

Non-radial Oscillations of Strange Quark Stars (Crustal Effects)

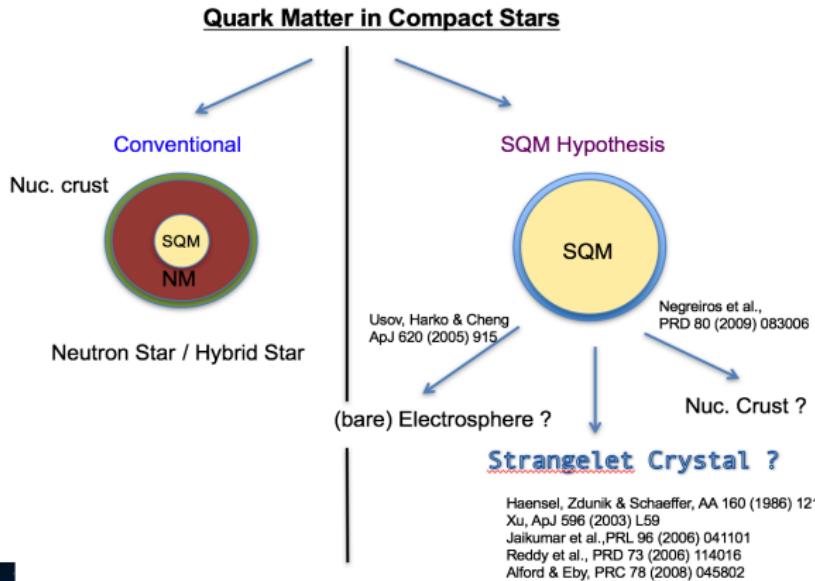
Prashanth Jaikumar (CSU Long Beach)

Vasquez-Flores, Hall and Jaikumar, PRC 96, 065803 ('17)

arXiv: 1708.05985 (gr-qc)

Motivation I : Ground State of Strongly Interacting Matter

- ▶ Witten: $(E/A)_{uds} < 930$ MeV at zero pressure is possible
- ▶ Additional binding due to Color Superconductivity



Motivation II : Gravitational Wave Sources

- ▶ Andersson & Kokkotas ('97): Various NS EOS

$$(\sigma_f/\text{kHz}) \approx 0.78 + 1.635 \left(\frac{M}{R^3} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$(\sigma_p/\text{kHz}) \approx \frac{1}{M} \left(1.75 + 5.59 \frac{M}{R} \right)$$

$$(\sigma_w/\text{kHz}) \approx \frac{1}{R} \left(20.91 - 9.14 \frac{M}{R} \right)$$

- ▶ Vasquez-Flores & Lugones ('17): Various SQS EOS

$$(\sigma_f/\text{kHz}) \approx a_1 + a_2 \left(\frac{M}{R^3} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$\left(\frac{M^3 \tau_f}{R^4} \right)^{-1} \approx b_1 + b_2 \left(\frac{M}{R} \right)^{1/2} + b_3 \left(\frac{M}{R} \right)$$

Outline

- ▶ Computing mode frequencies (different ways)

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- ▶ Strangelet Crust
- ▶ Results for f , p -mode with Strangelet Crust

Modes (Non-Rotating, Zero-B and Temperature)

► Fluid Displacement (Spheroidal)

$$\xi(r, \theta, \phi, t) = \mathcal{R} \left\{ \sum_{lm} \left[\xi_r(r) Y_{lm}(\theta, \phi) \hat{r} + \xi_h(r) \left(\frac{\partial Y_{lm}}{\partial \theta} \hat{\theta} + \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial Y_{lm}}{\partial \phi} \hat{\phi} \right) \right] e^{i\omega t} \right\}$$

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► Newtonian for simplicity: (primes = Eulerian perturbations)

$$\text{Continuity : } \rho' = -\nabla \cdot (\rho_0 \xi),$$

$$\text{Euler : } \rho_0 \xi_{tt} = -\nabla p' - \rho_0 \nabla \phi' - \rho' \nabla \phi_0,$$

$$\text{Poisson : } \nabla^2 \phi' = 4\pi G \rho'$$

$$\text{Energy : } p' + \xi \cdot \nabla p_0 = \frac{\Gamma_1 p_0}{\rho_0} (\rho' + \xi \cdot \nabla \rho_0)$$

Boundaries

- (Fluid) Center ($r = 0$) : Regularity
 $\implies p', \phi' \sim \mathcal{O}(r^l), \xi_r \sim \mathcal{O}(r^{l-1})$

$$\left(\frac{\rho_{\text{av}}}{\rho_c} \right) \frac{\Omega^2 \xi_r}{l} + \frac{p'}{\rho_c g} = 0 \quad (1)$$

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- (Solid) Interface ($r=r_i$) : Traction ($\mathbf{T}=\tau \cdot \hat{n}$) $\implies T_h|_{r=r_c} = 0$

$$\delta \tau = \mu \left(\nabla \xi + (\nabla \xi)^T \right) + \left(\kappa - \frac{2\mu}{3} \right) \mathbb{1} \nabla \cdot \xi \quad (3)$$

Restoring forces

- (*f, p - modes*) : Pressure

$$\sigma^2 \approx k^2 c_l^2 ; \quad c_l^2 = \Gamma_1 \frac{P}{\rho} + \frac{4}{3} \frac{\mu}{\rho}$$
$$\sigma_{f,p} \sim (1.5 - 8) \text{kHz}$$

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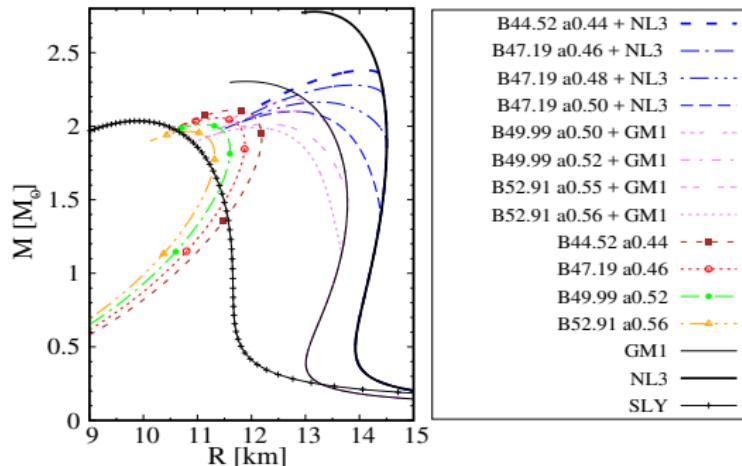
- (*g - modes*): Buoyancy

$$\sigma^2 \approx -Ag ; \quad A \propto [\Gamma_1^{-1} - \Gamma_{\text{eq.}}^{-1}]$$
$$\sigma_g \sim (0.1 - 1) \text{ Hz}$$

- (*s -*): Shear

$$\sigma^2 \approx k^2 c_t^2 ; \quad c_t^2 = \frac{\mu}{\rho}$$
$$\sigma_s \sim 100 \text{ Hz} ; \quad \xi_h^c \gg \xi_r^c$$

Neutron Stars / Strange Stars - Core EOS



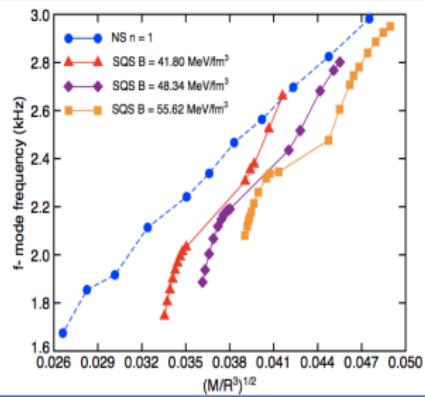
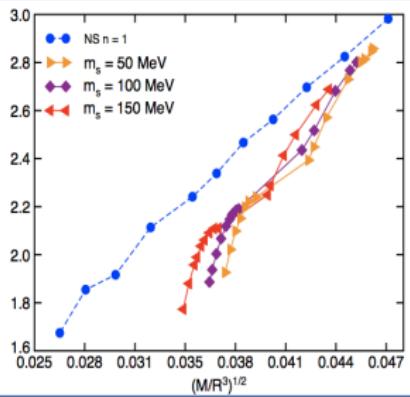
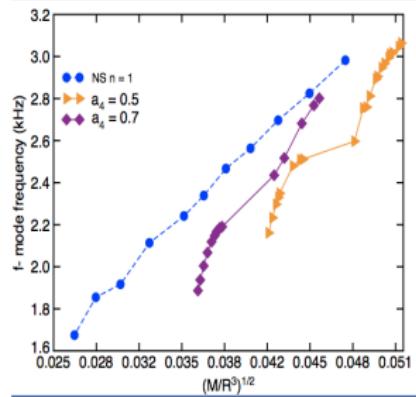
Quark Matter EOS (Bag + a_4)

$$P_{q,\text{core}} = \frac{1}{3}(\epsilon - 4B) - \frac{m_s^2}{3\pi} \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon - B}{a_4}} + \frac{m_s^4}{12\pi^2} \left[2 - \frac{1}{a_4} + 3 \ln \left(\frac{8\pi}{3m_s^2} \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon - B}{a_4}} \right) \right]$$

Hadronic EOS (SLy)

$$\begin{aligned} 10^5 &\leq \rho(\text{g/cc}) \leq 10^8 ; & \text{BPS} \\ 10^8 &\leq \rho(\text{g/cc}) \leq 5.10^{10} ; & \text{HP} \\ 5.10^{10} &\leq \rho(\text{g/cc}) \leq \rho_c ; & \text{SLy} \end{aligned}$$

f-mode Frequency (GR)

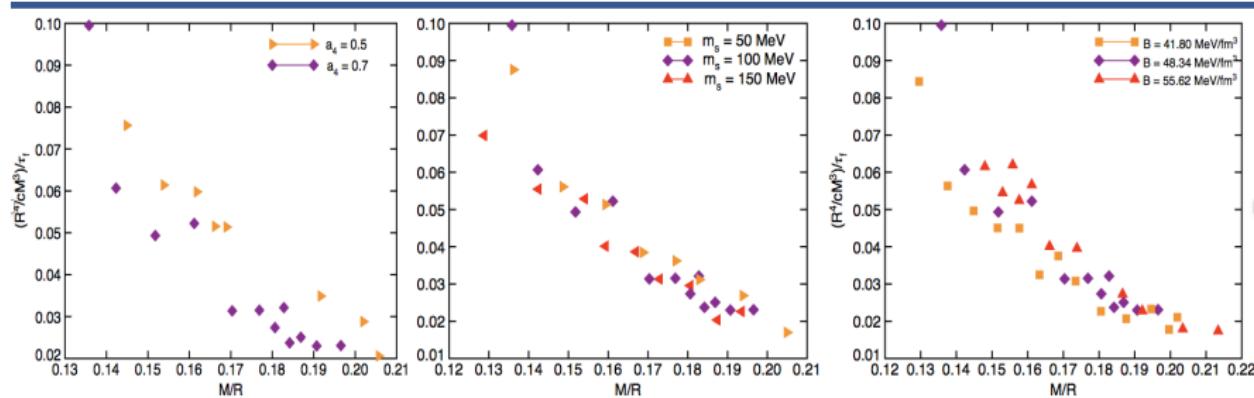


QCD Interaction Parameter

Strange Quark Mass

Bag Constant

f-mode Damping time (GR)

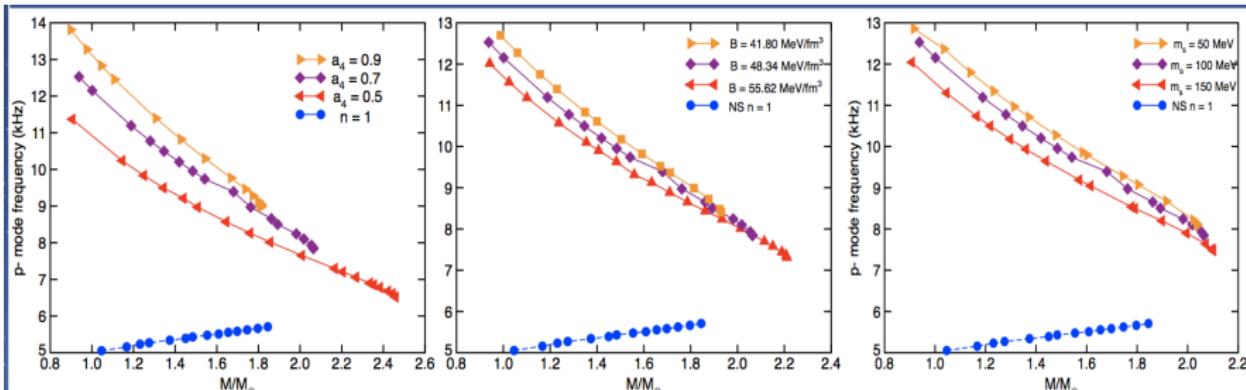


QCD Interaction Parameter

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p-mode Frequency (GR)



QCD Interaction Parameter

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The Strangelet Crust

Globally neutral mixed phase of quarks and electrons*

$$P_{\text{strangelet}} = P_{\text{outside}} \implies P_q(\mu_q, \mu_e) = 0$$

$$\boxed{P_{\text{crust}}(r) = \frac{\tilde{\mu}_e(r)^4}{12\pi^2}}$$
$$\epsilon_{\text{crust}}(r) = f(r)\epsilon_0$$

($\tilde{\mu}_e, f, \epsilon_0$ calculated from Quark matter EOS)



* Jaikumar, Steiner, Reddy: PRL96, 041101 ('06)
Alford, Rajagopal, Reddy, Steiner: PRD73, 114016 ('06)
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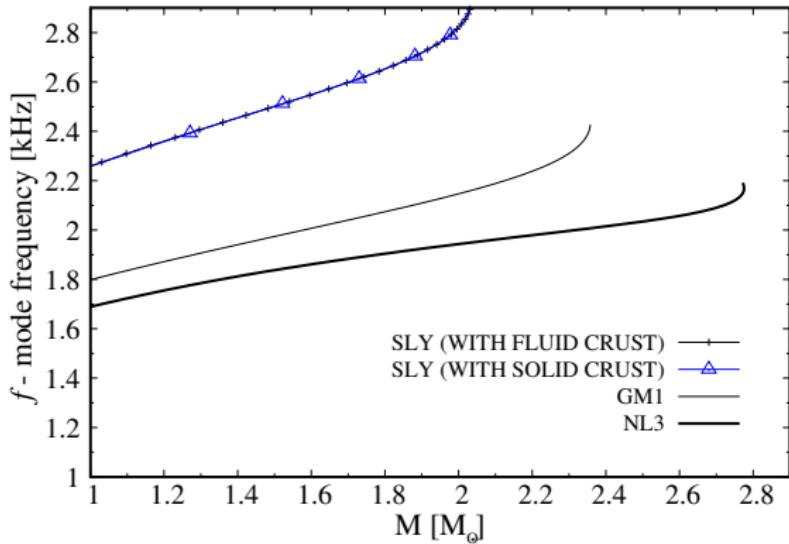


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μ_{crit} (MeV)	m_s (MeV)	Z/A	R_* (fm)	ΔR (m)	Shear (keV/fm ³)
280	100	0.039	8.32	23.01	1.04
290	150	0.079	7.91	94.44	87.5
300	200	0.125	7.87	236.66	1699

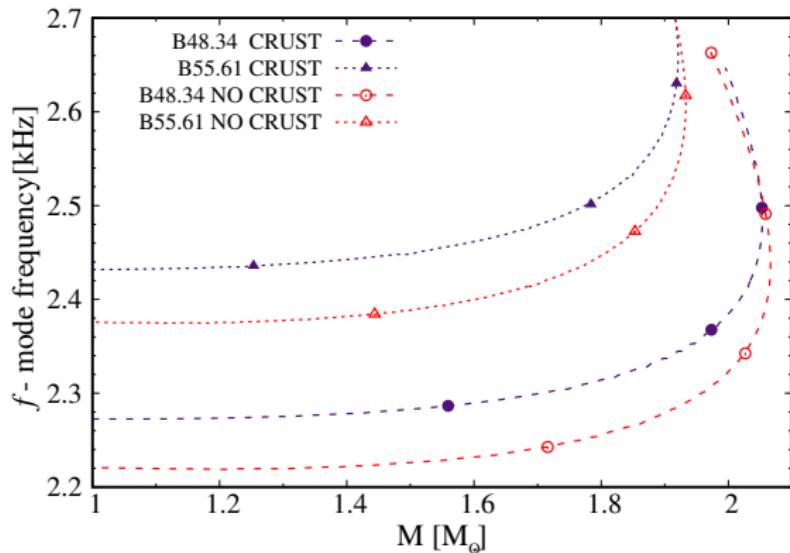
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f-mode : Neutron Stars with Crust



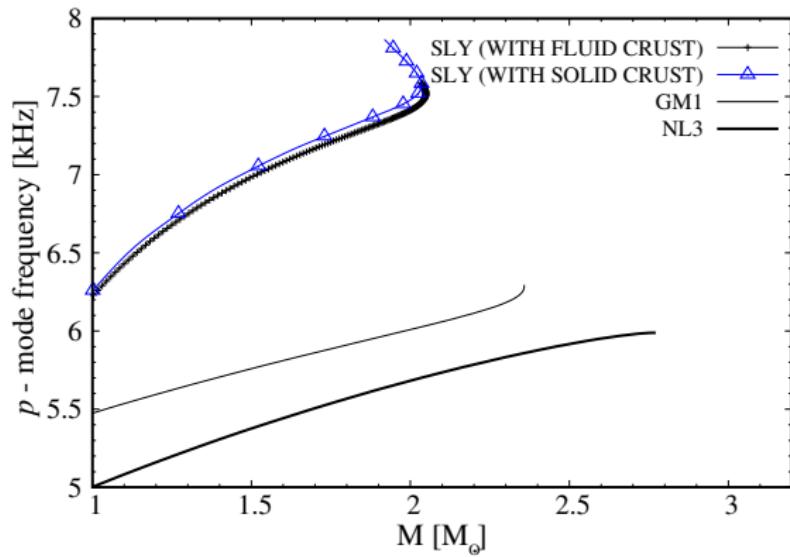
- ▶ No discernible impact of crust on f -mode frequency (σ_f)
- ▶ $2.45 \leq \sigma_f(\text{kHz}) \leq 2.90$ for $1.4 \leq M/M_{\odot} \leq 2.0$
- ▶ In range of LIGO, cryogenic resonant detectors (MINI-GRAIL, Schenberg).

f-mode : Strange stars with Strangelet Crust



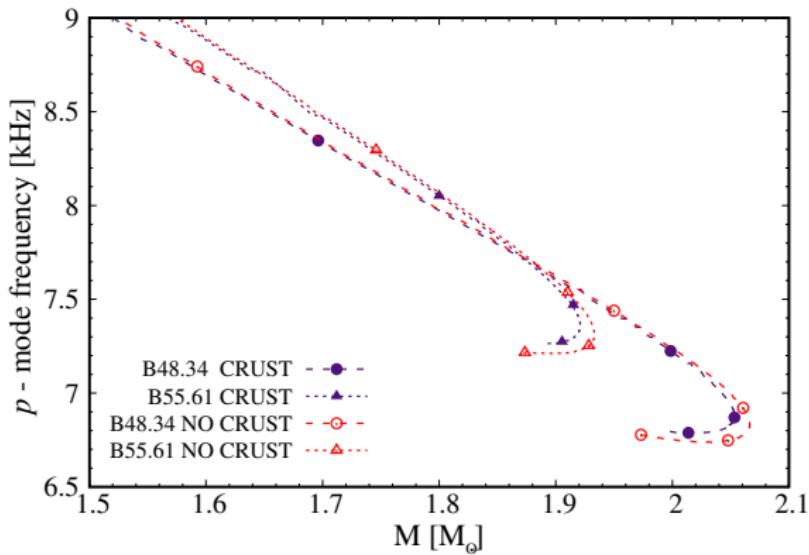
- ▶ σ_f approximately constant until $1.5 M_{\odot}$
- ▶ Strangelet crust *increases* σ_f by ~ 200 Hz
- ▶ Effect persists if strangelet crust \rightarrow thick hadronic crust

p-mode : Neutron Stars



- ▶ $6.0 \leq \sigma_p(\text{kHz}) \leq 7.5$ for SLy EOS
- ▶ Hadronic crust *slightly increases* σ_p (measure of μ/κ)

p-mode : Strange Stars



- ▶ σ_p trend with increasing mass opposite to hadronic stars
- ▶ Strangelet crust does not discernibly change σ_p
($\mu_{\text{strangelet}} \ll \mu_{\text{nuclear}}$)

Discussion

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- ▶ Other Modes : g (ravity), s (hear), i (nterface)
 i -mode couples to tidal fields, achieves pre-merger resonance
strangelet crust may shatter easier than nuclear crust.
(Tsang et al., PRL 108, 011102 (2012))

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- ▶ Ideas : Strangelet Dwarfs, Thorne-Żytkow Objects?

Detectability of f,p-Modes

Andersson & Kokottas ('97):

$$h_{\text{eff}} \sim 10^{-21} \left(\frac{E}{10^{-6} M_{\odot} c^2} \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{2 \text{kHz}}{\sigma_f} \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{50 \text{kpc}}{r} \right)$$

Local Group : $\sim 10^{-6}\%$ mass energy

Virgo cluster : $\sim 1\%$ mass energy

Relativistic Extension: Cowling Approximation

Yoshida & Lee, A&A 395, 201 ('02)

- ▶ Stress tensor for elastic solid

$$\begin{aligned} T_{\alpha\beta} &= \rho u_\alpha u_\beta + p q_{\alpha\beta} - 2\mu \Sigma_{\alpha\beta} \\ q_{\alpha\beta} &= g_{\alpha\beta} - u_\alpha u_\beta / c^2 \\ \Sigma_{\alpha\beta} &= e^\nu \int_0^t \sigma_{\alpha\beta} dt' \end{aligned}$$

- ▶ Relativistic Euler equation

$$\sum_\alpha (\rho + P) u^\alpha u_{\beta;\alpha} = \partial_\beta P - \sum_\alpha u_\beta u^\alpha (\partial_\alpha P) - \sum_\alpha 2\mu \Sigma_{\beta;\alpha}^\alpha$$

- ▶ Boundary conditions are physically the same