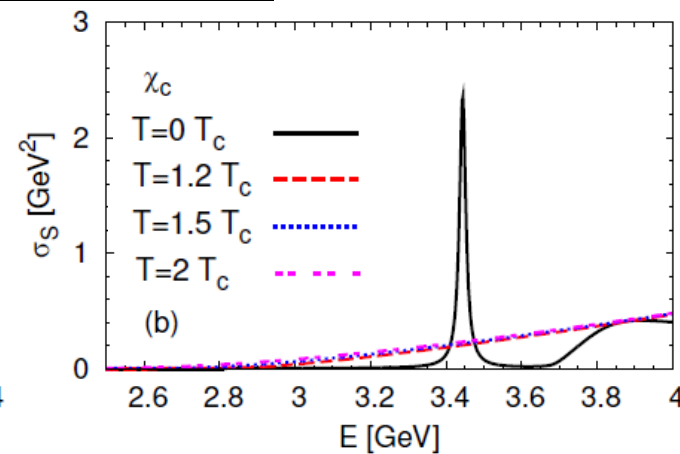
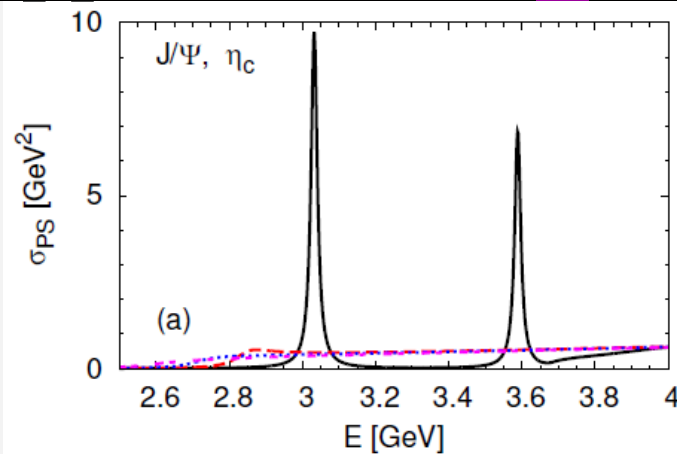
- selfcons. **c**-quark width
- Spectral Functions

- J/ψ melting at $\sim 1.1T_c$
- χ_c melting at $\leq T_c$
- $\Gamma_c \sim 50\text{MeV}$

- Correlator Ratios

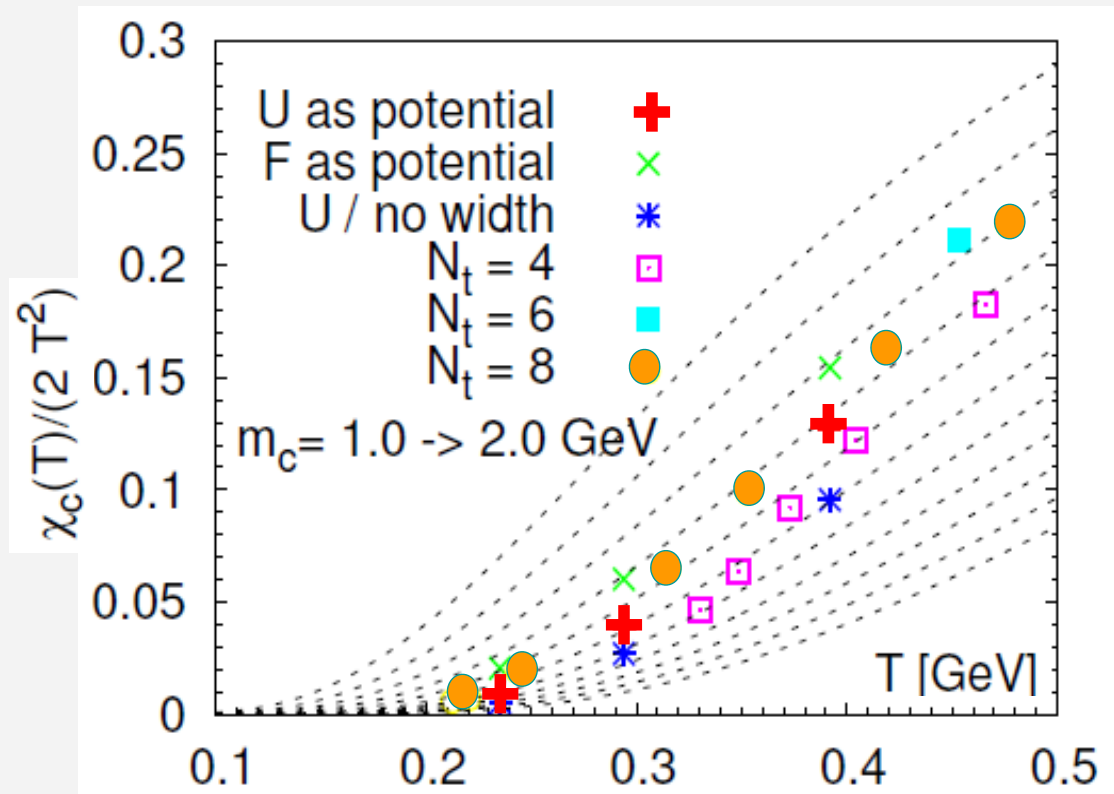
- slightly worse agreement with lQCD

[Riek+RR '10]



3.3 Charm-Quark Susceptibility in QGP

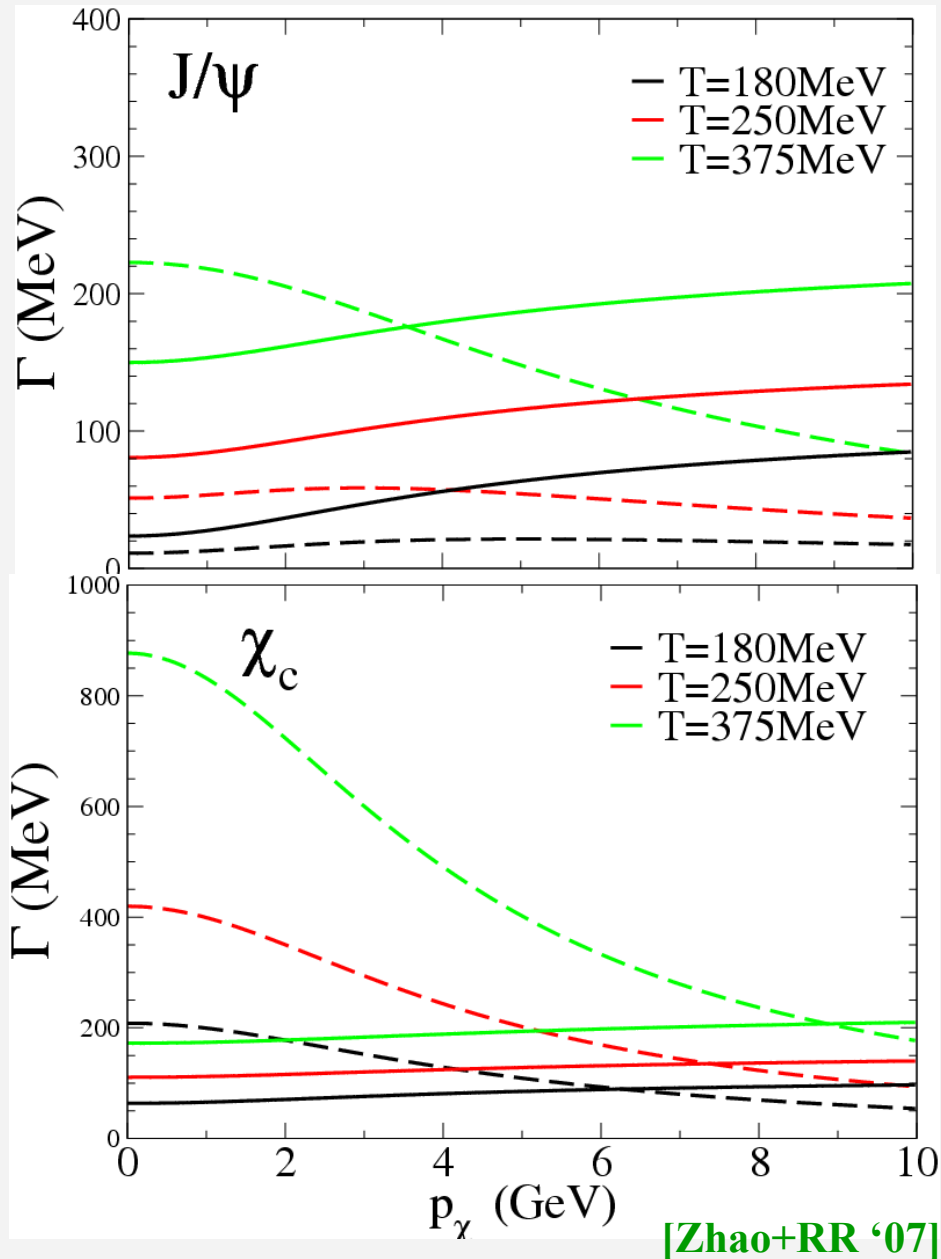
$$\chi_c(T) = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^\infty \frac{dE}{2\pi} \frac{2}{1 - \exp(-E/T)} \rho_{00}(E, \mathbf{0}) \xrightarrow{\Gamma \rightarrow 0} -2N_c \int \frac{d^3\mathbf{k}}{(2\pi)^3} 2 \frac{\partial f^c(\omega_c(\mathbf{k}))}{\partial \omega_c(\mathbf{k})} \xrightarrow{m \ll T} \frac{2N_c}{6} T^2$$



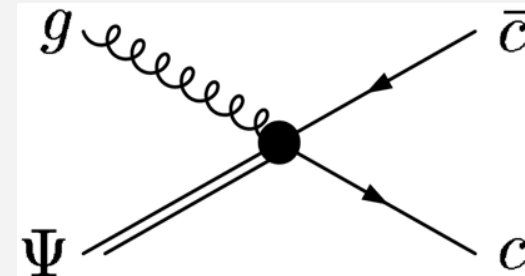
[Riek+RR '10]

- sensitive to in-medium charm-quark mass
- finite-width effects can compensate in-medium mass increase

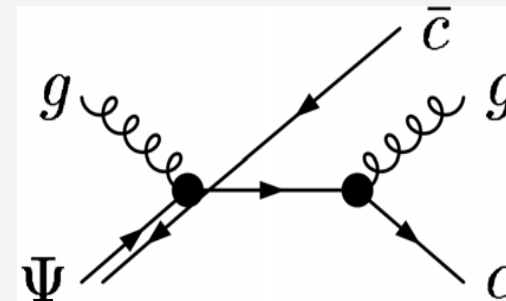
3.1.3 Momentum Dependence of Inelastic Width



- dashed lines: gluo-dissociation



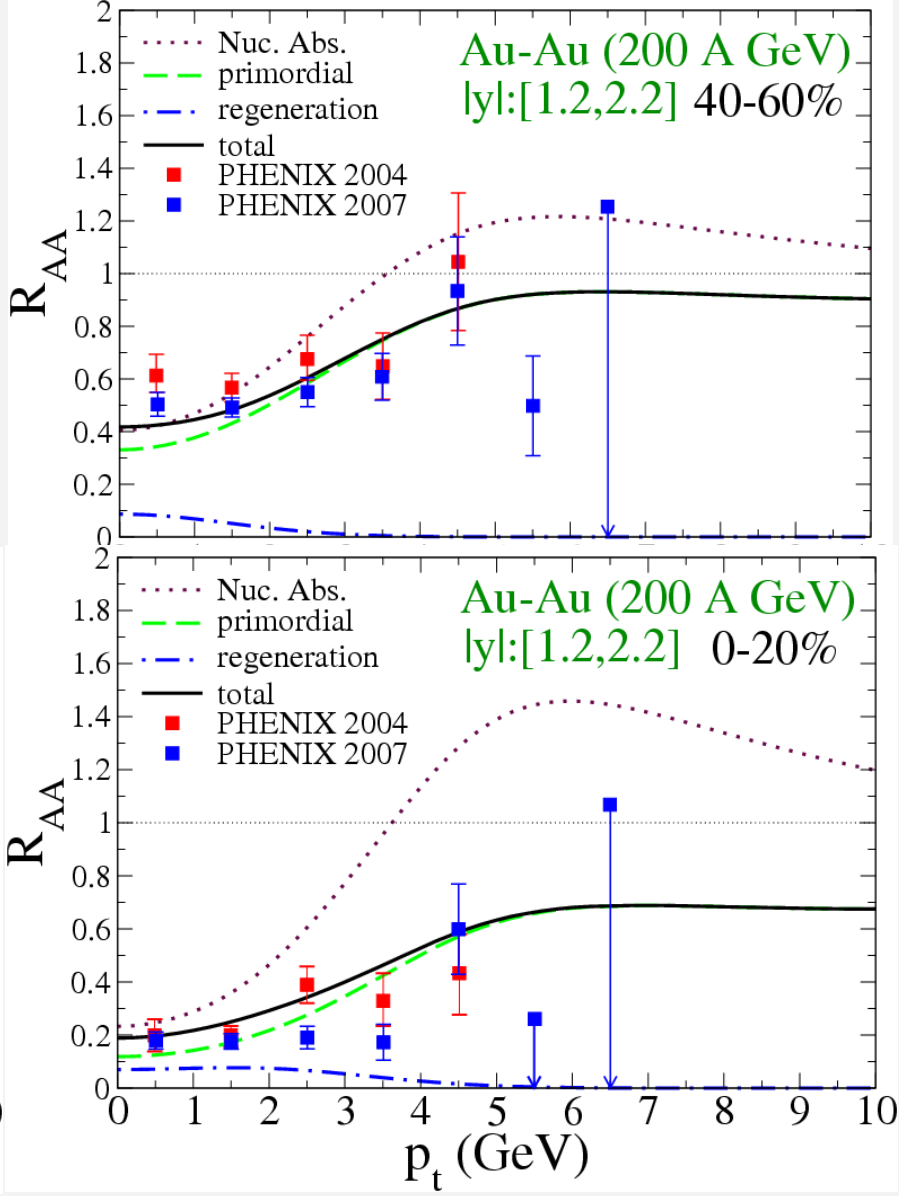
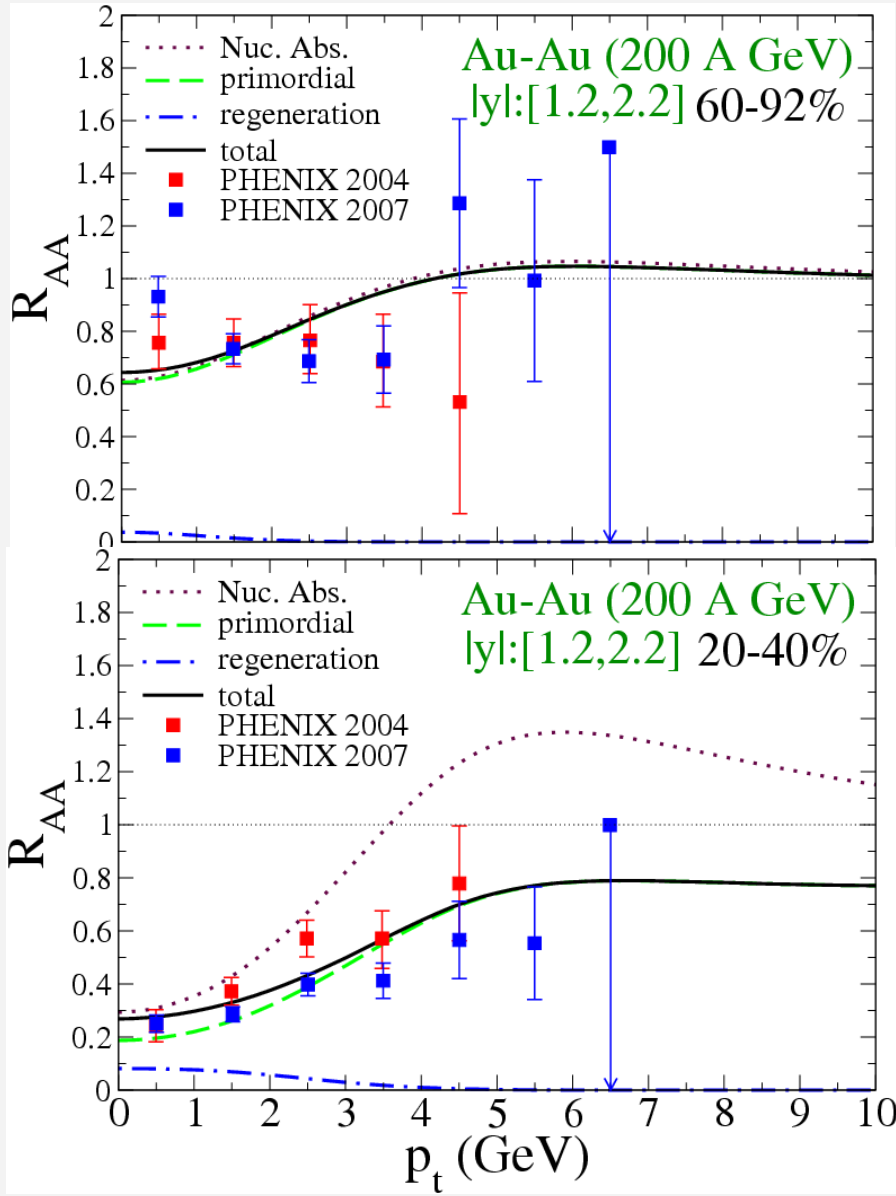
- solid lines: quasifree dissociation



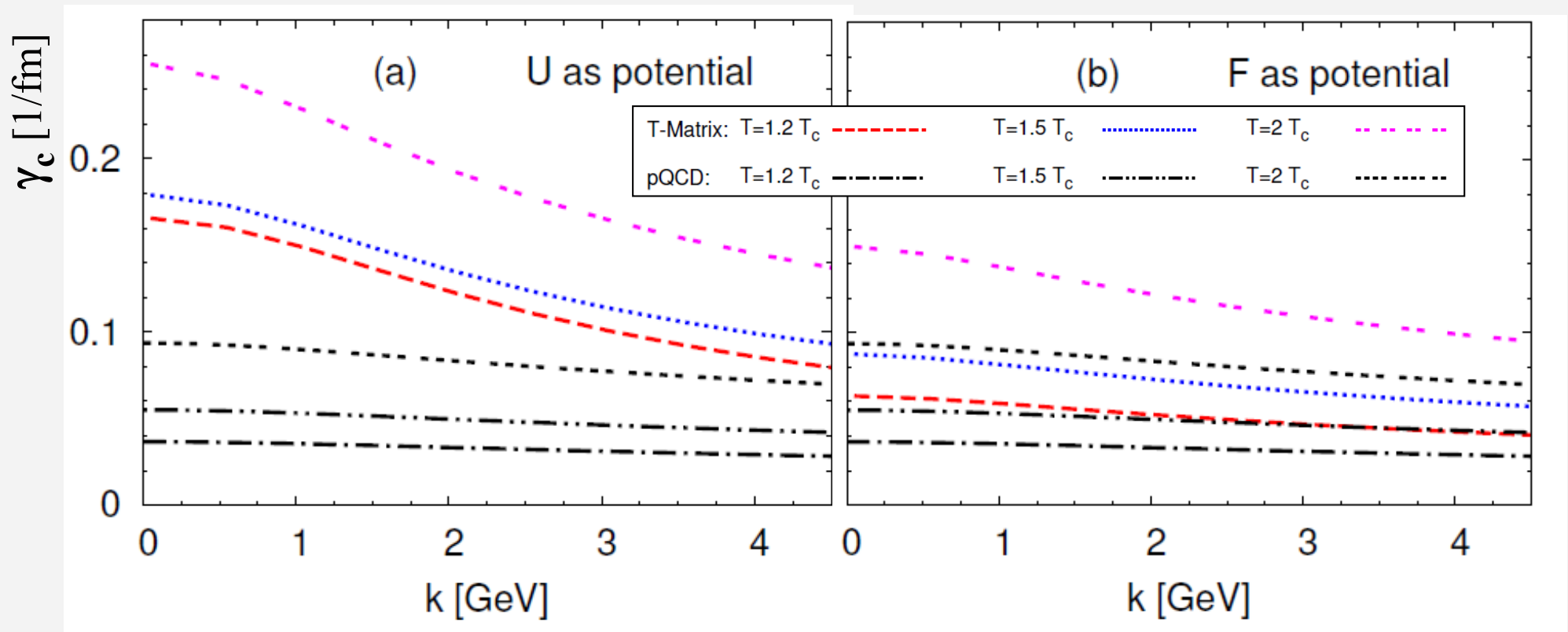
- similar to full NLO calculation

[Park et al '07]

4.3 J/ψ at Forward Rapidity at RHIC



4.2. Thermalization Rate from T-Matrix

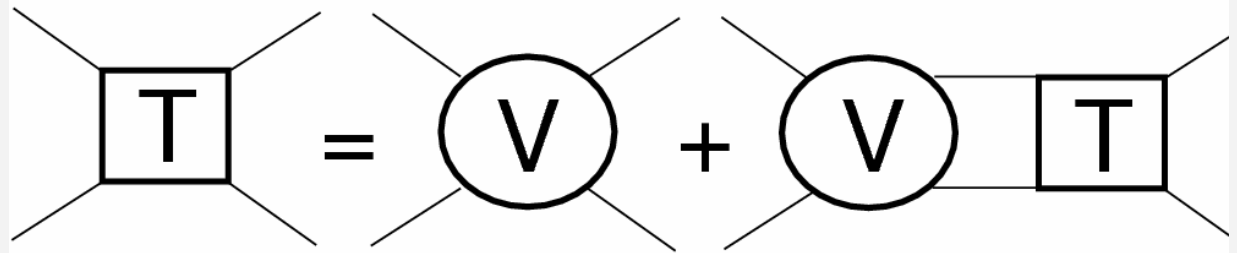


- thermalization **4 (2)** times faster using **U (F)** as potential than pert. QCD
- momentum dependence essential (nonpert. effect \neq **K**-factor!)

3.) Thermodynamic T-Matrix in QGP

- Lippmann-Schwinger equation

**In-Medium
Q- \bar{Q} T-Matrix:**



$$T_{\alpha}(E; q, q') = V_{\alpha}(q, q') + \int k^2 dk V_{\alpha}(q, k) G_{Q\bar{Q}}^0(E, k) T_{\alpha}(E; k, q')$$

- potential V_{α} real
- imaginary parts: unitarization (cuts in in-med. $Q\bar{Q}$ propagator $G_{Q\bar{Q}}$)
- simultaneous treatment of:
 - bound + scattering states
 - quarkonia ($Q\bar{Q}$) + heavy-quark diffusion (Qq, g)

[Wong, Mannarelli+RR, Mocsy+Petreczky, Beraudo et al., Song et al., Riek+RR,...]