

Universality and Scaling in Shallow Bound States

Mario Gattobigio

Seattle, 13 May 2014



Outline

Efimov Physics

Efimov Effect

Discrete Scale Invariance

Finite-range Effect

3-Body Bound States

Scattering Length

Recombination

Measured energies

N-body Universality

N-Body States

Universality

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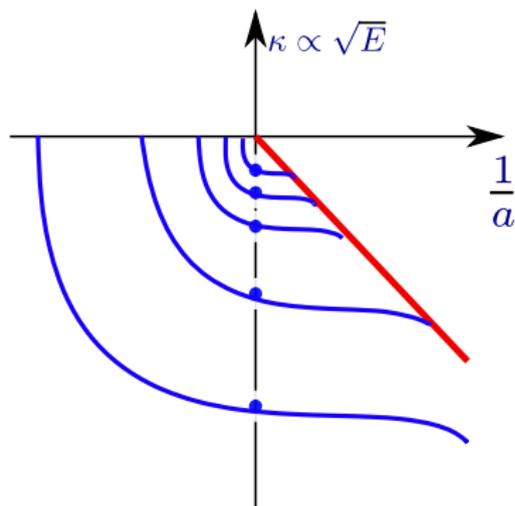
N-body Universality

N-Body States

Universality

Efimov Effect

$$\text{@}1/a = 0 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} E_3^n \rightarrow 0 \quad n \rightarrow \infty \\ E_3^{n+1}/E_3^n \rightarrow 1/515 = 1/(22.7)^2 \end{array} \right.$$

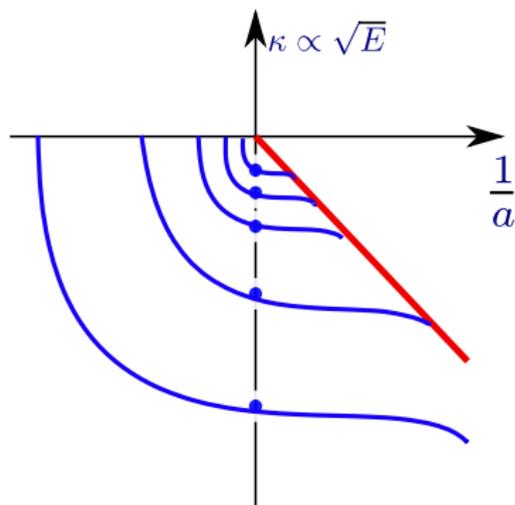


Efimov Effect

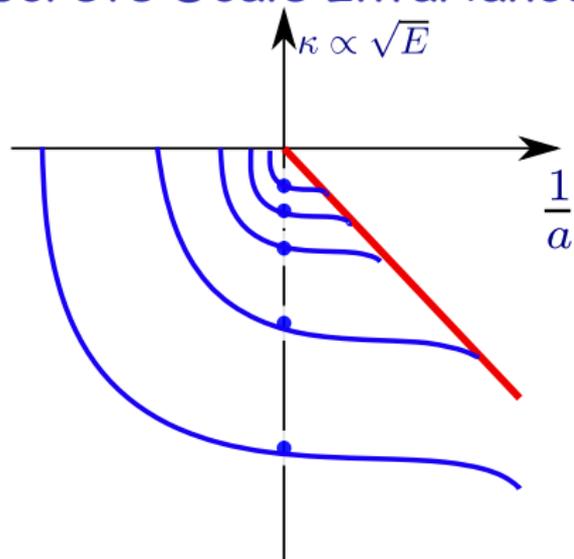
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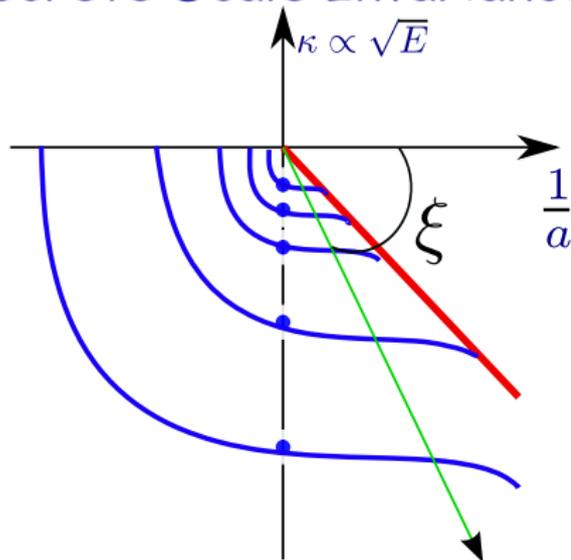
Sornette, Physics Reports 297, 239-270 (1998)



Discrete Scale Invariance



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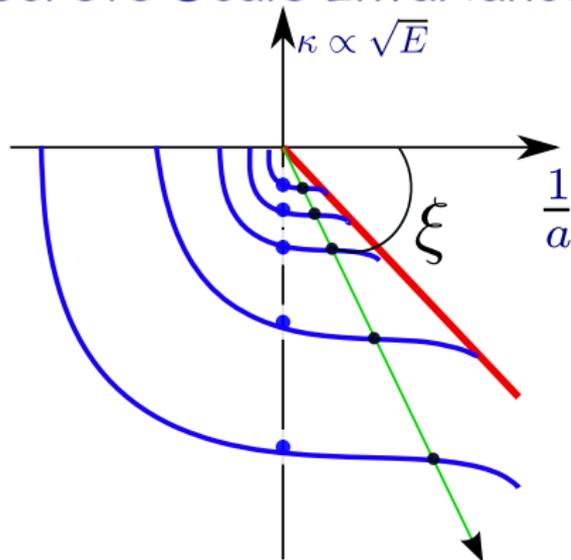


Polar coordinates

$$(H)^2 = (E_3 + E_2)/(\hbar^2/m)$$

$$\tan^2 \xi = E_3/E_2$$

Discrete Scale Invariance

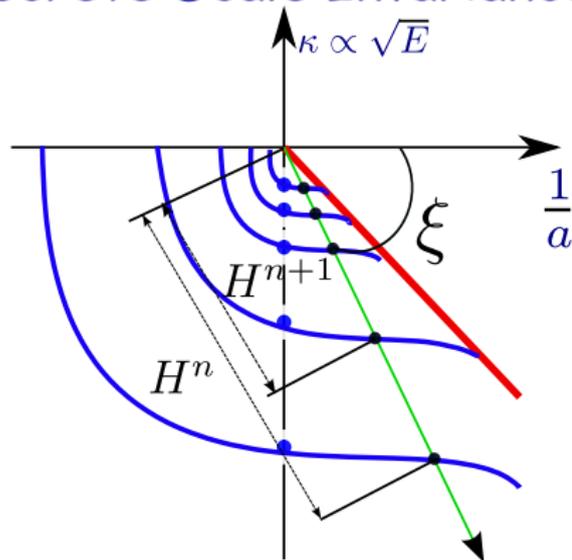


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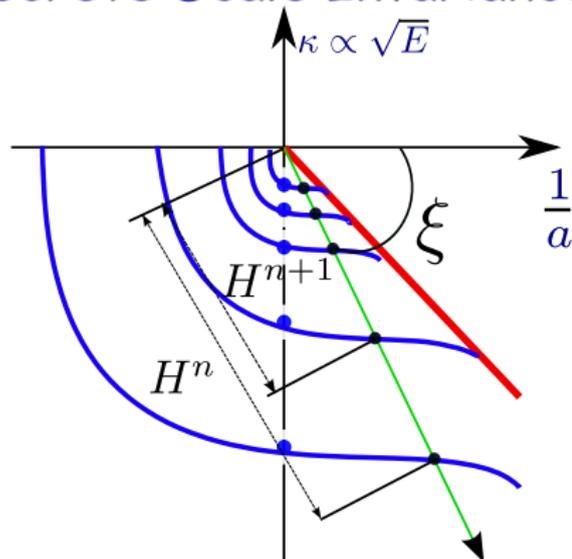
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For each ξ

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Discrete Scale Invariance



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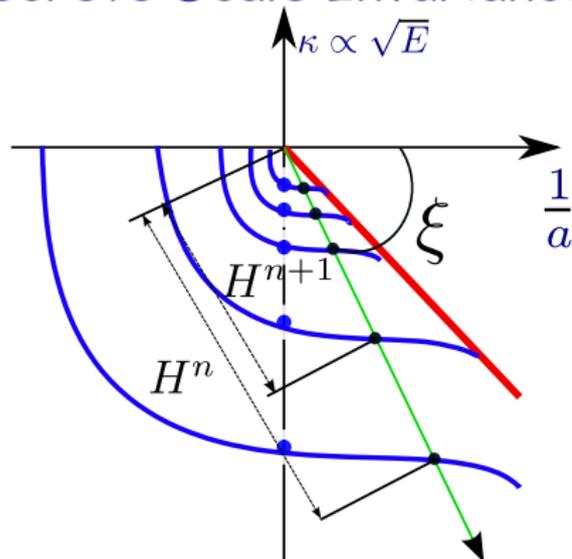
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Discrete Scale Invariance



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Discrete Scale Invariance

- DSI \Rightarrow Universal form of observables
Log-periodic functions (cfr. Sornette)

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Particle-Dimer Scattering Length

$$a_{AD}/a = d_1 + d_2 \tan[s_0 \ln(\kappa_* a) + d_3]$$

- d_1, d_2, d_3 **Universal Constants**

Discrete Scale Invariance

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Recombination Rate at the threshold

$$K_3 = \frac{128\pi^2(4\pi - 3\sqrt{3})}{\sinh^2(\pi s_0) + \cosh^2(\pi s_0) \cot^2[s_0 \ln(\kappa_* a) + \gamma]} \frac{\hbar a^4}{m},$$

- γ **Universal Constant**

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Finite-range Calculations

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- Finite-range potential

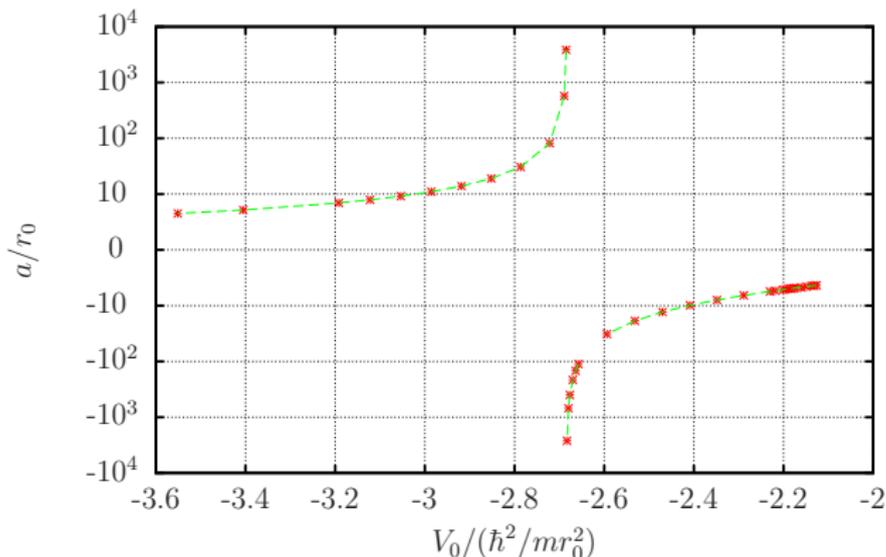
$$V(r) = V_0 e^{-r^2/r_0^2}$$

Finite-range Calculations

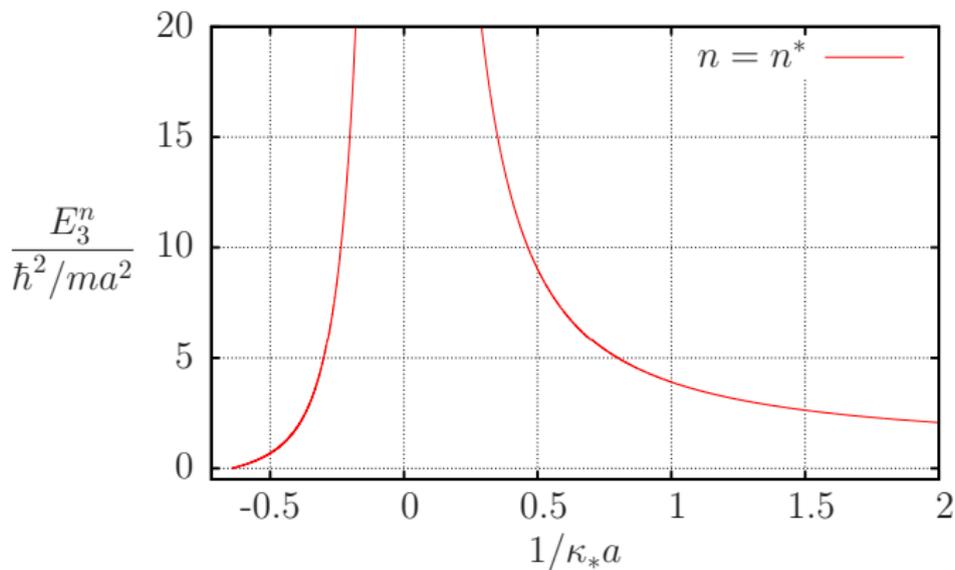
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- Tuning of the Scattering Length

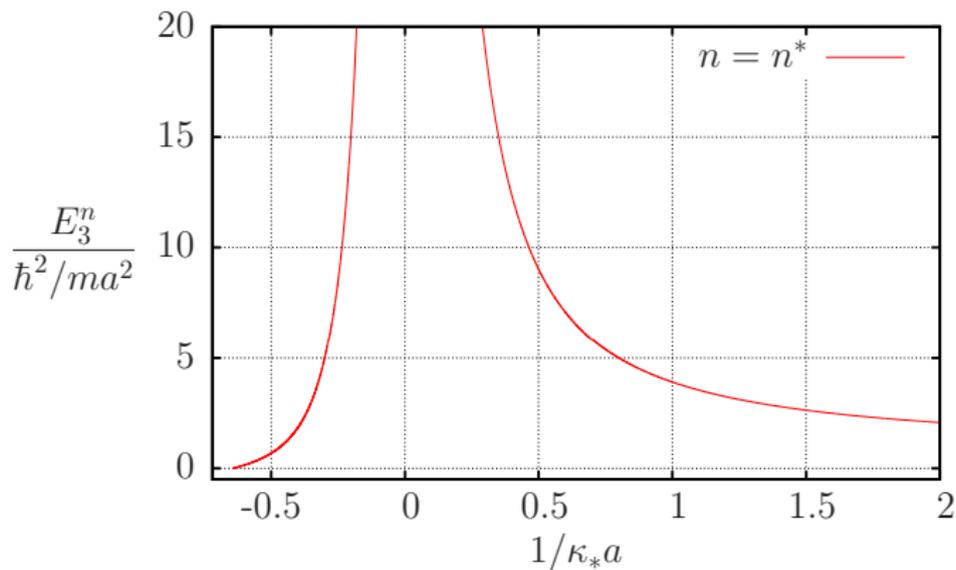


3-Body Bound States



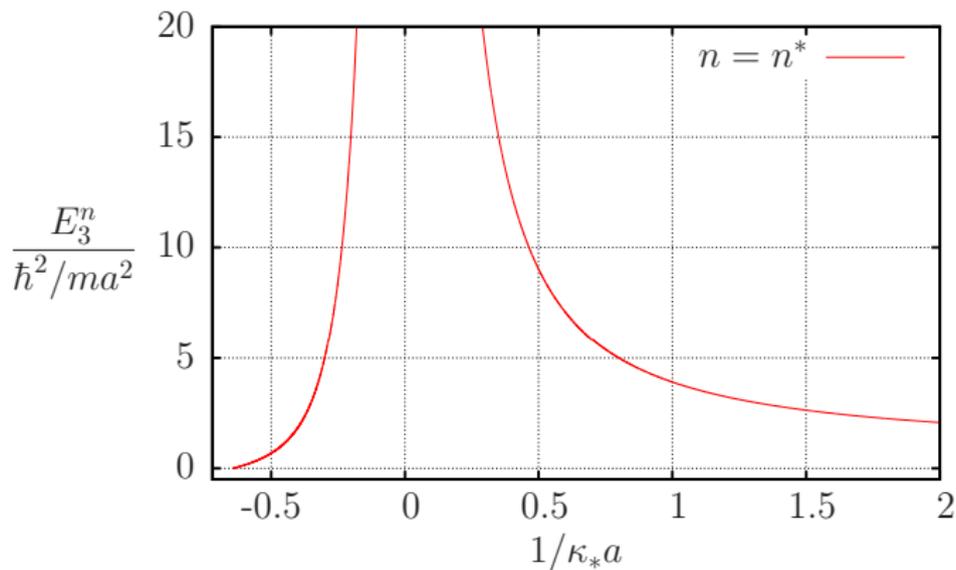
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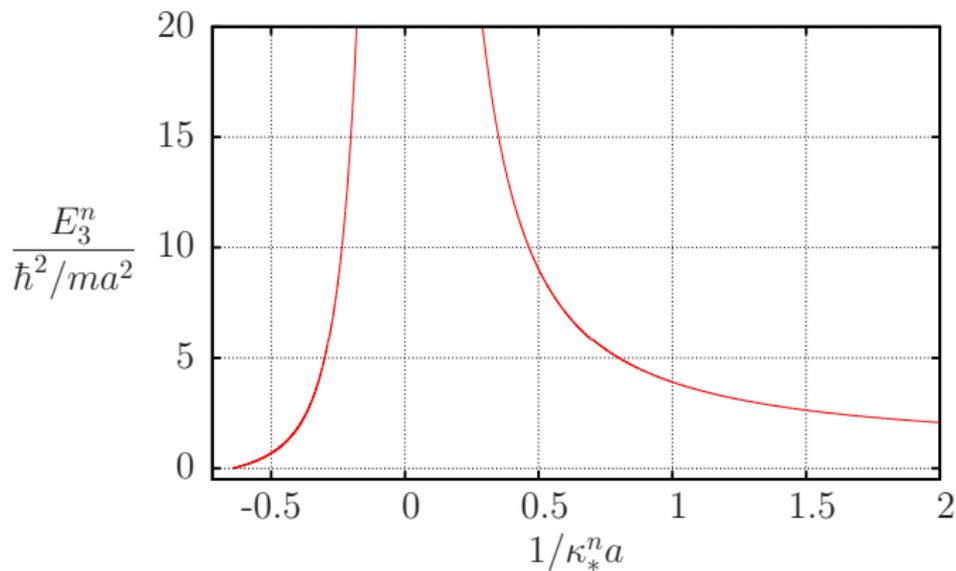
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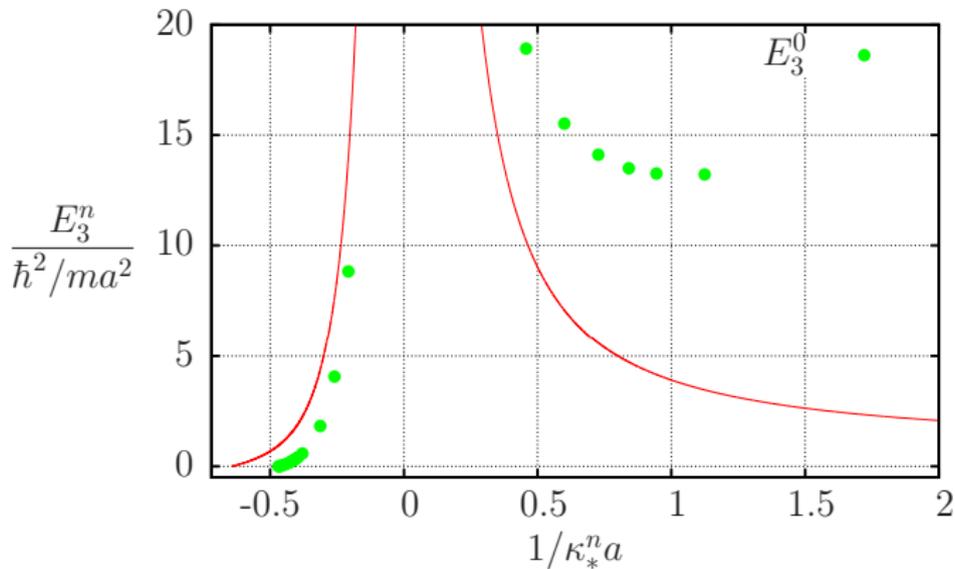
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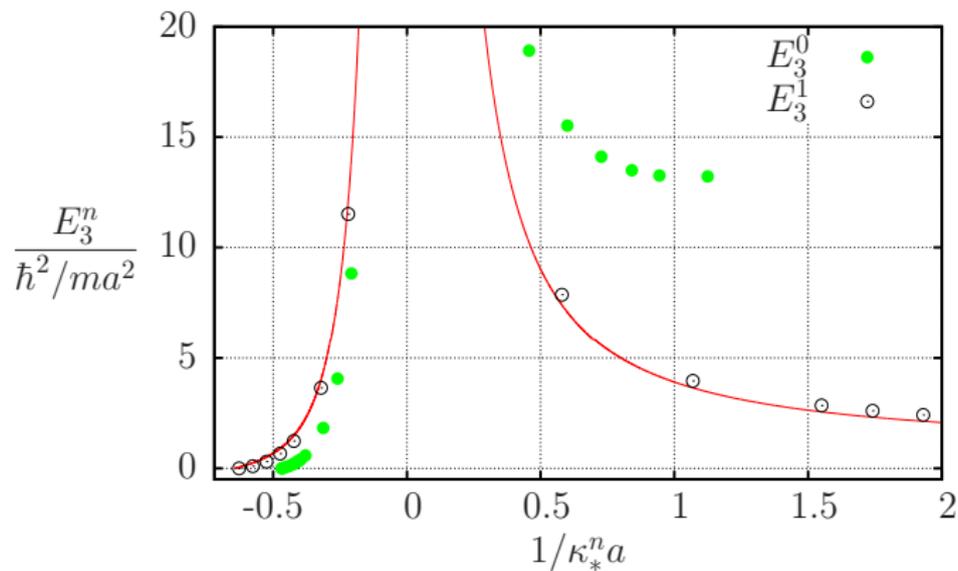
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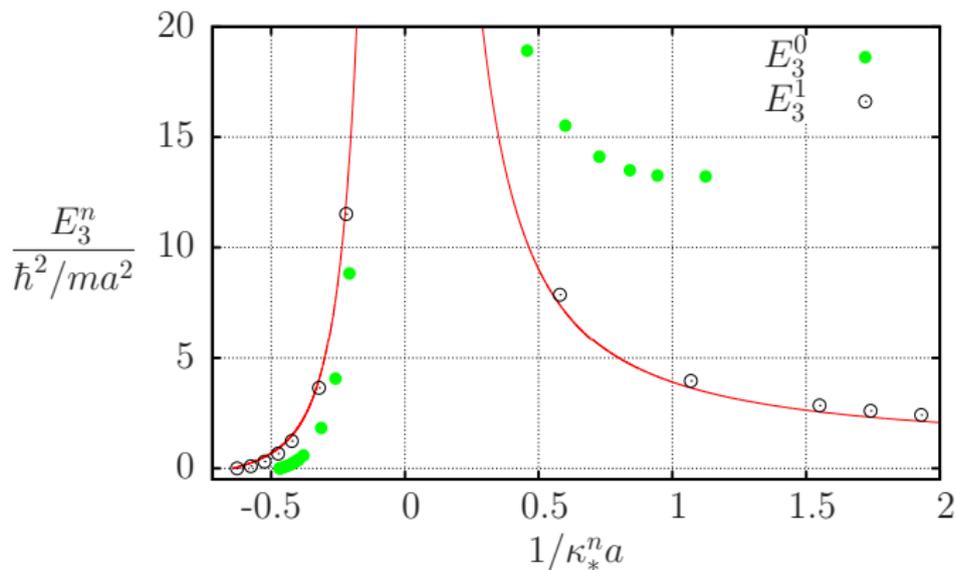
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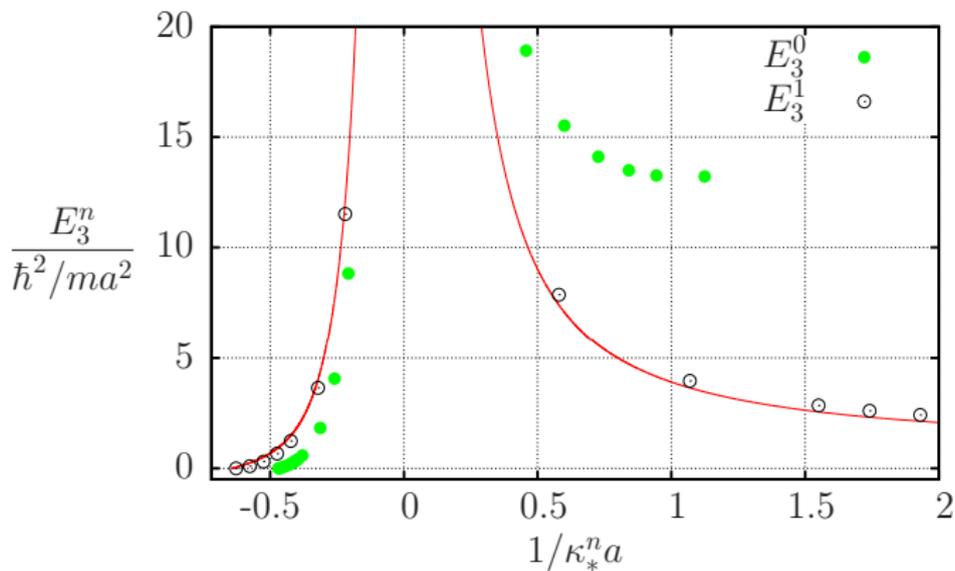
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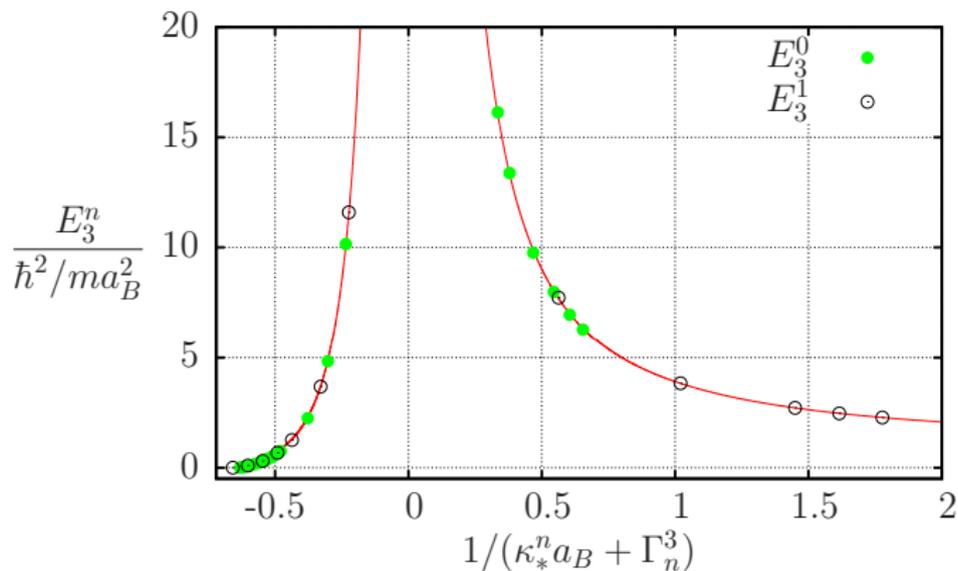
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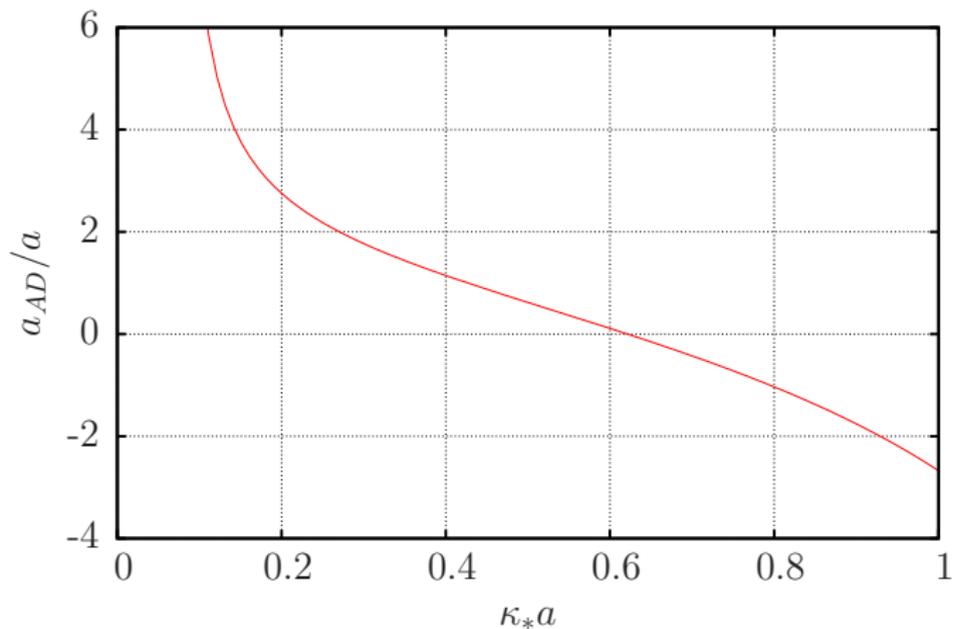
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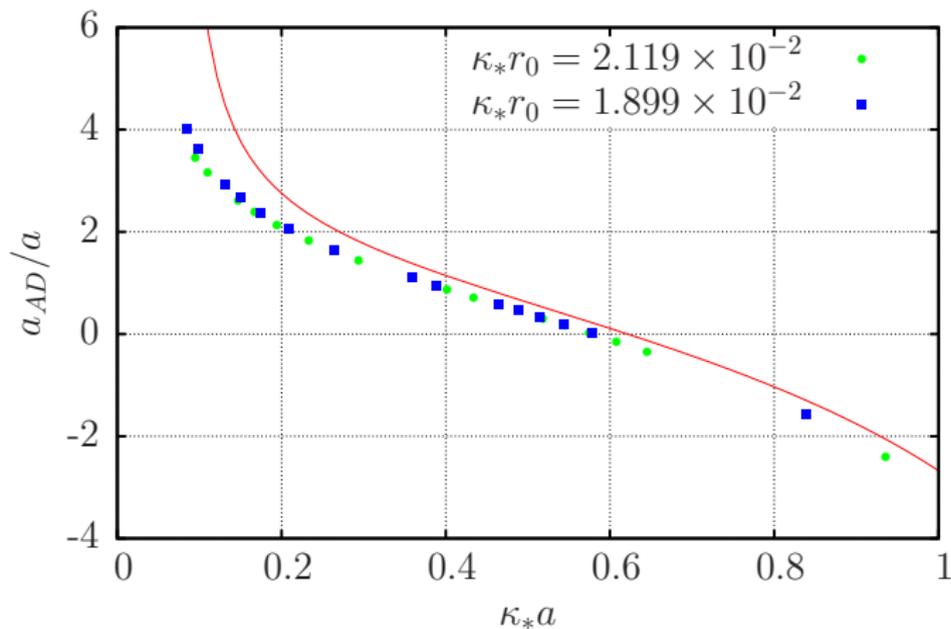
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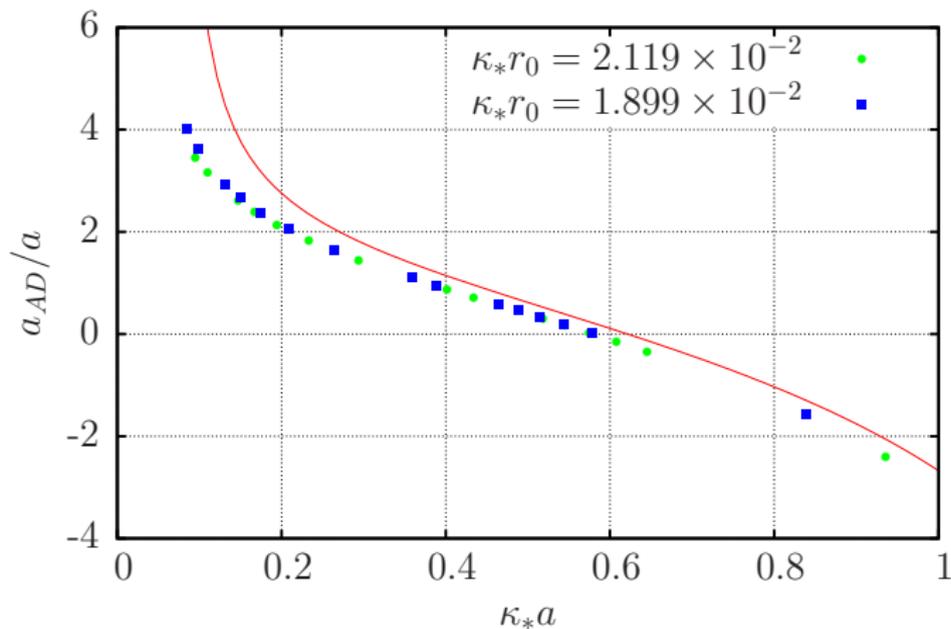
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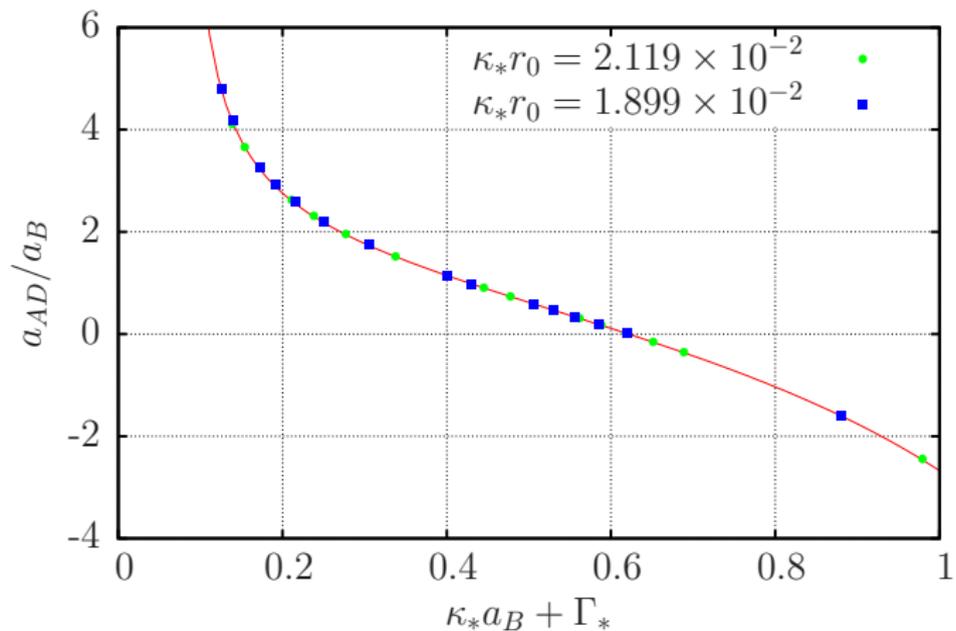
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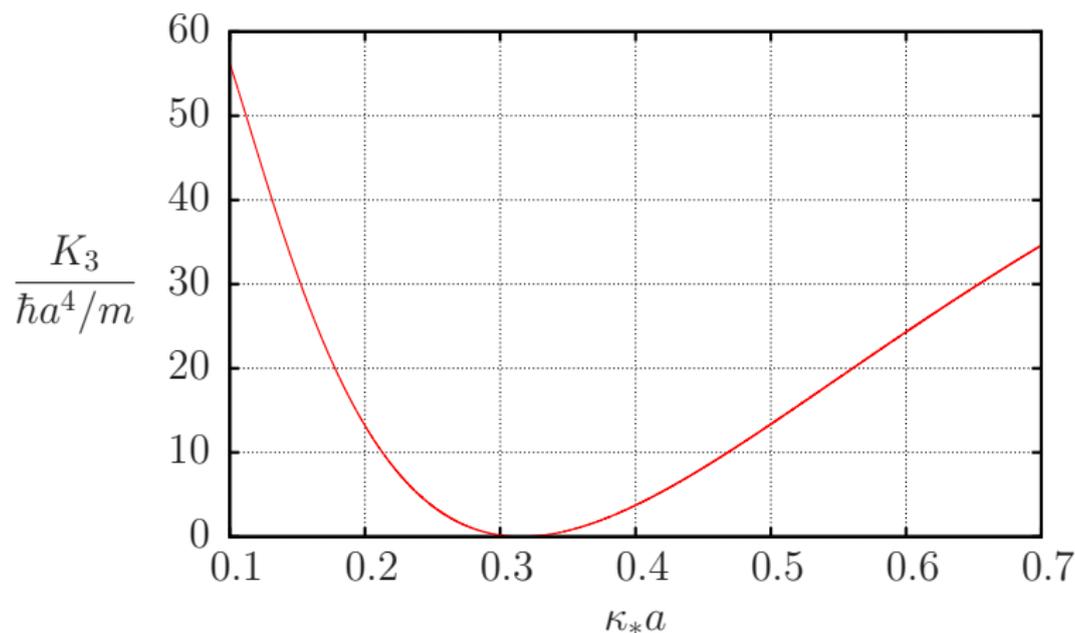
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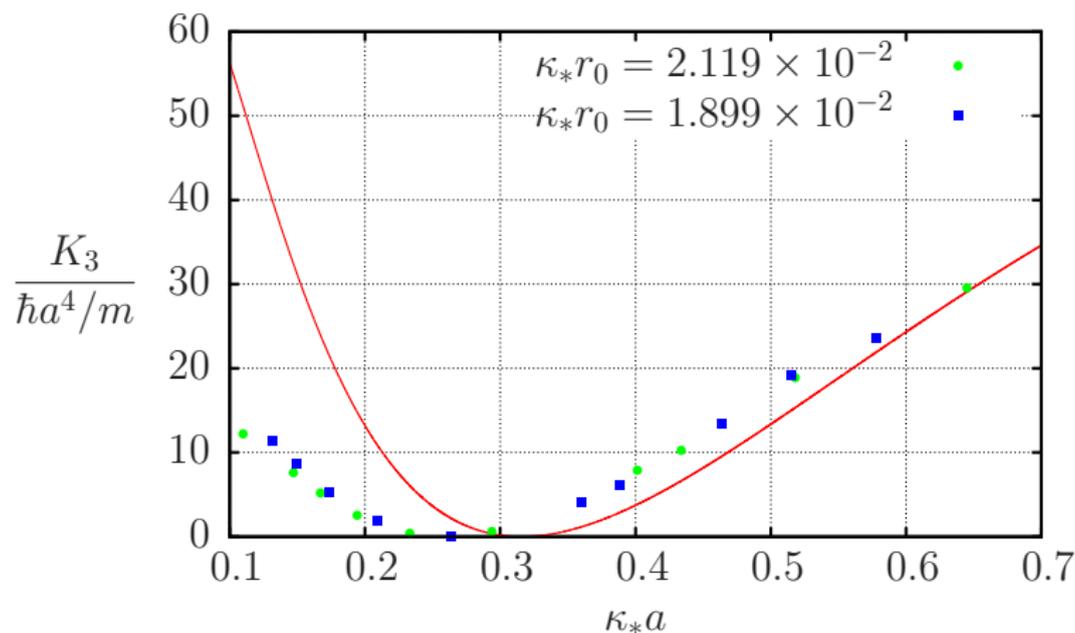
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Recombination at the threshold



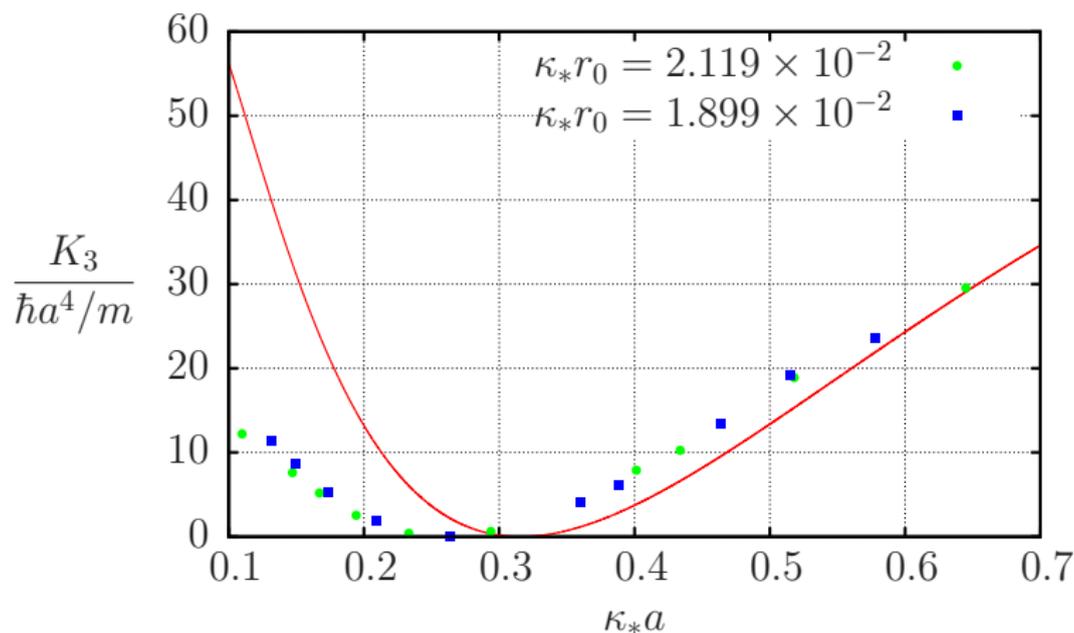
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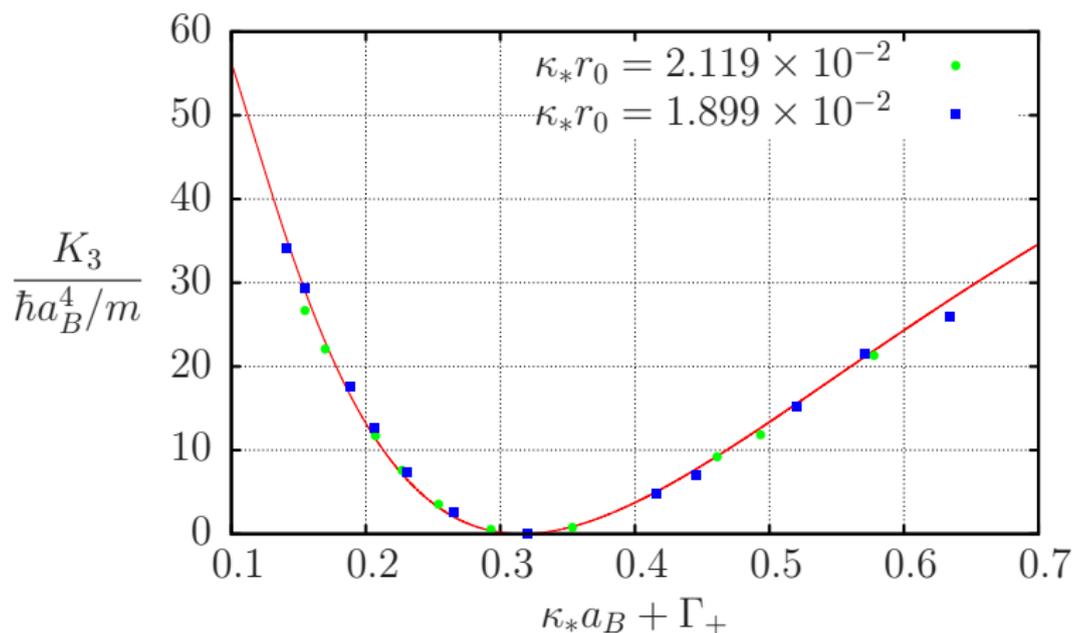
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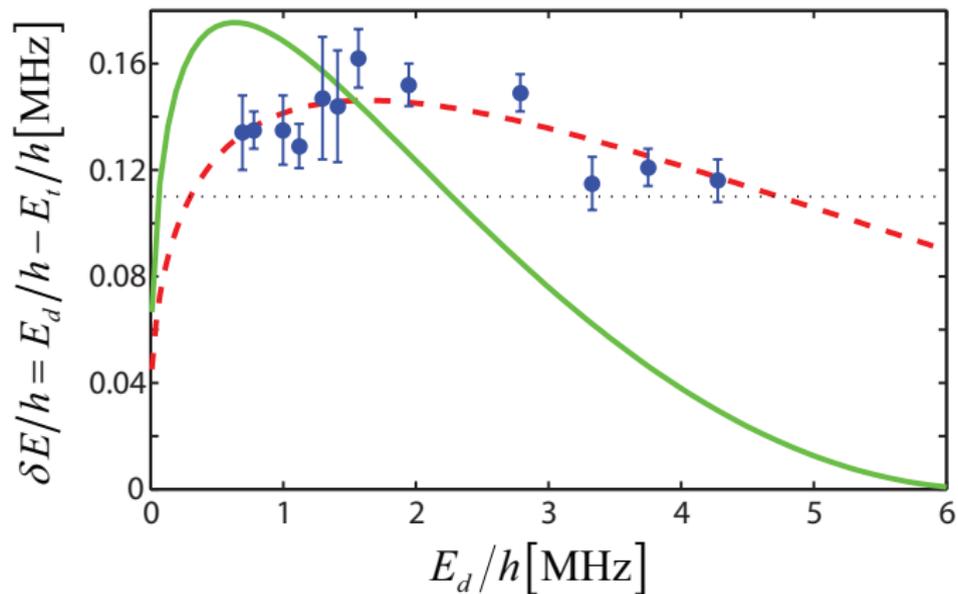
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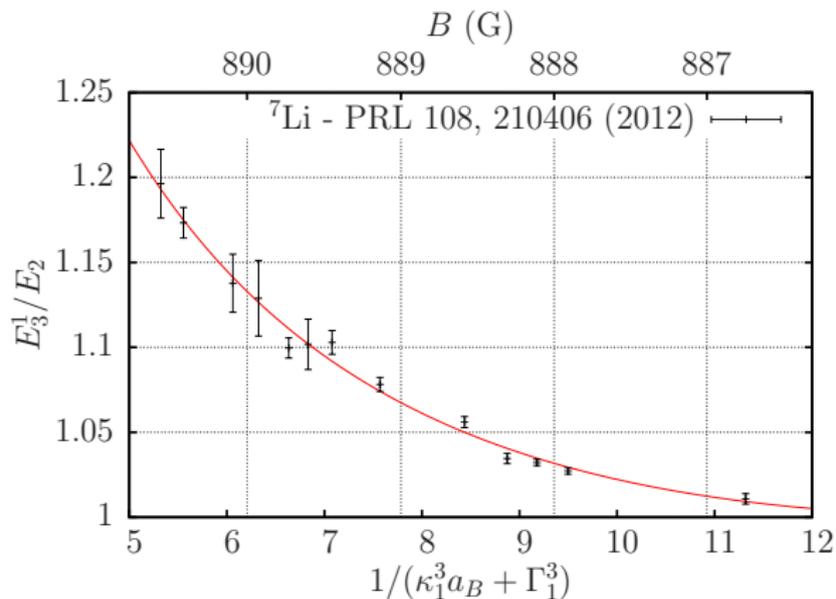
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Experimental data



Olga Machtey, Zav Shotan, Noam Gross, and Lev Khaykovich
Phys. Rev. Lett. 108, 210406 (2012)

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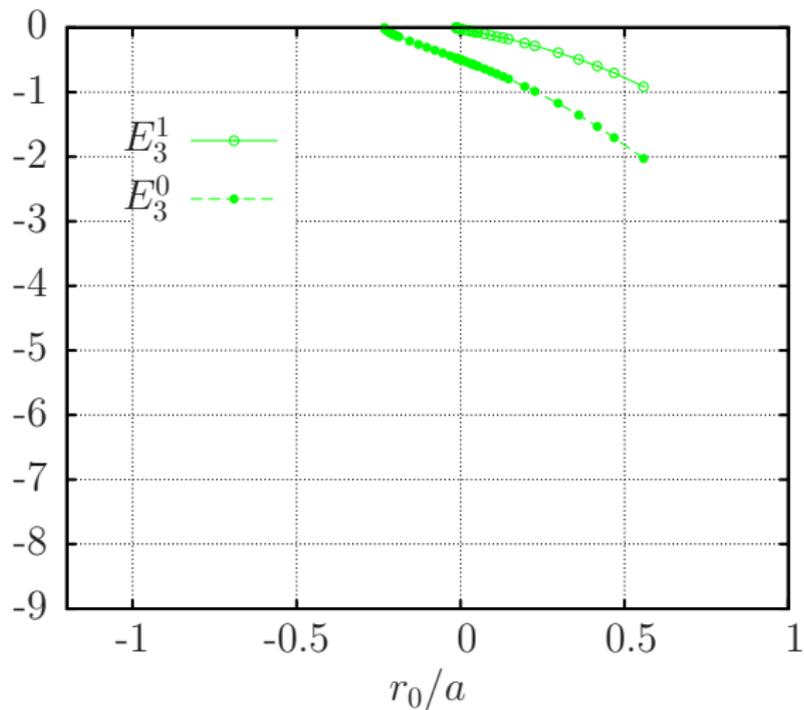
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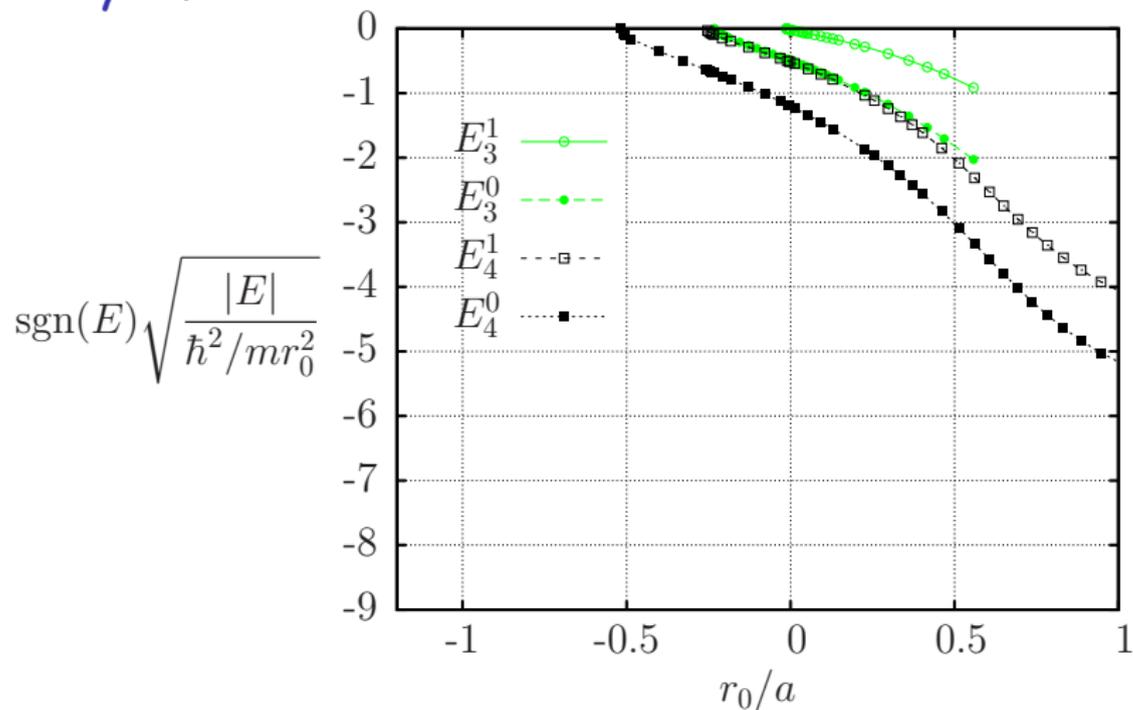
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N-body Efimov Plot

$$\text{sgn}(E) \sqrt{\frac{|E|}{\hbar^2/mr_0^2}}$$

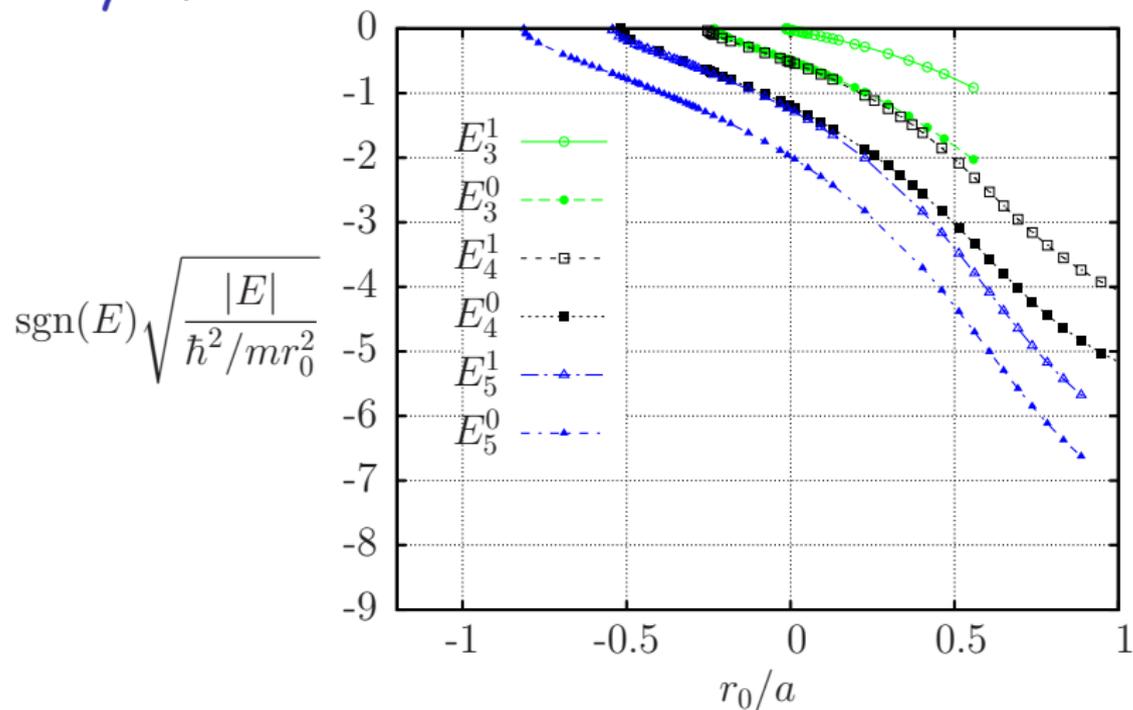


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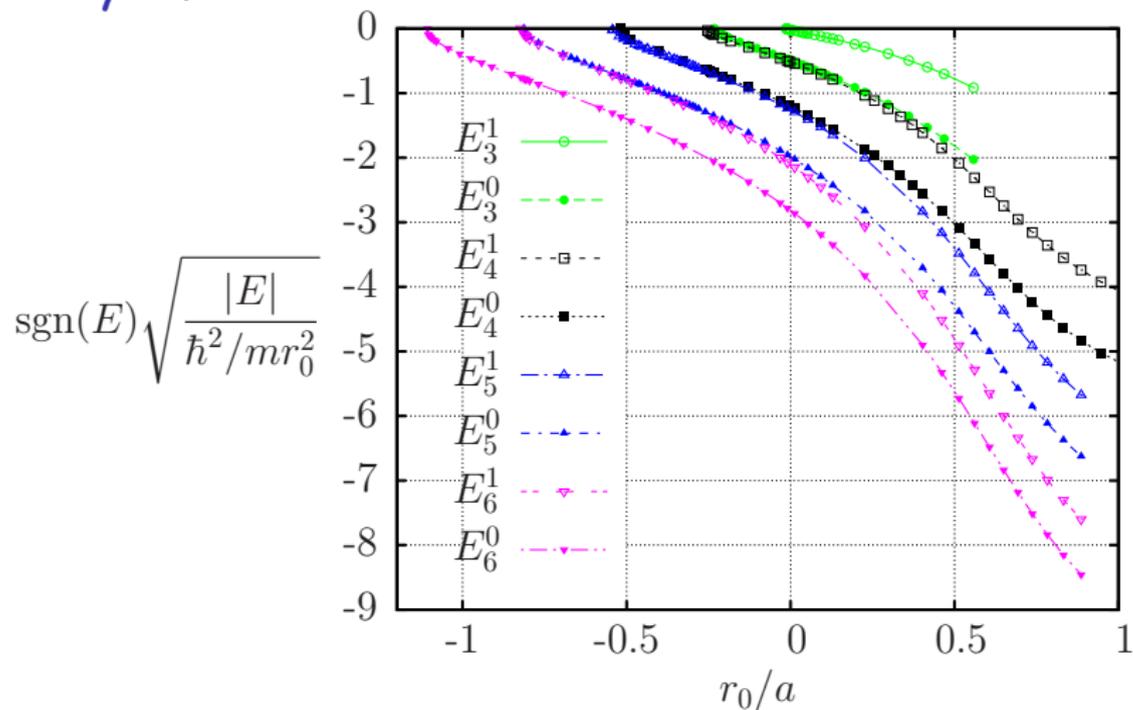
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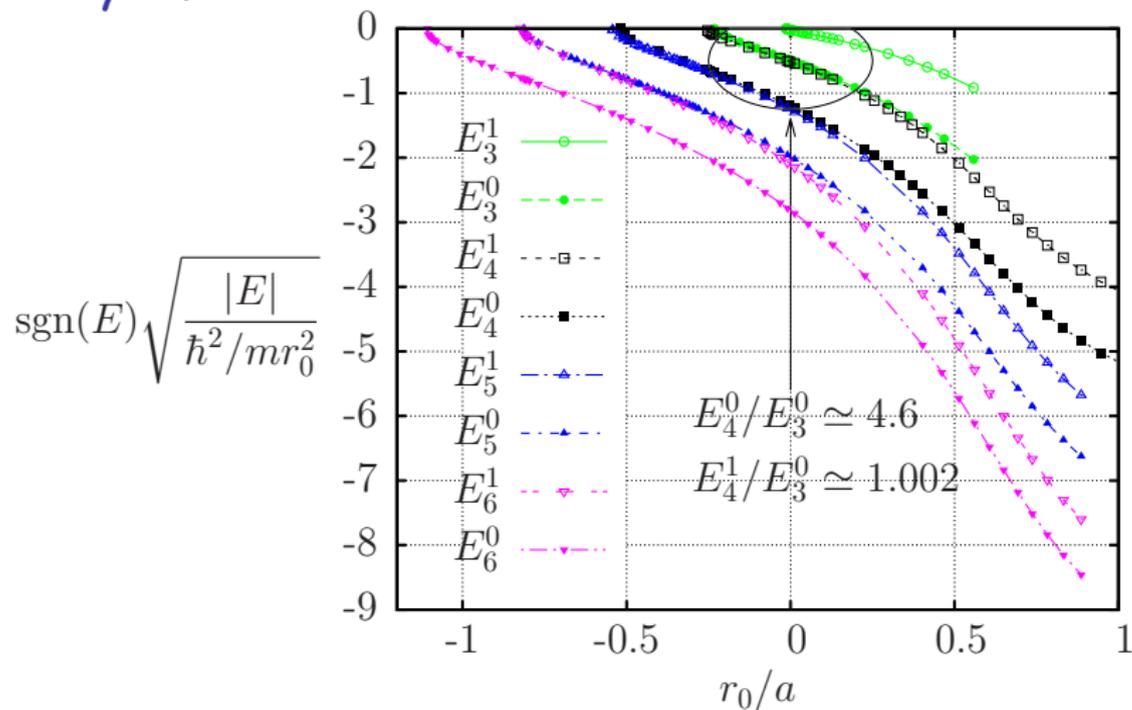
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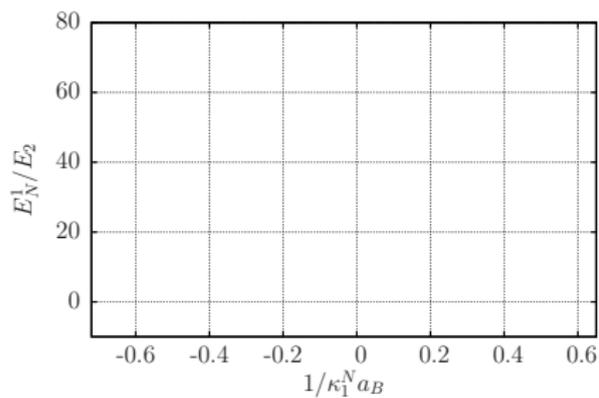
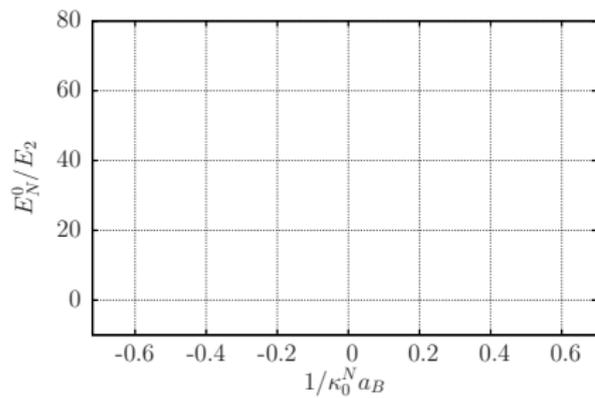
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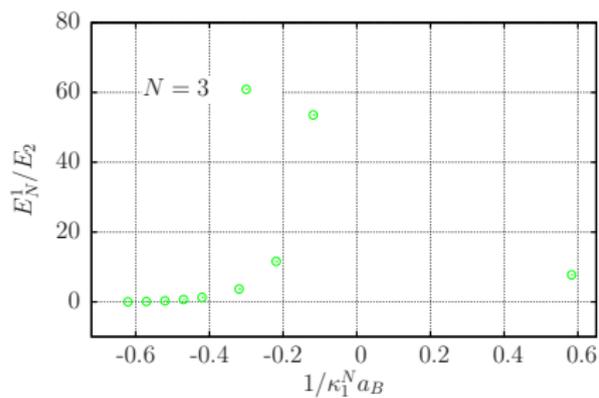
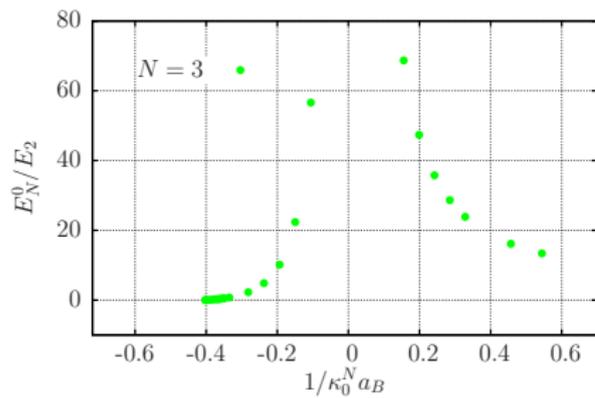


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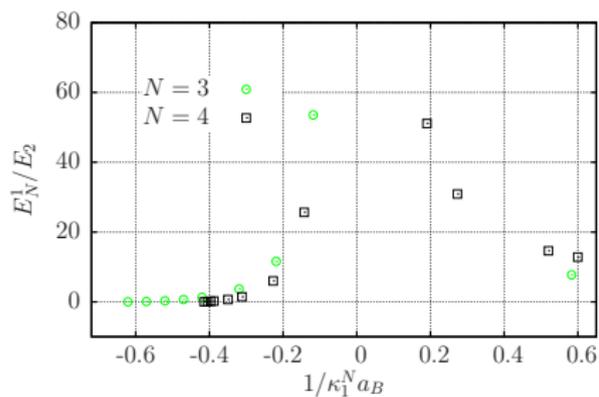
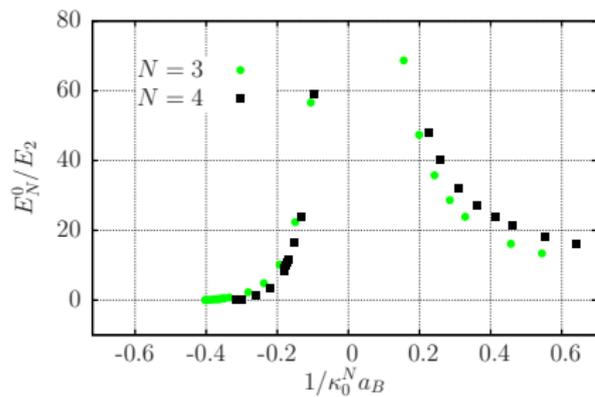
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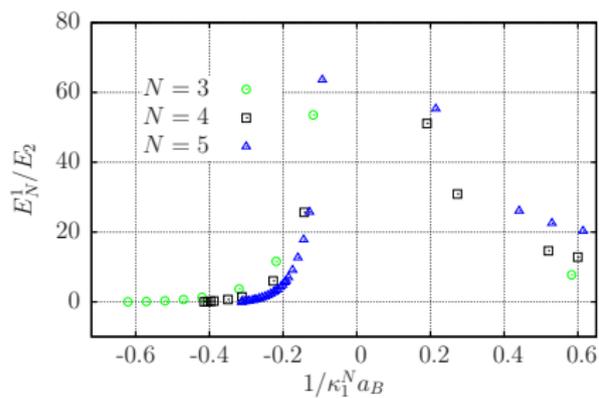
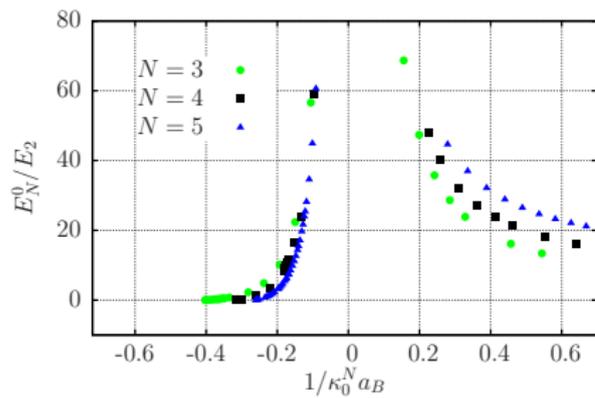
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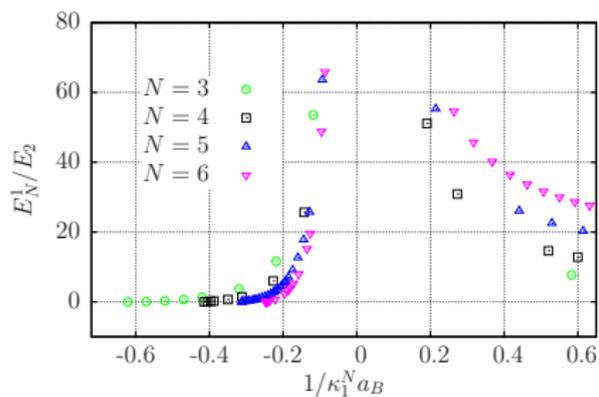
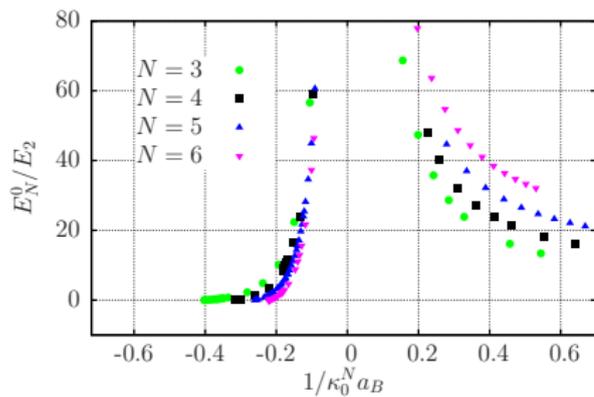
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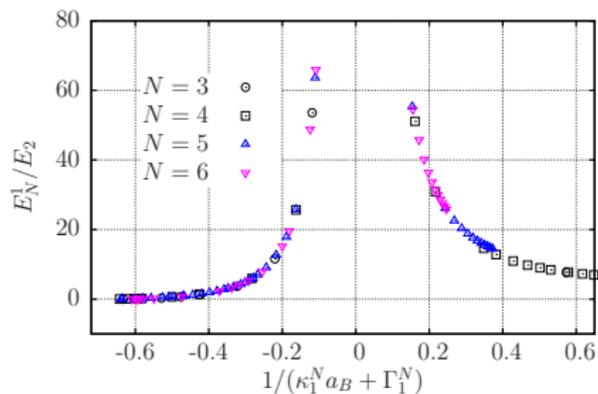
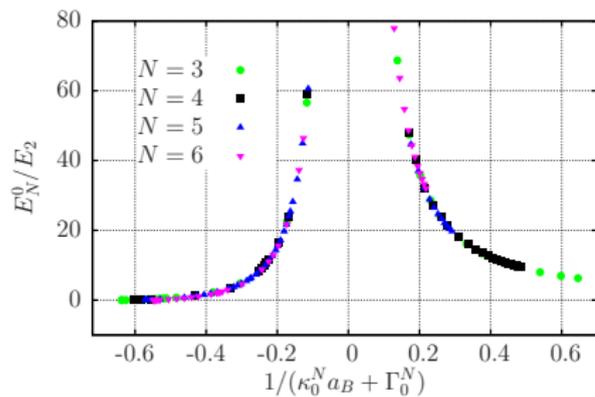
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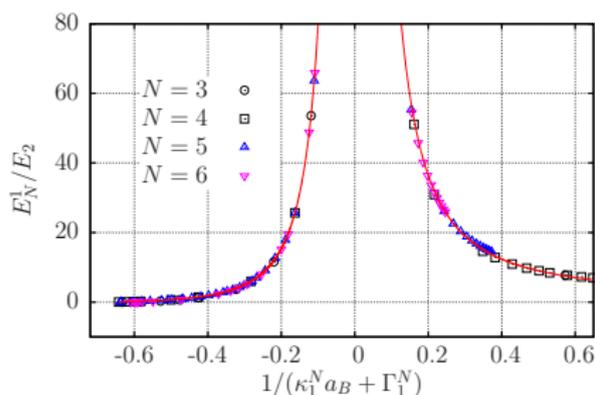
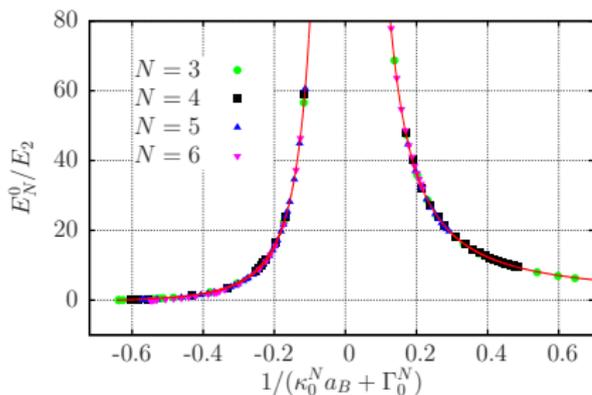
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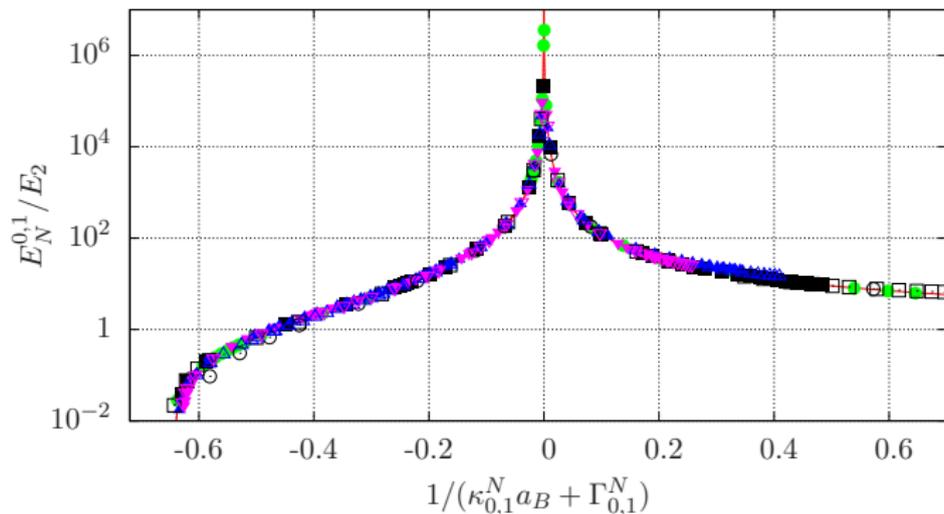
Universality



Universal Formula

$$E_N^n/E_2 = \tan^2 \xi$$
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Universality



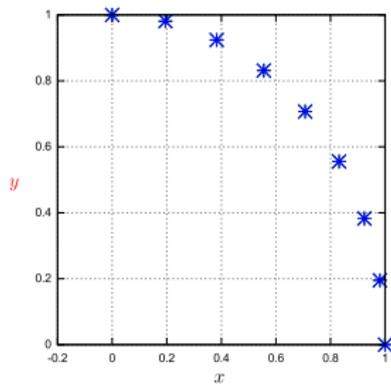
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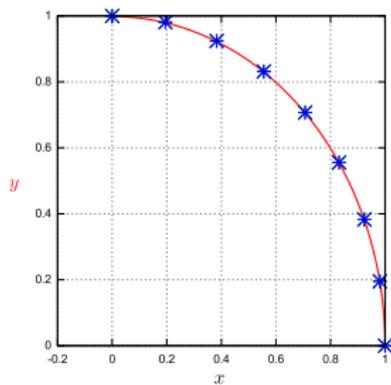
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Data on a Circle



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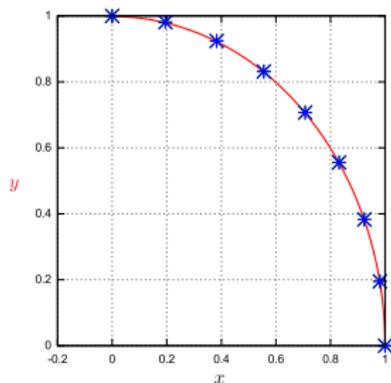


$$y = \sin \xi$$

$$x = \cos \xi$$

Efimov Straighteners

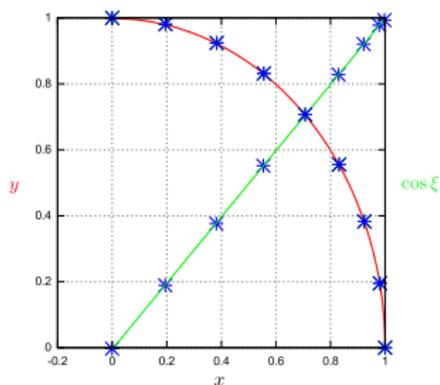
Data on a Circle



$$\begin{aligned} y &= \sin \xi \\ x &= \cos \xi \end{aligned} \Leftrightarrow \begin{aligned} y/x &= \tan \xi \\ x &= \cos \xi(x, y) \end{aligned}$$

Efimov Straighteners

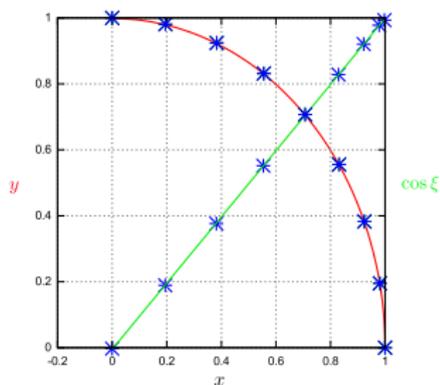
Data on a Circle



$$\begin{aligned} y &= \sin \xi \\ x &= \cos \xi \end{aligned} \Leftrightarrow \begin{aligned} y/x &= \tan \xi \\ x &= \cos \xi(x, y) \end{aligned}$$

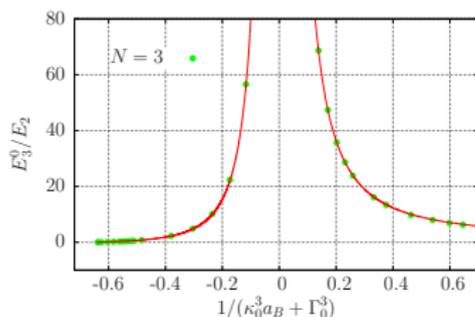
Efimov Straighteners

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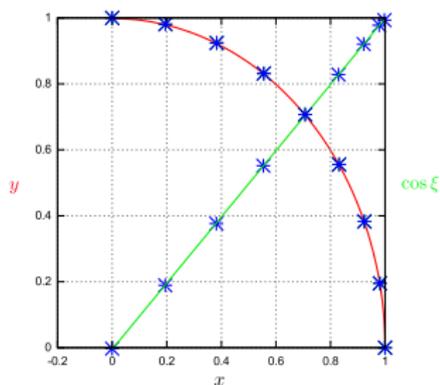
Data on Efimov curve



$$\begin{aligned} E_3^0/E_2 &= \tan^2 \xi \\ \kappa_0^3 a_B + \Gamma_0^3 &= \frac{e^{-\Delta(\xi)/2s_0}}{\cos \xi} \end{aligned}$$

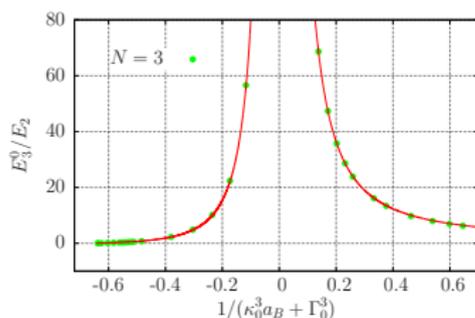
Efimov Straighteners

Data on a Circle



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Data on Efimov curve

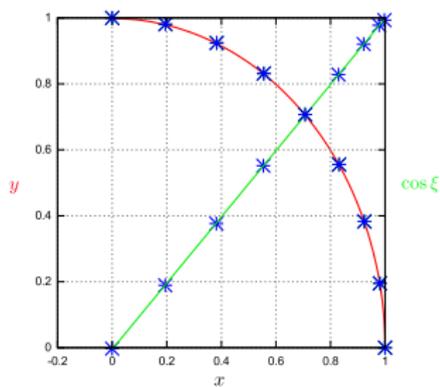


$$\begin{aligned} E_3^0/E_2 &= \tan^2 \xi \\ \kappa_0^3 a_B + \Gamma_0^3 &= \frac{e^{-\Delta(\xi)/2s_0}}{\cos \xi} \end{aligned}$$

$$y(\xi) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \frac{e^{-\Delta(\xi)/2s_0}}{\cos \xi}$$

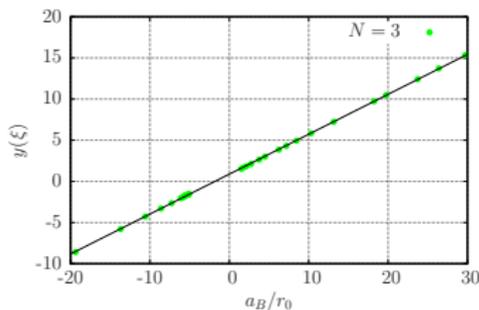
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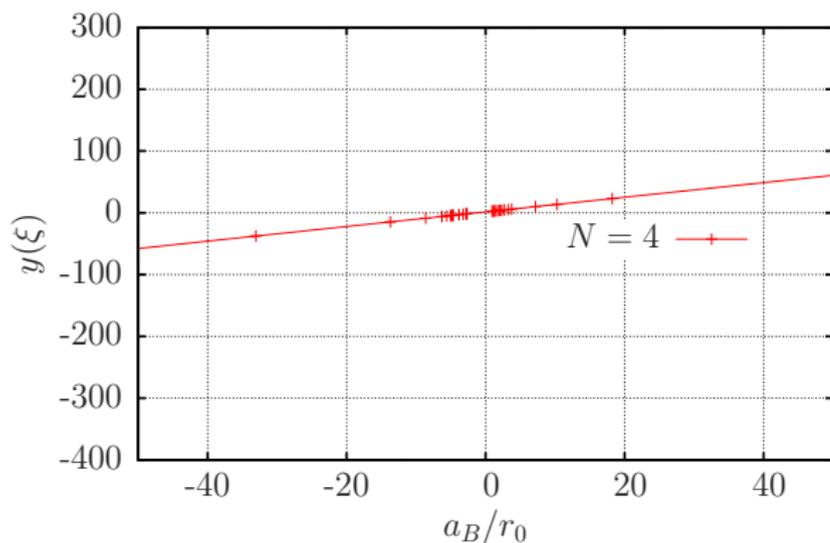
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Universality up to $N = 16$

$$y(\xi) = \kappa_N a_B + \Gamma_N$$

N	$\kappa_N r_0$	Γ_N
4	1.185	1.475

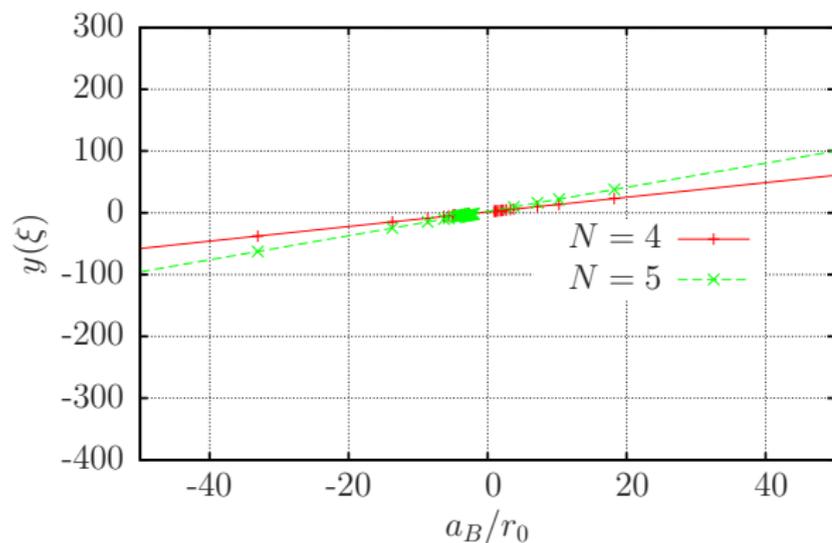


$$V(r) = V_0 e^{-r^2/r_0^2}$$

Universality up to $N = 16$

$$y(\xi) = \kappa_N a_B + \Gamma_N$$

N	$\kappa_N r_0$	Γ_N
4	1.185	1.475
5	1.955	2.128

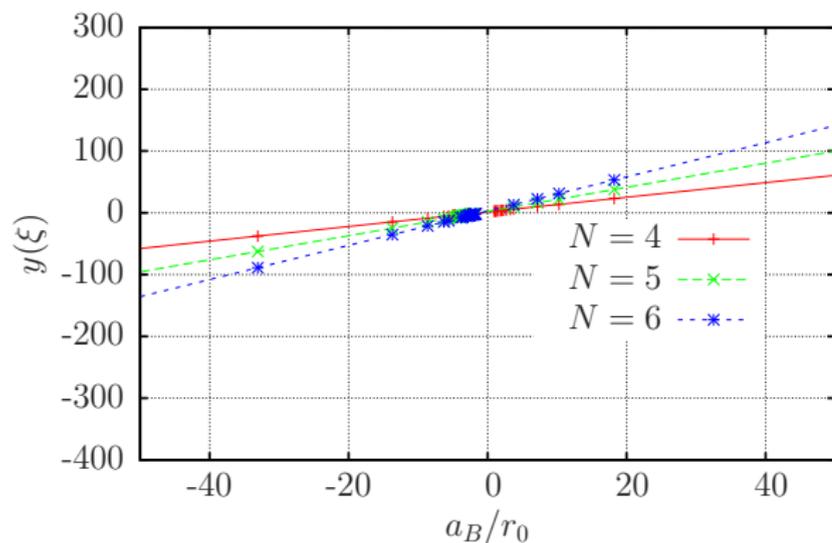


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Universality up to $N = 16$

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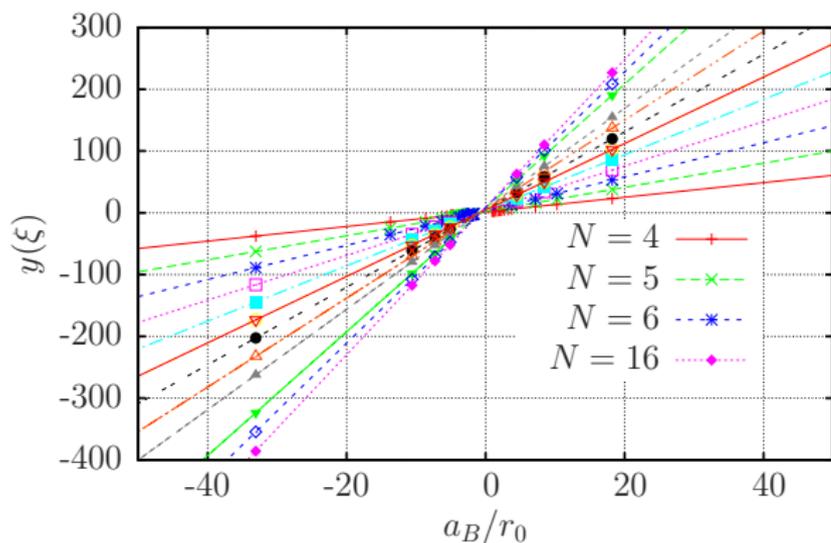
N	$\kappa_N r_0$	Γ_N
4	1.185	1.475
5	1.955	2.128
6	2.770	2.752



$$V(r) = V_0 e^{-r^2/r_0^2}$$

Universality up to $N = 16$

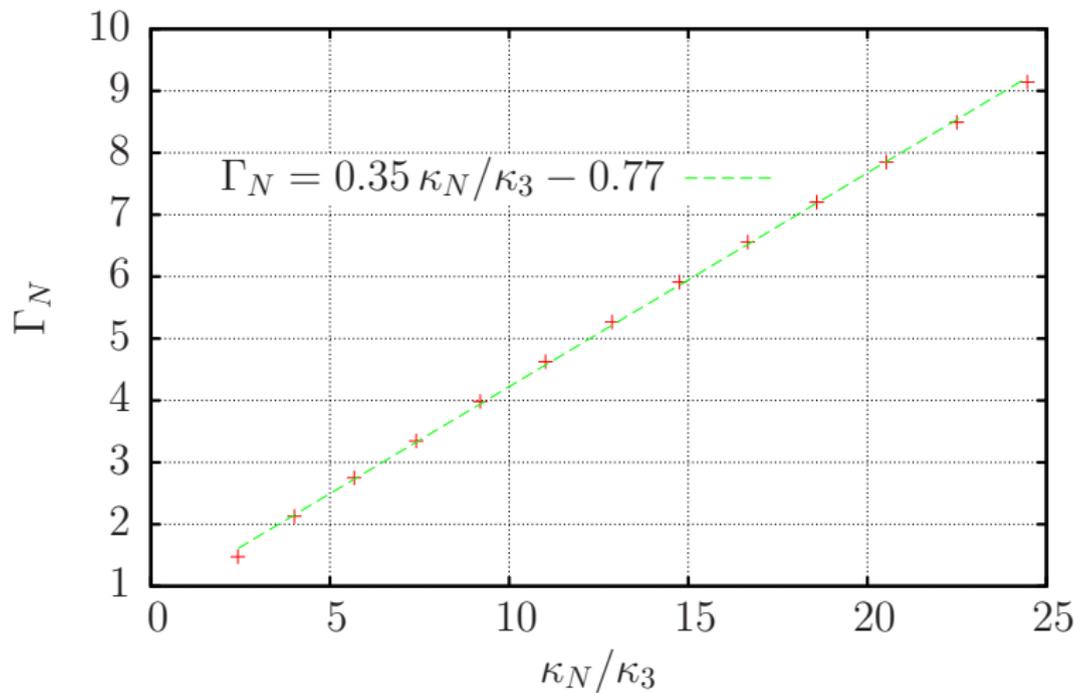
$$y(\xi) = \kappa_N a_B + \Gamma_N$$



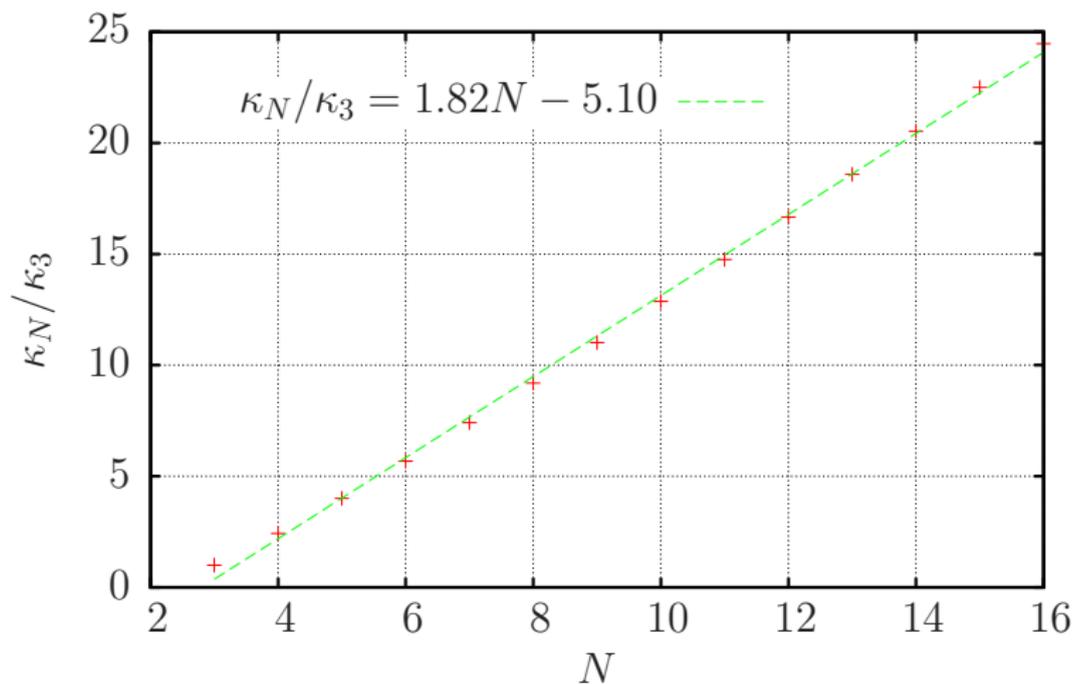
$$V(r) = V_0 e^{-r^2/r_0^2}$$

N	$\kappa_N r_0$	Γ_N
4	1.185	1.475
5	1.955	2.128
6	2.770	2.752
7	3.617	3.344
8	4.487	3.983
9	5.377	4.625
10	6.282	5.268
11	7.201	5.912
12	8.131	6.557
13	9.071	7.202
14	10.02	7.848
15	10.98	8.494
16	11.94	9.141

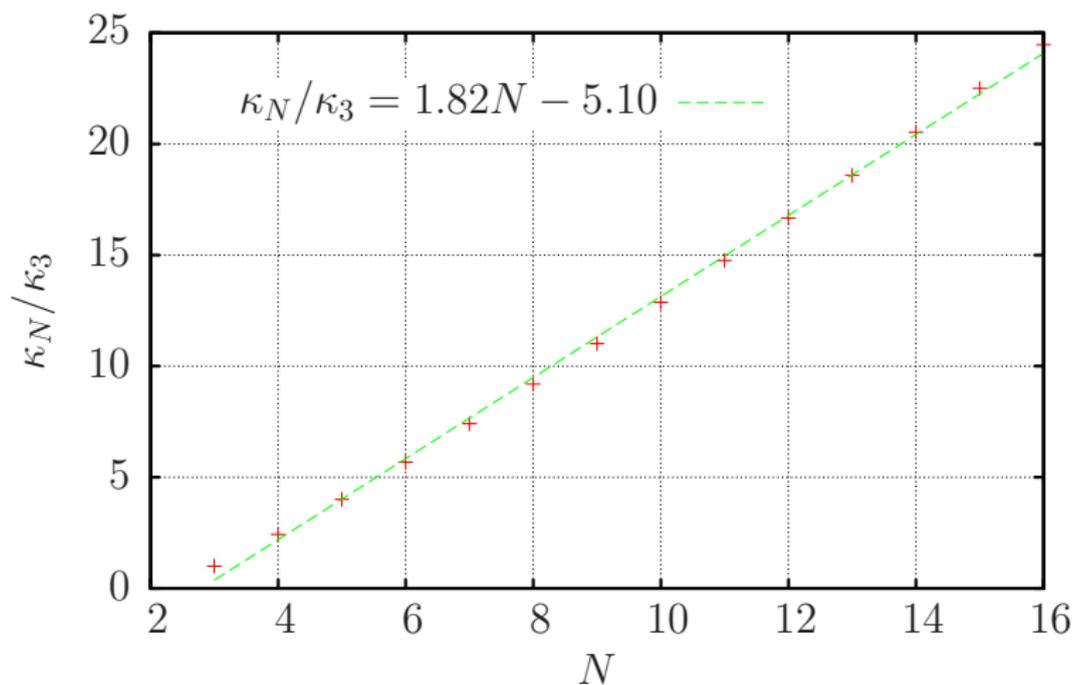
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Universality up to $N = 16$

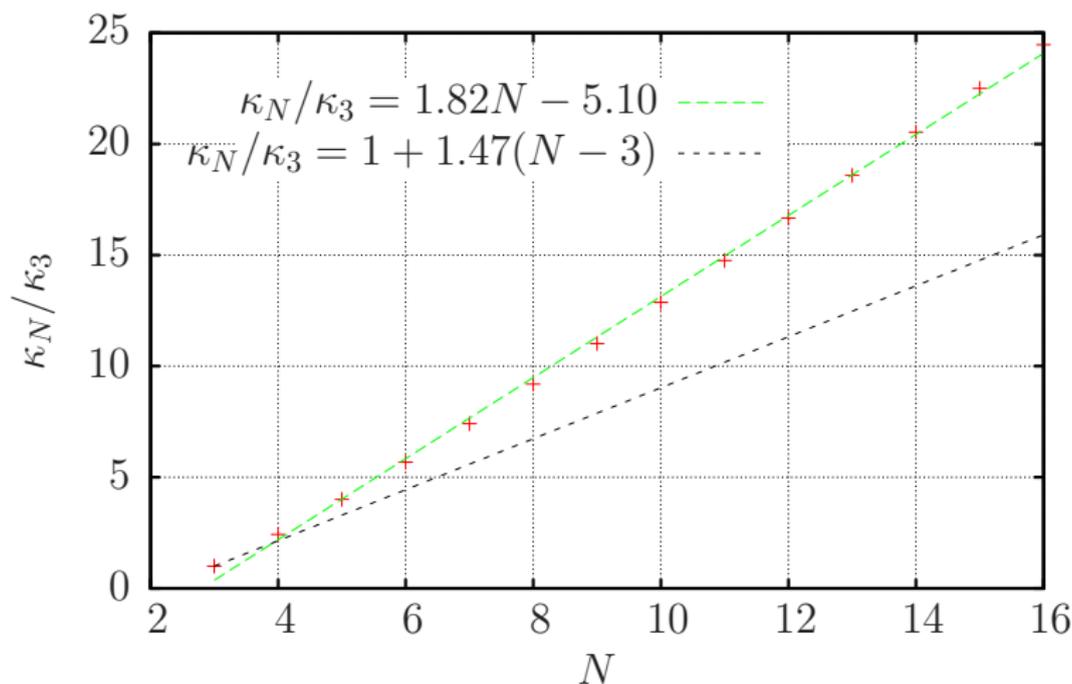


Universality up to $N = 16$



$$\kappa_N/\kappa_3 = 1 + (N - 3)(\kappa_4/\kappa_3 - 1)$$

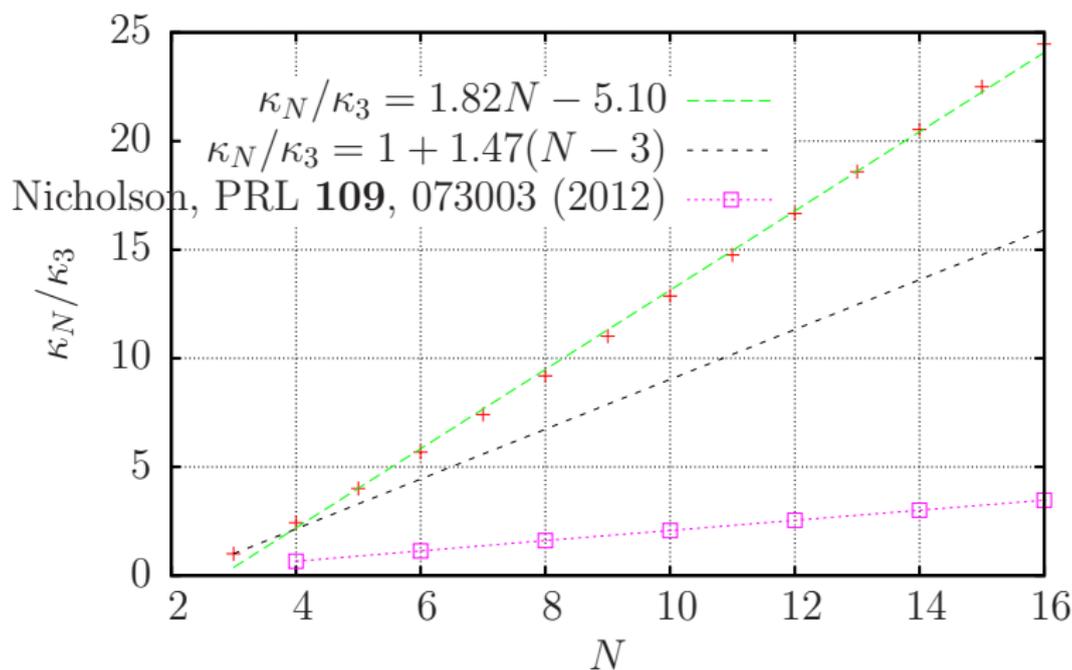
Universality up to $N = 16$



$$\begin{aligned}\kappa_N/\kappa_3 &= 1 + (N - 3)(\kappa_4/\kappa_3 - 1) \\ &= 1 + 1.147(N - 3)\end{aligned}$$

$\kappa_4 = 2.147\kappa_3$ - Deltuva, Few-Body Syst 54, 569 (2013)

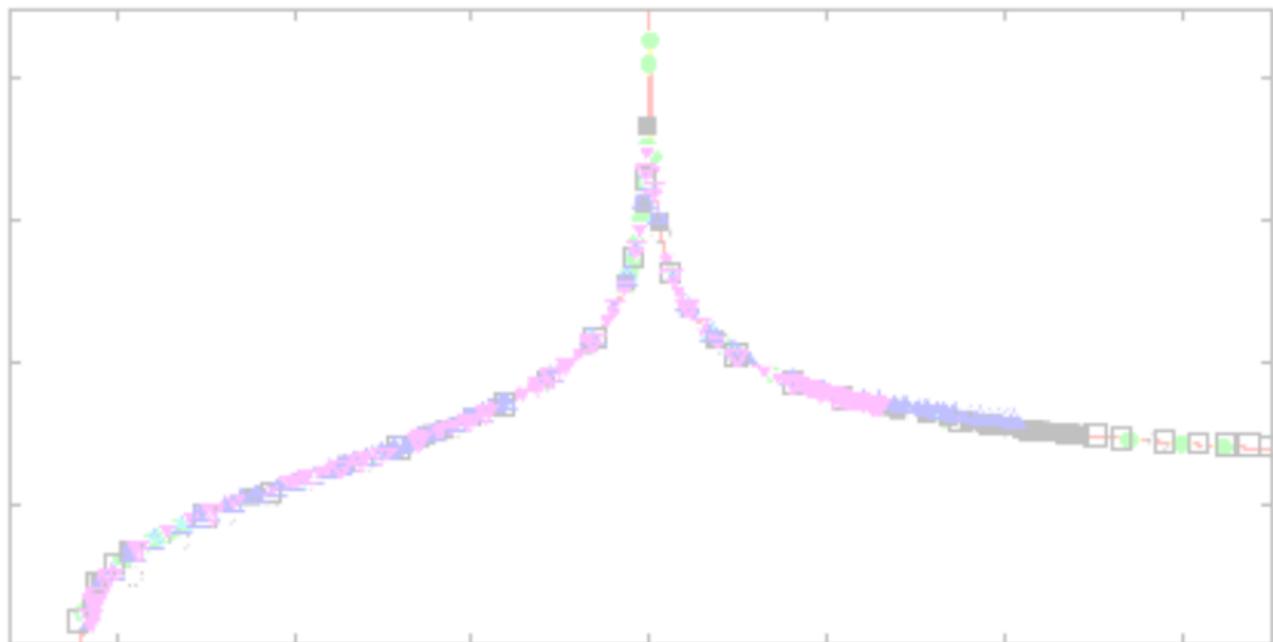
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$$\kappa_4 = 2.147\kappa_3 - \text{Deltuva, Few-Body Syst 54, 569 (2013)}$$

References and Collaborators

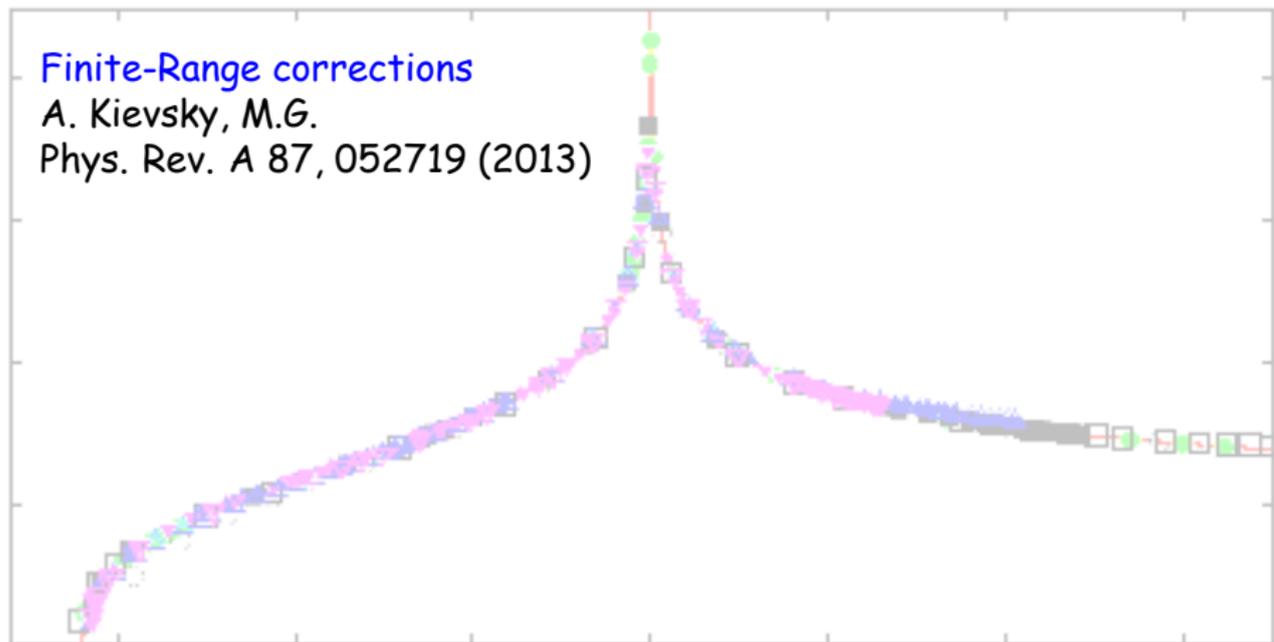


1 2 3 4 5

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References and Collaborators

Finite-Range corrections
A. Kievsky, M.G.
Phys. Rev. A 87, 052719 (2013)



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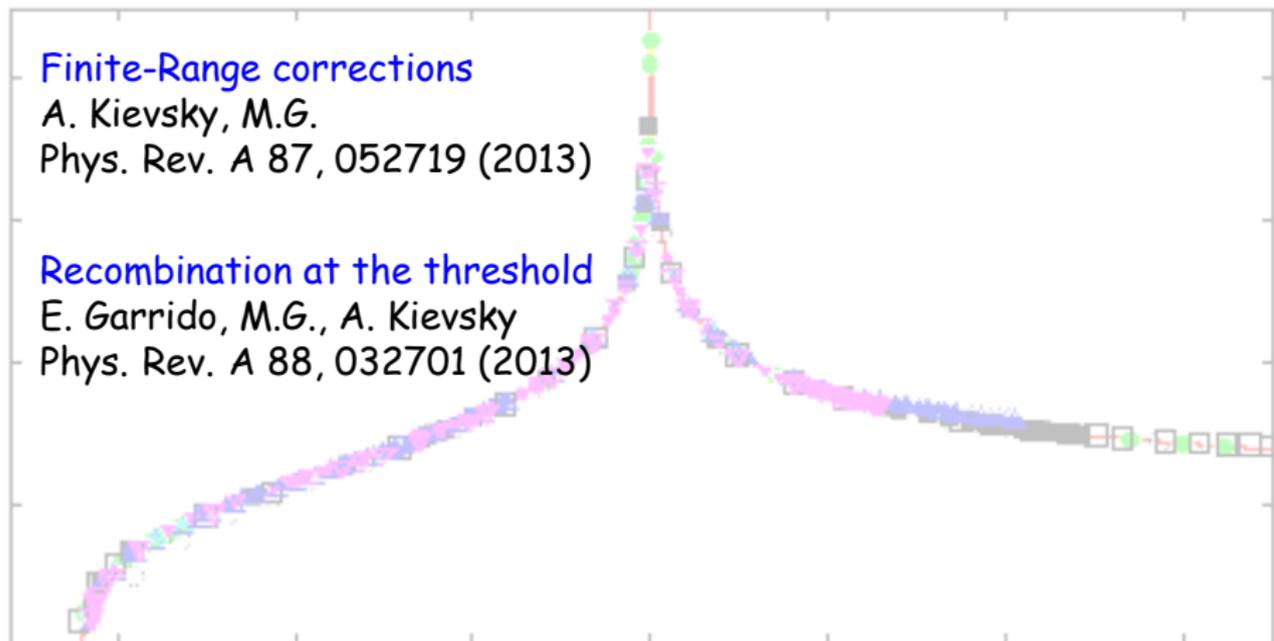
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Recombination at the threshold

E. Garrido, M.G., A. Kievsky

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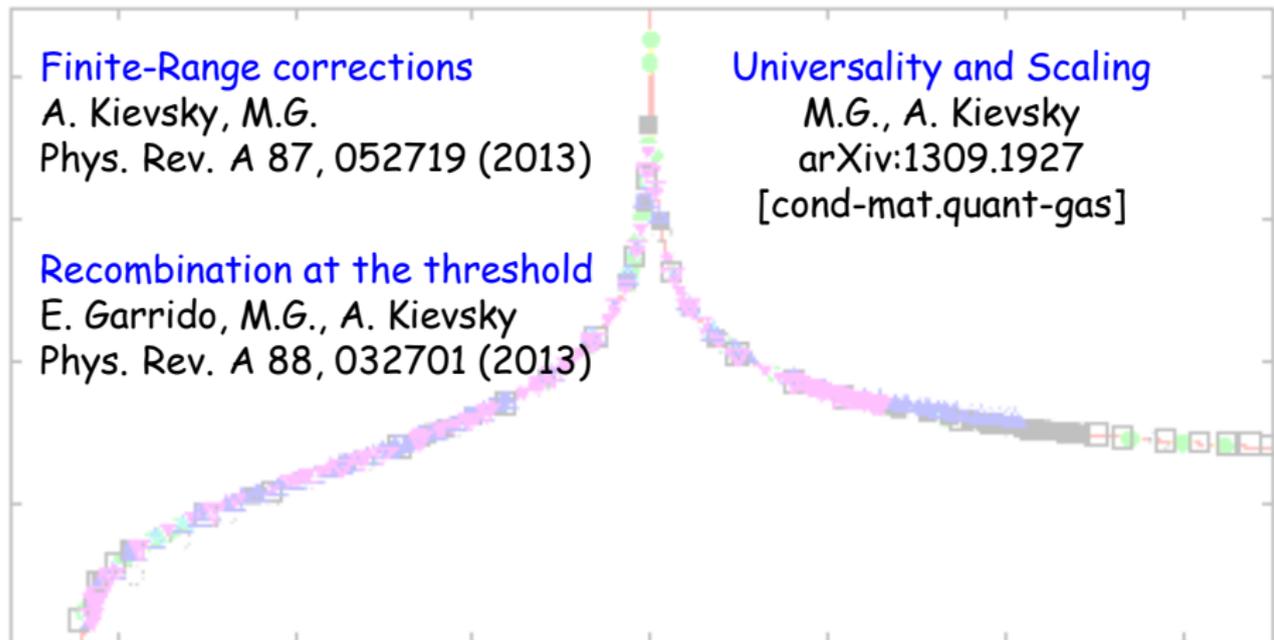
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Universality and Scaling

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[cond-mat.quant-gas]



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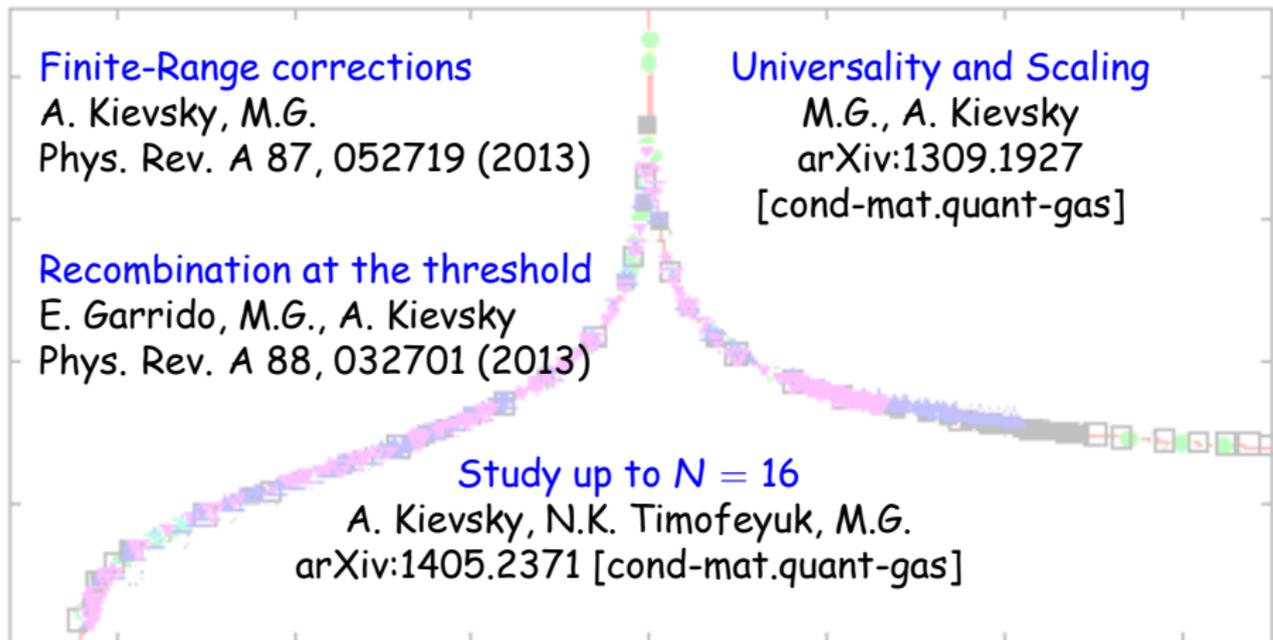
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Thanks!