

NanoKelvin Quantum Matters: Coherence, Correlations, Chaos.

Subhadeep Gupta UW NSF Phys REU, 29th July 2024

Relevant Ultracold Temperatures on the Log Kelvin Scale

Quantum: Philosophical Questions Precise Calculations

Quantum: Tools (expt. and theor. harnessing) for Quantum metrology, sensing, simulation, computing.

Atom: Motivation and Test-bed for quantum mechanical ideas.

Taming and Controlling Atoms

- Experimental table-top physics. Work in few-member teams.
- Lasers, Electronics, Ultra-high vacuum.
- Direct Manipulation and Observation of Clean Quantum Systems
- Fundamental physics. Future quantum technologies.

Taming/Training Atoms:

First remove the freedoms Then re-introduce in a controlled way

Random motion \Leftrightarrow Temperature

10⁸ trapped Yb atoms at 50 μ K

50yrs: bound electron(s) motion

50yrs: atom c.o.m. motion

Boson degeneracy: Bose-Einstein condensate

2020's – BECs in space, for fundamental physics (NASA)

ULTRACOLD MATTER | RESEARCH UPDATE

Bose-Einstein condensate is made onboard the International **Space Station** 17 Jun 2020

2020's – companies pursuing neutral atom quantum computing

Sparked by basic research in small teams in various research labs around the world

Ultracold Atoms and Quantum Gases @UW

Atomic superfluids of bosons and fermions Mixed superfluids, collective properties, dynamics Few-body quantum science

Ultracold few-body physics, chemistry. Towards New **qubits** with strong long-range interactions

Ultracold Atoms in Optical Lattices **Atom Optics and Interferometry**

Tunable systems for **quantum simulations** that are challenging to calculate. Quantum dynamics in lattices, transport Out-of-equilibrium phenomena **Quantum Information** Systems

Pulsed optical lattices as diffraction gratings Atom interferometric sensors for fundamental physics and **quantum sensing**. Trapped Atom Interferometry Towards squeezed/entangled states for sensing.

2-Species Trapping

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Bose-Fermi Double Superfluid

⁴He-³He mixtures. Strong B-F repulsion. B-F superfluid not yet realized

Richard Roy, Alaina Green, Ryan Bowler, and Subhadeep Gupta Department of Physics, University of Washington, Seattle, Washington 98195, USA (Received 11 July 2016; revised manuscript received 4 November 2016; published 2 February 2017)

Recently B-F superfluids in atomic

systems in 7Li-6Li, 174Yb-⁶Li, ⁴¹K-⁶Li

NEW QUANTUM SYSTEM!

174Yb-⁶Li Bose-Fermi Dual-Superfluid

Quantum Evolution in presence of interactions (Many-body effects on Quantum Transport)

Studied by Initialization, Manipulation (Hamiltonian-engineering) and Detection of ultracold $(1\mu K)$ and trapped atoms using lasers

Jun Hui See Toh et al. Nature Physics 18, 1297 (2022)

Jun Hui See Toh et al. Phys. Rev. Lett (2024), *in press*

Matter Wave Diffraction off an Optical Crystal -6 ћk

Diffraction from longer standing wave pulse with frequency difference

Increasing intensity of pulse \rightarrow

Pulsed Standing Wave Optical Dipole Potentials

Narrow Momentum width << 2 photon momentum

Atom Interferometric Quantum Sensors

Coherently increase area (T, p) \rightarrow increase sensitivity

Force sensing: accelerometry gravity (g, G)

eg.

$$
\Phi_1 - \Phi_2 \sim mgX^*T \sim gk^*T^2
$$

~ space-time area

Fundamental Tests: Equivalence Principle QED test

Large Area ATOM INTERFEROMETRY

²Department of Physics, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, California 91125, USA

Large Momentum Transfer for Atom Interferometric Quantum Sensing: A Challenge in Quantum Coherent Control

Splitting Acceleration Mirror Pulses **Readout** Pulses Pulses Pulses Optical Lattices

Sensing Precision scales as $\delta\Phi/\Phi \sim \delta\Phi$ / (space-time area)

Can increase T with fountain, drop tower, rockets, in space

eg.

$$
\Phi_1 - \Phi_2 \sim mgX^*T \sim g(n)k^*T^2
$$

~ space-time area

Large momentum transfer atom optics can be very useful!

High Efficiency Momentum Transfer by Bloch Oscillations

Bloch Oscillations: A condensed matter physics concept. Electrons in lattice + E field

Here Bloch oscillations by sweeping frequency difference between laser beams

Another method: Single photon "clock" transitions. Talk to Shaan Dias

Quantum Transport Approach to Atom Optics

Using ideas from condensed-matter to develop a tool in precision atomic physics

> Band energies in sinusoidal lattice with depth = $10 E_r$ $(E_r =$ recoil energy)

Free particle dispersion

Band Structure in 1D sinusoidal periodic potential (Optical Lattice)

Quantum Transport Approach to Atom Optics

Phase and phase noise during transport process by Bloch oscillations as intensity (U_0) inevitably fluctuates

"Magic Depth" Interferometry

Next: Magic Trapped Atom Interferometry - Gravimetry in a magic depth trapped geometry

20 40 60 E, B. Plotkin-Swing et al. Phys Rev Lett **121**, 133201(2018) Dan Gochnauer et al. Phys Rev A **100**, 043611 (2019) Katie McAlpine et al. Phys Rev A **101**, 023614 (2020) Dan Gochnauer et al. Atoms **9**(3), 58 (2021), Tahiyat Rahman et al. Phys Rev Res **6**, L022012 (2024)

 $b=0$

 $b=2$

Average

Band energy

Trapped vs Free-fall Accelerometry

Free-fall geometry

Sensitive to gravity and accelerations for fundamental science and navigation.

Coherent large momentum transfer techniques for area increase can exceed current commercial accelerometer Performance.

New systematic effects in compact geometry. But very long coherence times and compact instrument sizes possible.

Trapped/Compact geometry: Initial signals freshly obtained

UW Ultracold Atoms Labs

Taming and Having Fun with Atoms

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- Fundamental physics. Future quantum technologies.

UW Ultracold Atoms and Quantum Gases Group

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