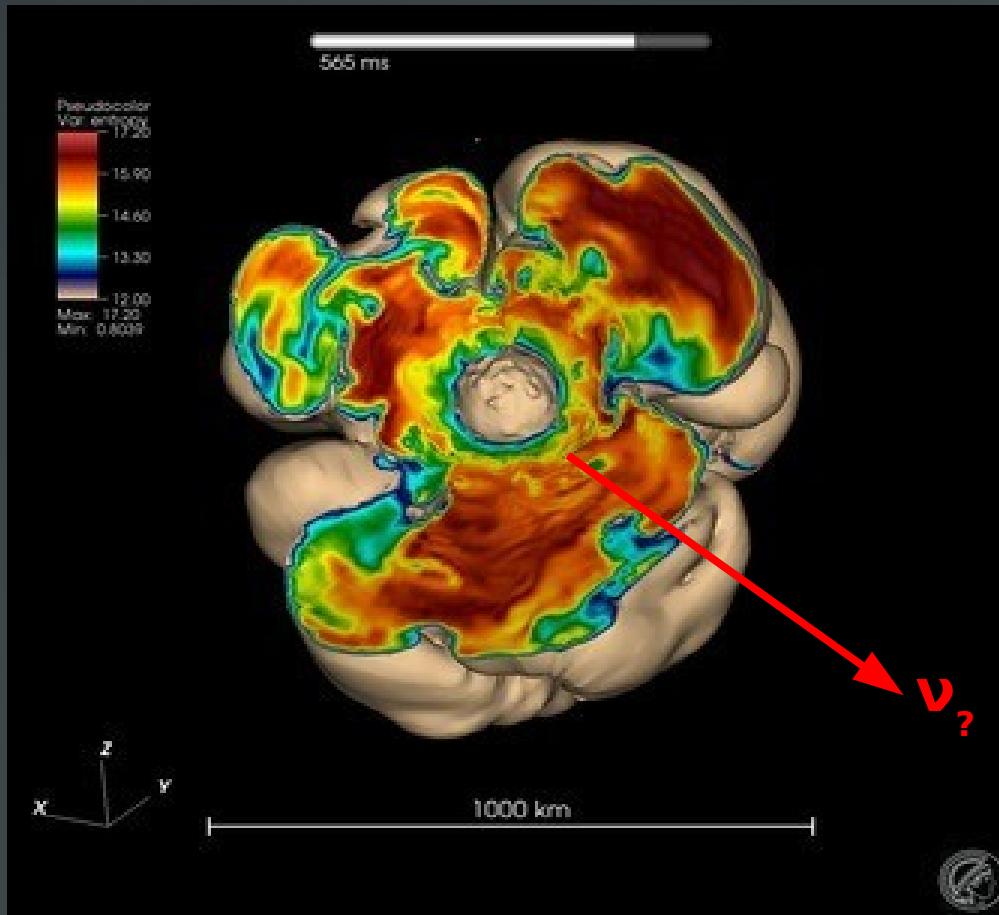


# Traveling through turbulence



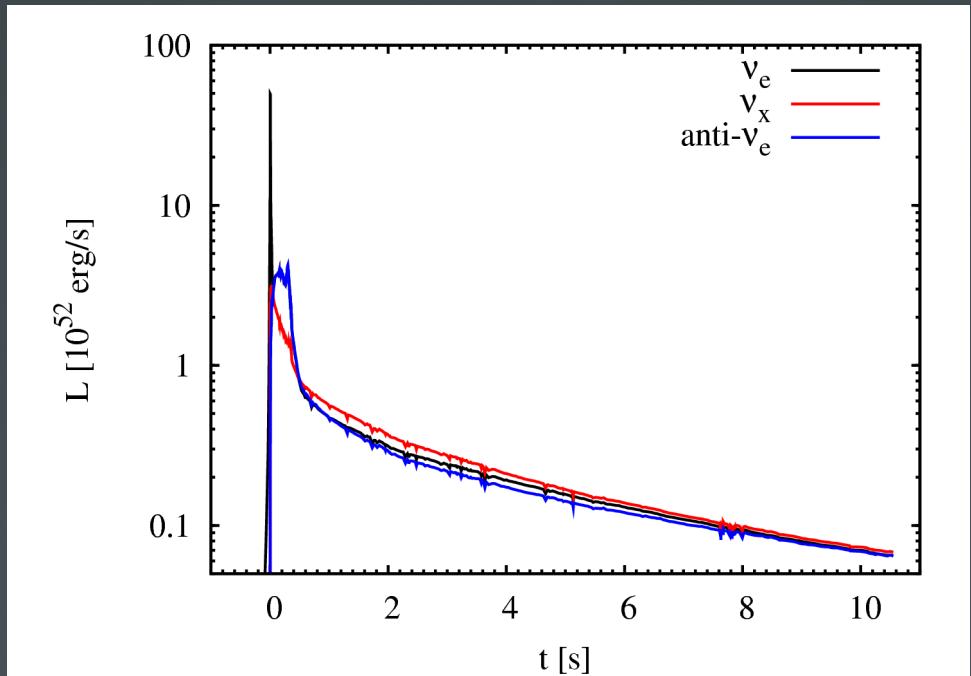
Tina Lund and Jim Kneller, NCSU

INT Program 12-2a "Core-Collapse Supernovae: Models and Observable Signals "

July 16<sup>th</sup> – July 20<sup>th</sup>, 2012

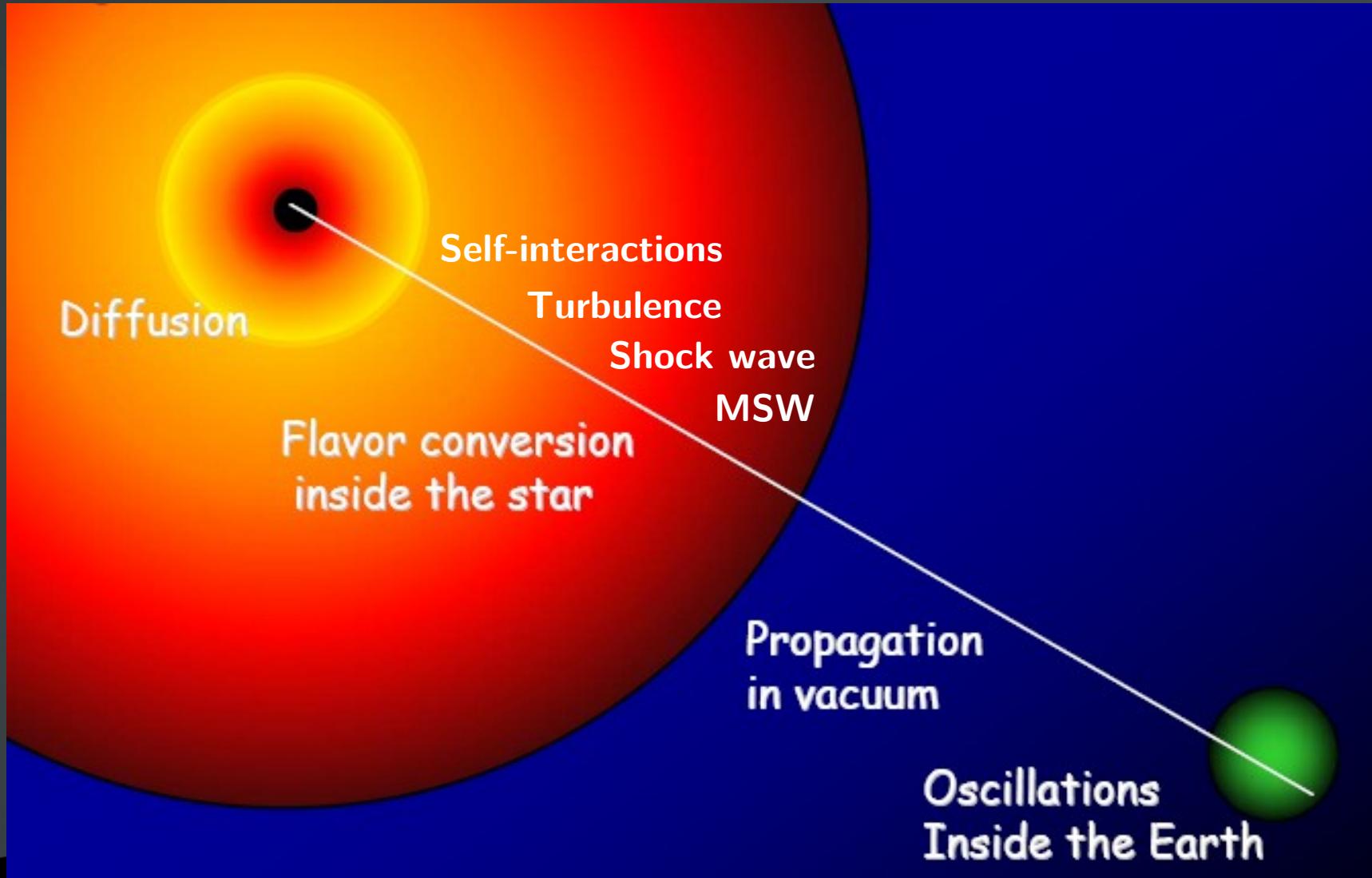
# Neutrino emission from ccSN

- Neutrinos produced at PNS surface.
- Amount and energies varies during accretion and cooling phases.
- Correct interpretation of observed neutrinos → Need to know all about  $\nu$ 's.



[Fischer et al., 2010]

# Effects affecting neutrinos



# Focus of this project



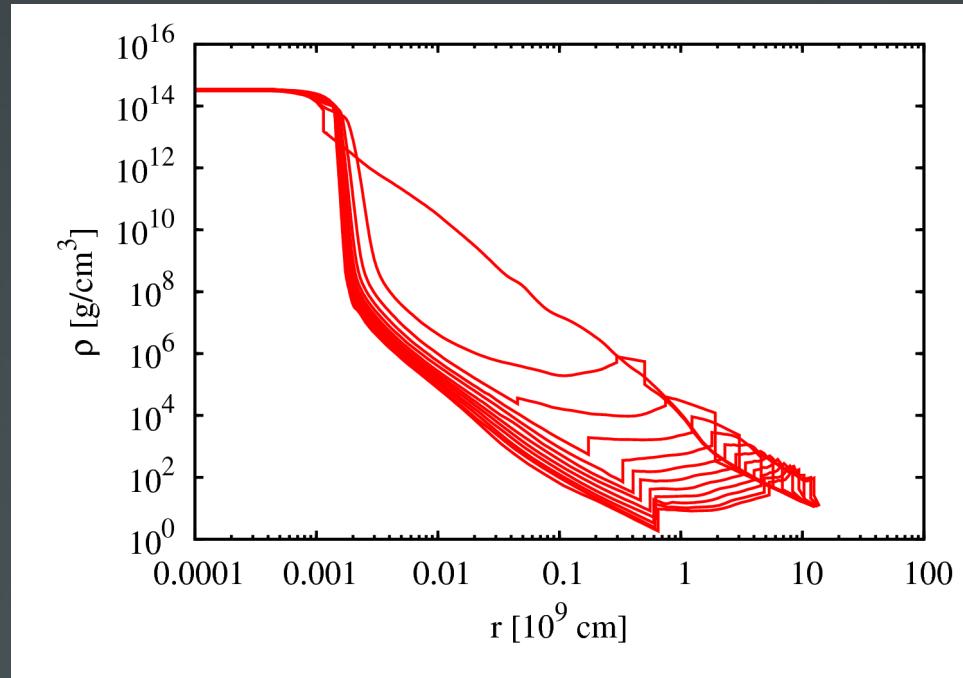
[[www.particlezoo.net](http://www.particlezoo.net)]

- Interplay of MSW,  $\nu\nu$  self-interaction and turbulence.
- Impact of turbulence - 2 regions.
- Investigate shock hitting MSW L resonance.
- Use numerically realistic density profiles.



# Density profiles

- Ideally multi-D simulations, but does not go long enough.
- 1D simulation of  $10.8 M_{\odot}$  progenitor, ( $8.8$  and  $18.0 M_{\odot}$ ).
- Provided by Basel group.
- 10.7 s post bounce duration.
- Develop contact discontinuity, forward and reverse shocks.

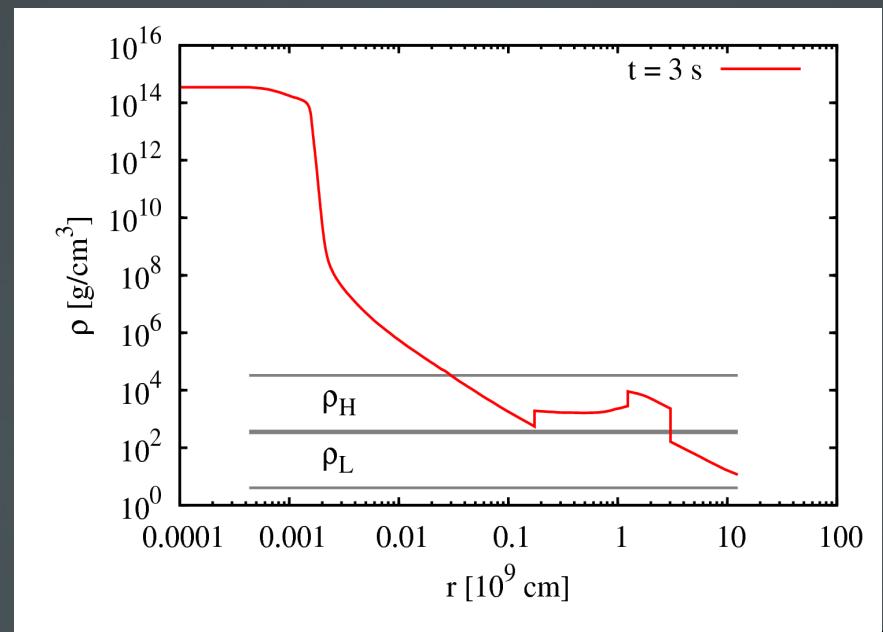


# MSW resonances

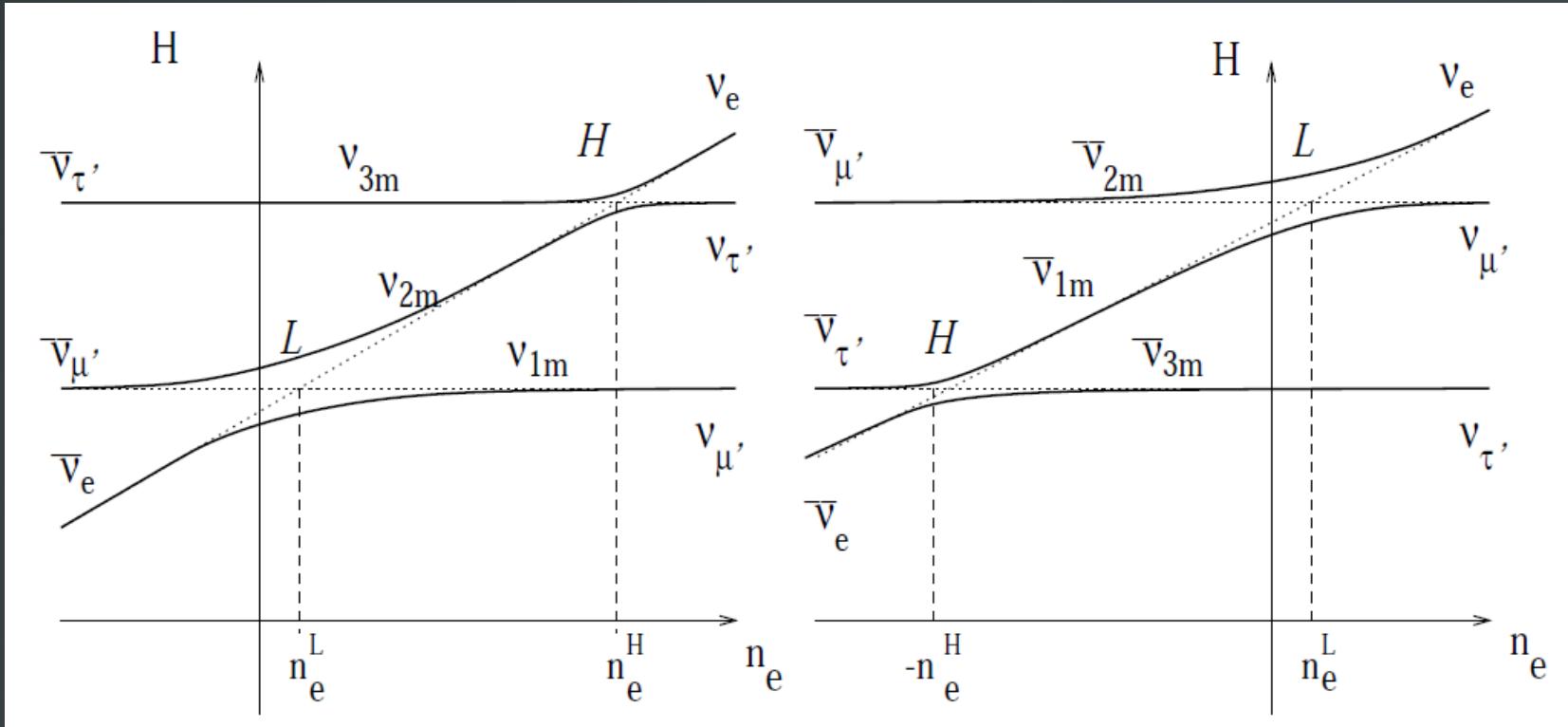
- Neutrino flavor changes at two resonance densities:

$$\rho_{res} \sim 1.4 \times 10^6 \text{ g/cc} \left( \frac{\Delta m^2}{1 \text{ eV}^2} \right) \left( \frac{10 \text{ MeV}}{E} \right) \left( \frac{0.5}{Y_e} \right) \cos 2\theta$$

- $\rho_H$  corresponding to  
 $\Delta m_{13}^2 \approx 2.43 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$  and  $\theta_{13} = 9^\circ$
- $\rho_L$  corresponding to  
 $\Delta m_{12}^2 = 7.56 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2$  and  $\theta_{12} = 34^\circ$
- Position of  $\rho_{res}$  and derivative of density there important.



# Resonance transitions



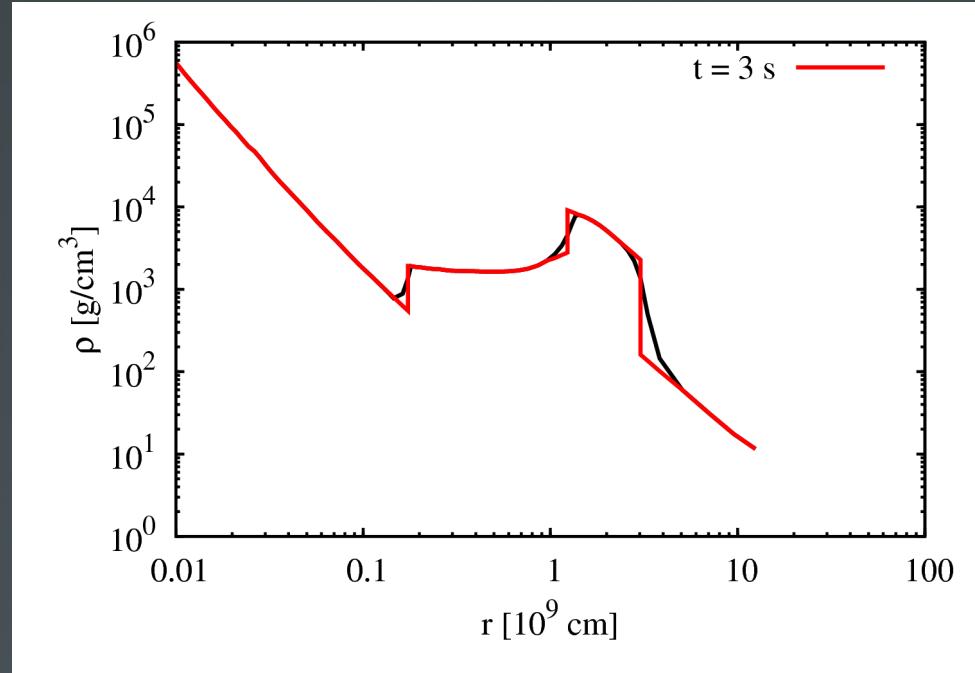
- General propagation is adiabatic.
- Need diabatic at shock.

[Dighe & Smirnov, 2000]



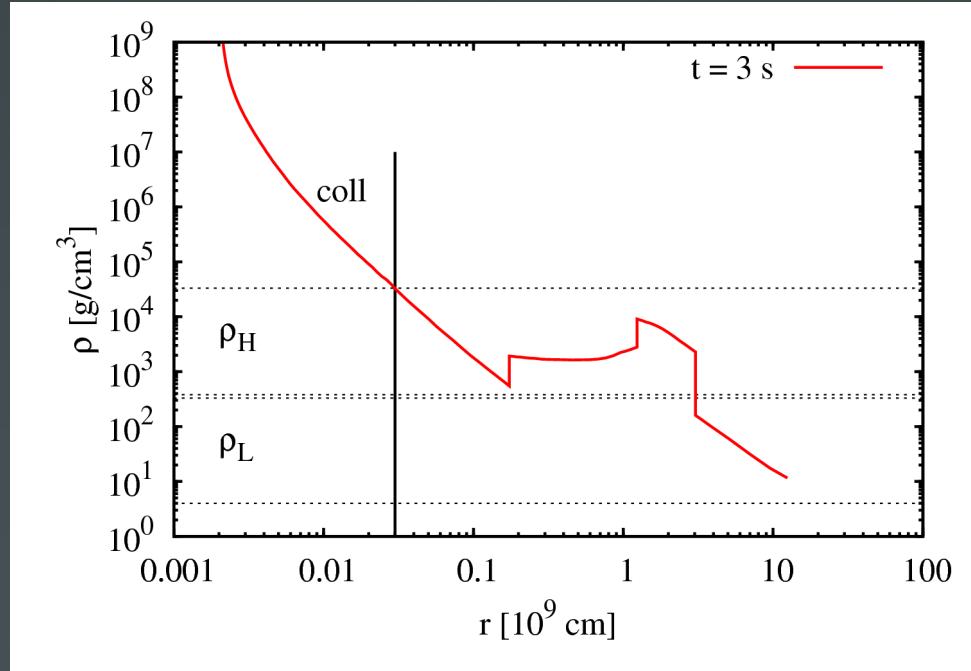
# Shock morphology

- Numerical soft shocks.
- When  $\theta_{13}$  is big,  
only adiabatic transitions  
happens:  $\gamma \gg 1$ ,  
 $\gamma \propto n_e / (dn_e / dr)$
- Need diabatic at shock.
- Partially steepend by  
hand.



# Collective effects

- Flavor changes from background neutrinos.
- When  $n_\nu$  is high enough.
- Usually before MSW and turbulence.



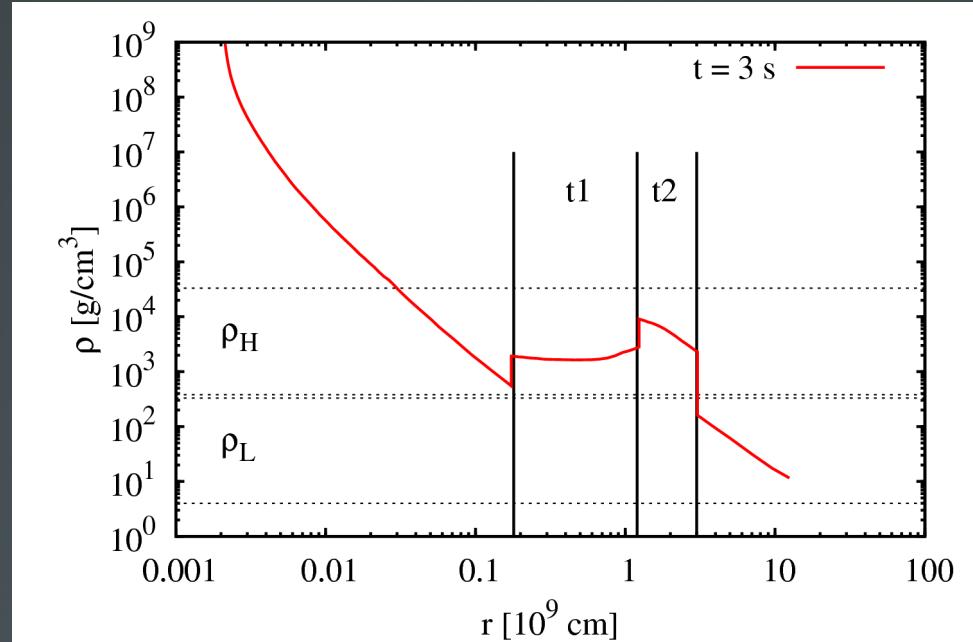
# Turbulence

- Turbulence by hand on 1D.
- 2 different turbulence areas.
- From Kneller & Volpe, we have the equations for adding turbulence:

$$V(r) = (1 + F(r)) \langle V \rangle(r)$$

- Where  $F(r)$  is given by:

$$F(r) = \frac{C_*}{\sqrt{N_k}} \tanh\left(\frac{r - r_r}{\lambda}\right) \tanh\left(\frac{r_s - r}{\lambda}\right) \\ \times \sum_{n=1}^{N_k} \{A_n \cos[k_n(r - r_r)] + B_n \sin[k_n(r - r_r)]\}$$

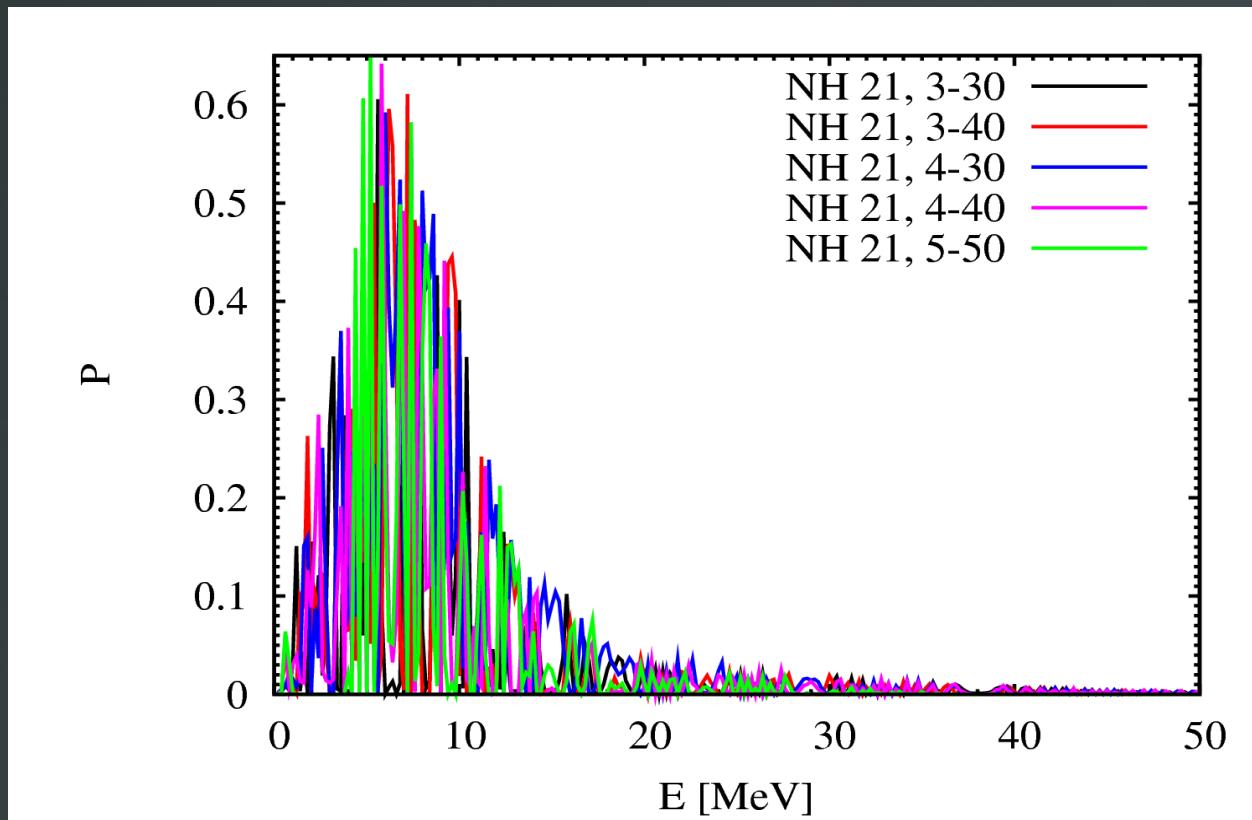


- $C_* = 0.03$

- $N_k = 10^3$



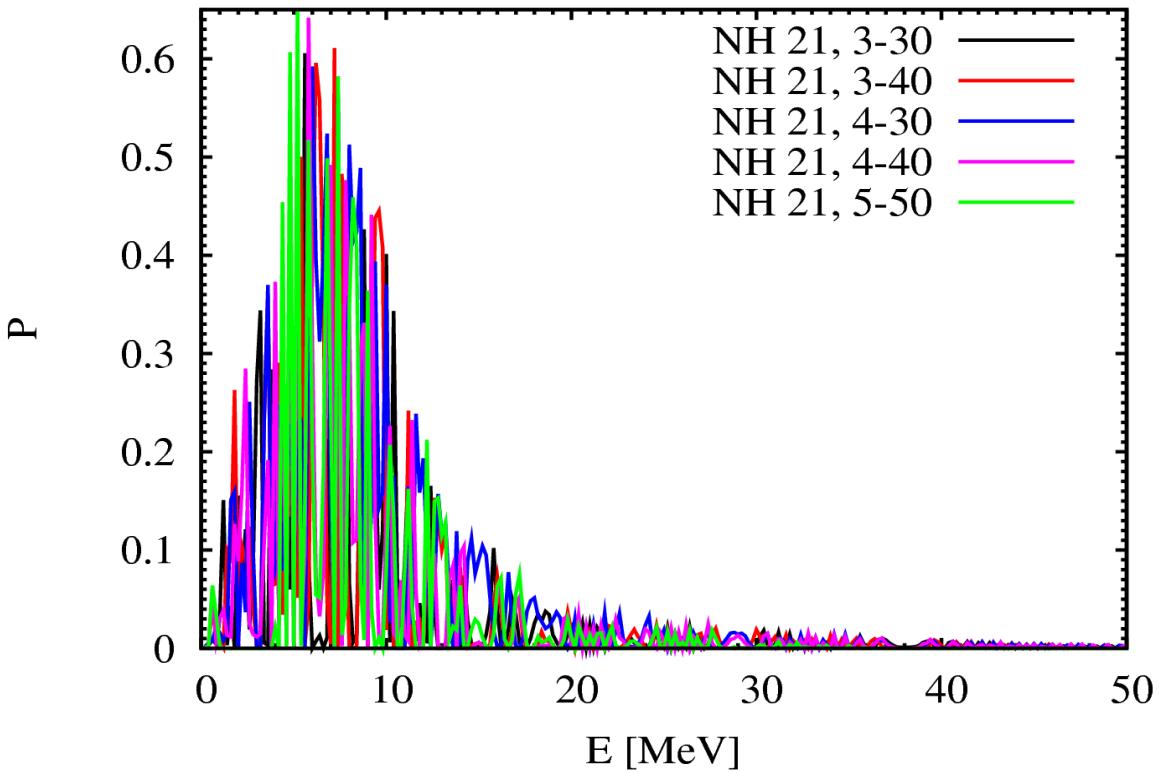
# Tests



- Kolmogorov spectrum.
- Decades and number of wave modes.



# Tests



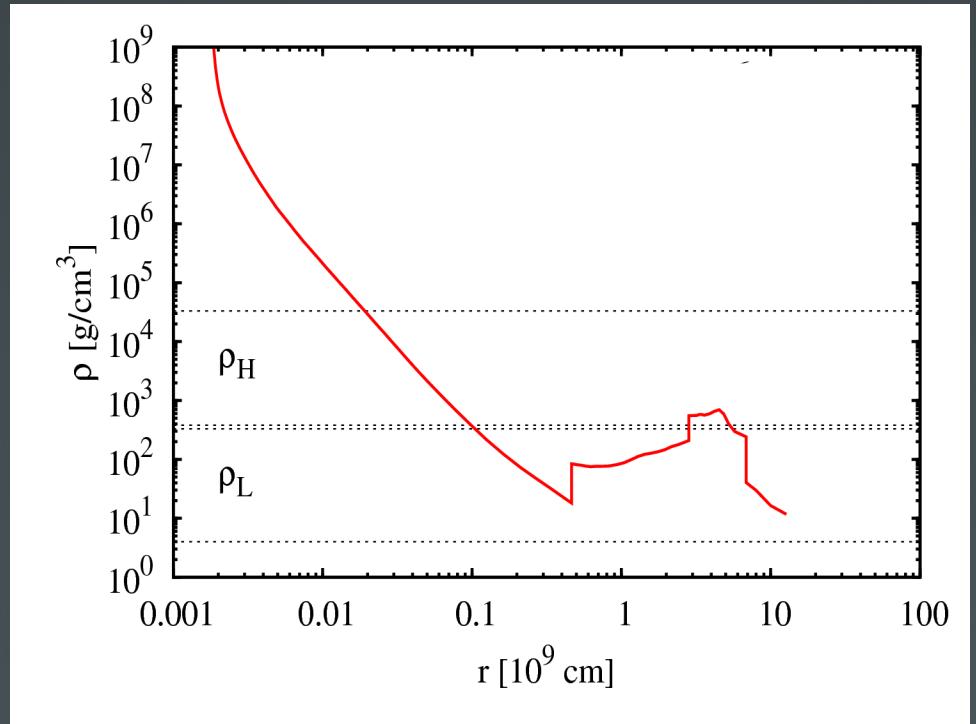
- Kolmogorov spectrum.
- Decades and number of wave modes.

- Results reported in the following will be for
  - $C_* = 0.03$
  - $N_k = 10^3$

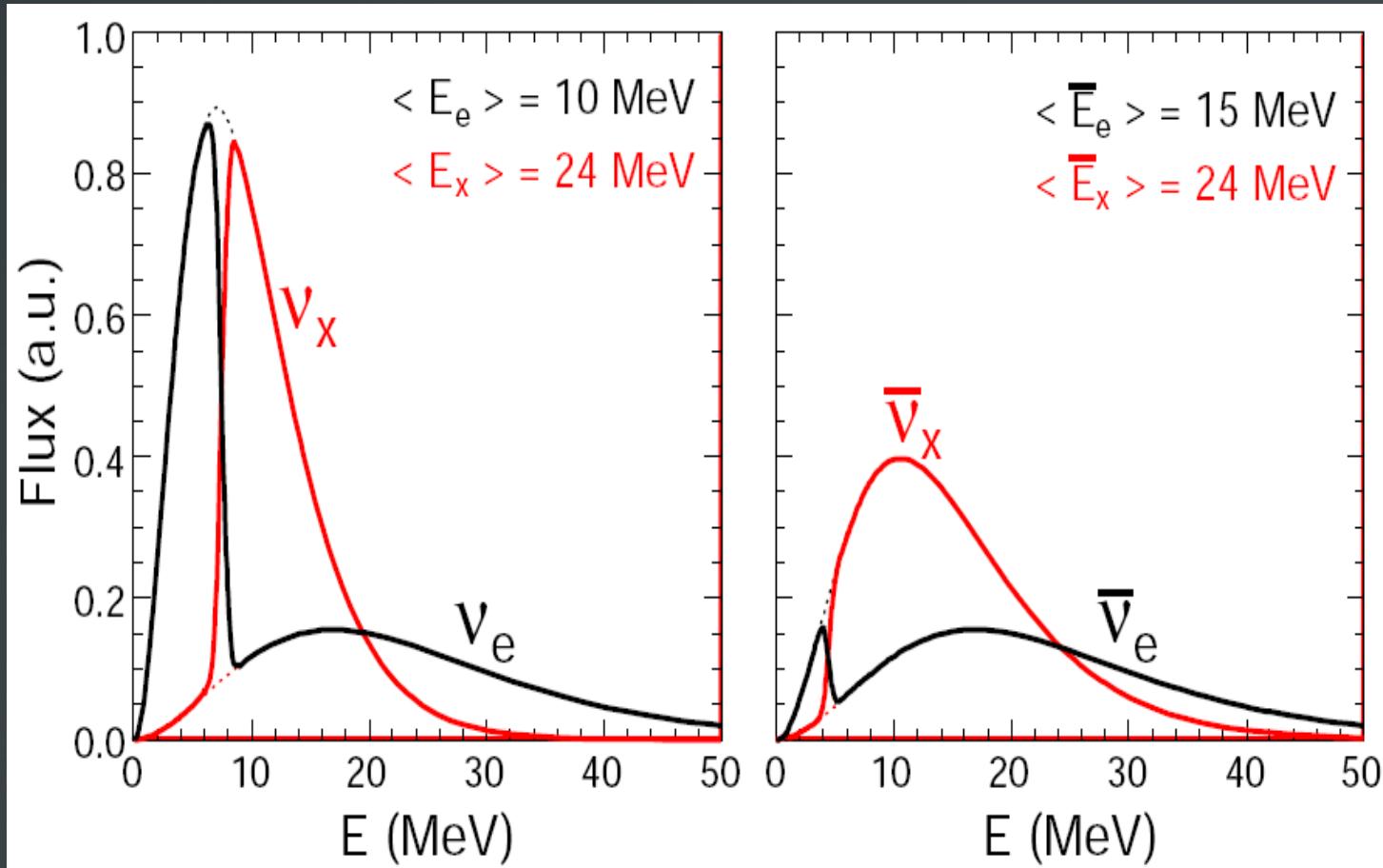


# Results for t = 9 s

- MSW:
  - H:  $\nu_3 \leftrightarrow \nu_2$ , NH
  - $\bar{\nu}_1 \leftrightarrow \bar{\nu}_3$ , IH
- L:  $\nu_1 \leftrightarrow \nu_2$ , both
- Collective:
  - NH: nothing
  - IH:  $\nu_3 \leftrightarrow \nu_{1,2}$ , split
  - IH:  $\bar{\nu}_3 \leftrightarrow \bar{\nu}_{1,2}$ , swap

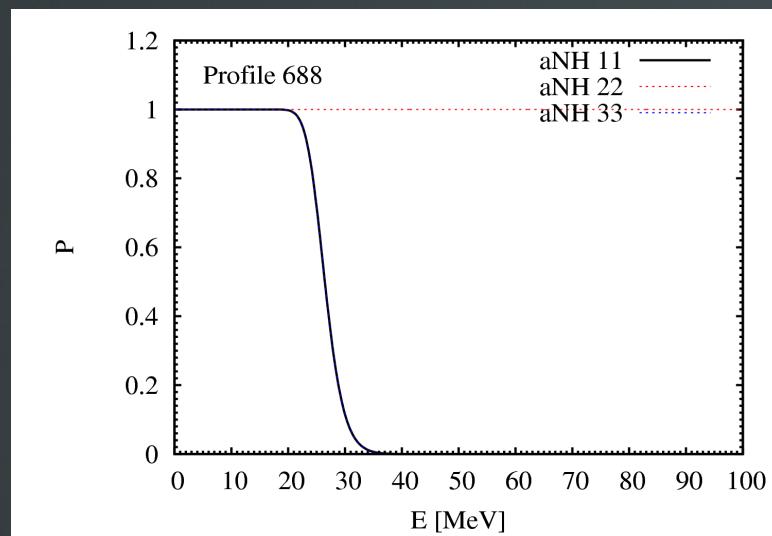
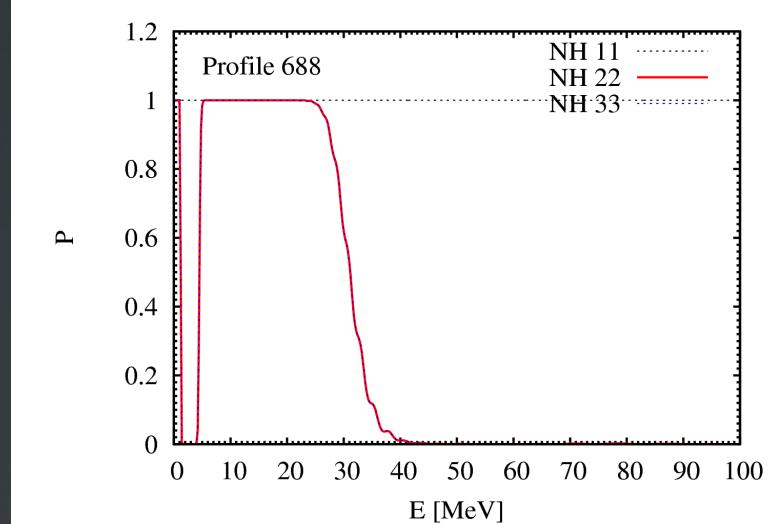


# Collective effects



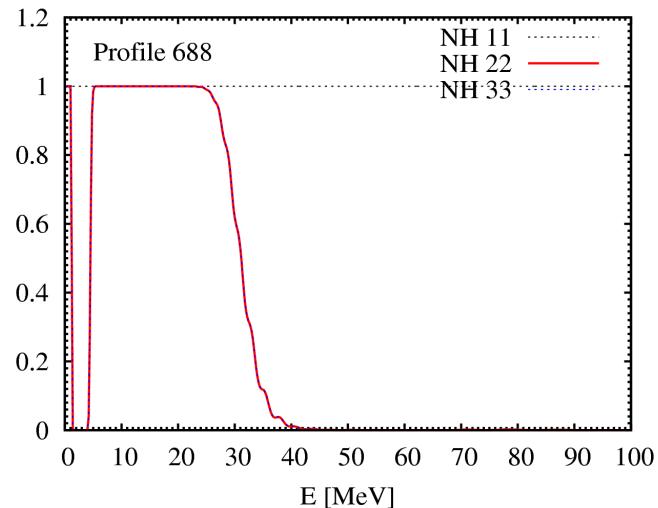
[Fogli et al., 2003, 2006]

# Comment on collective effects only



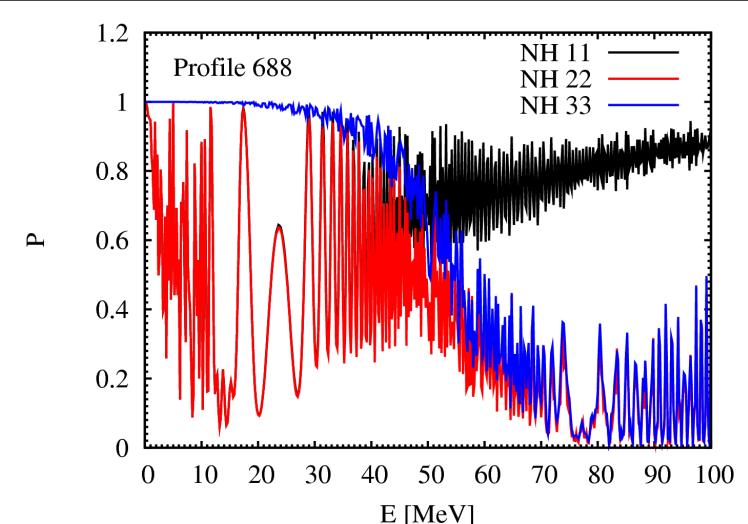
- Cooling phase, so  $L_x \geq L_e$
- 70 – 1000 km.
- Previously investigated by, e.g.
  - Choubey et al, 2010 [1008.0308]
  - Dasgupta et al, 2010 [1002.2943]
  - Friedland, 2010 [1001.0996]
  - Duan et al, 2006 [astro-ph/0606616]
- Multiple splits observed.
- No exact match.
- Highly non-linear problem.

# MSW and $\nu\nu$ – NH and $\nu$ 's

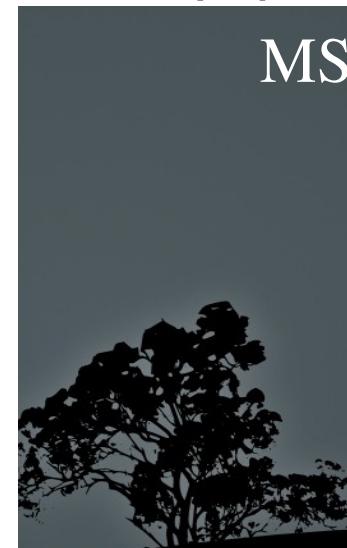
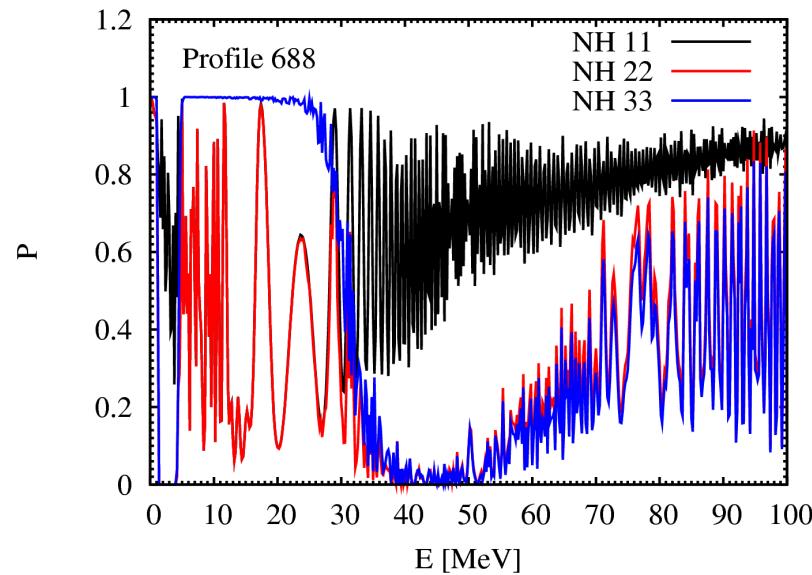


Collective only

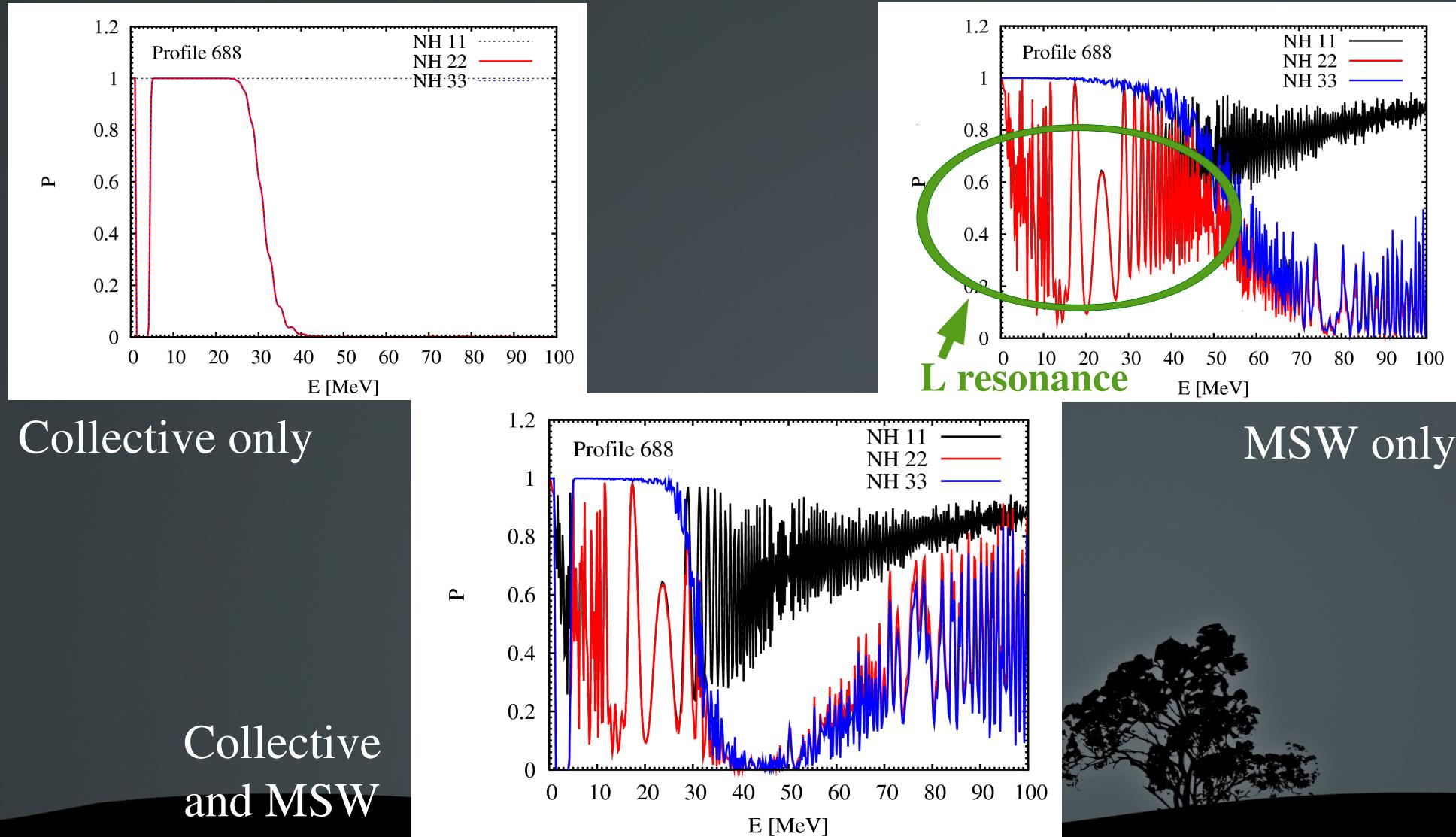
Collective  
and MSW



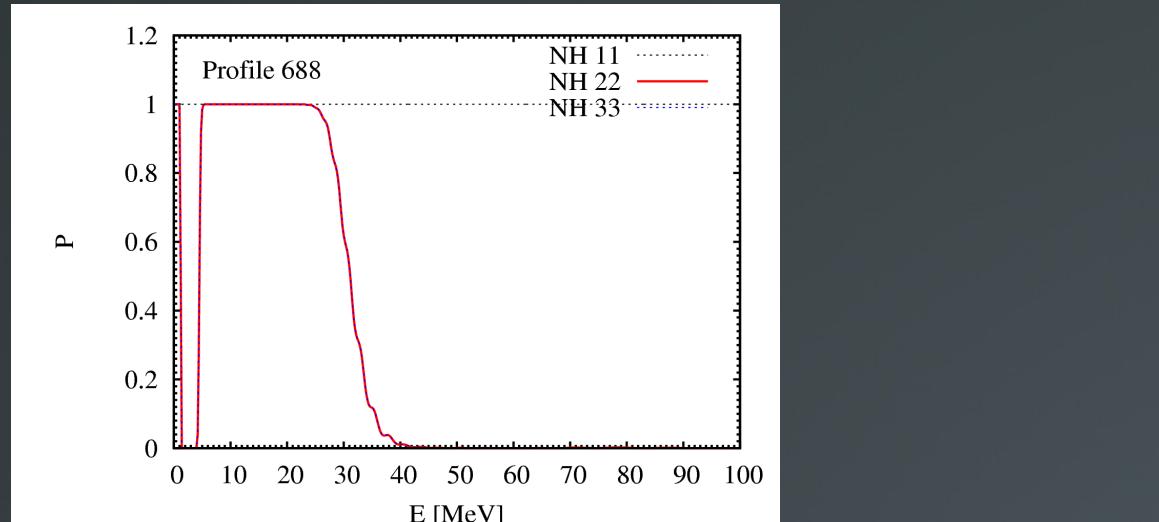
MSW only



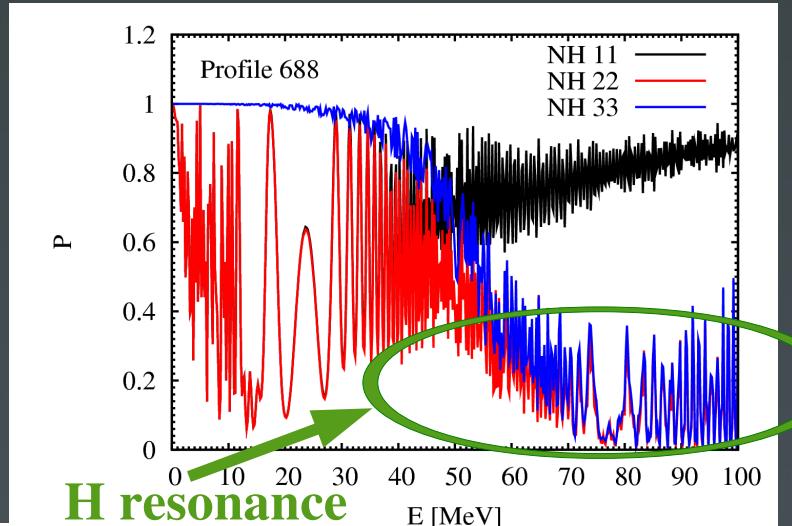
# MSW and $\nu\nu$ – NH and $\nu$ 's



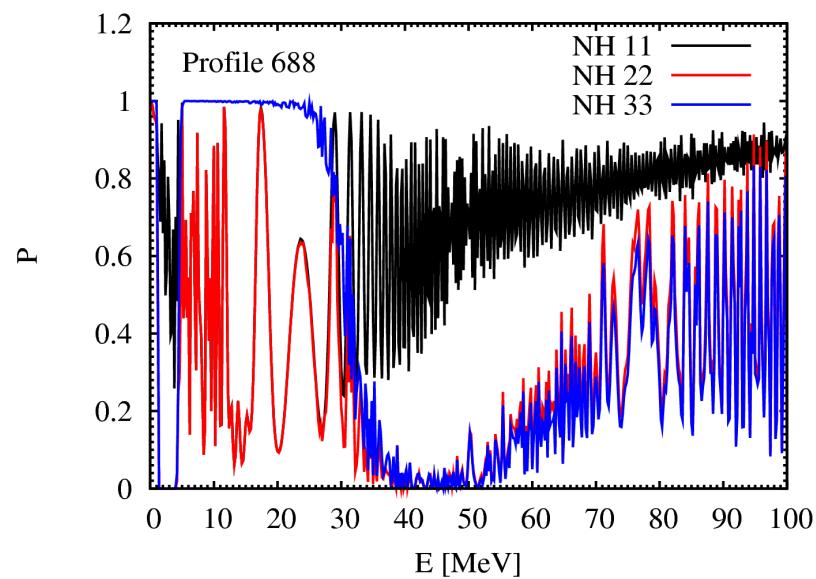
# MSW and $\nu\nu$ – NH and $\nu$ 's



Collective only

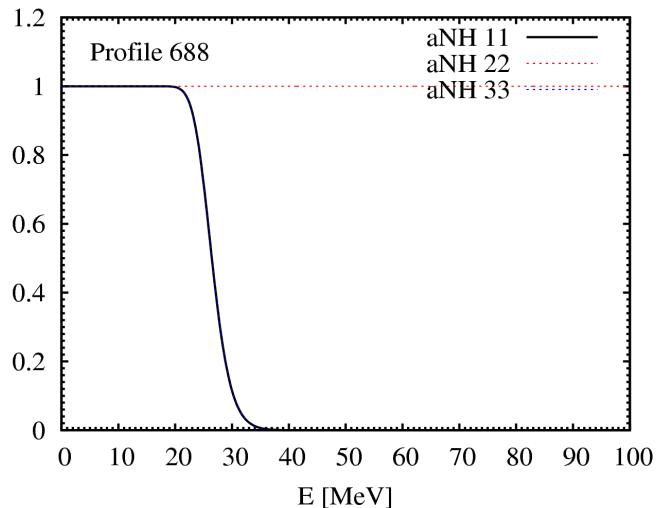


Collective  
and MSW



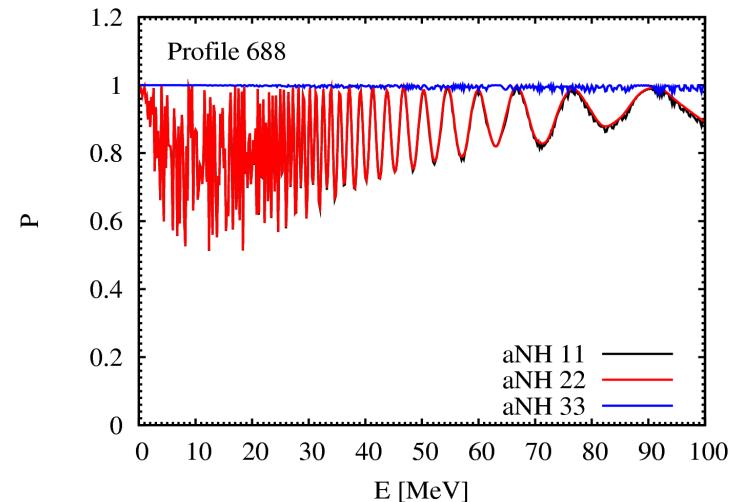
MSW only

# MSW and $\nu\nu$ – NH and $\bar{\nu}$ 's

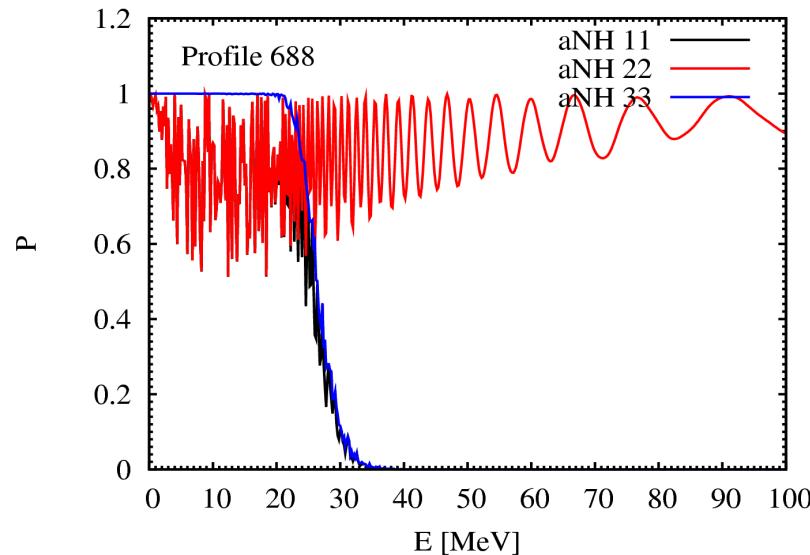


Collective only

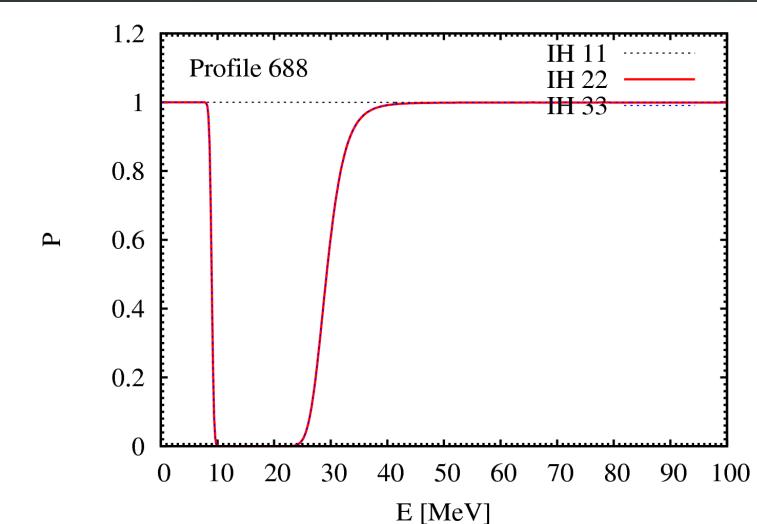
Collective  
and MSW



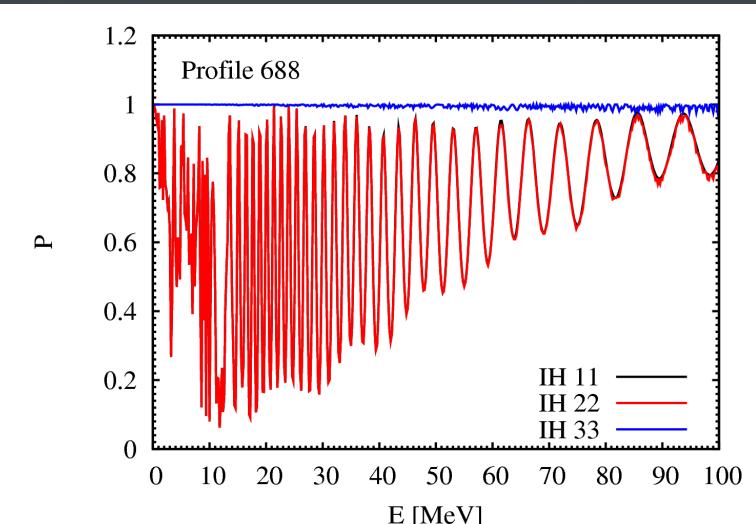
MSW only



# MSW and $\nu\nu$ – IH and $\nu$ 's

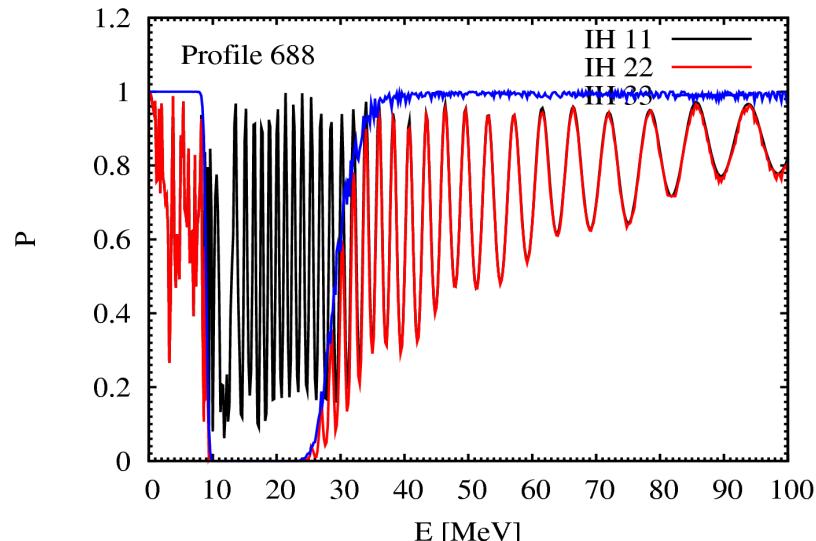


Collective only

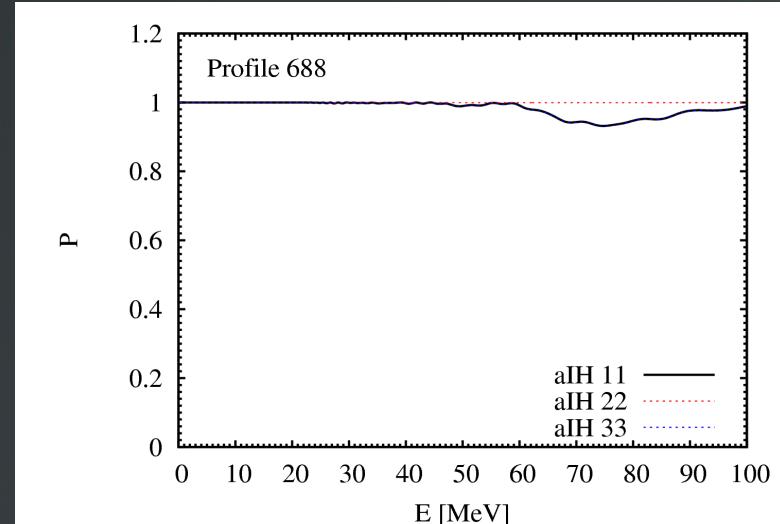


MSW only

Collective  
and MSW

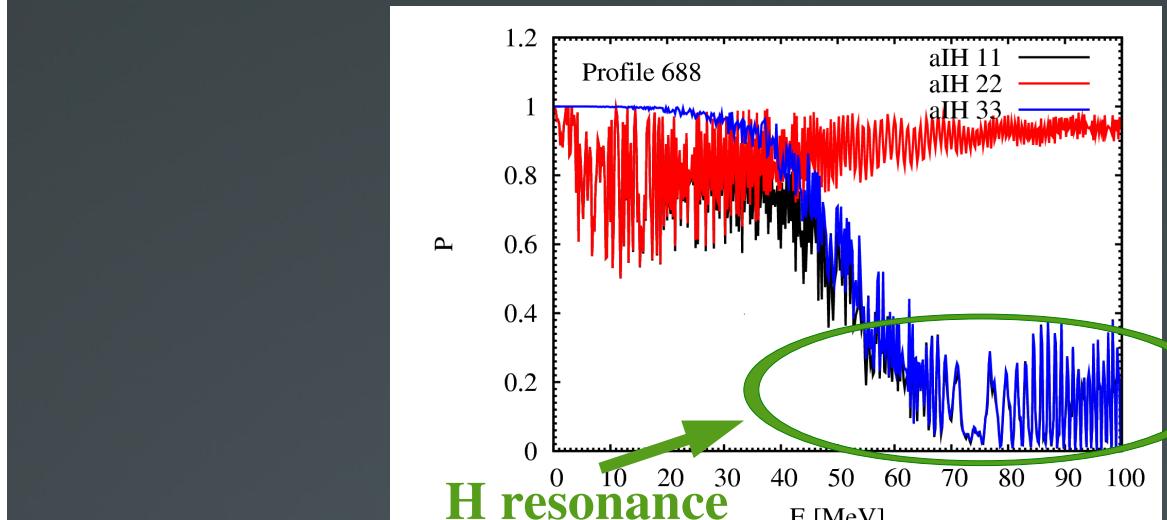


# MSW and $\nu\nu$ - IH and $\bar{\nu}$ 's

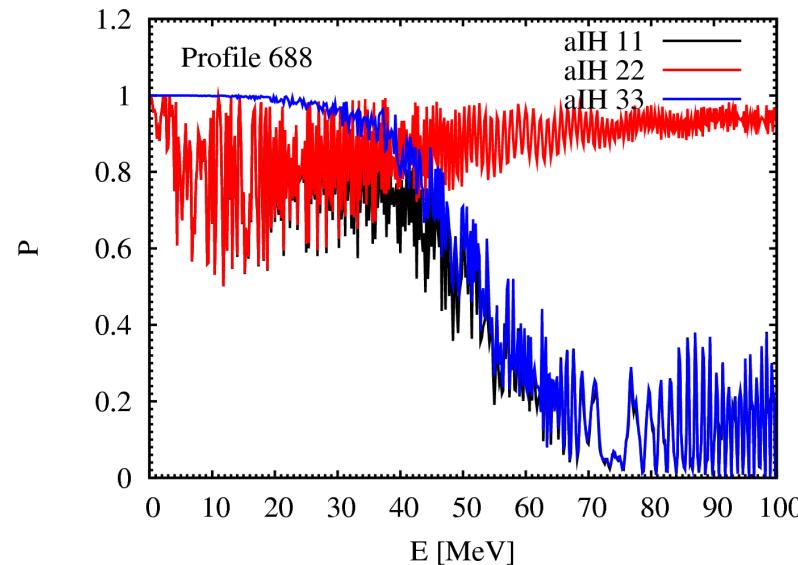


Collective only

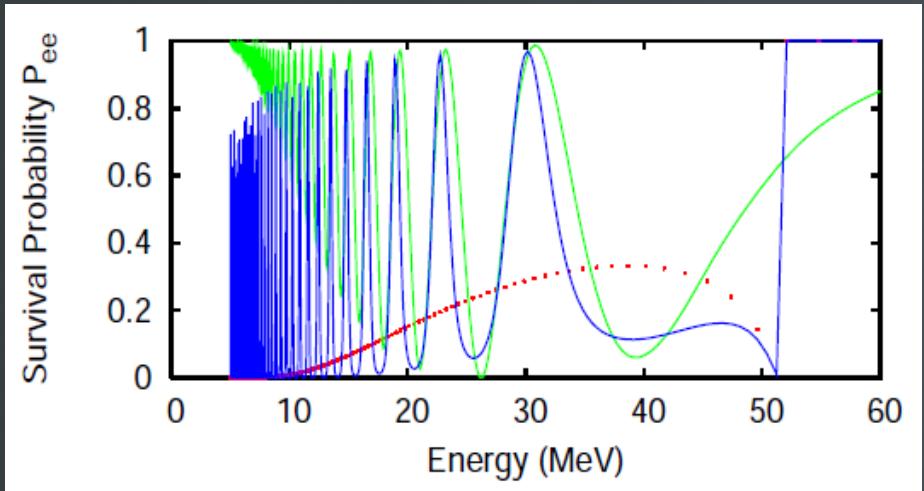
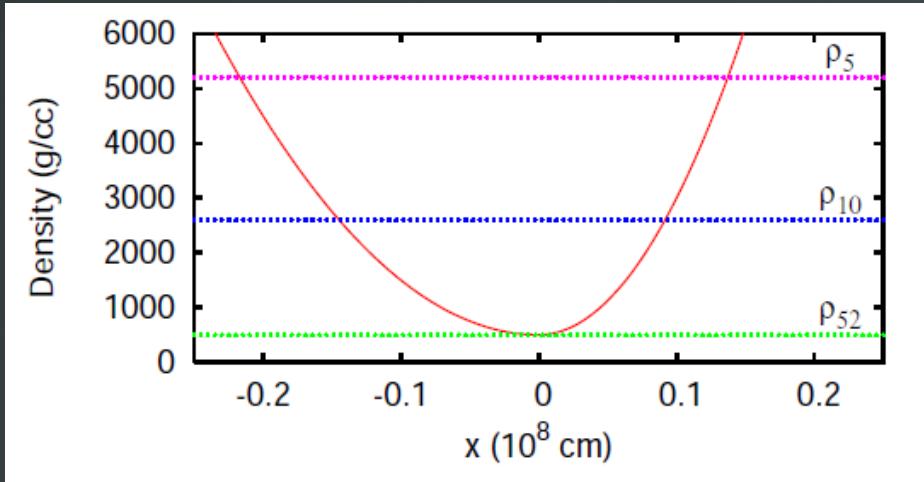
Collective  
and MSW



MSW only



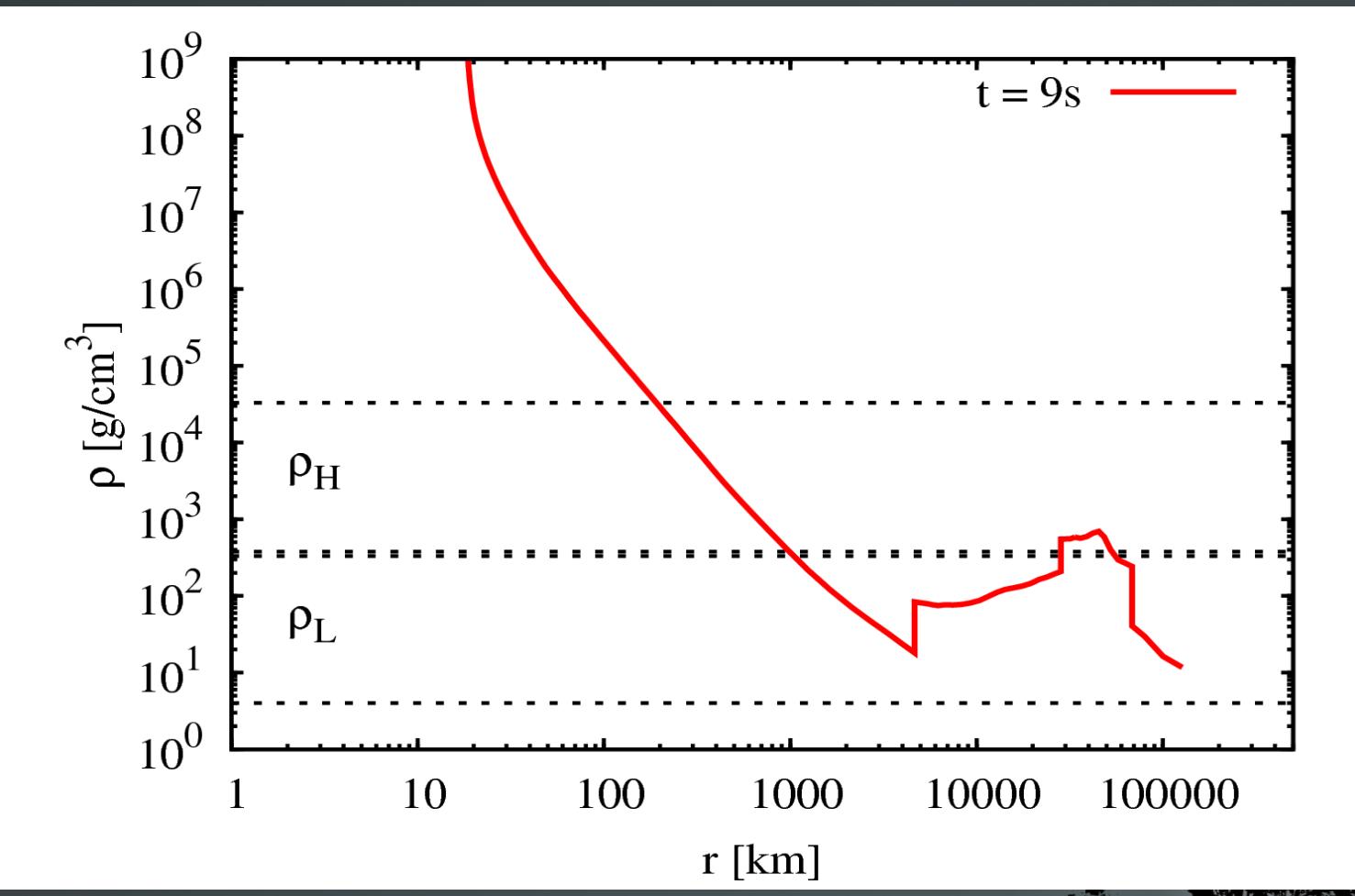
# Phase effects



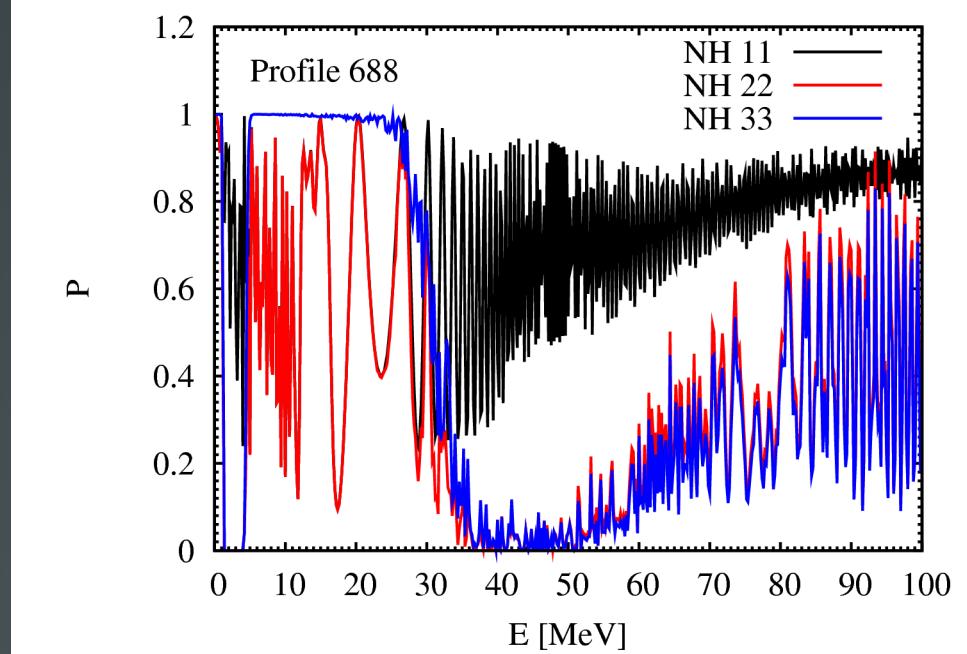
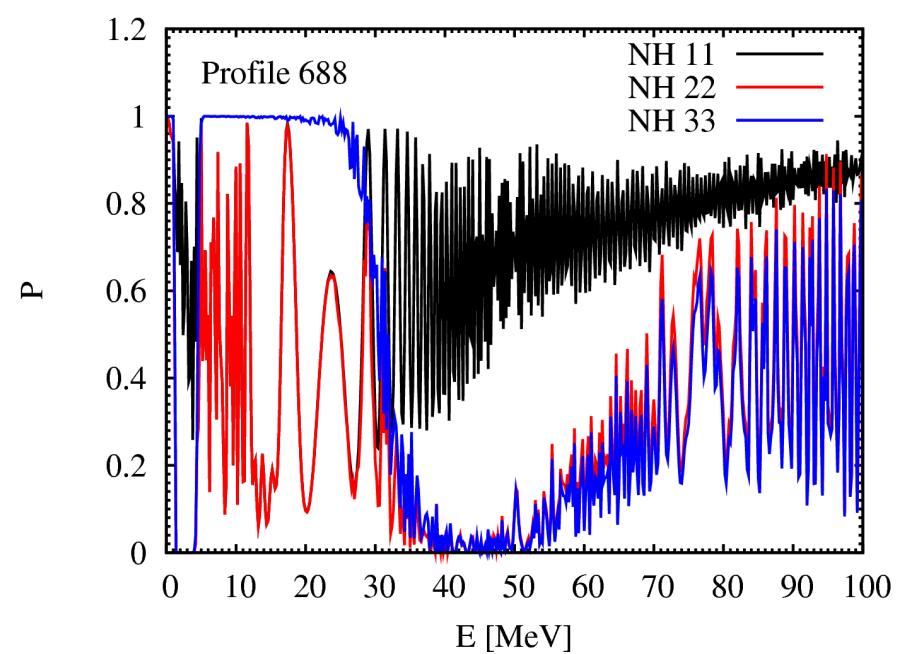
- Oscillations due to phase effects.
- Distance between 2 MSW resonans points depends on neutrino energy.
- Discussed by Dasgupta and Dighe 2007 [arXiv:hep-ph/0510219].
- $\theta_{13} \approx 5.7^\circ$ .



# Multiple passings



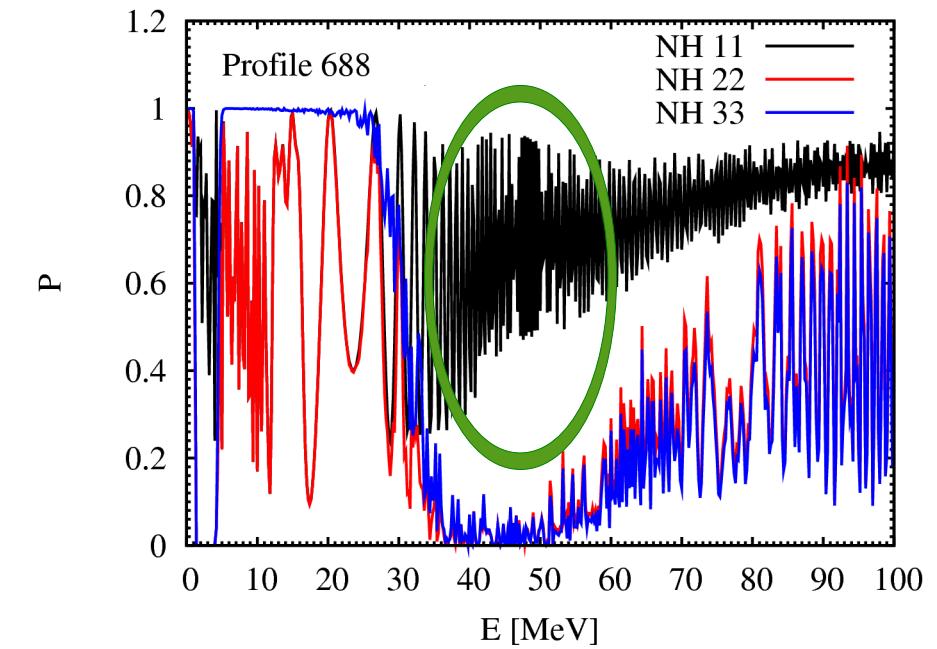
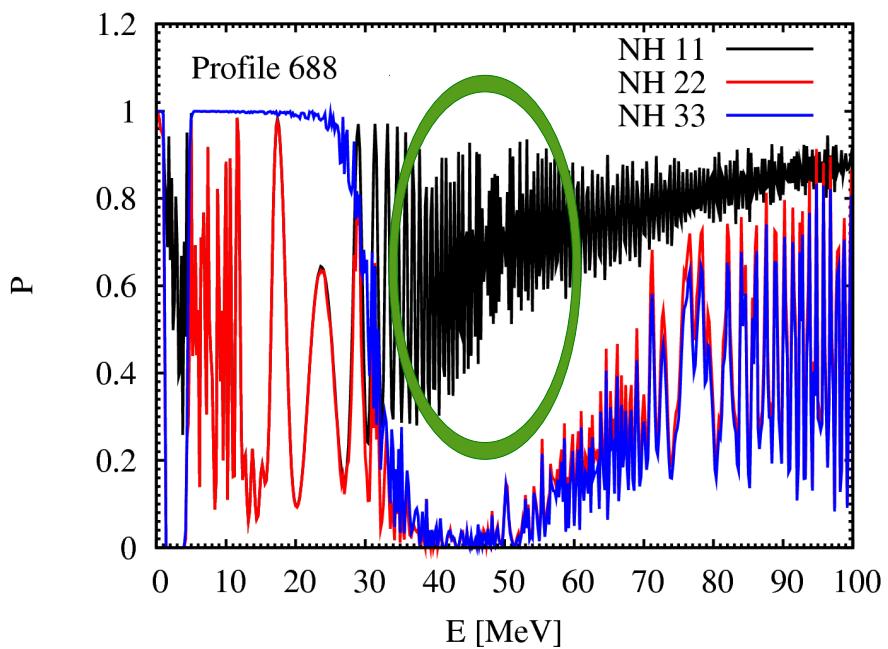
# Adding turbulence – NH and $\nu$ 's



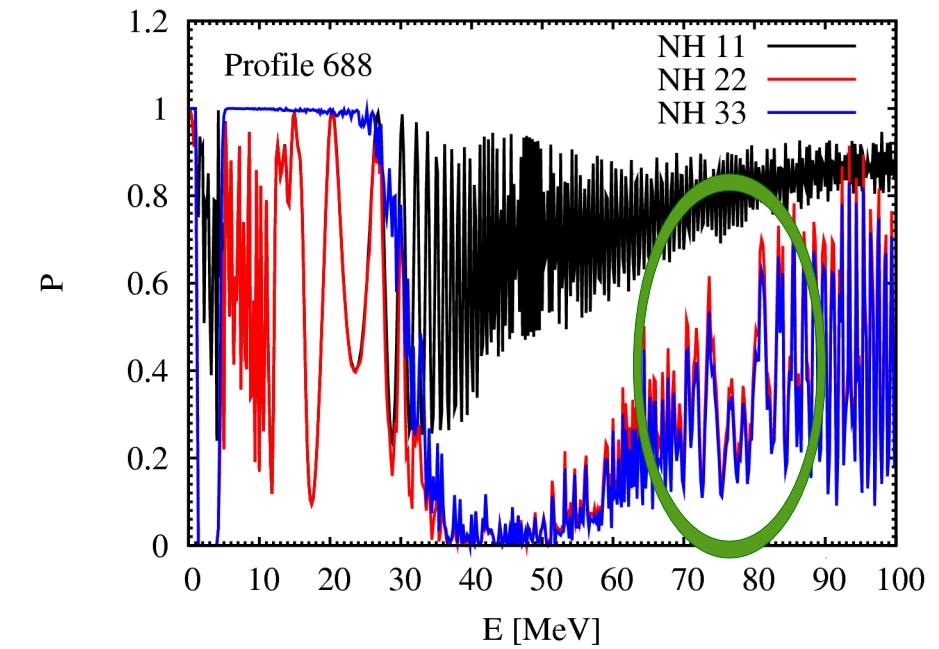
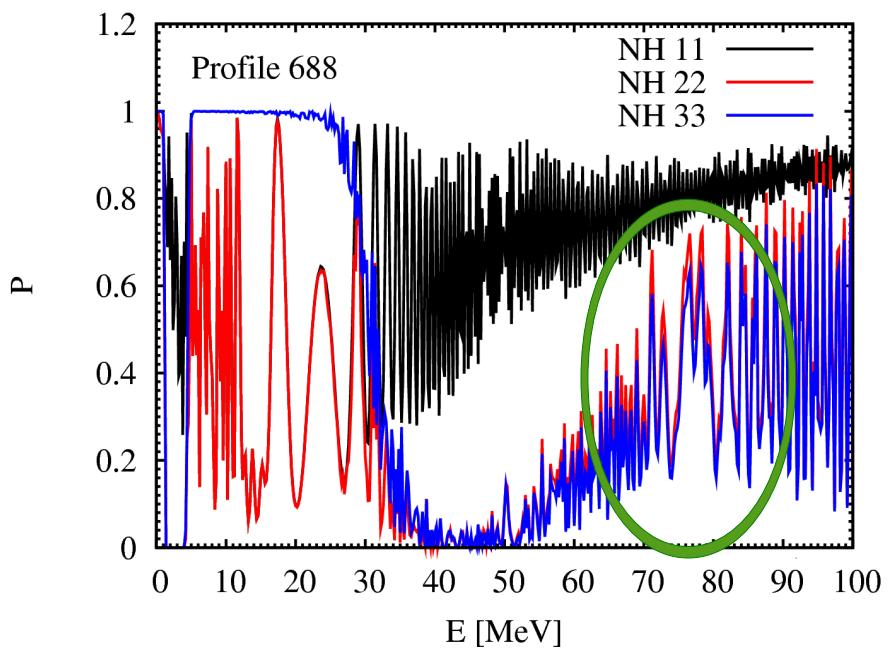
- Detailed differences.



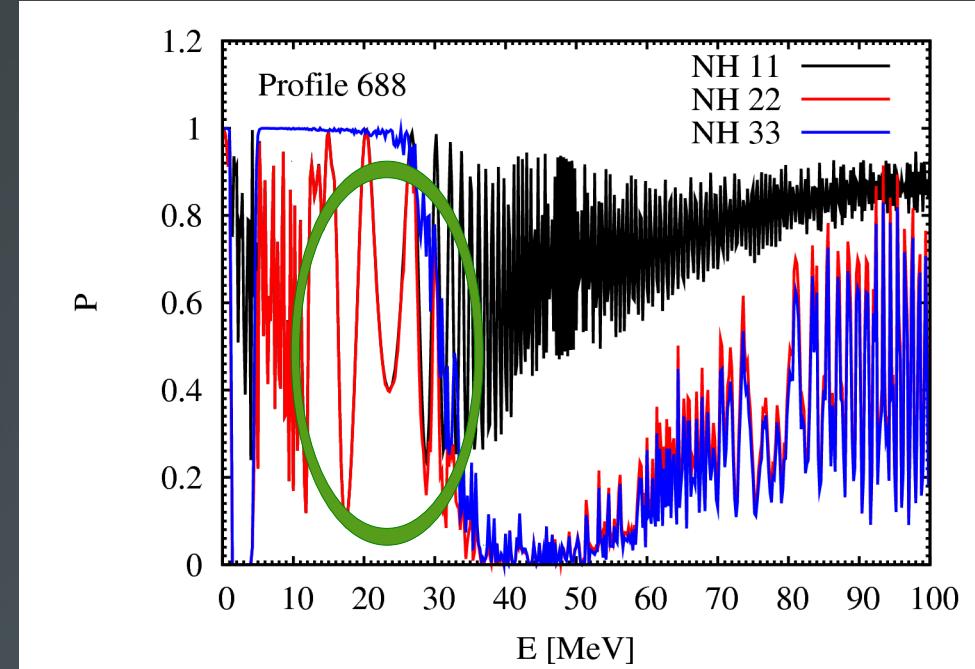
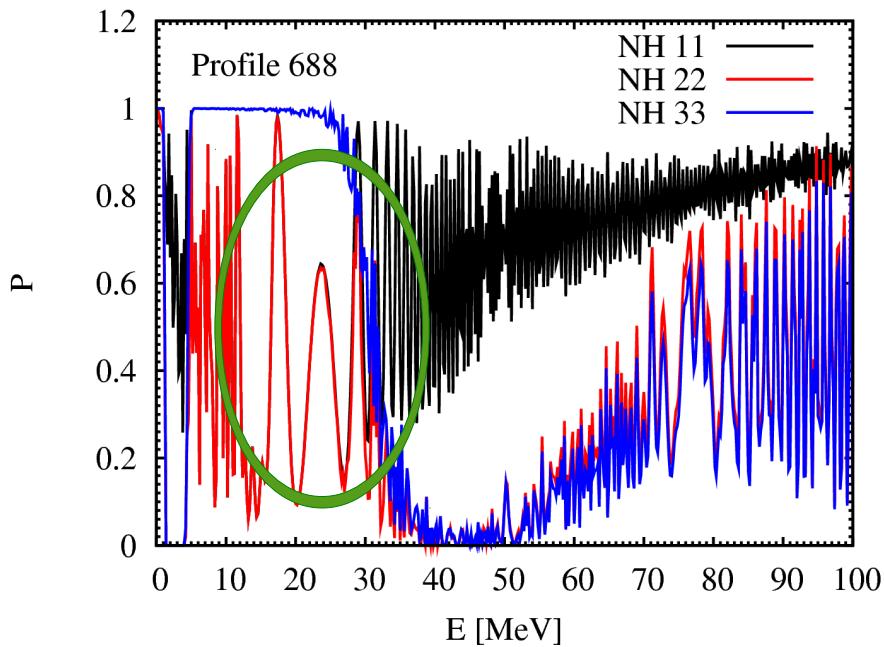
# Adding turbulence – NH and $\nu$ 's



# Adding turbulence – NH and $\nu$ 's



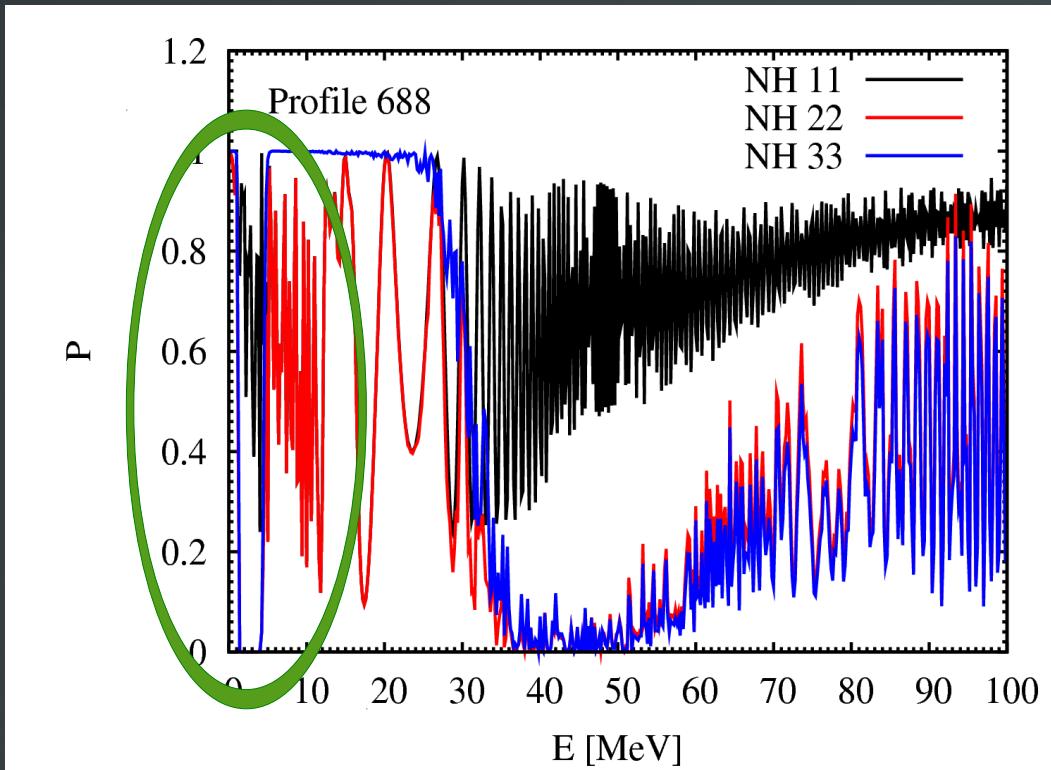
# Adding turbulence – NH and $\nu$ 's



- Detailed differences.
- Multiple realisations.
- Bigger amplitudes.
- Collective and MSW features survive.



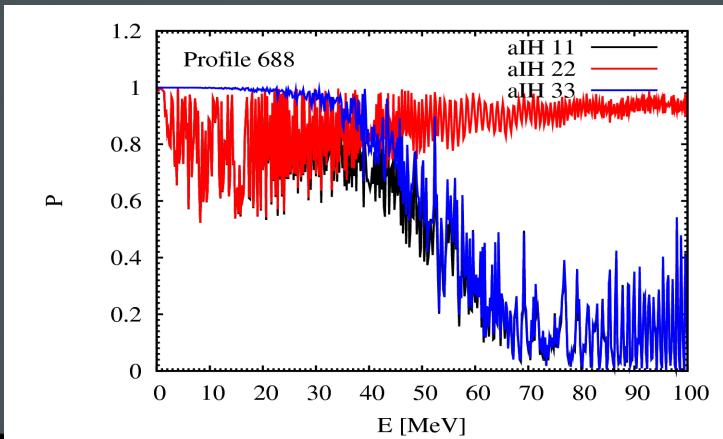
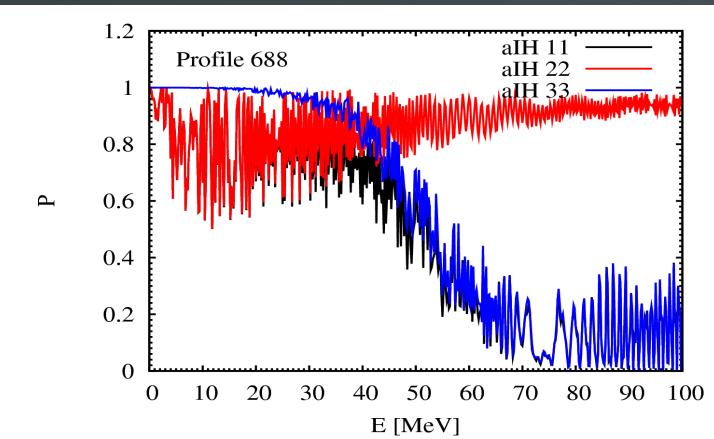
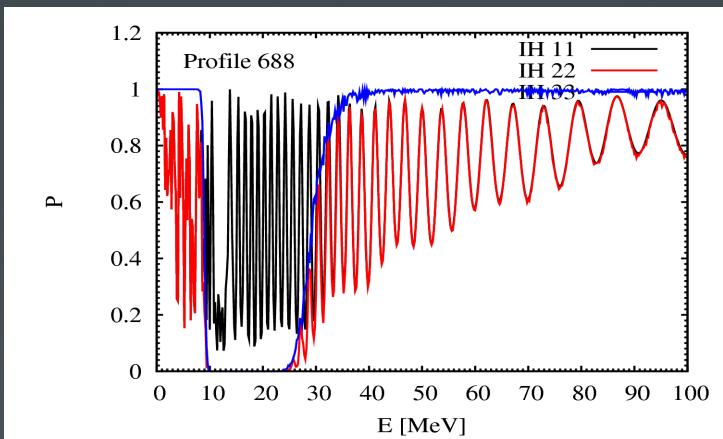
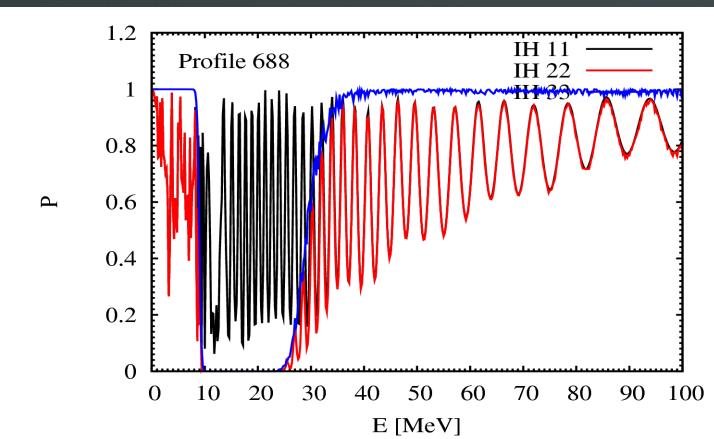
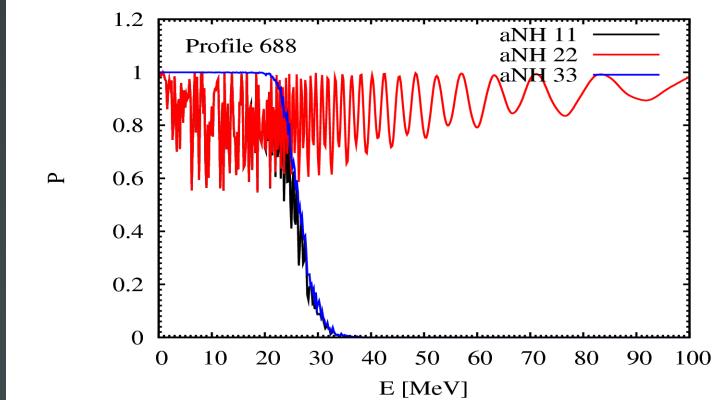
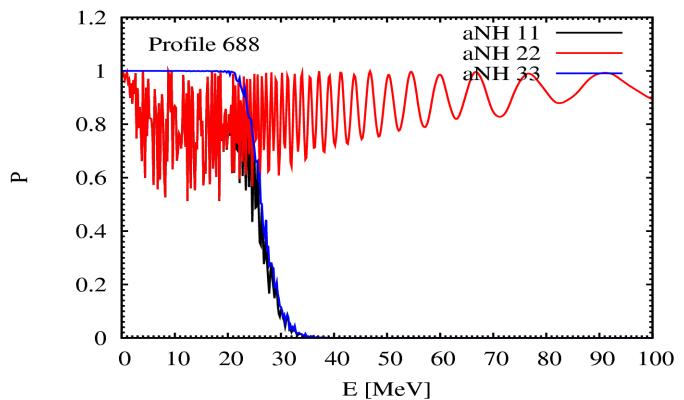
# Adding turbulence – NH and $\nu$ 's



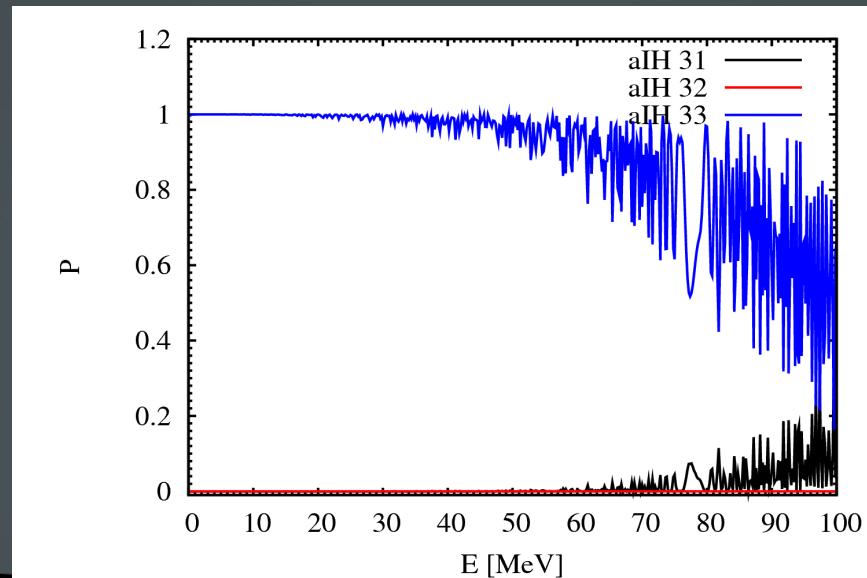
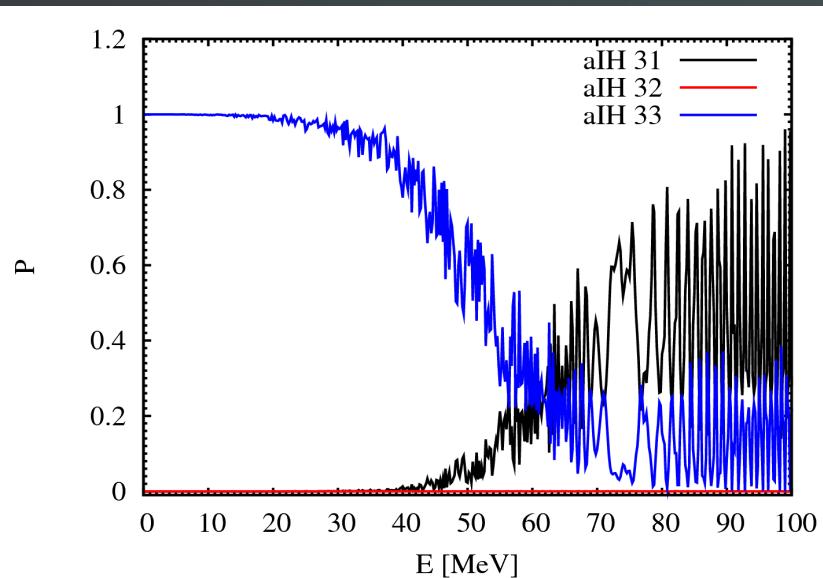
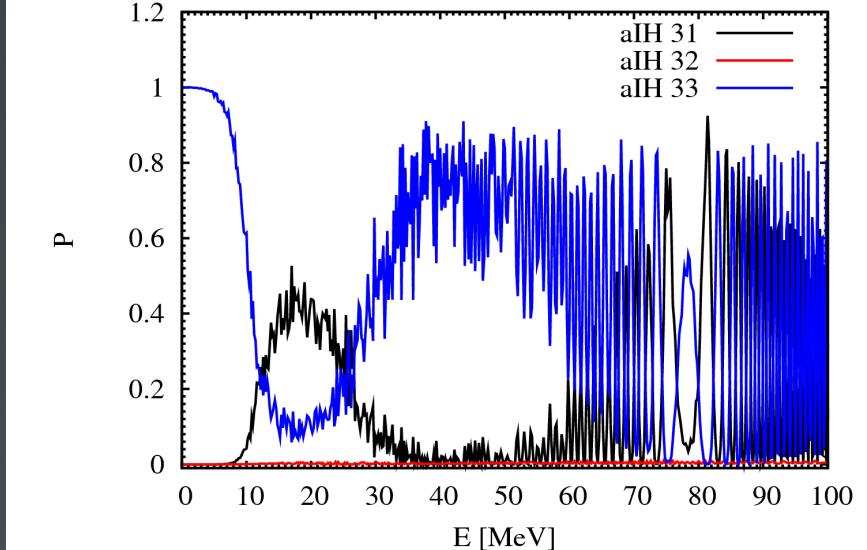
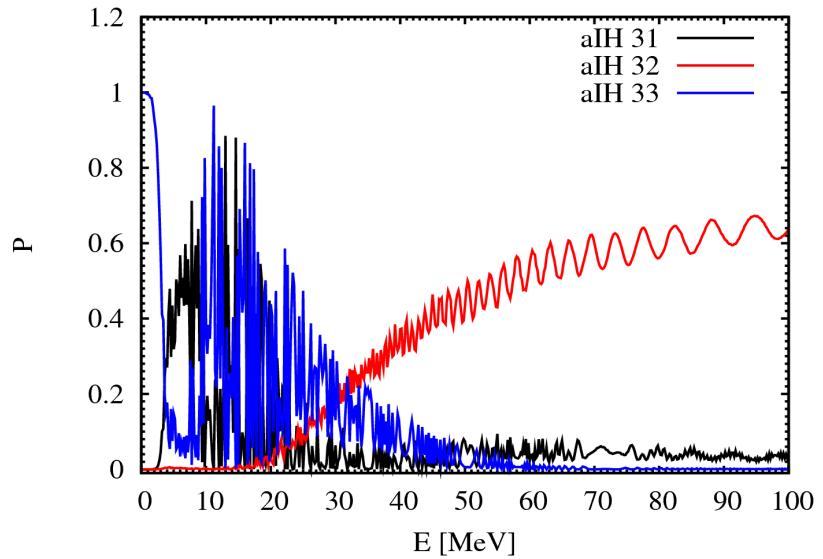
- Wash out by energy resolution of detectors.
- Some collective and MSW features survive – future work.



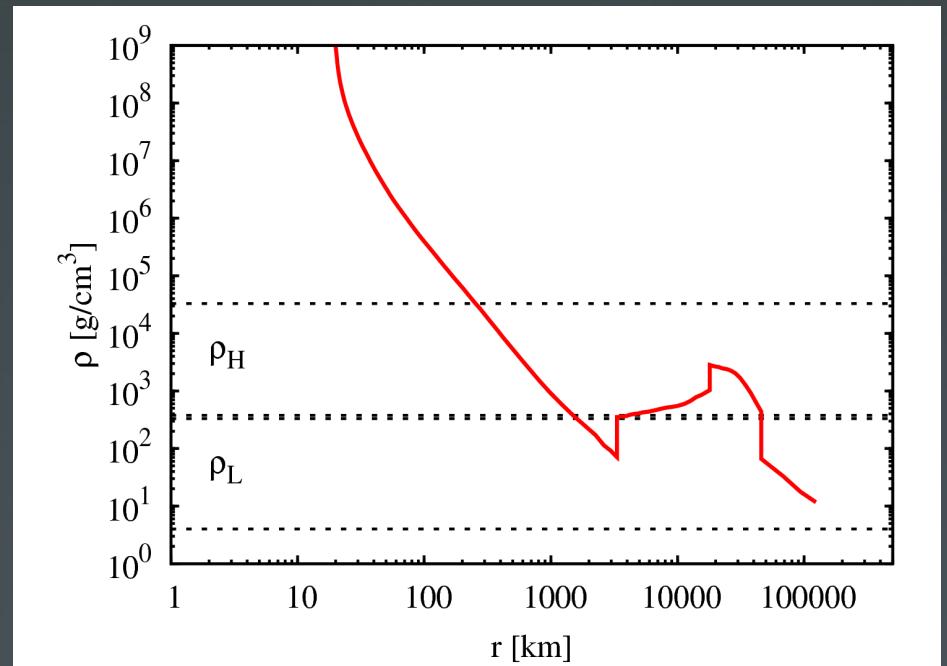
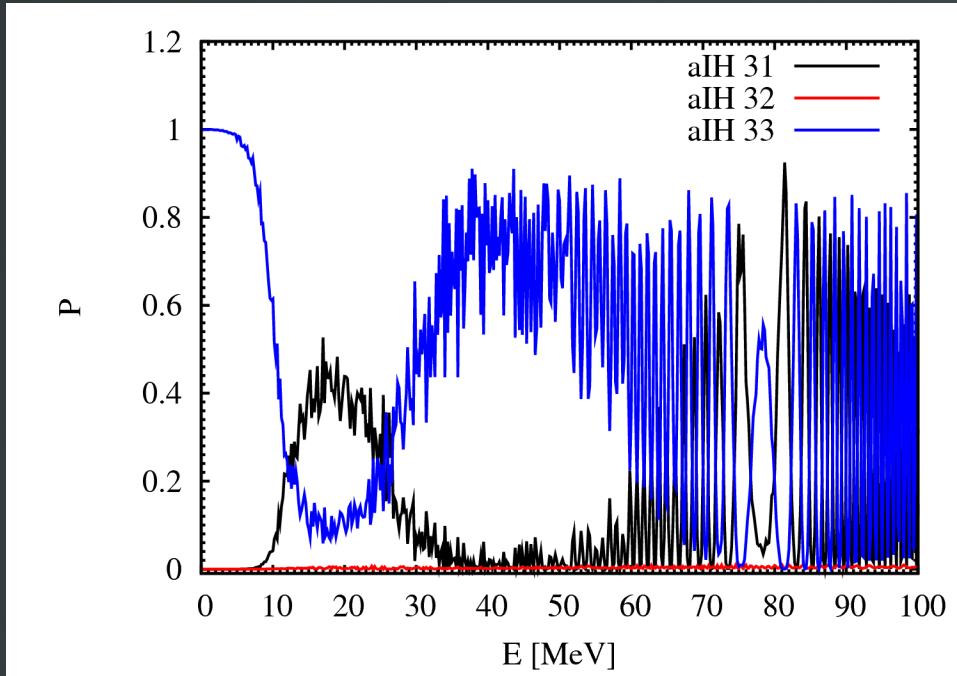
# Adding turbulence



# Time dependent probabilities



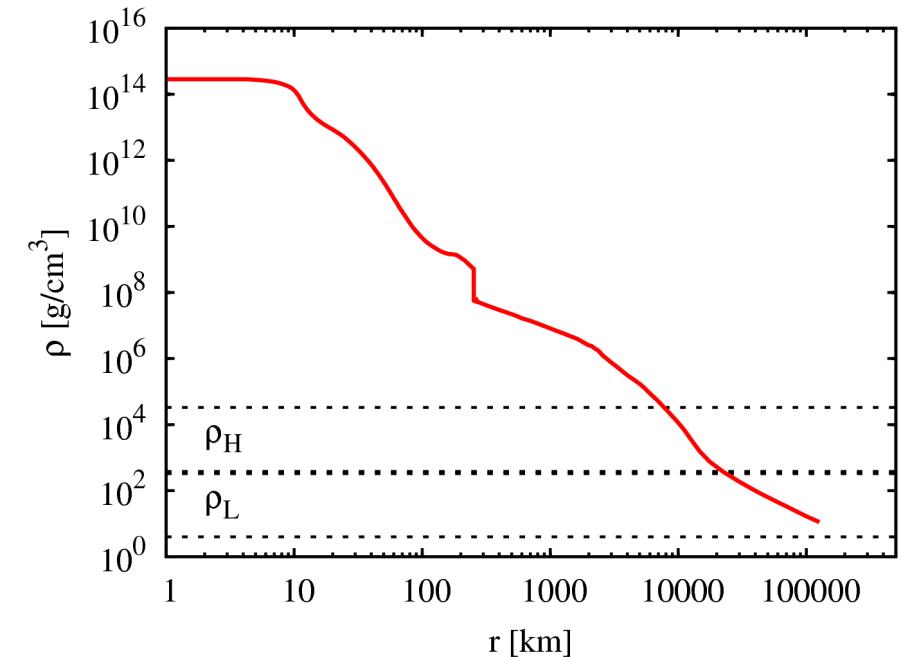
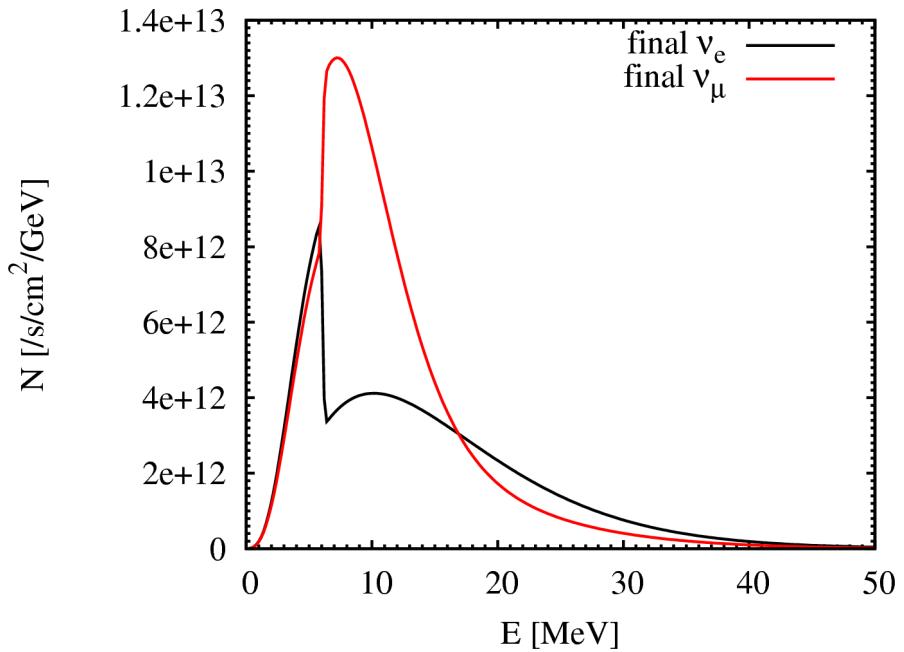
# Case of $t = 4$ s



- Low  $E$  one pass of H, high  $E$  multiple passes.
- Transition probabilities for L resonance not shown.



# Accretion phase 93 ms



- Collective effects only.
- Adiabatic transversal of H and L.



# Conclusions and future challenges

- Features not washed out by turbulence.
- Need both anti- $\nu$  and  $\nu$  detectors.
- Energy resolution.

## Future:

- Better understanding of collective effects.
- Ensemble averages.
- More profiles and progenitors.
- Observability in detectors.

