

# Nuclear forces and their impact on structure, reactions and astrophysics

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## Lectures for Week 2

- M.** Chiral EFT 1 (as);  $\chi$ -symmetry in NN scattering, QCD 2 (rjf)
- T.** Chiral EFT 2 (rjf); Three-nucleon forces 1 (as)
- W.** Renormalization group 1 (rjf);  
Forces from LQCD, hyperon-nucleon (as)
- Th.** Renormalization group 2 (rjf);  
Nuclear forces and electroweak interactions (as)
- F.** Many-body overview (rjf); Three-nucleon forces 2 (as)

# Outline

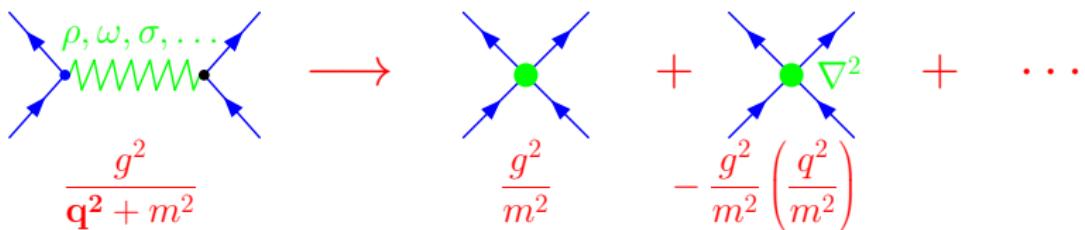
**NDA, naturalness, and resonance saturation**

Including  $\Delta s$  in chiral EFT (from H. Krebs)

# Chiral EFT: Resonance Saturation

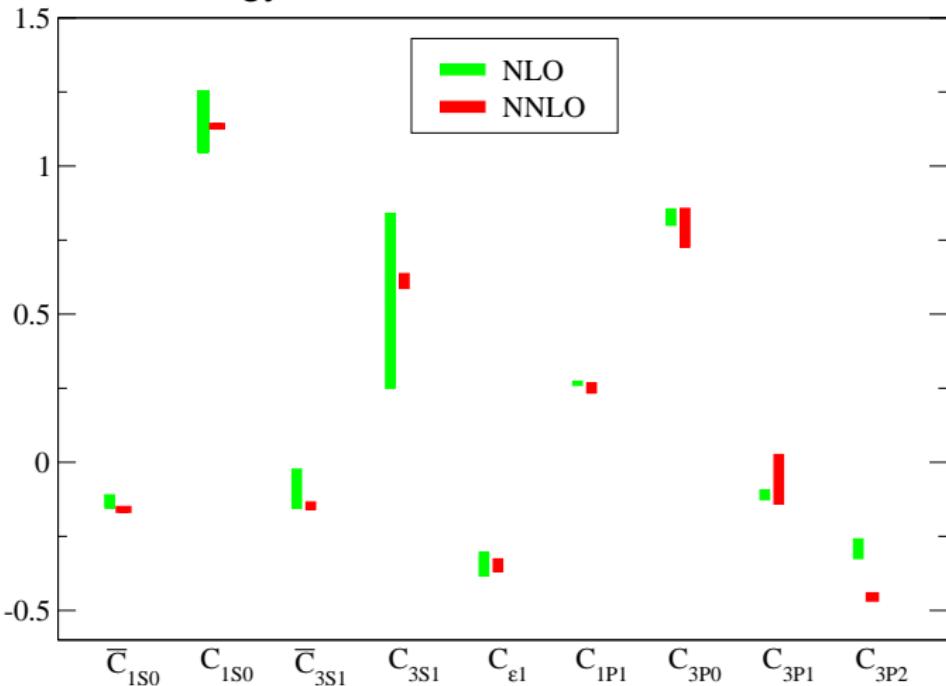
[Epelbaum et al. (2002)]

- How is chiral EFT potential related to phenomenological NN potentials based on one-boson exchange?
- Boson exchange  $\Rightarrow$  model of short-distance physics  
 $\Rightarrow$  unresolved in chiral EFT (except for pion)  
 $\Rightarrow$  encoded in coefficients of contact terms



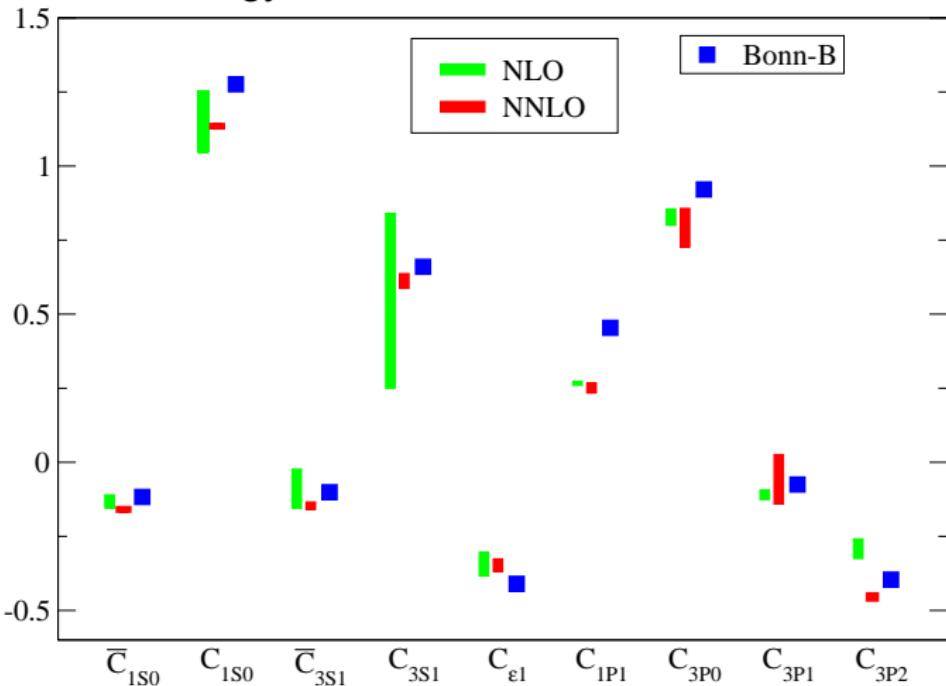
# Chiral EFT: Resonance Saturation (cont.)

- Compare coefficients from phenomenological models to low-energy constants of chiral EFT:



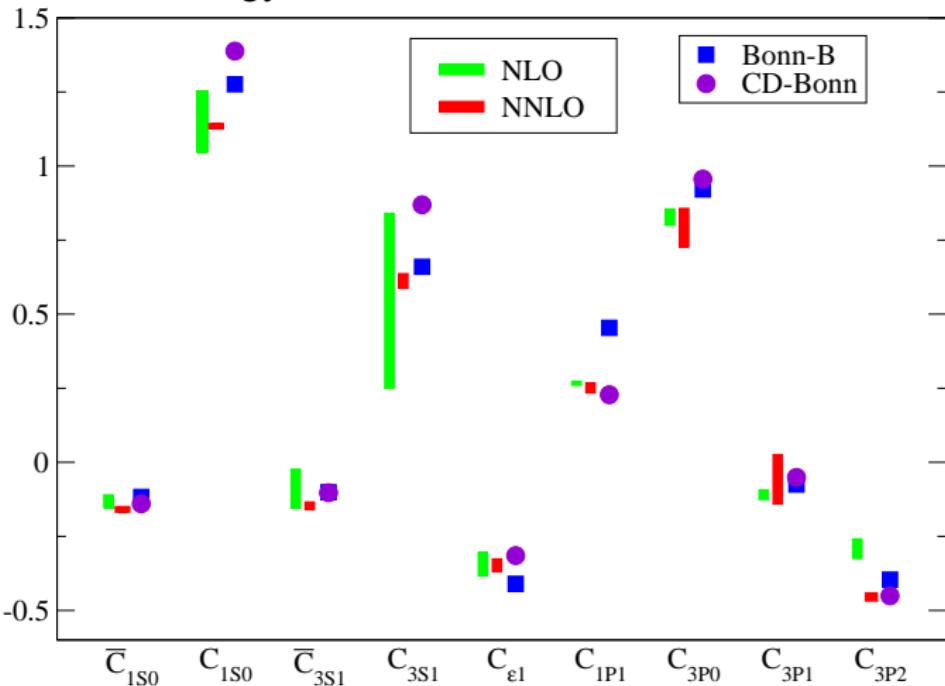
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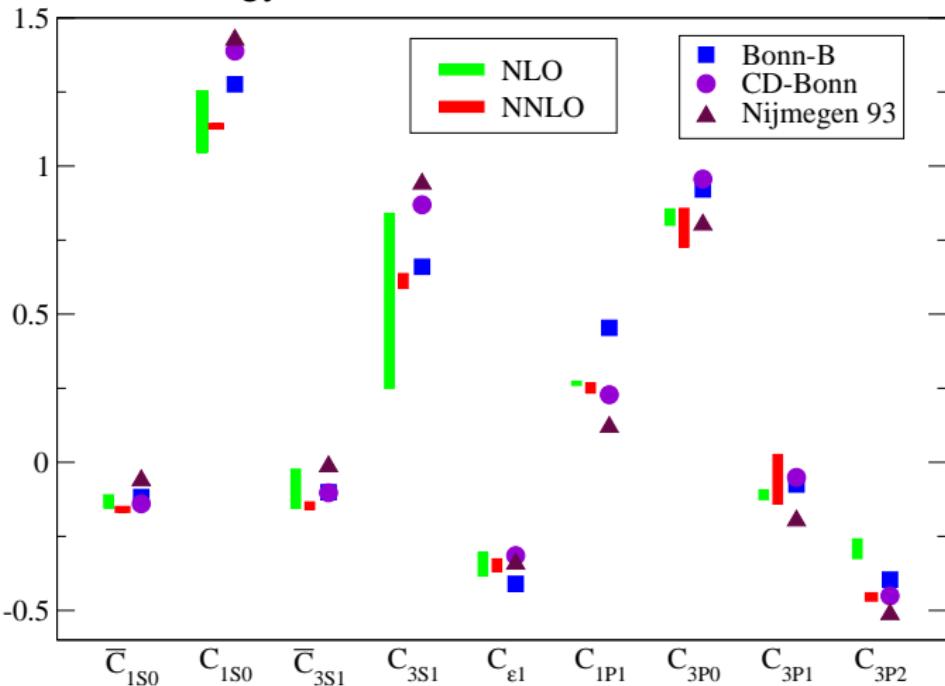
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- Compare coefficients from phenomenological models to low-energy constants of chiral EFT:



# Outline

NDA, naturalness, and resonance saturation

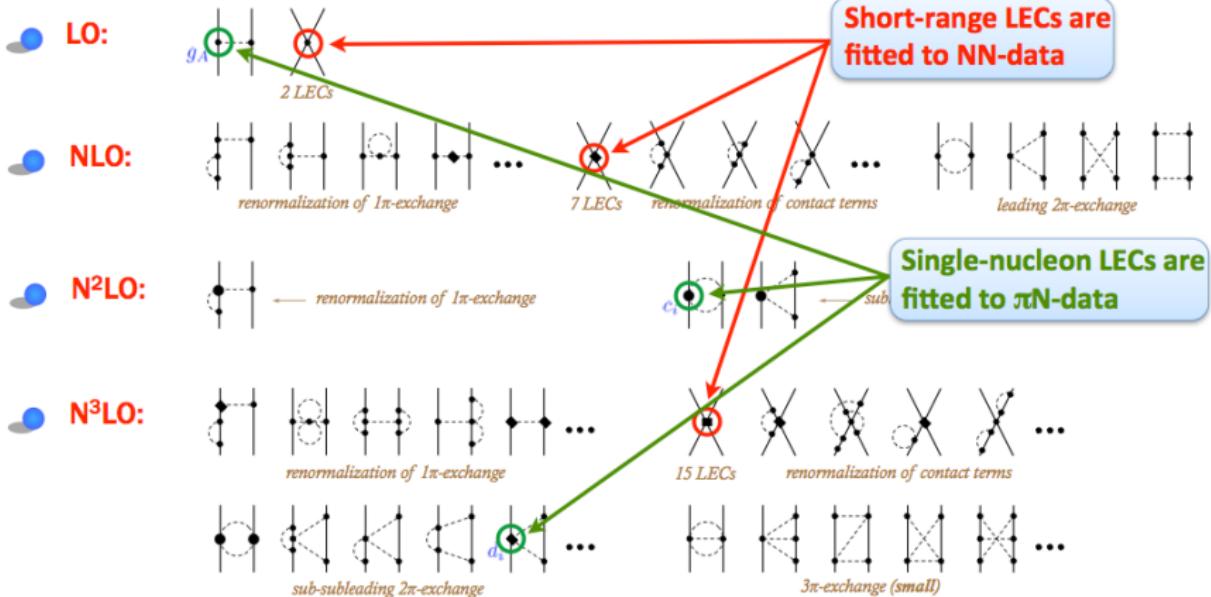
**Including  $\Delta s$  in chiral EFT (from H. Krebs)**

# Nucleon-nucleon force up to N<sup>3</sup>LO

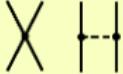
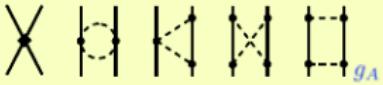
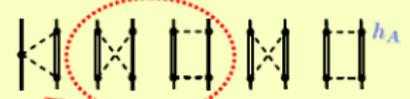
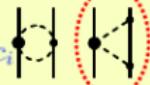
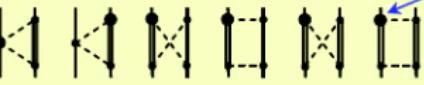
Ordonez et al. '94; Friar & Coon '94; Kaiser et al. '97; Epelbaum et al. '98, '03; Kaiser '99-'01; Higa et al. '03; ...

Chiral expansion for the 2N force:

$$V_{2N} = V_{2N}^{(0)} + V_{2N}^{(2)} + V_{2N}^{(3)} + V_{2N}^{(4)} + \dots$$



+ 1/m and isospin-breaking corrections...

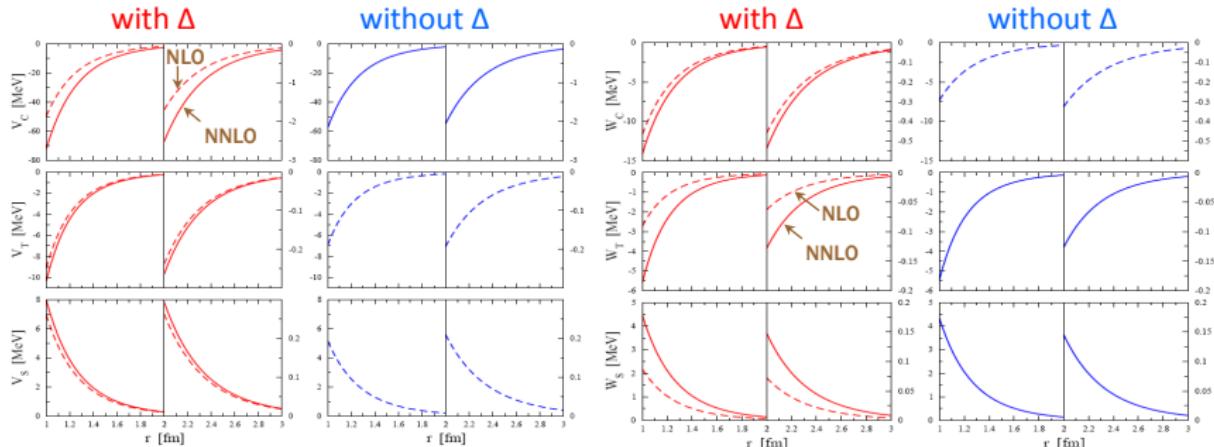
	standard chiral EFT	Including $\Delta$ as an explicit DOF
LO		
NLO	 $+ \quad$ 	<i>Ordonez et al.'96; Kaiser et al.'98</i>
$N^2LO$	 $+ \quad$ 	<i>Krebs, E.E., Meißner EPJA 32 (2007) 127</i>

# NN potential with explicit $\Delta$

Epelbaum, H.K., Meißner, Eur. Phys. J. A32 (2007) 127

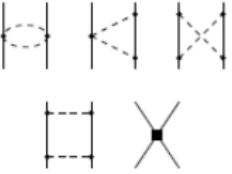
$$V_{\text{eff}} = V_C + W_C \vec{\tau}_1 \cdot \vec{\tau}_2 + [V_S + W_S \vec{\tau}_1 \cdot \vec{\tau}_2] \vec{\sigma}_1 \cdot \vec{\sigma}_2 + [V_T + W_T \vec{\tau}_1 \cdot \vec{\tau}_2] (3 \vec{\sigma}_1 \cdot \hat{r} \vec{\sigma}_2 \cdot \hat{r} - \vec{\sigma}_1 \cdot \vec{\sigma}_2)$$

Chiral  $2\pi$ - exchange potential up to NNLO



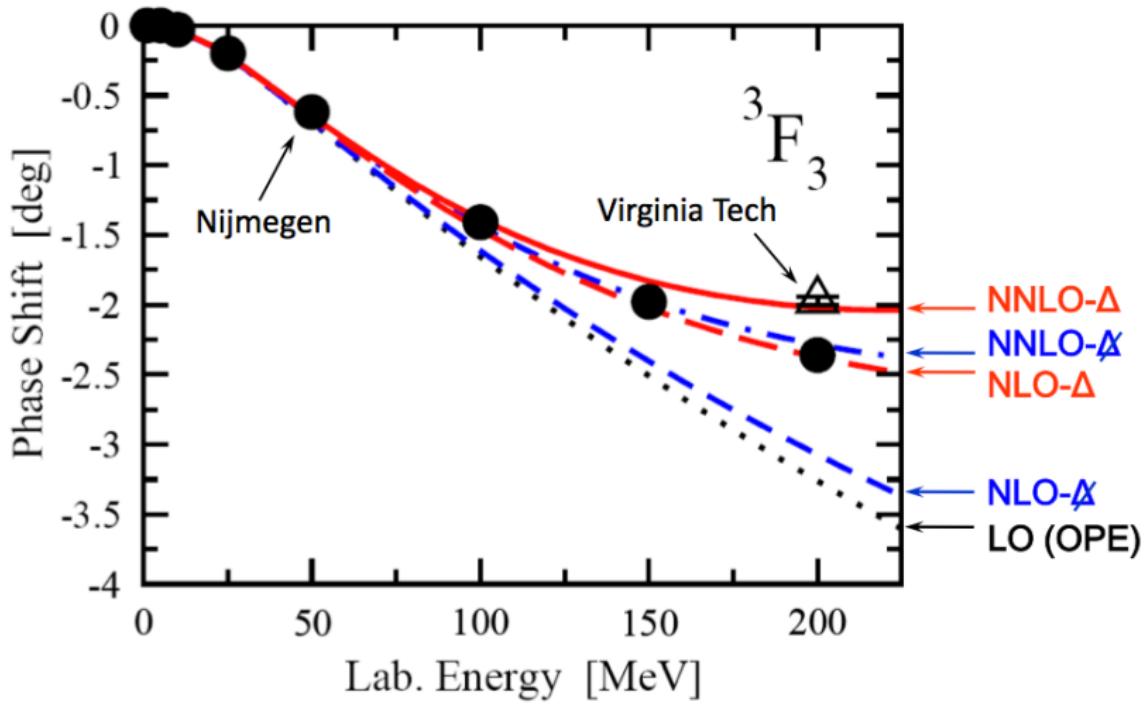
Advantages when  $\Delta$  is included explicitly

- Dominant contributions already at NLO
- Much better convergence in all potentials

	<i>Two-nucleon force</i>		<i>Three-nucleon force</i>	
	$\Delta$ -less EFT	$\Delta$ -contributions	$\Delta$ -less EFT	$\Delta$ -contributions
<b>LO</b>	 	—	—	—
<b>NLO</b>	 	 	—	
<b>NNLO</b>		 	 	—

*Ordonez et al.'96, Kaiser et al. '98**H.K., Epelbaum & Meißner '07*

# $^3F_3$ partial waves up to NNLO with and without $\Delta$



(calculated in the first Born approximation)