Twist-3 Observables for Deeply Virtual Exclusive Reactions

B. Kriesten¹, S. Liuti^{1,2}

¹ Department of Physics - University of Virginia ² Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati - INFN





INSTITUTE for NUCLEAR THEORY





 $\frac{\Delta \Sigma}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{q} \Delta q + \Delta \overline{q} \neq \frac{1}{2}$

 $+\Delta G \neq \frac{1}{2}$



Lorce, Pasquini arxiv:1106.0139

How do we describe the orbital angular momentum of the partons?



$$\vec{L} = \vec{r} \times \tilde{p}$$

classically

$$L_z^q = -\left(k_T \times b_T\right)_z^q$$

Partonic

b_TRelative average transverse
position from the center of
momentum of the system

k_T Relative average transverse momentum

$$k_{z}^{q} = \int dx d^{2} k_{T} d^{2} b_{T} \left(b_{T} \times k_{T} \right)_{z}^{q} \rho^{[\gamma^{+}]}(b_{T}, k_{T}, x)$$

$$l_{z}^{q} = -\int dx d^{2} k_{T} \frac{k_{T}^{2}}{M^{2}} F_{1,}^{q}$$



Sum Rules for OAM

No framework <u>vet</u> for GTMD observables



Can we disentangle the Twist-3 GPDs from data?







$$\begin{split} \frac{d^5 \sigma_{DVCS}}{dx_{Bj} dQ^2 d|t| d\phi d\phi_S} &= \frac{\alpha^3}{16\pi^2 (s - M^2)^2 \sqrt{1 + \gamma^2}} |T_{DVCS}|^2 \\ &= \frac{\Gamma}{Q^2 (1 - \epsilon)} \left\{ \left[F_{UU,T} + \epsilon F_{UU,L} + \epsilon \cos 2\phi F_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi} + \sqrt{\epsilon(\epsilon + 1)} \left[\cos \phi F_{UU}^{\cos \phi} + \sin \phi F_{CU}^{\sin \phi} \right] \right. \\ &+ \sqrt{\epsilon(\epsilon + 1)} \left[\cos \phi F_{UU}^{\cos \phi} + \sin \phi F_{CU}^{\sin \phi} + (2h) \sqrt{2\epsilon(1 - \epsilon)} \cos \phi F_{LL}^{\phi\phi} \right] \\ &+ (2h) V_U + (2h) \sqrt{2\epsilon(1 - \epsilon)} \sin \phi F_{LU}^{\sin \phi} + \sqrt{\epsilon(\epsilon + 1)} \cos \phi F_{UL}^{\cos \phi} + \epsilon \sin 2\phi F_{UL}^{\sin 2\phi} \\ &+ (2h) \sqrt{1 - \epsilon^2} F_{LL} + 2(2h) \sqrt{\epsilon(1 - \epsilon)} \cos \phi F_{LL}^{\cos \phi} + 2(2h) \sqrt{\epsilon(1 - \epsilon)} \sin \phi F_L^{\sin \phi} \right] \\ &+ |\vec{S}_{\perp}| \left[\sin(\phi - \phi_S) \left(F_{UT,T}^{\sin(\phi - \phi_S)} + \epsilon F_{UT,L}^{\sin(\phi - \phi_S)} \right) \right] \\ &+ \sqrt{2\epsilon(1 + \epsilon)} \left(\sin \phi_S F_{UT}^{\sin \phi_S} + \sin(2\phi - \phi_S) F_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi - \phi_S)} \right) \\ &+ (2h) |\vec{S}_{\perp}| \left[\sqrt{1 - \epsilon^2} \cos(\phi - \phi_S) F_{LT}^{\cos(\phi - \phi_S)} + \sqrt{2\epsilon(1 - \epsilon)} \cos \phi_S F_{LT}^{\cos \phi_S} \\ &+ \sqrt{2\epsilon(1 - \epsilon)} \cos(2\phi - \phi_S) F_{LT}^{\cos(\phi - \phi_S)} \right] \bigg\} \end{split}$$

.

.

$$\begin{split} \frac{d^5 \sigma_{DVCS}}{dx_{Bj} dQ^2 d|t| d\phi d\phi_S} &= \frac{\alpha^3}{16\pi^2 (s - M^2)^2 \sqrt{1 + \gamma^2}} |T_{DVCS}|^2 \\ &= \frac{\Gamma}{Q^2 (1 - \epsilon)} \left\{ \left[F_{UU,T} + \epsilon F_{UU,L} + \epsilon \cos 2\phi F_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi} \right] \\ &+ \sqrt{\epsilon(\epsilon + 1)} \left[\cos \phi F_{UU}^{\cos \phi} + \sin \phi h_{SU}^{\sin \phi} \right] \\ &+ (2h) |\kappa_U + (2h) \sqrt{2\epsilon(1 - \epsilon)} \sin \phi F_{LU}^{\sin \phi} + (2h) \sqrt{2\epsilon(1 - \epsilon)} \cos \phi F_{CL}^{\phi \phi} \right] \\ &+ (2h) \left[F_{UL} + \sqrt{\epsilon(\epsilon + 1)} \sin \phi h_{SU}^{\sin \phi} + \sqrt{\epsilon(\epsilon + 1)} \cos \phi F_{UL}^{\cos \phi} + \epsilon \sin 2\phi F_{UL}^{\sin 2\phi} \right] \\ &+ (2h) \sqrt{1 - \epsilon^2} F_{LL}} + 2(2h) \sqrt{\epsilon(1 - \epsilon)} \cos \phi F_{LL}^{\cos \phi} + 2(2h) \sqrt{\epsilon(1 - \epsilon)} \sin \phi F_{LL}^{\sin \phi} \right] \\ &+ |\vec{S}_{\perp}| \left[\sin(\phi - \phi_S) \left[F_{UT,T}^{\sin(\phi - \phi_S)} + \epsilon F_{UT,L}^{\sin(\phi - \phi_S)} \right] \\ &+ \sqrt{2\epsilon(1 + \epsilon)} \left(\sin \phi_S F_{UT}^{\sin(\phi + \phi_S)} + \epsilon \sin(3\phi - \phi_S) F_{UT}^{\sin(2\phi - \phi_S)} \right) \right] \\ &+ (2h) |\vec{S}_{\perp}| \left[\sqrt{1 - \epsilon^2} \cos(\phi - \phi_S) F_{LT}^{\cos(\phi - \phi_S)} + \sqrt{2\epsilon(1 - \epsilon)} \cos \phi_S F_{LT}^{\cos \phi_S} \\ &+ \sqrt{2\epsilon(1 - \epsilon)} \cos(2\phi - \phi_S) F_{LT}^{\cos(2\phi - \phi_S)} \right] \right\} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{d^5\sigma_{DVCS}}{dx_{Bj}dQ^2d|t|d\phi d\phi_S} &= \frac{\alpha^3}{16\pi^2(s-M^2)^2\sqrt{1+\gamma^2}} \left| T_{DVCS} \right|^2 \\ &= \frac{\Gamma}{Q^2(1-\epsilon)} \left\{ \left| F_{UU,T} + \epsilon F_{UU,L} + \epsilon \cos 2\phi F_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi} \right| \right. \\ \left. + \sqrt{\epsilon(\epsilon+1)} \left[\cos \phi F_{UU}^{\cos \phi} + \sin \phi \phi_{U}^{\cos \phi} \right] \right. \\ \left. + \sqrt{\epsilon(\epsilon+1)} \left[\cos \phi F_{UU}^{\cos \phi} + \sin \phi \phi_{U}^{\sin \phi} \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left(2h \right) e_{SU} + (2h) \sqrt{2\epsilon(1-\epsilon)} \sin \phi F_{LU}^{\sin \phi} + (2h) \sqrt{2\epsilon(1-\epsilon)} \cos \phi F_{LL}^{\cos \phi} \right. \\ \left. + \left(2h \right) \sqrt{1-\epsilon^2} F_{LL} \right) + 2(2h) \sqrt{\epsilon(1-\epsilon)} \cos \phi F_{LL}^{\cos \phi} + \epsilon \sin 2\phi F_{UL}^{\sin \phi} \right] \\ \left. + \left| \vec{S}_{\perp} \right| \left[\sin(\phi-\phi_S) \left(F_{UT,T}^{\sin(\phi-\phi_S)} + \epsilon F_{UT,L}^{\sin(\phi-\phi_S)} \right) \right] \\ \left. + \left(2h \right) \left| \vec{S}_{\perp} \right| \left[\sqrt{1-\epsilon^2} \cos(\phi-\phi_S) F_{UT}^{\sin(\phi-\phi_S)} + \sin(3\phi-\phi_S) F_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi-\phi_S)} \right] \\ \left. + \left(2h \right) \left| \vec{S}_{\perp} \right| \left[\sqrt{1-\epsilon^2} \cos(\phi-\phi_S) F_{LT}^{\sin(\phi-\phi_S)} + \sqrt{2\epsilon(1-\epsilon)} \cos \phi_S F_{LT}^{\cos \phi} \right] \right\} \end{split}$$

.



S. Ahmad, G. R. Goldstein, S. Liuti, Phys. Rev. D79, 054014 (2009). Photon/Proton Helicity Amplitudes



$$g_{\lambda,\lambda'}^{\Lambda_{\gamma},\Lambda_{\gamma}'} = ie^{2}\overline{u}(k,\lambda')\gamma^{\mu}\gamma^{+}\gamma^{\nu}\left[\frac{\varepsilon_{\mu}^{*}(q,\Lambda_{\gamma}')\varepsilon_{\nu}(q,\Lambda_{\gamma})}{(k+q)^{2}+i\epsilon} + \frac{\varepsilon_{\nu}^{*}(q,\Lambda_{\gamma}')\varepsilon_{\mu}(q,\Lambda_{\gamma})}{(k-q)^{2}+i\epsilon}\right]u(k,\lambda)q^{-1}$$

$$\mu, \nu \in \{1, 2\}$$
 $\mu \in \{1, 2\}, \nu \in \{0, 3\}$

Jakob, Wick Annals Phys 7, 404 (1959)

Photon/Proton Structure Functions and Phase

Definition of a Helicity Amplitude
$$f_{\Lambda\Lambda'}^{\Lambda_{\gamma^*}\Lambda'_{\gamma}}(\theta,\phi) = e^{-i(\Lambda_{\gamma^*}-\Lambda-\Lambda'_{\gamma}+\Lambda')\phi} \tilde{f}_{\Lambda\Lambda'}^{\Lambda_{\gamma^*}\Lambda'_{\gamma}}(\theta),$$
$$e^{i(\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(1)}-\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(2)})\phi} F_{\Lambda\Lambda'}^{\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(1)}\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(2)}} = e^{i(\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(1)}-\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(2)})\phi} \sum_{\Lambda_{\gamma'}} \left(\tilde{f}_{\Lambda\Lambda'}^{\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(1)}\Lambda'_{\gamma}}\right)^* \tilde{f}_{\Lambda\Lambda'}^{\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(2)}\Lambda'_{\gamma}} = \sum_{\Lambda_{\gamma'}} \left(f_{\Lambda\Lambda'}^{\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(1)}\Lambda'_{\gamma}}\right)^* f_{\Lambda\Lambda'}^{\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(2)}\Lambda'_{\gamma}}$$
Enter the observables in your cross section.

$$e^{i(\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(1)} - \Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(2)} - 2\Lambda)\phi} F_{T,\Lambda\Lambda'}^{\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(1)}\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(2)}} = \sum_{\Lambda_{\gamma'}} \left(f_{\Lambda\Lambda'}^{\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(1)}\Lambda_{\gamma}'} \right)^* f_{-\Lambda\Lambda'}^{\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(2)}\Lambda_{\gamma}'} = e^{i(\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(1)} - \Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(2)} - 2\Lambda)\phi} \sum_{\Lambda_{\gamma'}} \left(\tilde{f}_{\Lambda\Lambda'}^{\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(1)}\Lambda_{\gamma}'} \right)^* \tilde{f}_{-\Lambda\Lambda'}^{\Lambda_{\gamma^*}^{(2)}\Lambda_{\gamma}'}$$

Helicity Decomposition of DVCS Observables

$$\begin{split} \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\epsilon(1+\epsilon)} \sum_{\Lambda_{\gamma}',\Lambda'} \left[-\left(f_{\Lambda,\Lambda'}^{1,\Lambda_{\gamma}'}\right)^* f_{\Lambda,\Lambda'}^{0,\Lambda_{\gamma}'} - \left(f_{\Lambda,\Lambda'}^{0,\Lambda_{\gamma}'}\right)^* f_{\Lambda,\Lambda'}^{1,\Lambda_{\gamma}'} + \left(f_{\Lambda,\Lambda'}^{-1,\Lambda_{\gamma}'}\right)^* f_{\Lambda,\Lambda'}^{0,\Lambda_{\gamma}'} + \left(f_{\Lambda,\Lambda'}^{0,\Lambda_{\gamma}'}\right)^* f_{\Lambda,\Lambda'}^{-1,\Lambda_{\gamma}'} \right] \\ &= \left(e^{i\phi} + e^{-i\phi}\right) \Re e \left(-\tilde{F}_{\Lambda+}^{01} - \tilde{F}_{\Lambda-}^{01} + \tilde{F}_{\Lambda+}^{0-1} + \tilde{F}_{\Lambda-}^{0-1}\right) + i \left(e^{i\phi} - e^{-i\phi}\right) \Im m \left(\tilde{F}_{\Lambda+}^{01} + \tilde{F}_{\Lambda+}^{01} + \tilde{F}_{\Lambda+}^{0-1} + \tilde{F}_{\Lambda-}^{0-1}\right) \\ &= 2\cos\phi \Re e \left(-\tilde{F}_{\Lambda+}^{01} - \tilde{F}_{\Lambda-}^{01} + \tilde{F}_{\Lambda-}^{0-1} + \tilde{F}_{\Lambda-}^{0-1}\right) + 2\sin\phi \Im m \left(\tilde{F}_{\Lambda+}^{01} + \tilde{F}_{\Lambda+}^{0-1} + \tilde{F}_{\Lambda-}^{0-1}\right) \\ &\sigma_{UU} = \sigma_{++} + \sigma_{--} \\ &F_{UU}^{\cos\phi} = -2 \Re e \left(F_{++}^{01} + F_{+-}^{01} + F_{-+}^{01} + F_{--}^{01}\right) \\ &F_{UU}^{\sin\phi} = 0 \end{split}$$

Twist-2 Observables

$$\begin{split} F_{UU,T} &= 4 \Big[(1 - \xi^2) \left(\mid \mathcal{H} \mid^2 + \mid \tilde{\mathcal{H}} \mid^2 \right) + \frac{t_o - t}{2M^2} \left(\mid \mathcal{E} \mid^2 + \xi^2 \mid \tilde{\mathcal{E}} \mid^2 \right) - \frac{2\xi^2}{1 - \xi^2} \operatorname{\Ree} \left(\mathcal{H}\mathcal{E} + \tilde{\mathcal{H}}\tilde{\mathcal{E}} \right) \Big] \\ F_{LL} &= 2 \left[2(1 - \xi^2) \mid \mathcal{H} \, \tilde{\mathcal{H}} \mid + 4\xi \, \frac{t_o - t}{2M^2} \mid \mathcal{E}\tilde{\mathcal{E}} \mid + \frac{2\xi^2}{1 - \xi^2} \operatorname{\Ree} \left(\mathcal{H}\tilde{\mathcal{E}} + \tilde{\mathcal{H}}\mathcal{E} \right) \Big] \\ F_{UT,T}^{\sin(\phi - \phi_S)} &= -\frac{\sqrt{t_0 - t}}{2M} \left[\operatorname{\Ree} \left(\tilde{\mathcal{H}} - \frac{\xi^2}{1 - \xi^2} \tilde{\mathcal{E}} \right) \operatorname{\Imm}\mathcal{E} - \xi \operatorname{\Ree} \left(\mathcal{H} - \frac{\xi^2}{1 - \xi^2} \mathcal{E} \right) \operatorname{\Imm}\tilde{\mathcal{E}} \\ &- \operatorname{\Imm} \left(\tilde{\mathcal{H}} - \frac{\xi^2}{1 - \xi^2} \tilde{\mathcal{E}} \right) \operatorname{\Ree}\mathcal{E} + \xi \operatorname{\Imm} \left(\mathcal{H} - \frac{\xi^2}{1 - \xi^2} \mathcal{E} \right) \operatorname{\Ree}\tilde{\mathcal{E}} \right] \end{split}$$

GPD	Phase	Helicity Composition
Н	1	
$\Delta_T E$	$e^{i\phi}$	
\widetilde{H}	1	
$\xi \Delta_T \widetilde{E}$	$e^{i\phi}$	

Twist-3 Observables

What are these linear combinations of GPDs?

$$\begin{aligned} F_{LU}^{\sin\phi} &= -2\left(1-\xi^2\right)\Im\left[\left(2\widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T}+\mathcal{E}_{2T}+2\widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T}'+\mathcal{E}_{2T}'\right)\left(\mathcal{H}-\frac{\xi^2}{1-\xi^2}\mathcal{E}\right)\right.\\ &\quad -2\xi\left(\widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T}+\widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T}'\right)\left(\widetilde{\mathcal{H}}-\frac{\xi^2}{1-\xi^2}\widetilde{\mathcal{E}}\right)+\frac{t_0-t}{16M^2}\left(\widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T}+\widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T}'\right)\left(\mathcal{E}+\xi\widetilde{\mathcal{E}}\right)\right.\\ &\quad +\left[\left(\mathcal{H}_{2T}+\mathcal{H}_{2T}'+\frac{t_0-t}{4M^2}\left(\widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T}+\widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T}'\right)+\frac{\xi}{1-\xi^2}\left(\widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T}+\widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T}'\right)\right.\\ &\quad -\frac{\xi^2}{1-\xi^2}\left(\mathcal{E}_{2T}+\mathcal{E}_{2T}'\right)\right)\left(\mathcal{E}-\xi\widetilde{\mathcal{E}}\right)\right]\end{aligned}$$

R. L. Jaffe [hep-ph/9602236]

Good / Bad Components Definition

$$\begin{aligned} P^{\pm} &= \frac{1}{2} \gamma^{\mp} \gamma^{\pm} \quad \psi_{+} = \phi \\ \psi_{\pm} &= P^{\pm} \psi \quad \psi_{-} = \chi \\ A^{+} &= 0 \end{aligned} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} i \not D - m \end{pmatrix} \psi = 0 \qquad D_{\pm} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^{\pm}} - igA^{\mp} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P^{-} \Big(i \not \!\!\!D - m \Big) \psi &= 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} \gamma^{+} \gamma^{-} \Big(i \gamma^{+} D_{+} + i \gamma^{-} D_{-} + i \gamma^{\perp} \cdot D_{\perp} - m \Big) \psi &= 0 \\ \Big(i \gamma^{+} P^{+} D_{+} + i P^{-} \gamma^{\perp} \cdot D_{\perp} - m P^{-} \Big) \psi &= 0 \\ i \gamma^{+} D_{+} \phi &= \Big(-i \gamma^{\perp} \cdot D_{\perp} + m \Big) \chi \end{aligned}$$

Dynamically Independent Fields Good Components



Dynamically Dependent Fields Bad Components 18



Tangerman (1996) *Higher-twist correlations in polarized hadrons*

$$\begin{aligned} \mathsf{OAM} \quad & \left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}} \frac{\Delta_+}{P^+} \left(\tilde{E}_{2T} - \xi E_{2T} \right) e^{i\phi} \right\} = W_{++}^{\gamma^1} + iW_{++}^{\gamma^2} - W_{--}^{\gamma^1} - iW_{--}^{\gamma^2} \\ & \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}} \frac{\Delta_+}{P^+} \left(E_{2T} - \xi \tilde{E}_{2T} + 2\tilde{H}_{2T} \right) e^{i\phi} = W_{++}^{\gamma^1} + iW_{++}^{\gamma^2} + W_{--}^{\gamma^1} + iW_{--}^{\gamma^2} \\ & \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}} \frac{\Delta_+^2}{MP^+} 2\tilde{H}_{2T} = \left(W_{-+}^{\gamma^1} - iW_{-+}^{\gamma^2} \right) e^{2i\phi} - \left(W_{+-}^{\gamma^1} + iW_{+-}^{\gamma^2} \right) e^{-2i\phi} \\ & \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}} \frac{4M}{P^+} \left(\tilde{E}_{2T} - \xi E_{2T} - (1-\xi^2) H_{2T} - \frac{\Delta_+^2}{4M^2} \tilde{H}_{2T} \right) = W_{+-}^{\gamma^1} - iW_{+-}^{\gamma^2} - W_{-+}^{\gamma^1} - iW_{-+}^{\gamma^2} \end{aligned}$$

_

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}}\frac{\Delta_{\perp}}{P^+} \Big(\widetilde{E}'_{2T} - \xi E'_{2T}\Big)e^{i\phi} = W^{\gamma^1\gamma_5}_{++} + iW^{\gamma^2\gamma_5}_{++} - W^{\gamma^1\gamma_5}_{--} - iW^{\gamma^2\gamma_5}_{--}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Spin-Orbit} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}} \frac{\Delta_{\perp}}{P^+} \Big(E'_{2T} - \xi \widetilde{E}'_{2T} + 2\widetilde{H}'_{2T} \Big) e^{i\phi} \\ - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}} \frac{\Delta_{\perp}^2}{MP^+} 2\widetilde{H}'_{2T} = \Big(W^{\gamma^1\gamma_5}_{+-} + iW^{\gamma^2\gamma_5}_{+-} \Big) e^{-2i\phi} + \Big(W^{\gamma^1\gamma_5}_{-+} - iW^{\gamma^2\gamma_5}_{-+} \Big) e^{2i\phi} \\ 1 \quad \frac{4M}{\sqrt{\tau'}} \Big(\widetilde{\tau}'_{--} + \xi \widetilde{\Gamma}'_{--} + (1-\xi^2) H'_{--} + \frac{\Delta_{\perp}^2}{MP^+} \widetilde{\tau}'_{--} \Big) e^{-2i\phi} + U^{\gamma^1\gamma_5}_{-+-} = U^{\gamma^2\gamma_5}_{-+-} + U^{\gamma^1\gamma_5}_{-+--} + U^{\gamma^2\gamma_5}_{-+---} \Big) e^{2i\phi} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}} \frac{4W}{P^+} \Big(\tilde{E}_{2T}' - \xi E_{2T}' + (1-\xi^2) H_{2T}' + \frac{\Delta_T}{4M^2} \tilde{H}_{2T}' \Big) = W_{+-}^{\gamma^1 \gamma_5} - i W_{+-}^{\gamma^2 \gamma_5} + W_{-+}^{\gamma^1 \gamma_5} + i W_{-+}^{\gamma^2 \gamma$$

Twist-4 Observables

$$F_{UU,L} = \frac{1}{(P^+)^2} \left[2 \left| \widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T}' - \widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T} \right|^2 + \frac{(1+\xi)^2}{4} \left| \mathcal{E}_{2T}' - \mathcal{E}_{2T} + \widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T} - \widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T}' \right|^2 + \frac{(1-\xi)^2}{4} \left| \mathcal{E}_{2T}' - \mathcal{E}_{2T} - \widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T} - \widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T} + \widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T}' \right|^2 + (1+\xi) \Re e \left(\widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T}' - \widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T} \right) \left(\mathcal{E}_{2T}' - \mathcal{E}_{2T} \right) + (1+\xi) \Im m \left(\widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T}' - \widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T} \right) \left(\mathcal{E}_{2T}' - \mathcal{E}_{2T} \right) \right]$$

The Twist-4 observables are constructed from Twist-3 GPDs. This is because the DVCS process cannot access the Twist-4 sector of the hadronic tensor.

DVCS/BH Interference





$$\begin{split} F_{UU}^{\cos\phi} &= -2\left(1-\xi^2\right) \Re e\left[\left(2\widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T} + \mathcal{E}_{2T} - 2\widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T}' - \mathcal{E}_{2T}' \right) \left(\mathcal{H} - \frac{\xi^2}{1-\xi^2} \mathcal{E} \right) \right] \\ &+ \left(2\xi \left(\widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T} - \widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T}' \right) \left(\widetilde{\mathcal{H}} - \frac{\xi^2}{1-\xi^2} \widetilde{\mathcal{E}} \right) \right] + \frac{t_0 - t}{16M^2} \left(\widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T} - \widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T}' \right) \left(\mathcal{E} + \xi \widetilde{\mathcal{E}} \right) \\ &+ \left(\mathcal{H}_{2T} - \mathcal{H}_{2T}' + \frac{t_0 - t}{4M^2} \left(\widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T} - \widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T}' \right) + \frac{\xi}{1-\xi^2} \left(\widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T} - \widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T}' \right) \\ &- \frac{\xi^2}{1-\xi^2} \left(\mathcal{E}_{2T} - \mathcal{E}_{2T}' \right) \right) \left(\mathcal{E} - \xi \widetilde{\mathcal{E}} \right) \right] \\ &- 2\xi \left(\widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T} + \mathcal{E}_{2T}' \right) \left(\mathcal{H} - \frac{\xi^2}{1-\xi^2} \mathcal{E} \right) \\ &\left[- 2\xi \left(\widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T} + \widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T}' \right) \left(\widetilde{\mathcal{H}} - \frac{\xi^2}{1-\xi^2} \widetilde{\mathcal{E}} \right) \right] + \frac{t_0 - t}{16M^2} \left(\widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T} + \widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T}' \right) \left(\mathcal{E} + \xi \widetilde{\mathcal{E}} \right) \\ &+ \left(\mathcal{H}_{2T} + \mathcal{H}_{2T}' + \frac{t_0 - t}{4M^2} \left(\widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T} + \widetilde{\mathcal{H}}_{2T}' \right) + \frac{\xi}{1-\xi^2} \left(\widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T} + \widetilde{\mathcal{E}}_{2T}' \right) \\ &- \frac{\xi^2}{1-\xi^2} \left(\mathcal{E}_{2T} + \mathcal{E}_{2T}' \right) \right) \left(\mathcal{E} - \xi \widetilde{\mathcal{E}} \right) \right] \end{split}$$

TCS

DVCS



Summary

- We see that DVCS *alone* cannot isolate the Twist-3 GPD connected to OAM.
- More observables through DVCS/BH Interference
- Can isolate Twist-3 GPDs of the vector and axial vector sector through observables of DVCS combined with TCS.
- DDVCS, processes to isolate GTMDs, so much more work to do ...

Backup Slides

GPCF / GTMD / GPDs

$$\begin{split} \text{GPCFs} \qquad W_{\Lambda,\Lambda'}^{\Gamma} &= \int \frac{d^4z}{(2\pi)^4} e^{ik \cdot z} \Big\langle P + \frac{\Delta}{2} \Big| \overline{\psi}(-\frac{z}{2}) \Gamma \mathcal{U}(-\frac{z}{2}, \frac{z}{2}) \psi(\frac{z}{2}) \Big| P - \frac{\Delta}{2} \Big\rangle \\ & \int dk^{-1} \\ & \int d^2 k_{\perp} \\ & \int d^2 k_{\perp} \\ & W_{\Lambda,\Lambda'}^{\Gamma} &= \int \frac{dz^{-} d^2 z_{\perp}}{(2\pi)^3} e^{ik \cdot z} \Big\langle P + \frac{\Delta}{2} \Big| \overline{\psi}(-\frac{z}{2}) \Gamma \mathcal{U}(-\frac{z}{2}, \frac{z}{2}) \psi(\frac{z}{2}) \Big| P - \frac{\Delta}{2} \Big\rangle \Big|_{z^+=0} \\ & \text{GTMDs} \\ & W_{\Lambda,\Lambda'}^{\Gamma} &= \int \frac{dz^{-}}{2\pi} e^{ixP^+z^-} \Big\langle P + \frac{\Delta}{2} \Big| \overline{\psi}(-\frac{z}{2}) \Gamma \mathcal{U}(-\frac{z}{2}, \frac{z}{2}) \psi(\frac{z}{2}) \Big| P - \frac{\Delta}{2} \Big\rangle \\ & \text{GPDs} \end{split}$$

Operator Twist vs. Kinematical Twist



$$\begin{split} W_{\Lambda'\Lambda}^{\gamma^+} &= \frac{1}{2P^+} \overline{U}(p',\Lambda') \left[\gamma^+ H + \frac{i\sigma^{+\Delta}}{2M} E \right] U(p,\Lambda) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}} \left[H(1-\xi^2) - \xi^2 E \right] \delta_{\Lambda,\Lambda'} + \frac{\Lambda}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}} \frac{\Delta^1 + i\Lambda\Delta^2}{2M} E \,\delta_{\Lambda,-\Lambda'} \\ W_{\Lambda'\Lambda}^{\gamma^+\gamma^5} &= \frac{1}{2P^+} \overline{U}(p',\Lambda') \left[\gamma^+\gamma^5 \widetilde{H} + \frac{\Delta^+\gamma^5}{2M} \widetilde{E} \right] U(p,\Lambda) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}} \left[\Lambda \widetilde{H}(1-\xi^2) - \Lambda\xi^2 \widetilde{E} \right] \delta_{\Lambda,\Lambda'} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\xi^2}} \frac{\Delta^1 + i\Lambda\Delta^2}{2M} \xi \widetilde{E} \,\delta_{\Lambda,-\Lambda'} \end{split}$$

$$W_{\Lambda'\Lambda}^{\gamma^{i}} = \frac{M}{2(P^{+})^{2}}\overline{U}(p',\Lambda') \left[i\sigma^{+i}H_{2T} + \frac{\gamma^{+}\Delta^{i} - \Delta^{+}\gamma^{i}}{2M}E_{2T} + \frac{P^{+}\Delta^{i}}{M^{2}}\widetilde{H}_{2T} - \frac{P^{+}\gamma^{i}}{M}\widetilde{E}_{2T} \right] U(p,\Lambda)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\xi^{2}}} \left[\frac{\Delta^{i}}{2P^{+}} \left(E_{2T} - \xi\widetilde{E}_{2T} \right) + \frac{i\Lambda\epsilon^{ij}\Delta^{j}}{2P^{+}} \left(\widetilde{E}_{2T} - \xi E_{2T} \right) + \frac{\Delta^{i}}{P^{+}}\widetilde{H}_{2T} \right] \delta_{\Lambda,\Lambda'}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\xi^{2}}} \left[\frac{-M(\Lambda\delta_{i1} + i\delta_{i2})}{P^{+}} \left((1-\xi^{2})H_{2T} + \xi\widetilde{E}_{2T} - \xi^{2}E_{2T} \right) - \Lambda \frac{\Delta^{i}(\Delta^{1} + i\Lambda\Delta^{2})}{2MP^{+}}\widetilde{H}_{2T} \right] \delta_{\Lambda,-\Lambda'}$$
(53)

$$\begin{split} W_{\Lambda'\Lambda}^{\gamma^{i}\gamma^{5}} &= \frac{i\epsilon^{ij}M}{2(P^{+})^{2}}\overline{U}(p',\Lambda') \left[i\sigma^{+j}H_{2T}' + \frac{\gamma^{+}\Delta^{j} - \Delta^{+}\gamma^{j}}{2M}E_{2T}' + \frac{P^{+}\Delta^{j}}{M^{2}}\widetilde{H}_{2T}' - \frac{P^{+}\gamma^{j}}{M}\widetilde{E}_{2T}' \right] U(p,\Lambda) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\xi^{2}}} \left[\frac{i\epsilon^{ij}\Delta^{j}}{2P^{+}} \left(E_{2T}' - \xi\widetilde{E}_{2T}' \right) + \frac{i\epsilon^{ij}\Delta^{j}}{P^{+}}\widetilde{H}_{2T}' - \frac{\Lambda\Delta^{i}}{2P^{+}} \left(\widetilde{E}_{2T}' - \xi E_{2T}' \right) \right] \delta_{\Lambda,\Lambda'} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\xi^{2}}} \left[\frac{M(\delta_{i1} + i\Lambda\delta_{i2})}{P^{+}} \left((1-\xi^{2})H_{2T}' + \xi\widetilde{E}_{2T}' - \xi^{2}E_{2T}' \right) - \Lambda \frac{i\epsilon^{ij}\Delta^{j}(\Delta^{1} + i\Lambda\Delta^{2})}{2MP^{+}}\widetilde{H}_{2T}' \right] \delta_{\Lambda,-\Lambda'} \end{split}$$

