

# EMC & SRC: New Results from EIC Phase-0

Or Hen - MIT



Hen Lab

Laboratory for Nuclear  
Science @ 

Probing Nucleons and Nuclei in High  
Energy Collisions, INT, Oct. 29<sup>th</sup> 2018.

# Scale Separation and Confinement

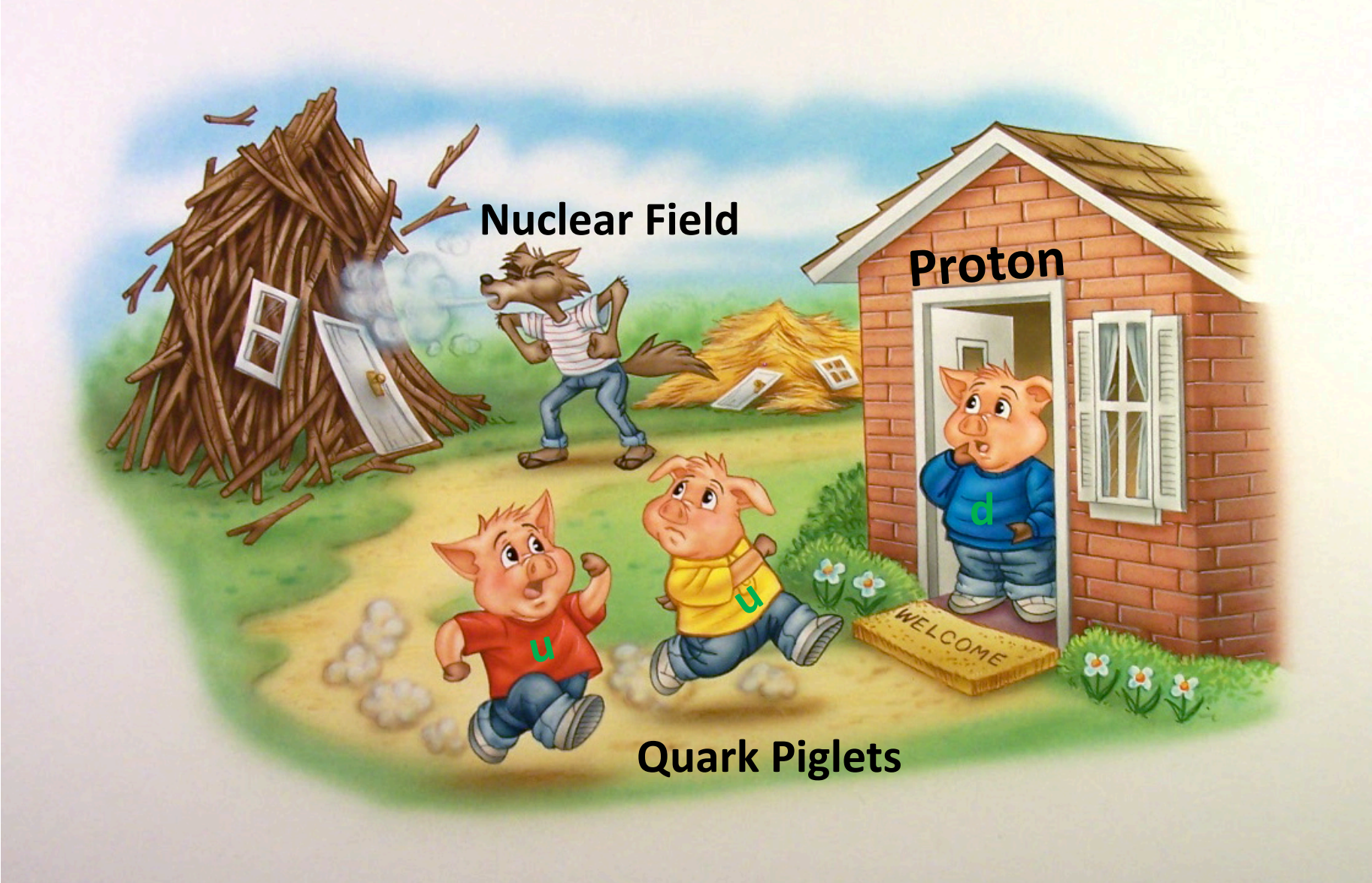


**Weak binding**

**Strong binding**

**External Field**





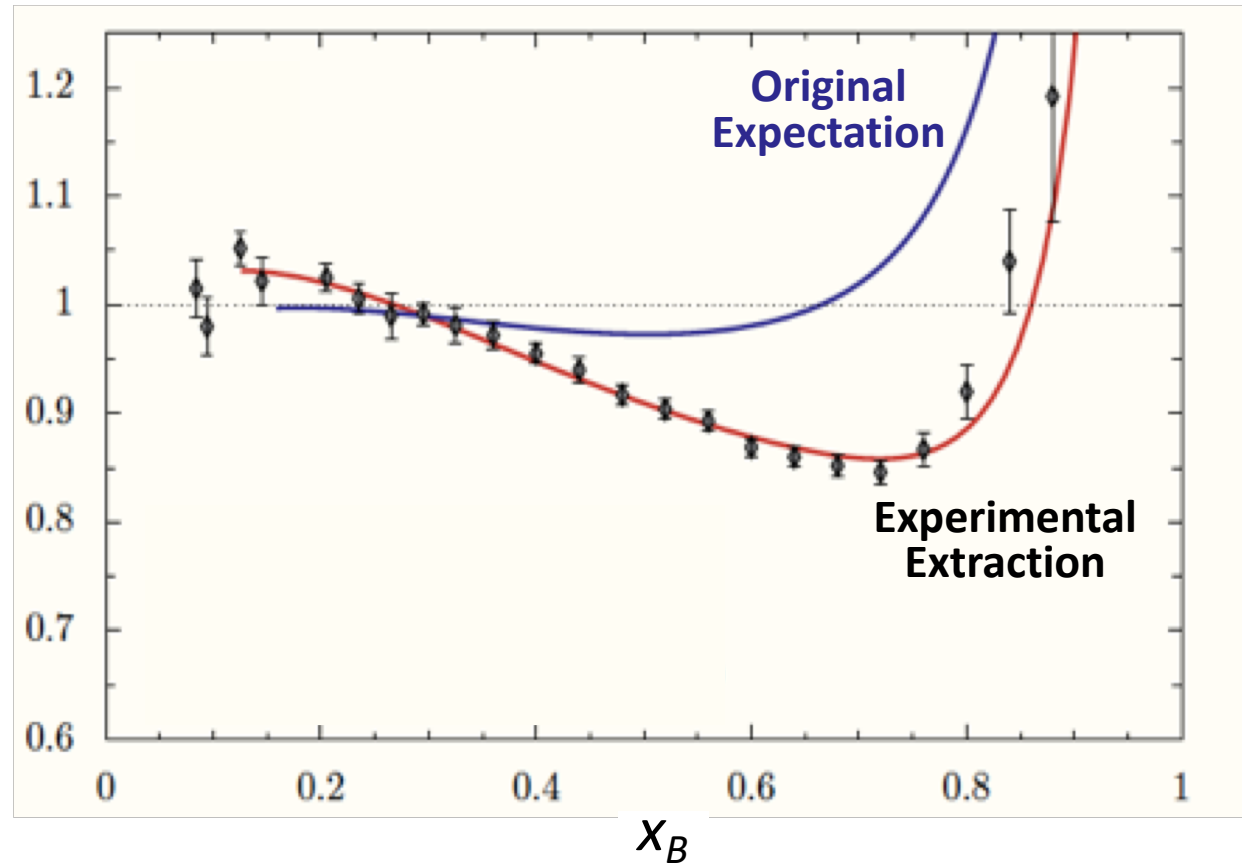
**Nuclear Field**

**Proton**

**Quark Piglets**

# EMC Effect:

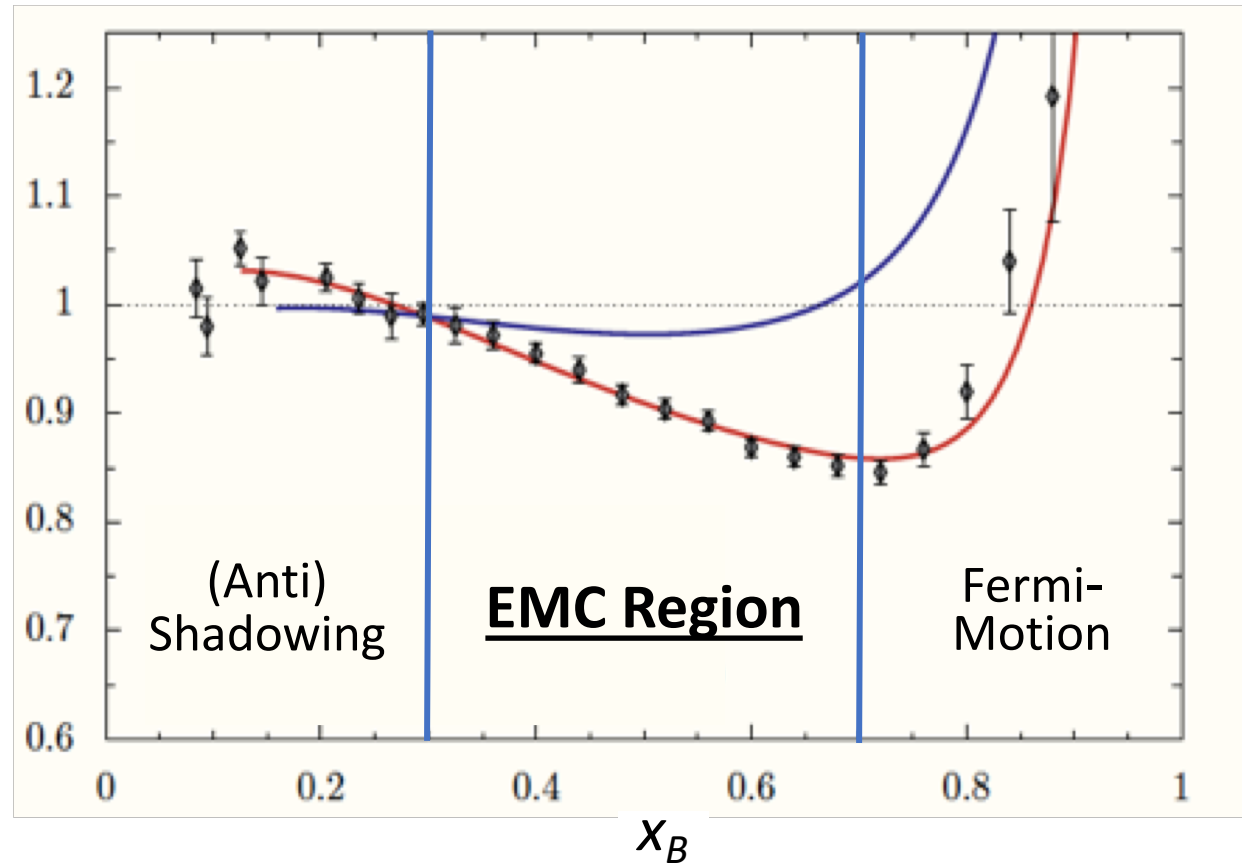
Iron / Deuterium  
Structure Function



Aubert et al., PLB (1983); Ashman et al., PLB (1988); Arneodo et al., PLB (1988); Allasia et al., PLB (1990); Gomez et al., PRD (1994); Seely et al., PRL (2009); Schmookler et al., Submitted (2018)

# EMC Effect:

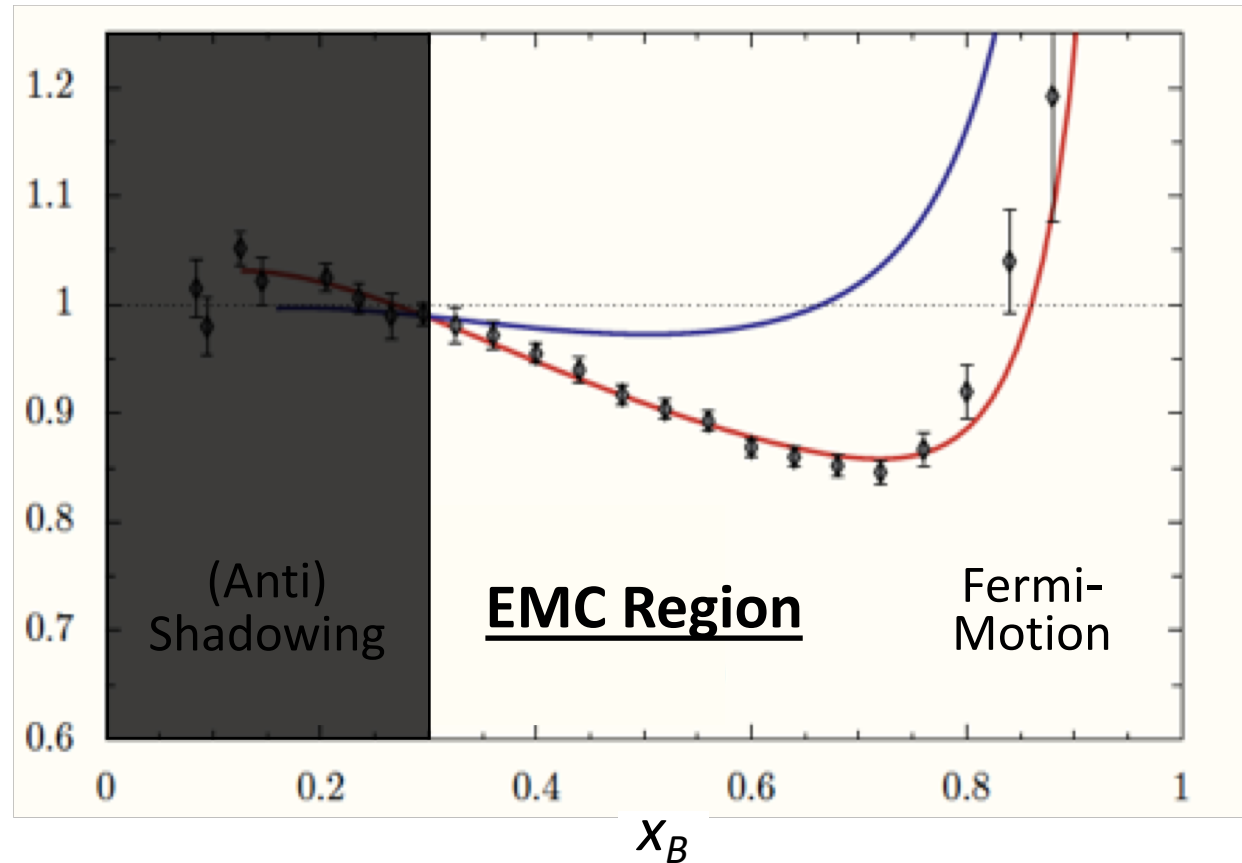
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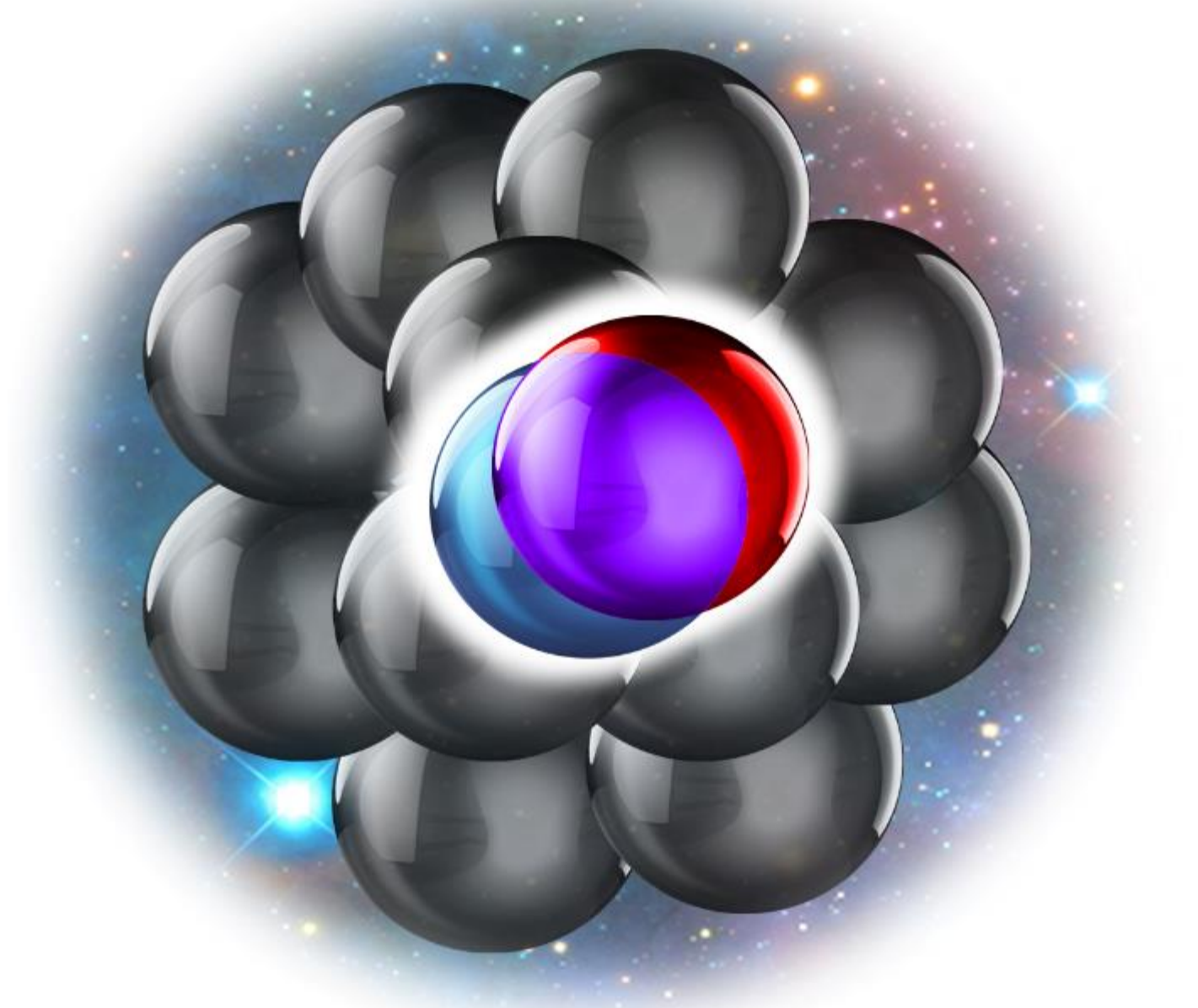
# EMC Effect:

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Aubert et al., PLB (1983); Ashman et al., PLB (1988); Arneodo et al., PLB (1988); Allasia et al., PLB (1990); Gomez et al., PRD (1994); Seely et al., PRL (2009); Schmookler et al., Submitted (2018)

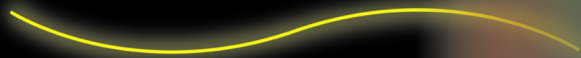
# Short-Range Correlations (SRC)



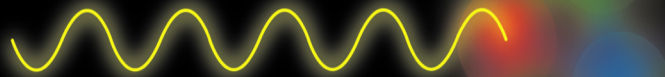


# Today: Short-Ranged Interactions Across Resolutions

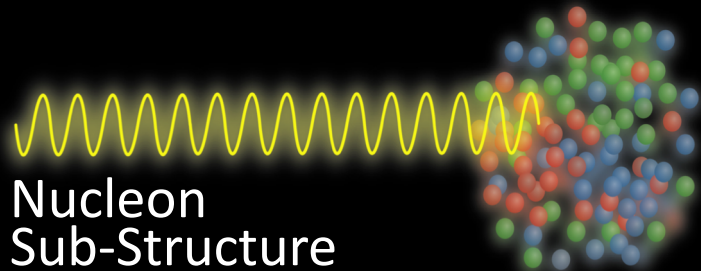
Many-Body System



NN Interaction



Nucleon  
Sub-Structure



## (1) New SRC & EMC data.

- Nature 560, 617 (2018)
  - PRL 121, 09201 (2018)
  - arXiv: 1810.05343 (2018)
- + 3 not on arXiv



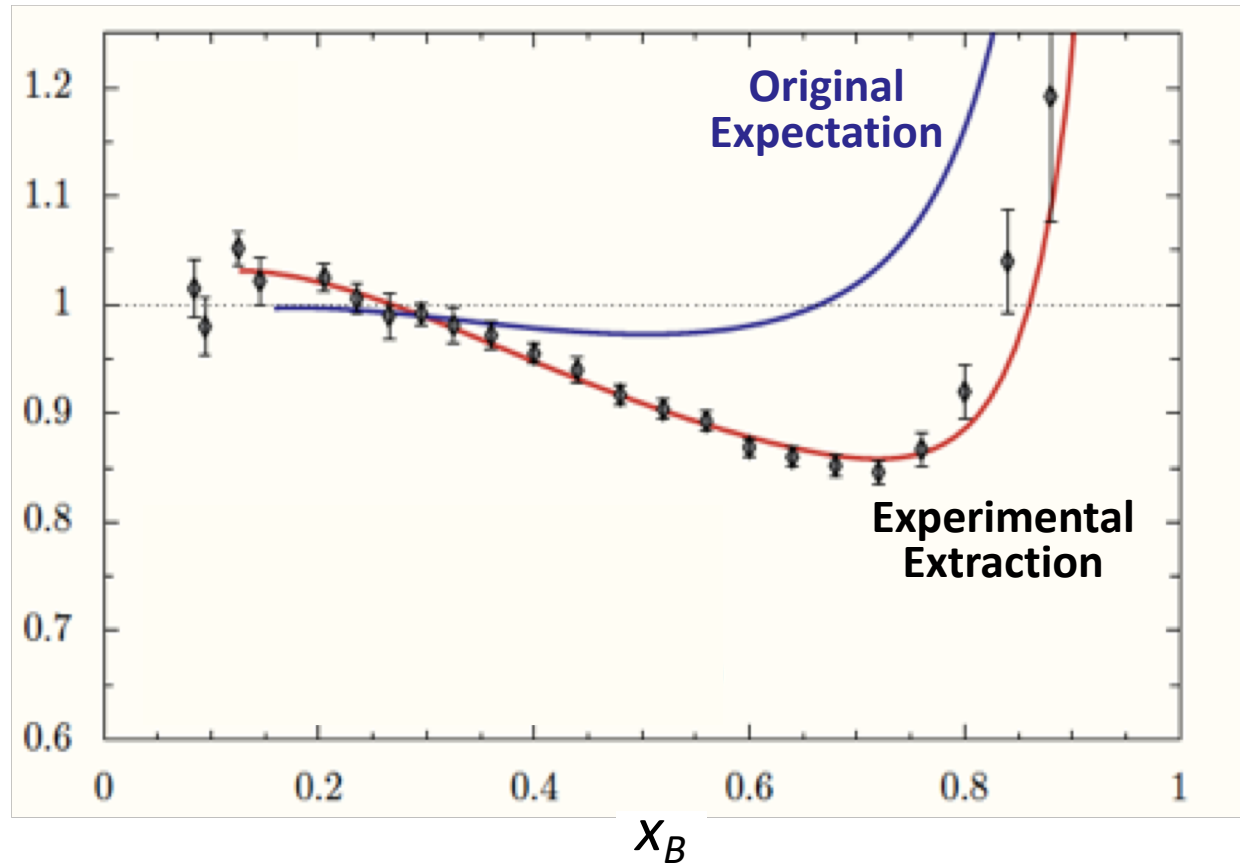
(1) New SRC & EMC data.

(2) SRC as a new bridge  
between nuclear-  
structure and quark-  
gluon dynamics.



# EMC Effect:

Iron / Deuterium  
Structure Function



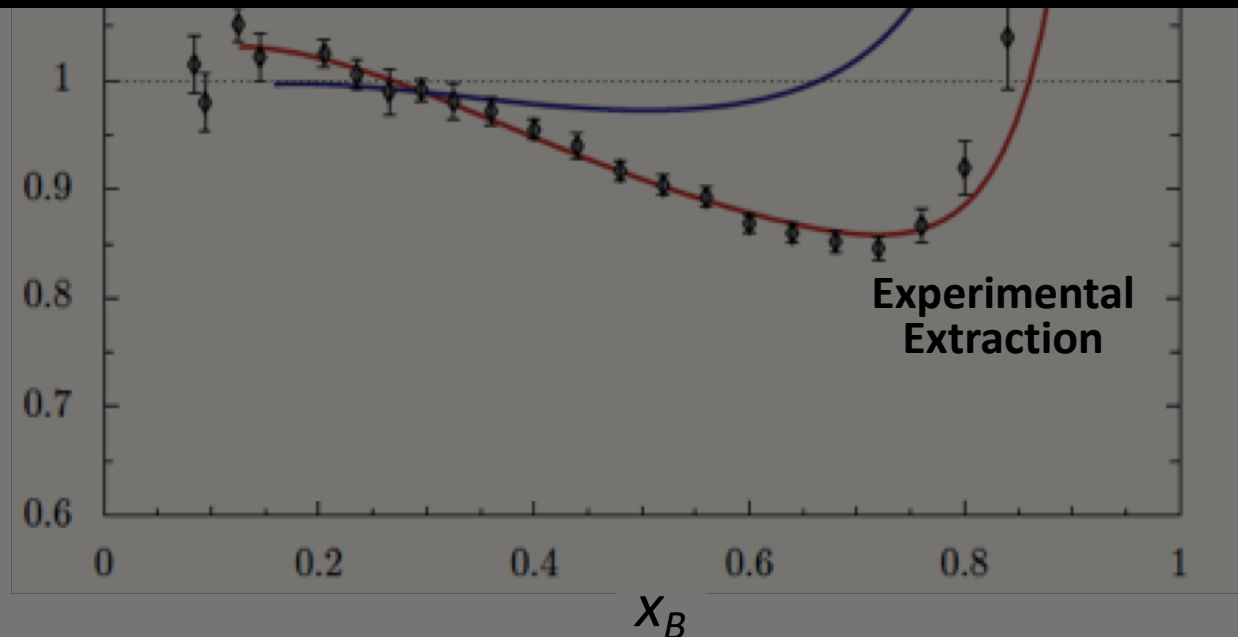
Aubert et al., PLB ([1983](#)); Ashman et al., PLB (1988); Arneodo et al., PLB (1988); Allasia et al., PLB (1990); Gomez et al., PRD (1994); Seely et al., PRL (2009); Schmookler et al., Submitted ([2018](#))

# EMC Effect:

35 years after discovery:

>1000 papers; No consensus on underlying cause

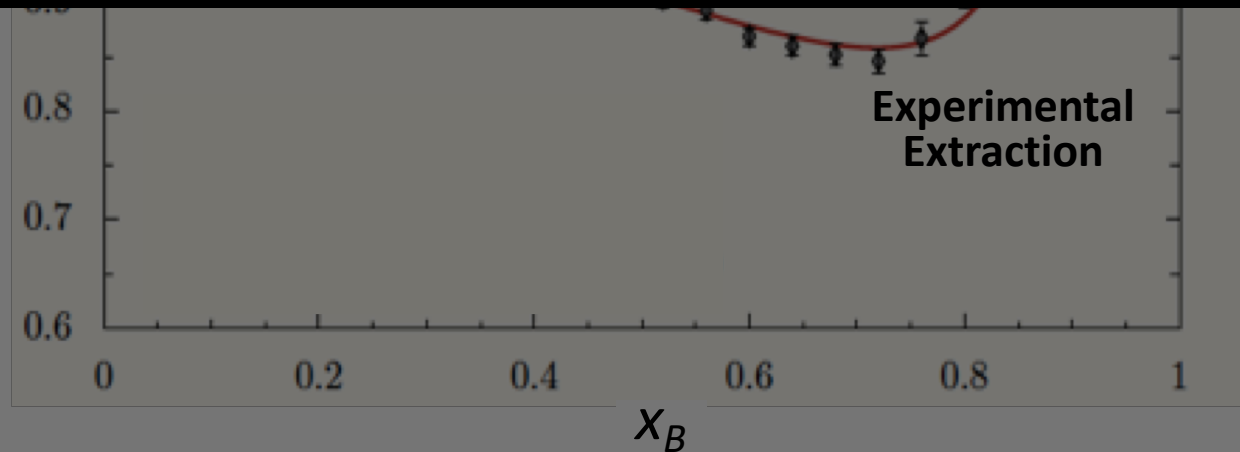
Iron / Deuterium  
Structure Function



Aubert et al., PLB ([1983](#)); Ashman et al., PLB (1988); Arneodo et al., PLB (1988); Allasia et al., PLB (1990); Gomez et al., PRD (1994); Seely et al., PRL (2009); Schmookler et al., Submitted ([2018](#))

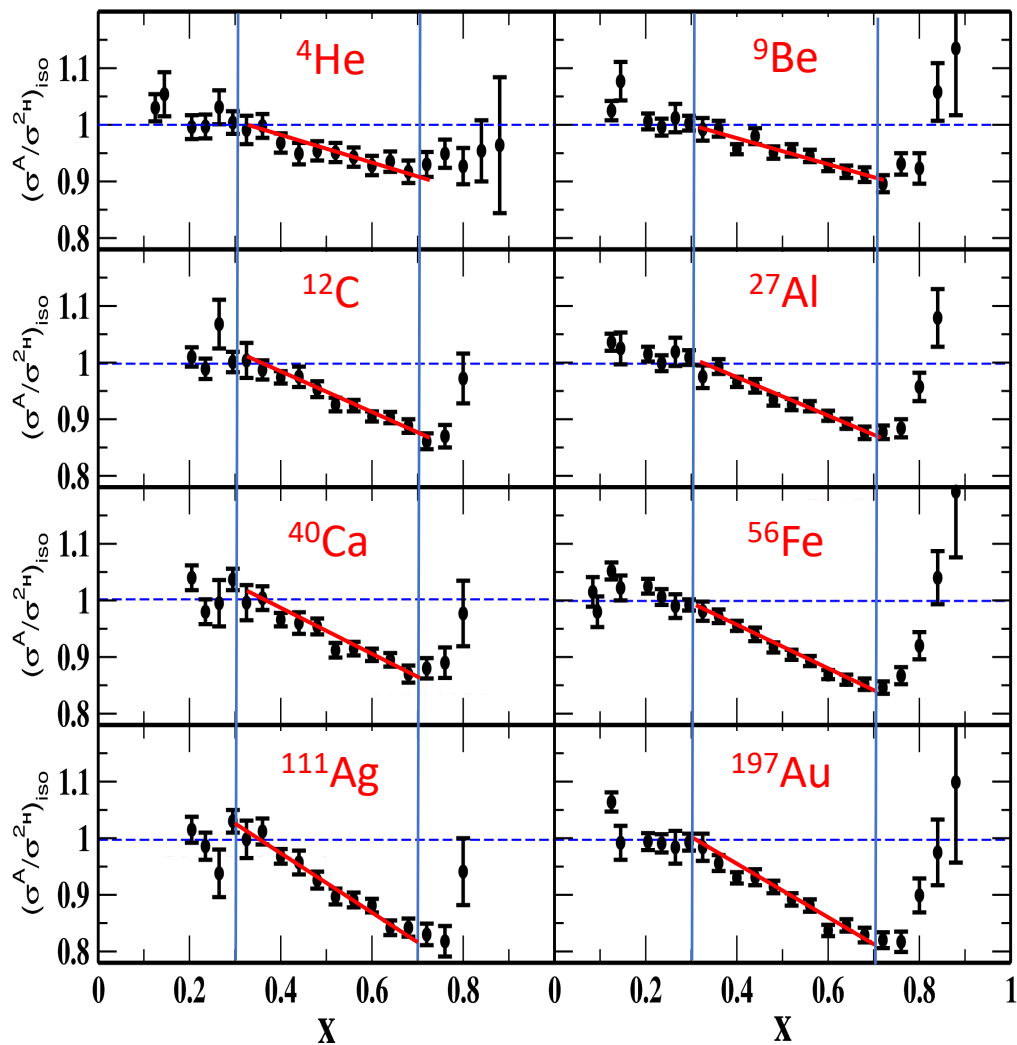
# EMC Effect:

**35 years after discovery:  
>1000 papers; No consensus on underlying cause  
But... Lots of data!**



Aubert et al., PLB ([1983](#)); Ashman et al., PLB (1988); Arneodo et al., PLB (1988); Allasia et al., PLB (1990); Gomez et al., PRD (1994); Seely et al., PRL (2009); Schmookler et al., Submitted ([2018](#))

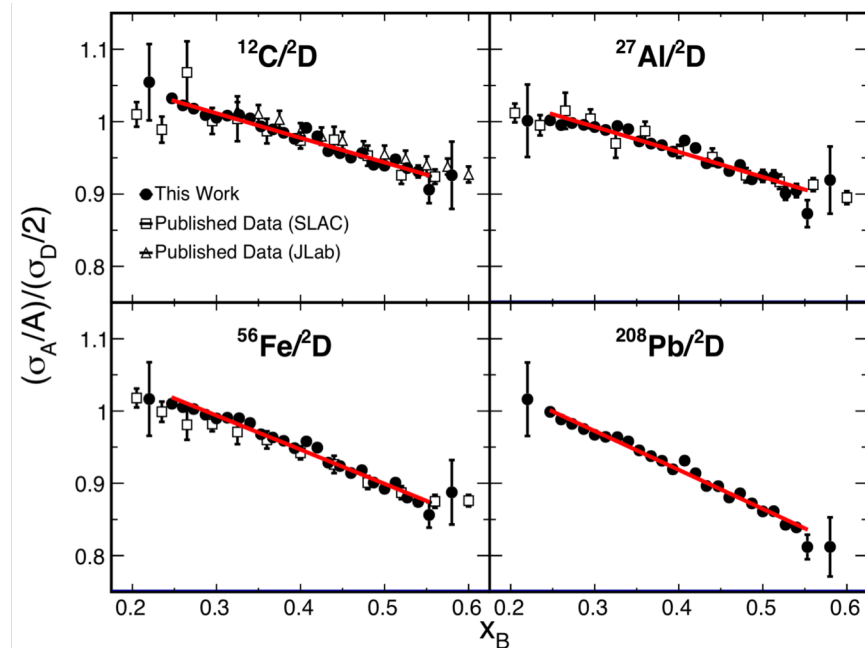
# EMC Data



Gomez PRD (1994)

SLAC (1994)

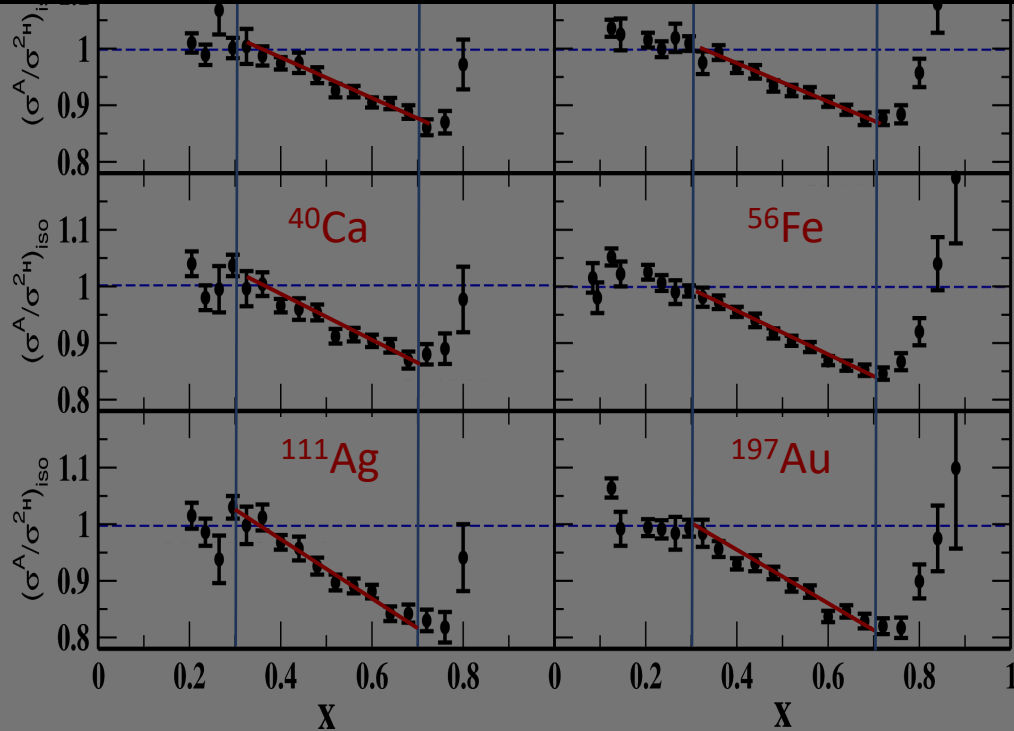
## JLab (2018)



Schmookler, submitted (2018)

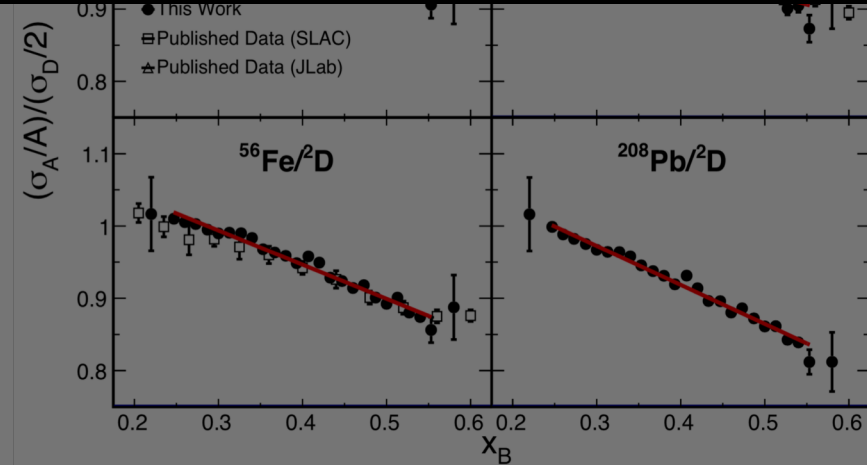
# EMC Data

## Effect drive by nuclear structure & dynamics



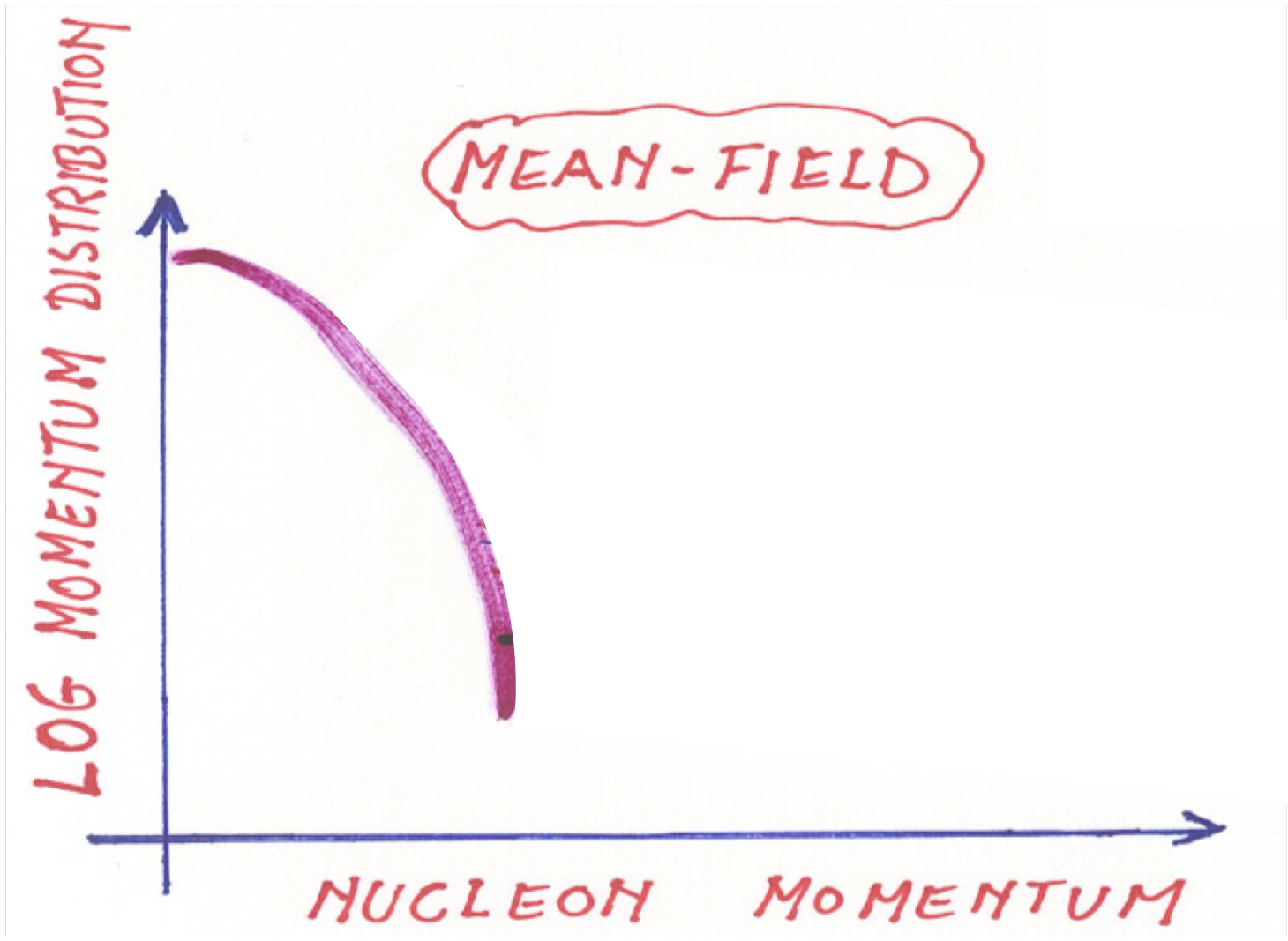
Gomez PRD (1994)

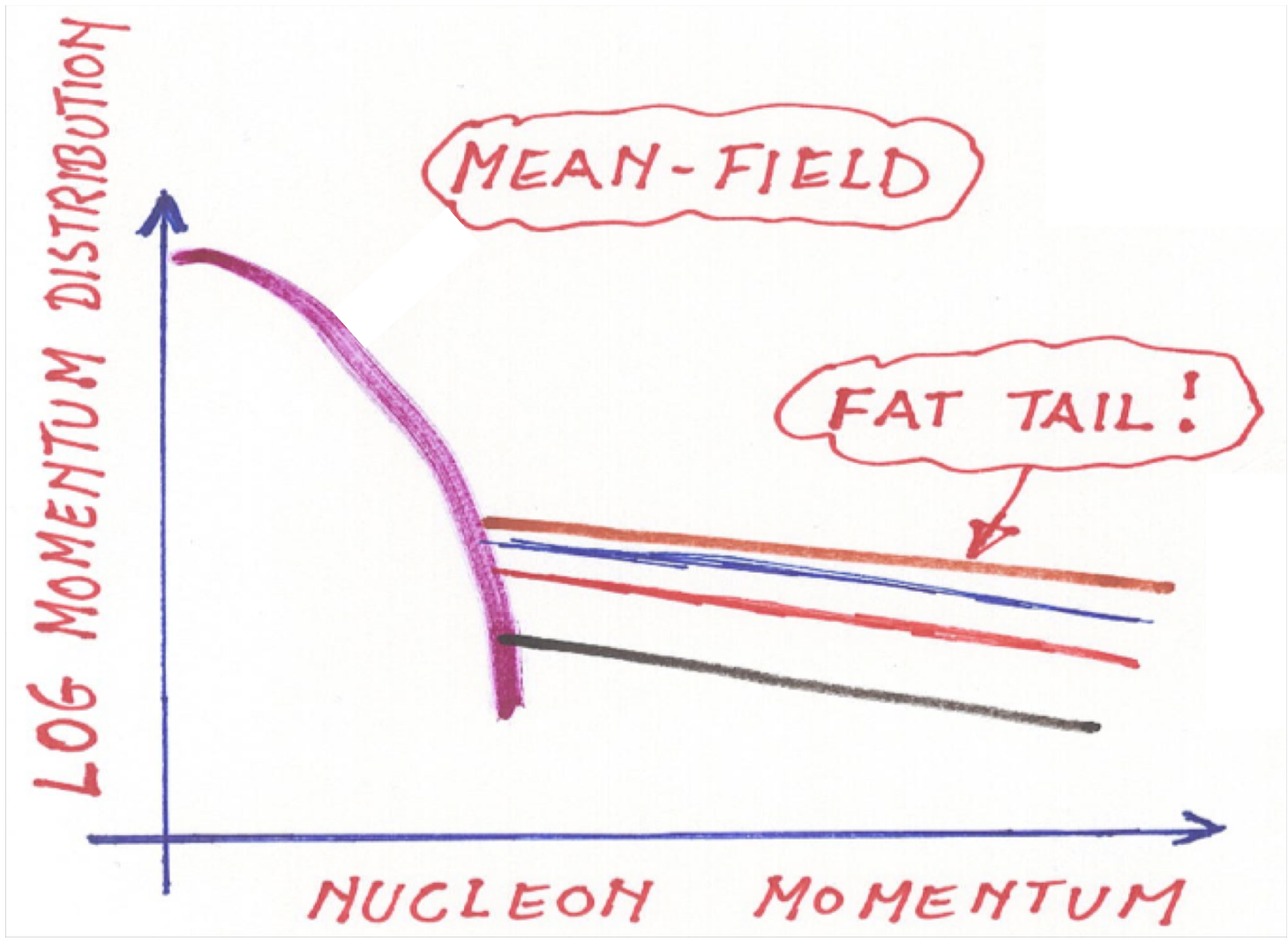
SLAC (1994)

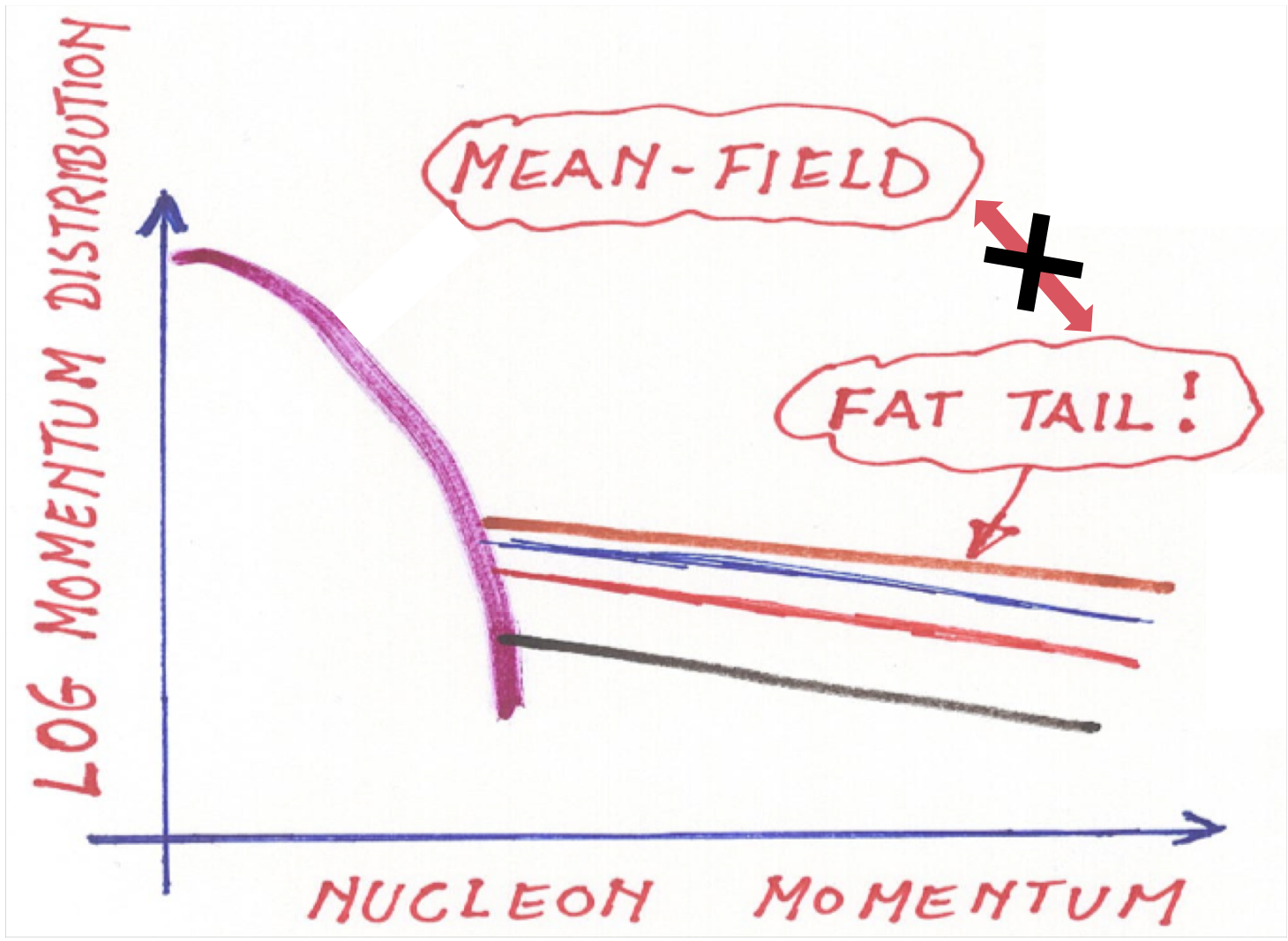


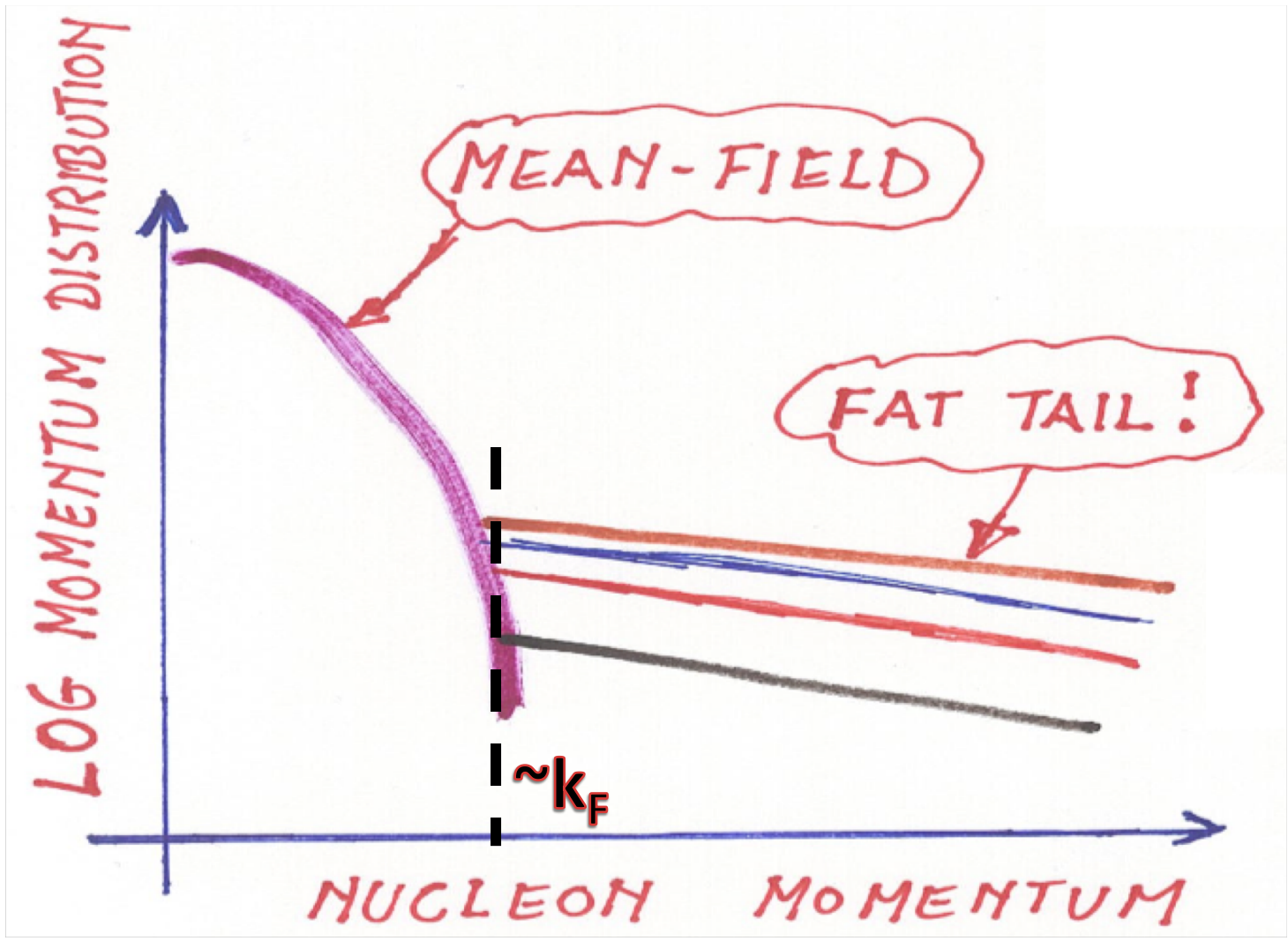
Schmookler, submitted (2018)

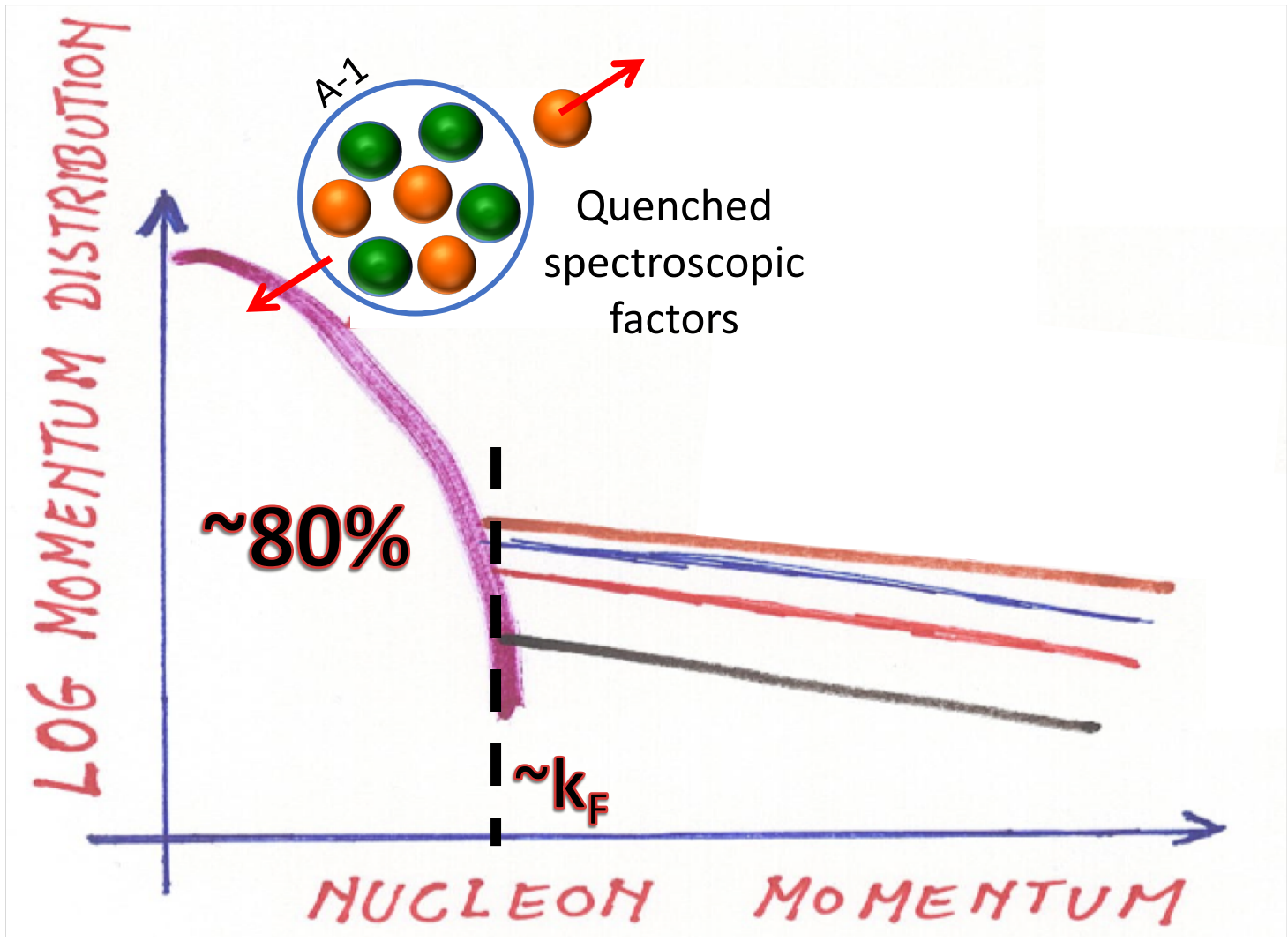


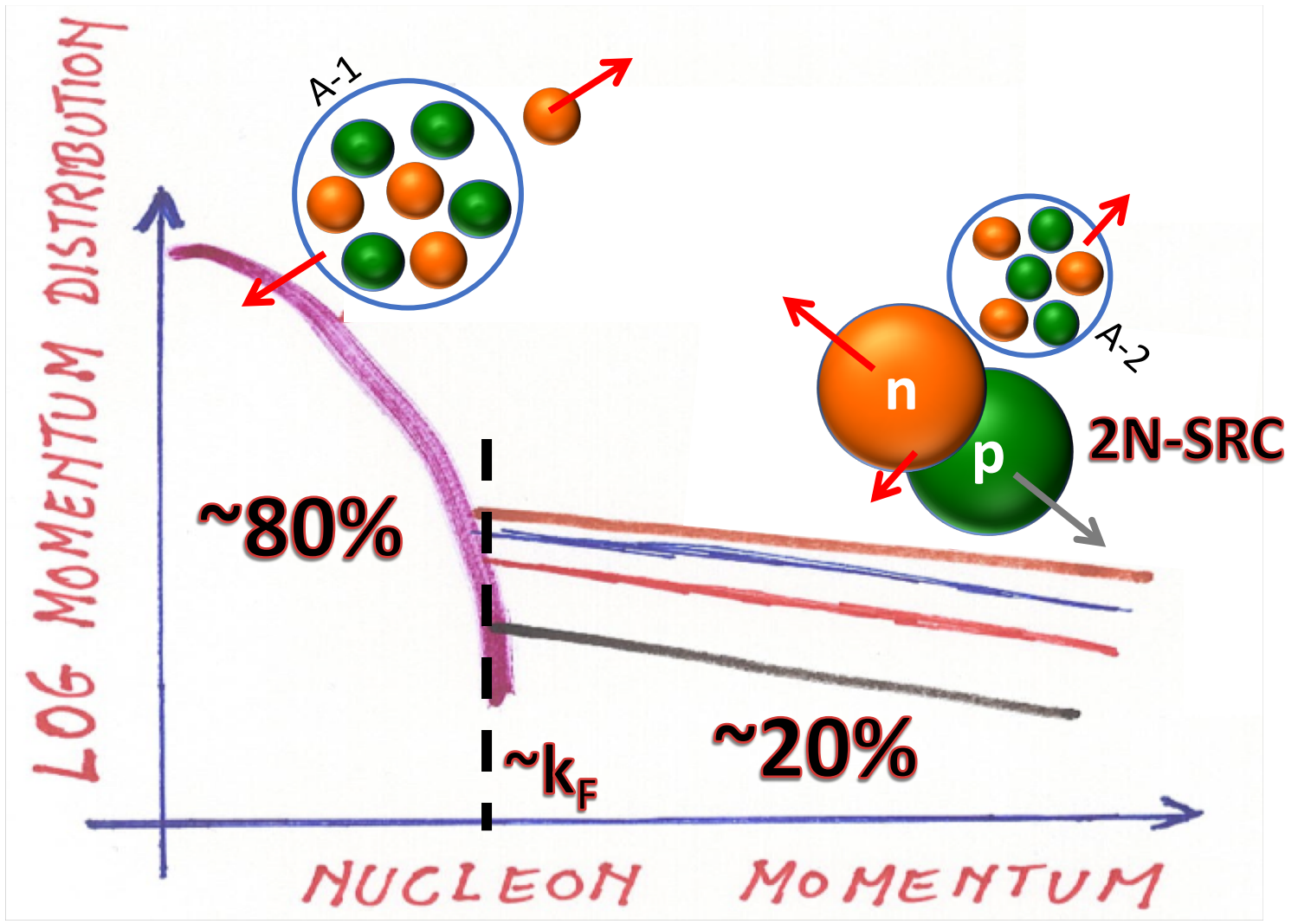








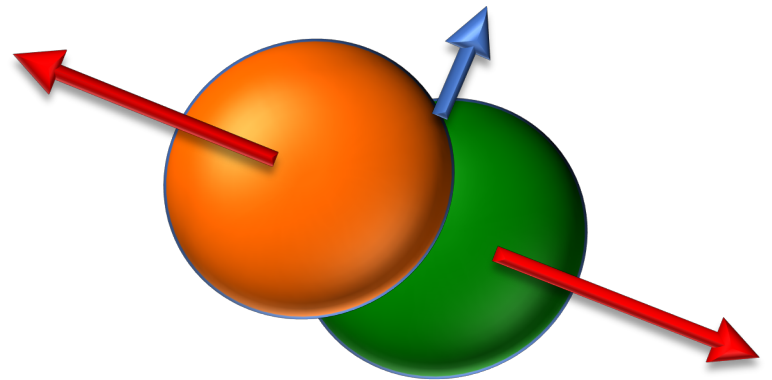




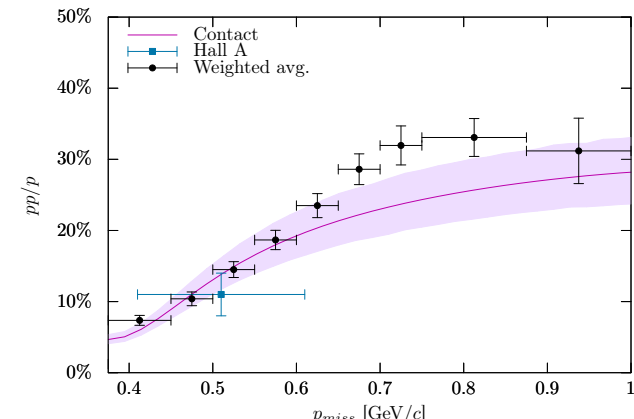
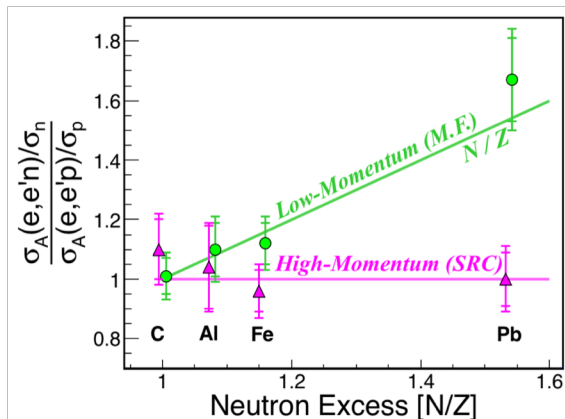
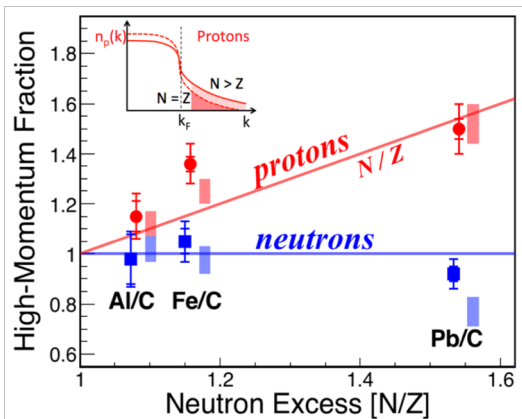
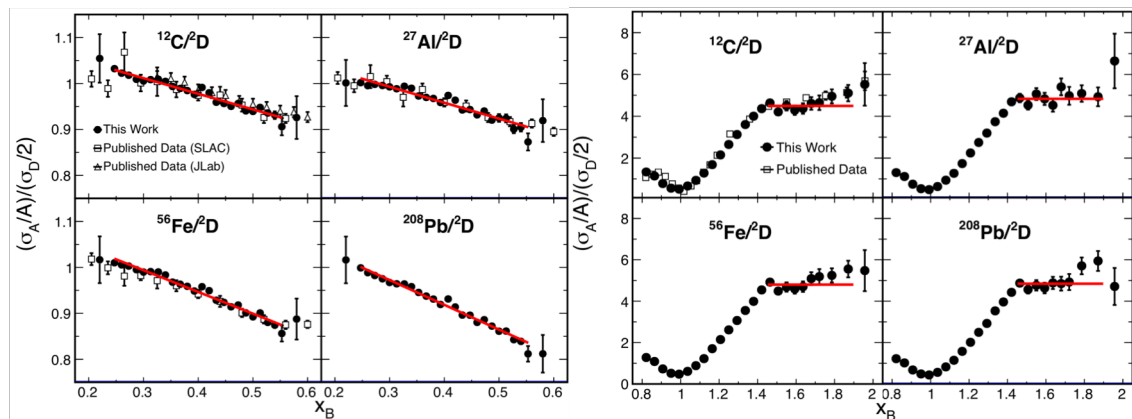
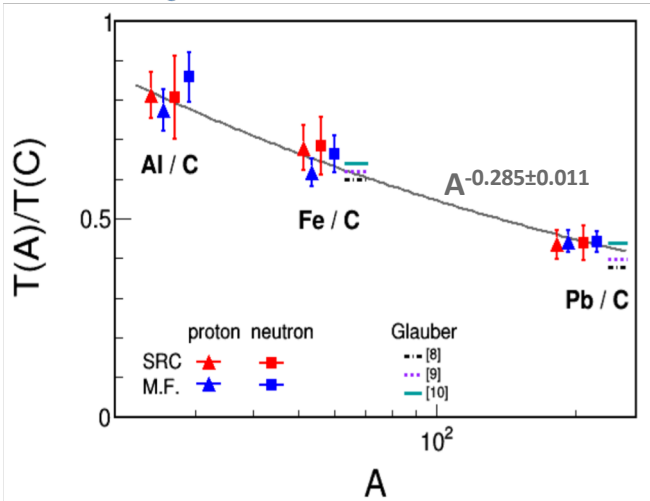
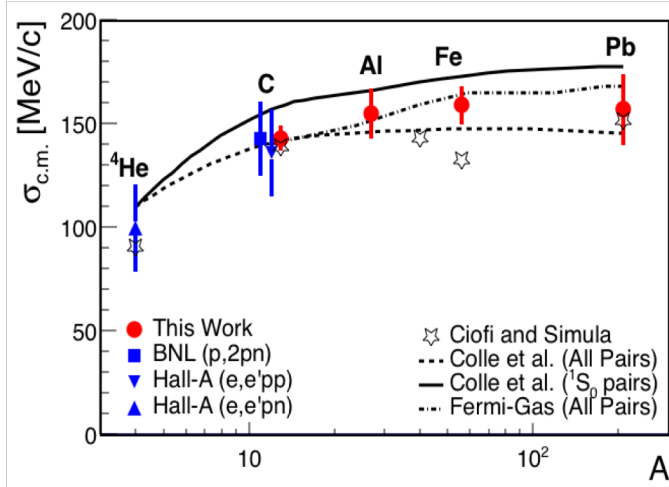
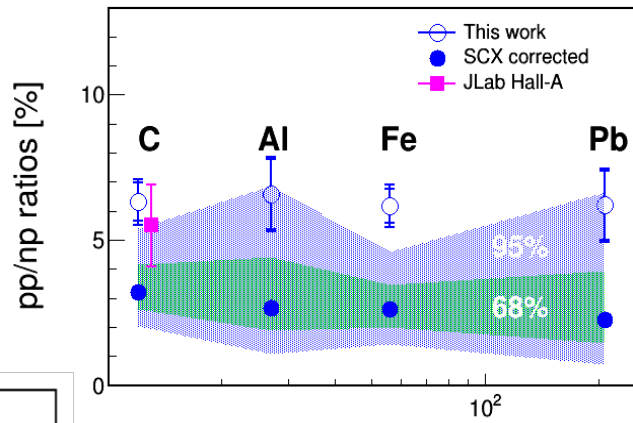
# Short-Range Correlations (SRC)

Nucleon pairs that are close together in the nucleus

Momentum space: *high relative* and *low c.m. momentum*, compared to the Fermi momentum ( $k_F$ )

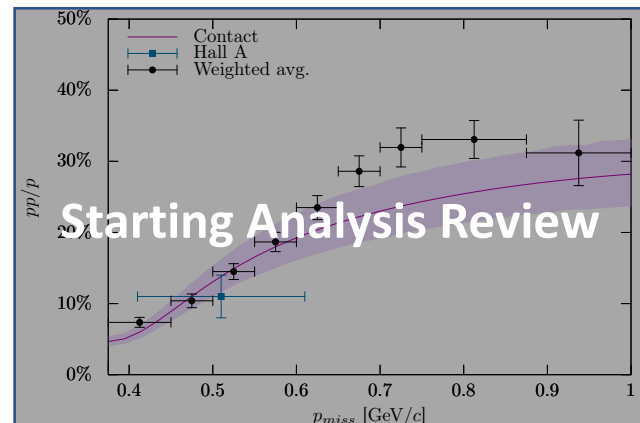
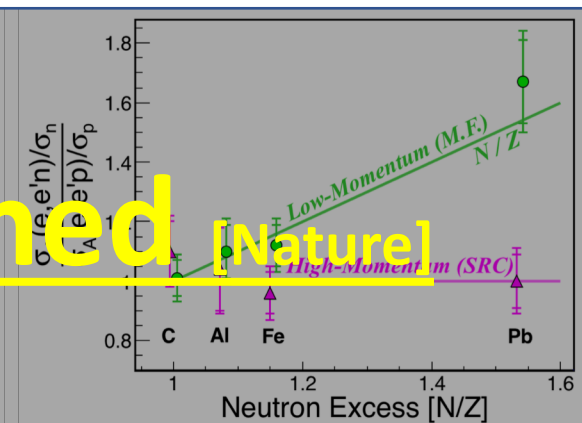
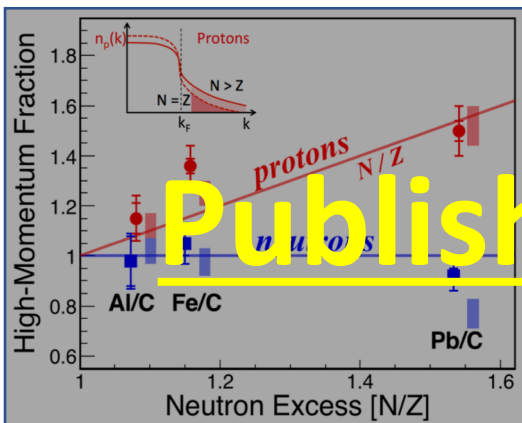
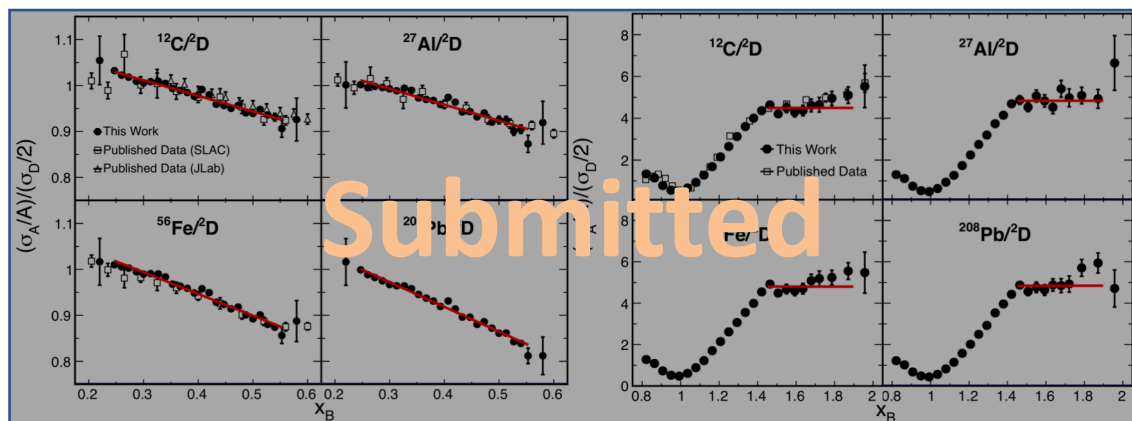
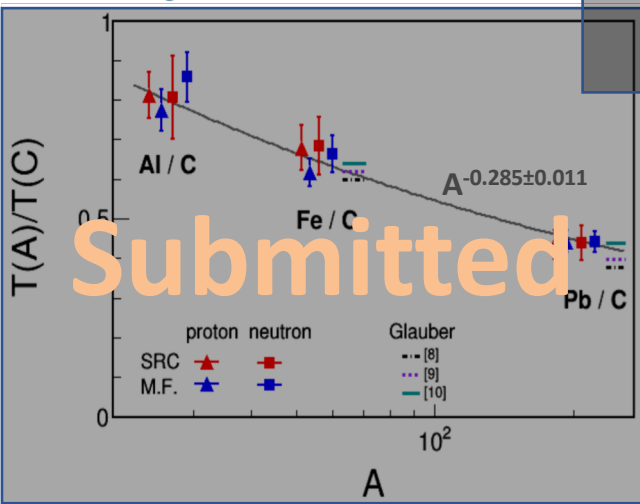
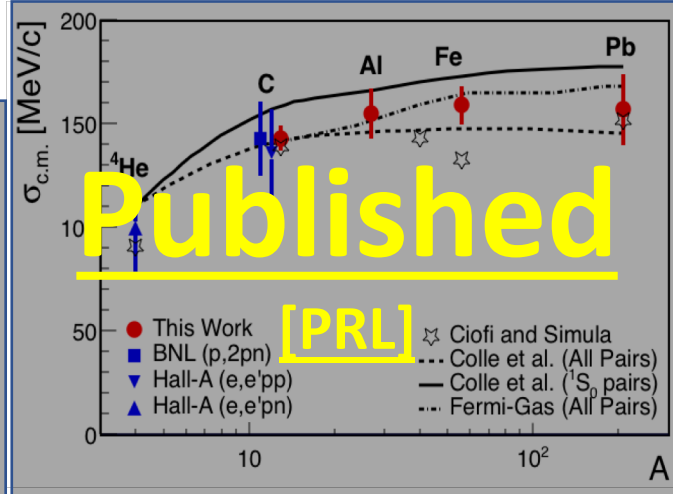
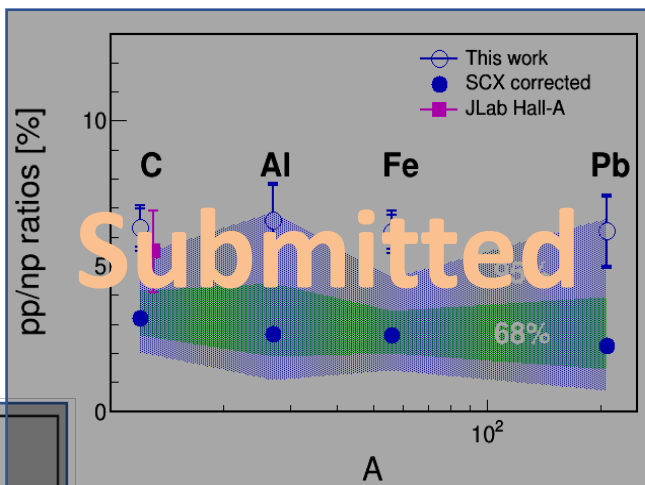


# 2018 Data-Mining

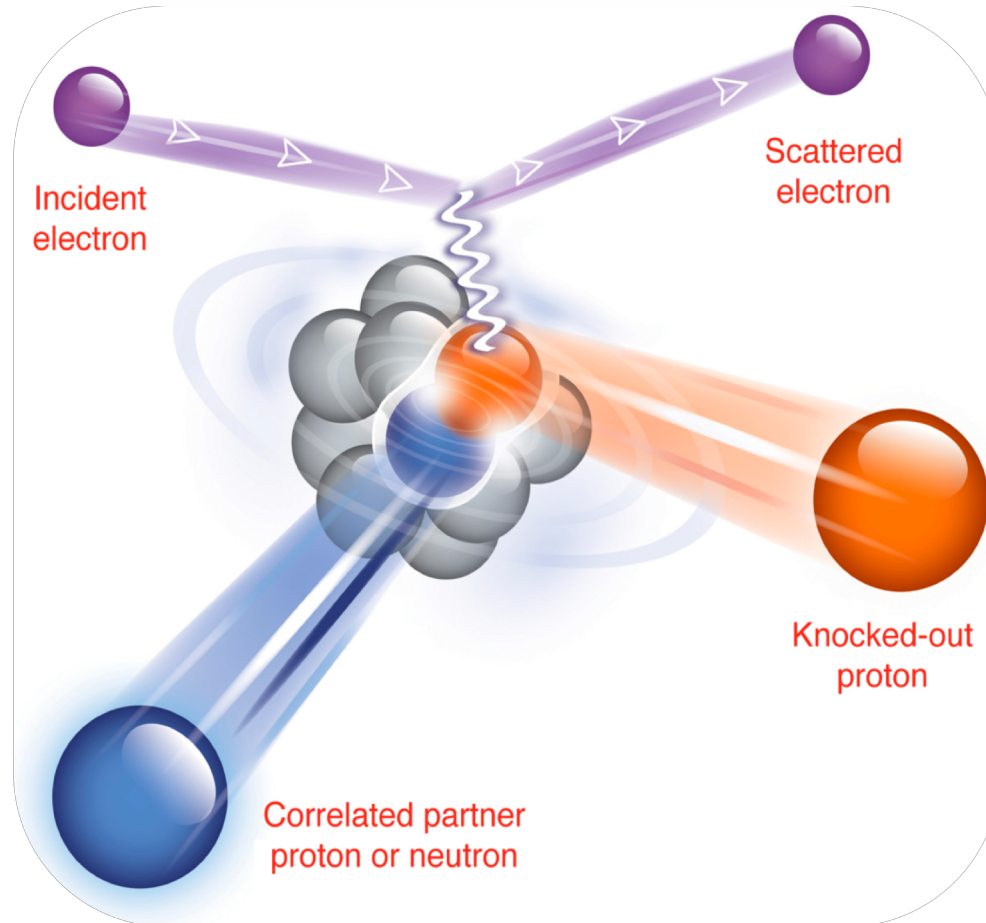




# 2018 Data-Mining



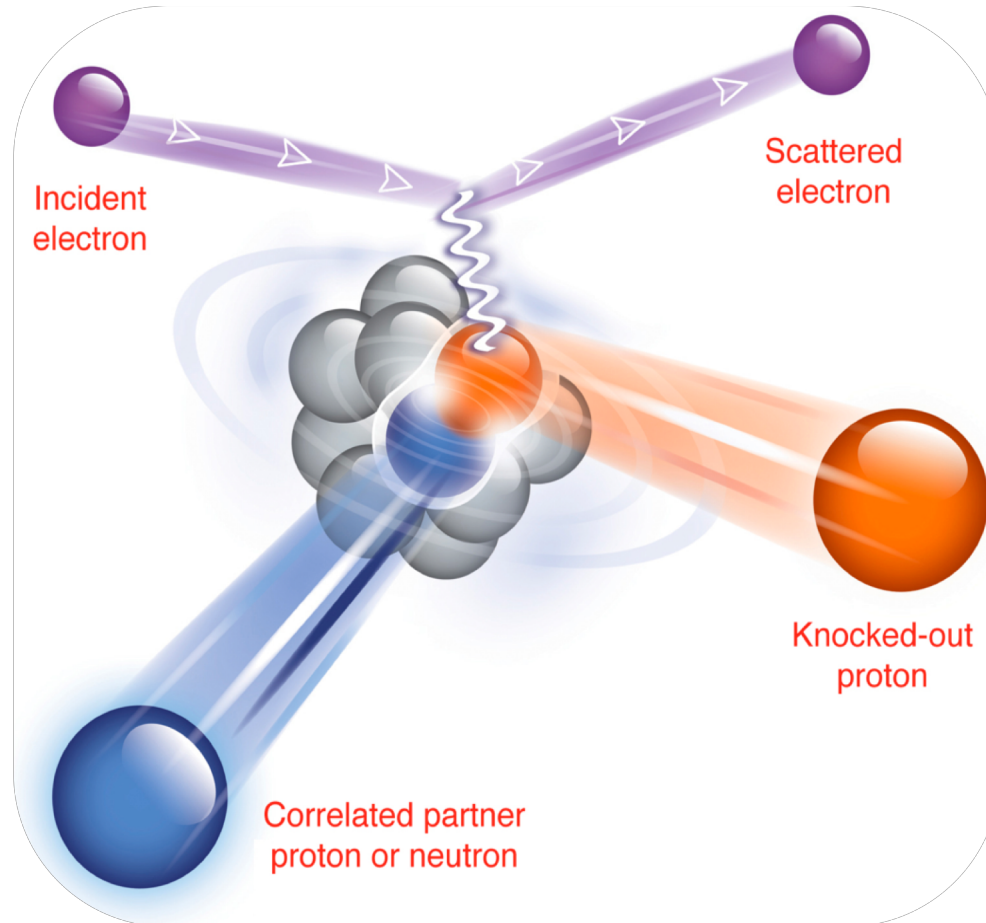
# Probing Correlations Using Hard Knockout Reactions



Breakup the pair =>

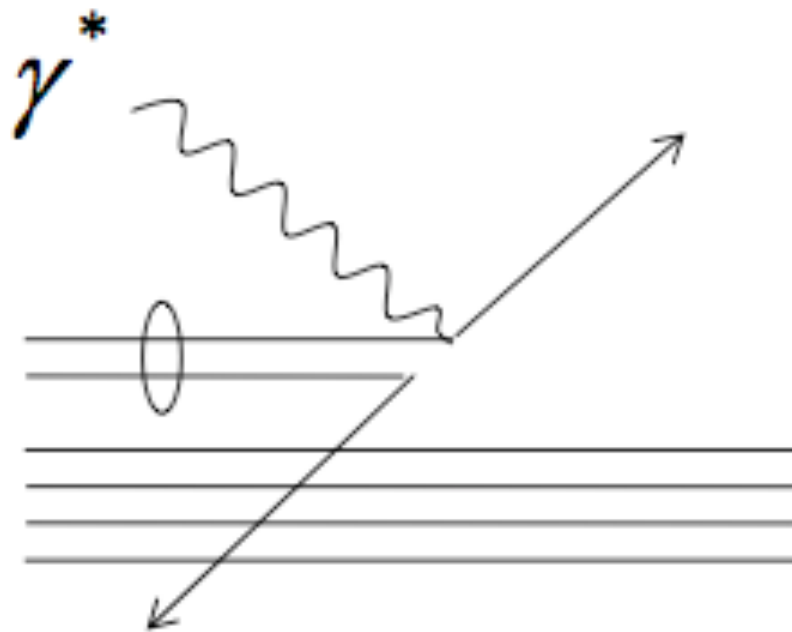
Detect **both** nucleons =>

Reconstruct 'initial' state



# Interlude: Reaction Mechanisms

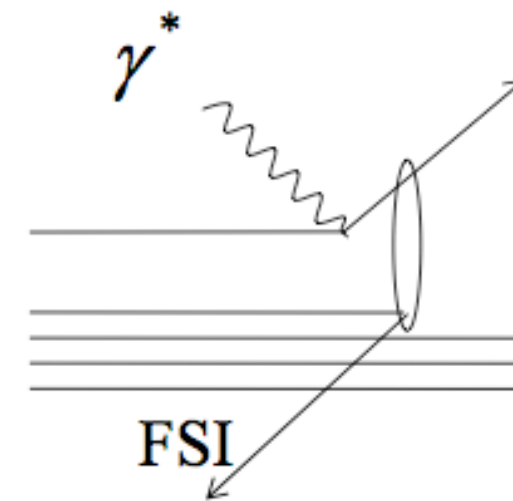
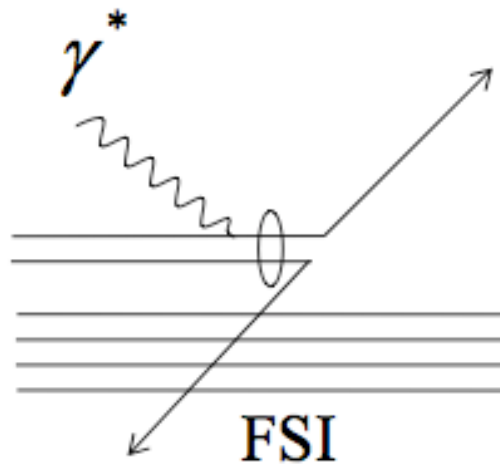
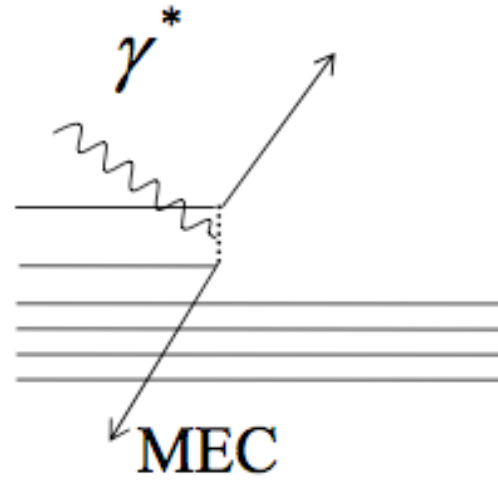
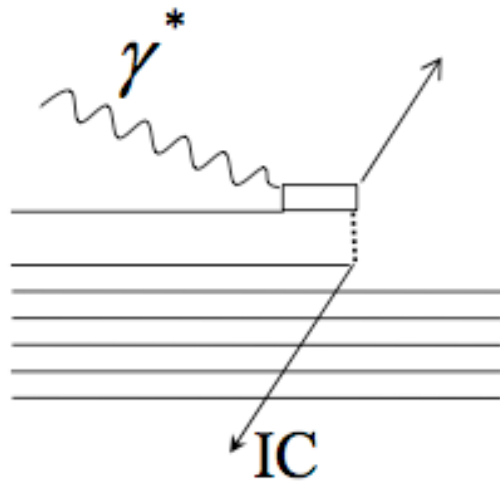
What we want:



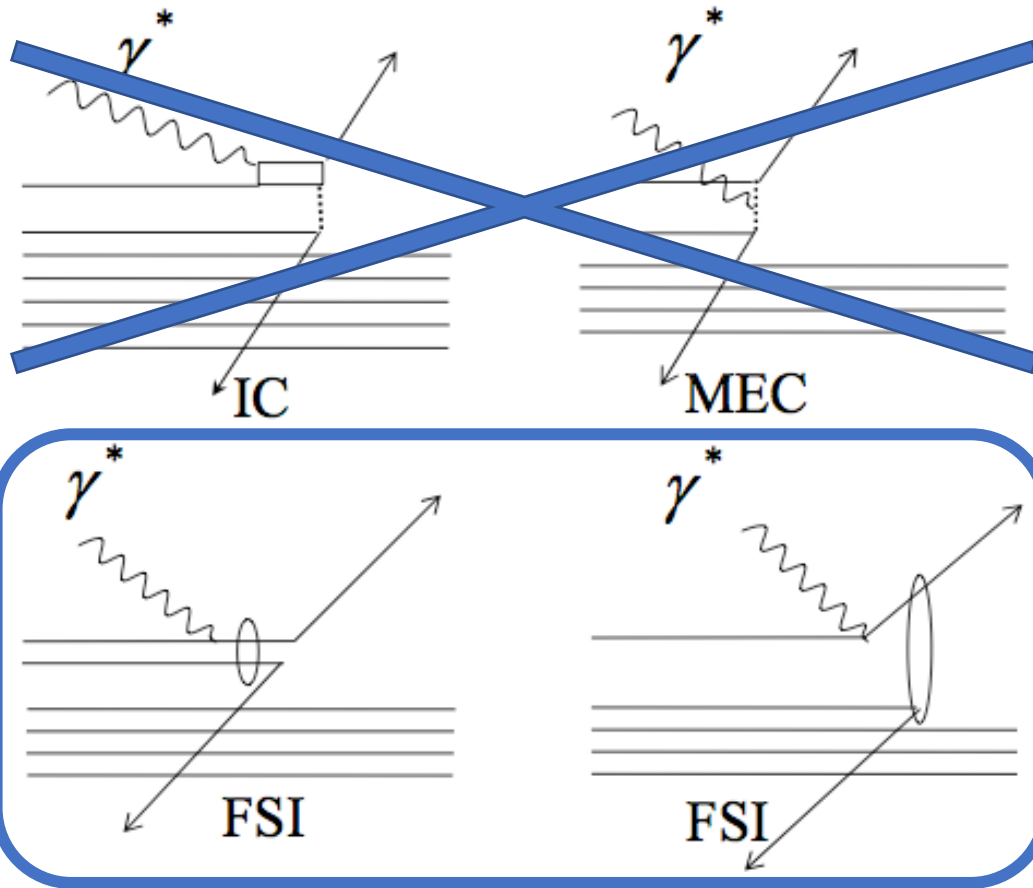
SRC

# Interlude: Reaction Mechanisms

What we (might) get:



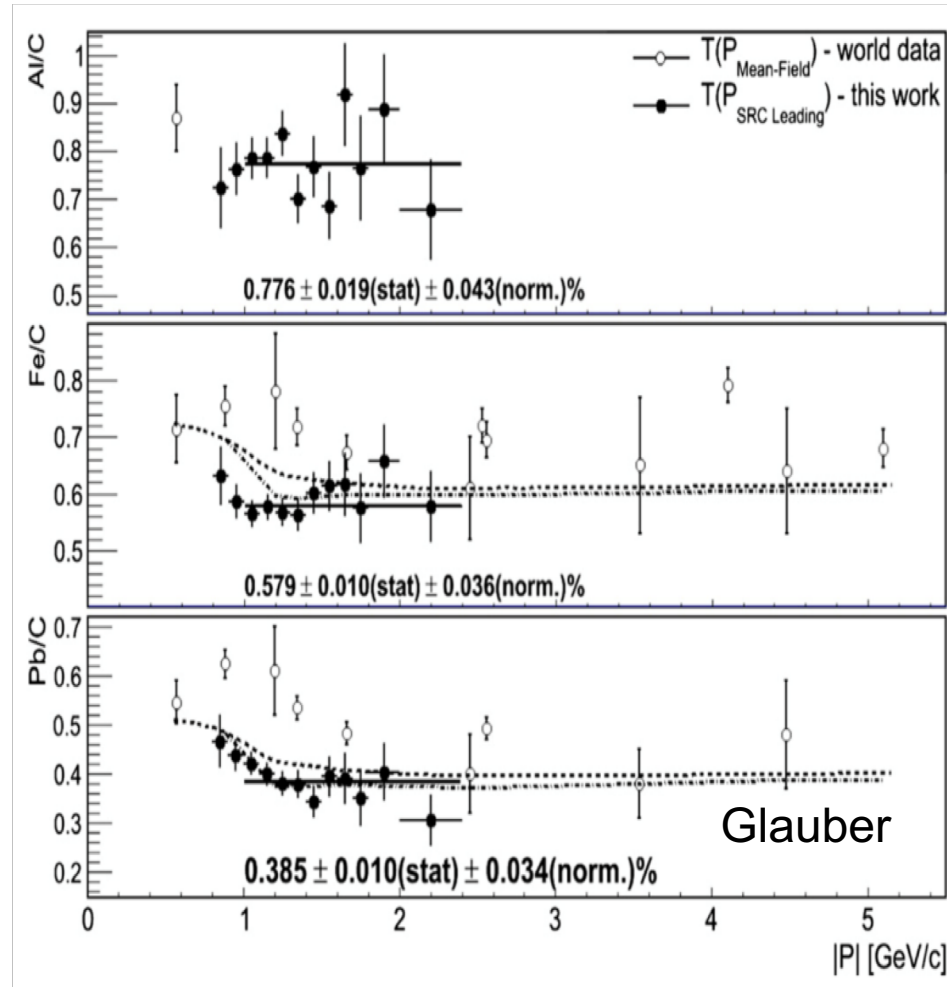
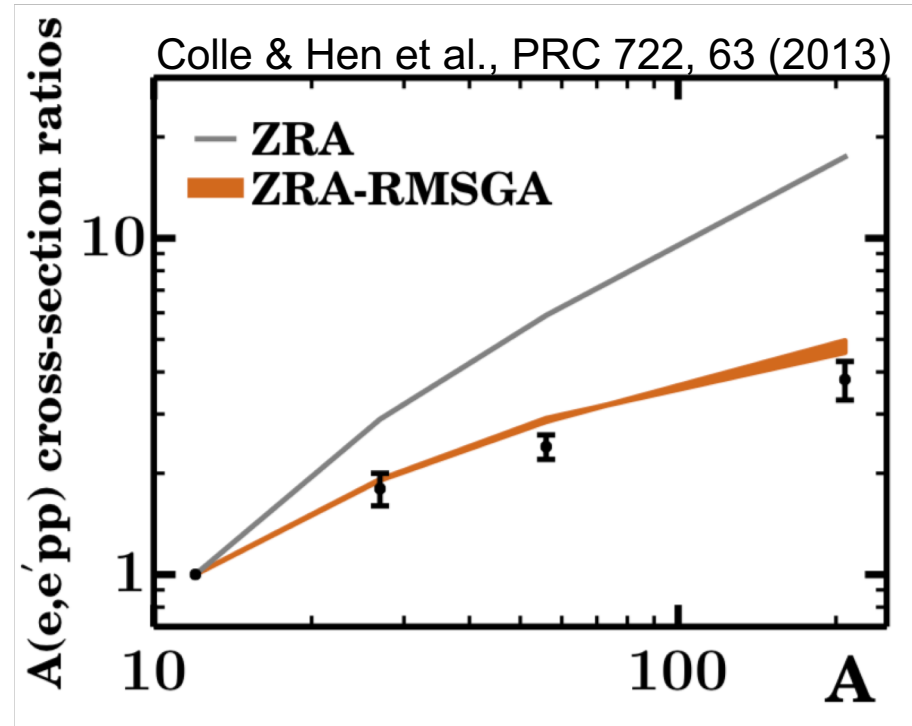
# Interlude: Reaction Mechanisms



MEC suppressed @ **high- $Q^2$** ,  
IC suppressed at  **$x_B > 1$** .

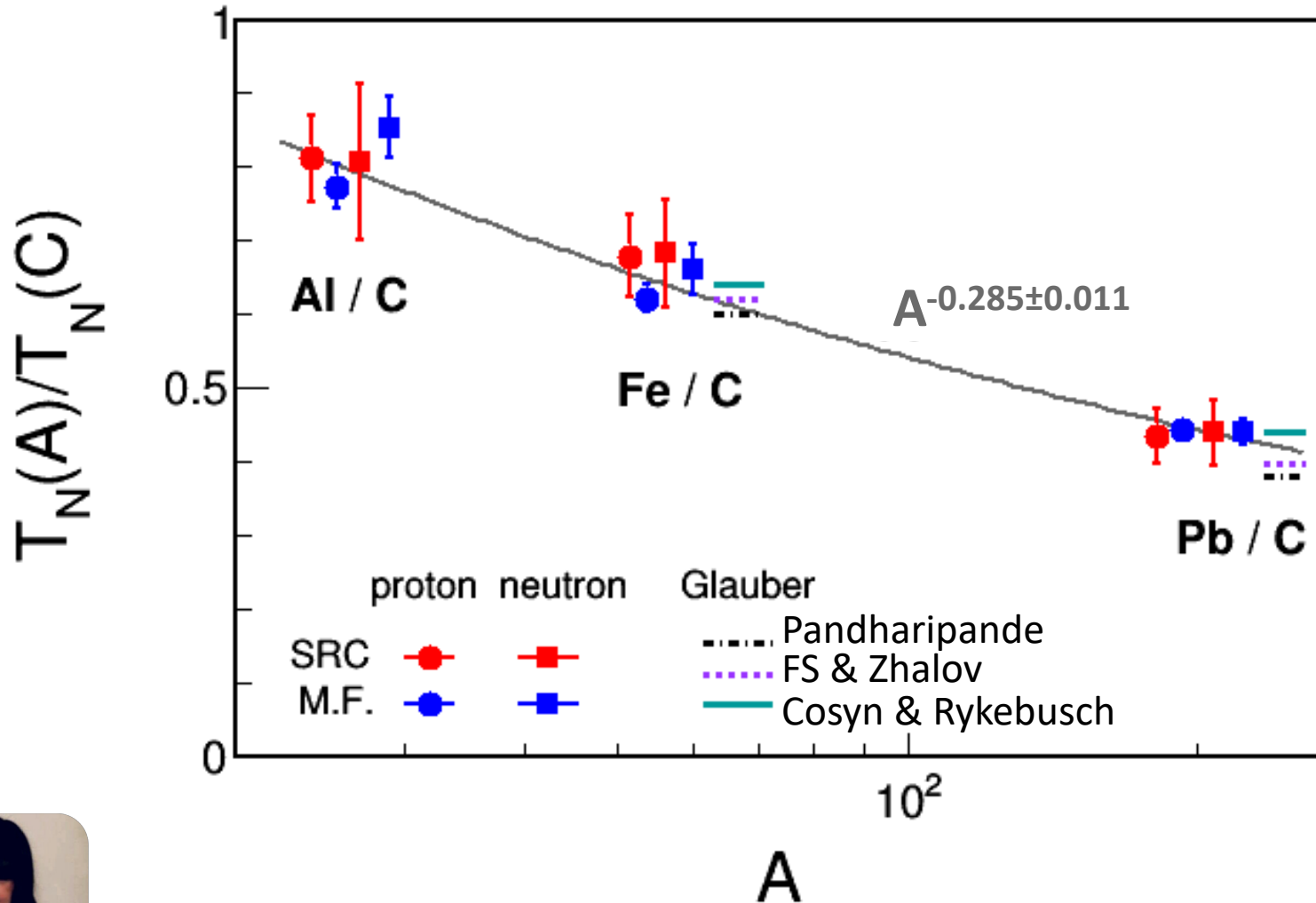
FSI suppressed in **anti-parallel**  
kinematics. Treated using  
**Glauber** approximation.

# Glauber agrees with data!



Hen et al., Phys. Lett. B 722, 63 (2013)

# Glauber agrees with data!



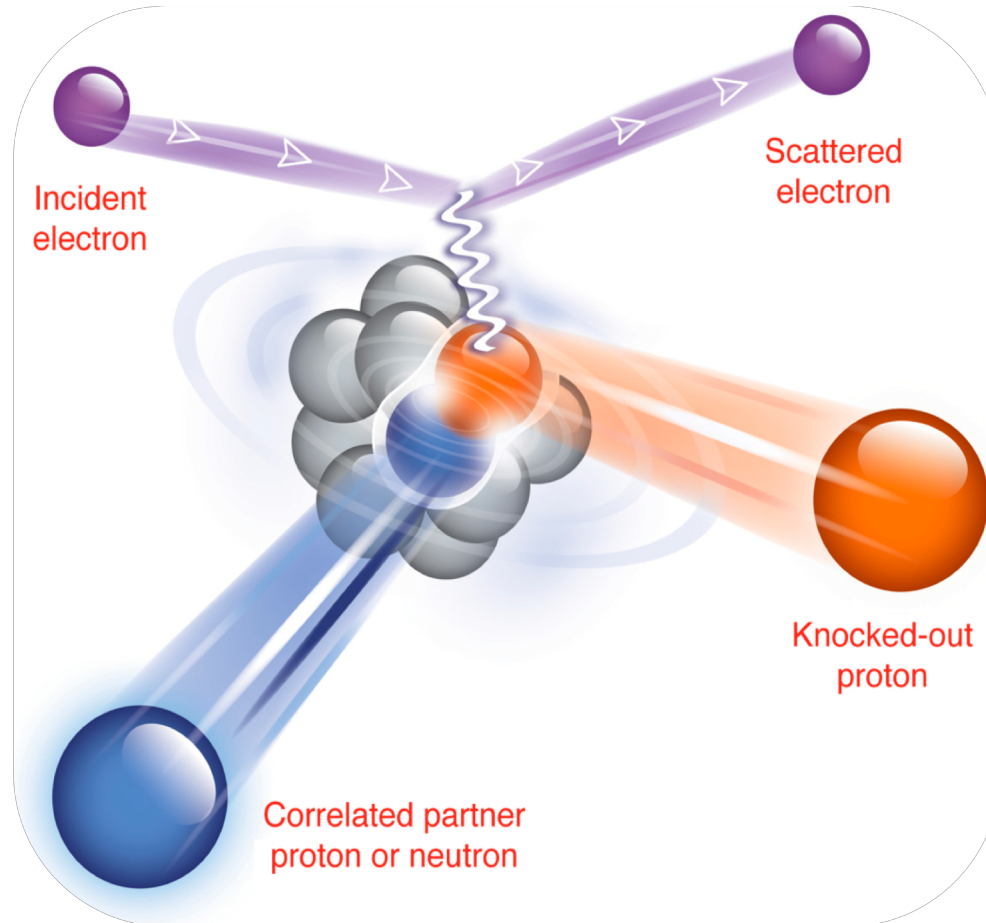
M. Duer et al.



Breakup the pair =>

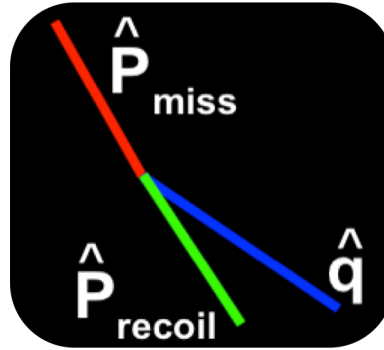
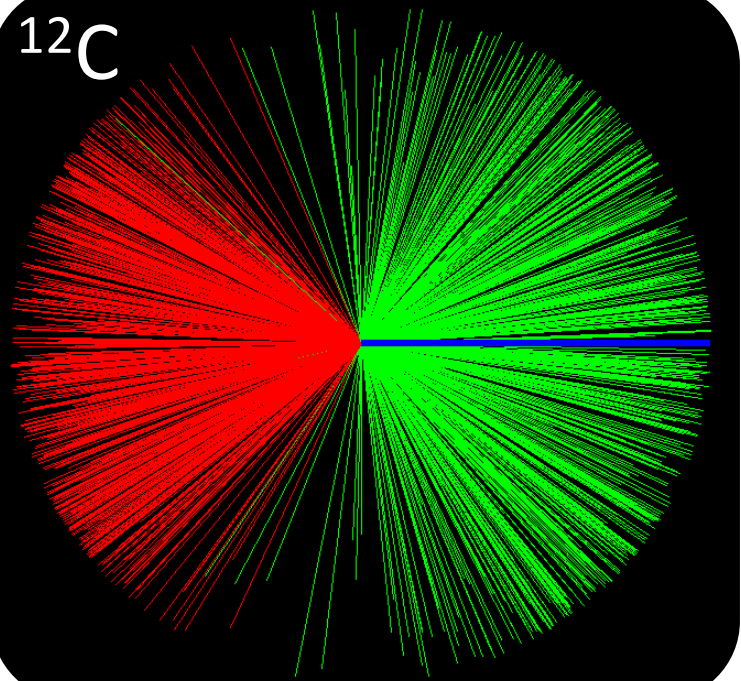
Detect **both** nucleons =>

Reconstruct 'initial' state

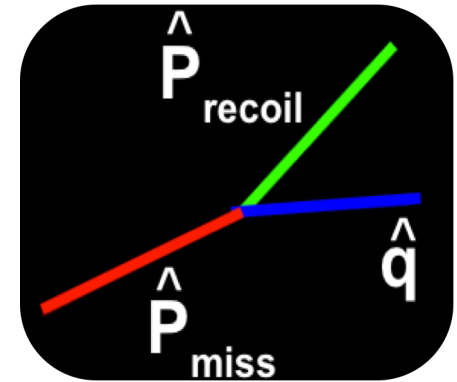
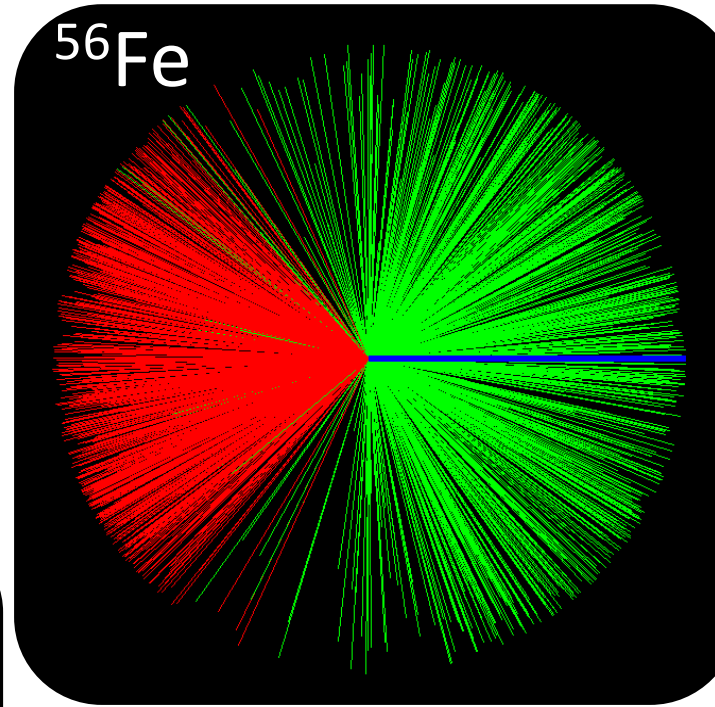


# 3D Reconstruction

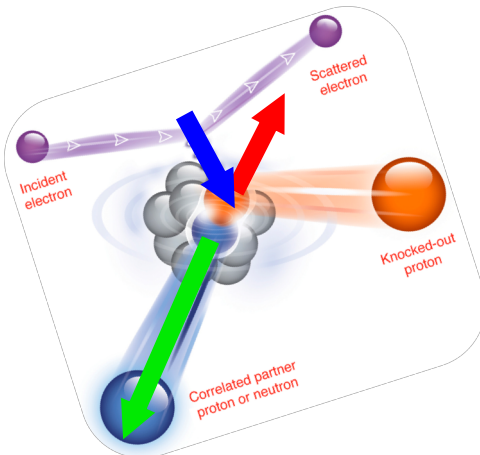
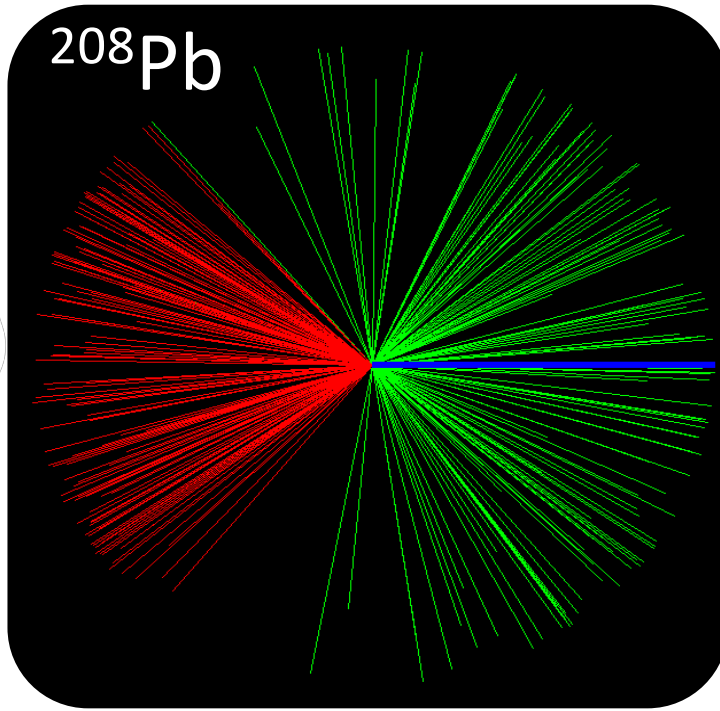
$^{12}\text{C}$



$^{56}\text{Fe}$

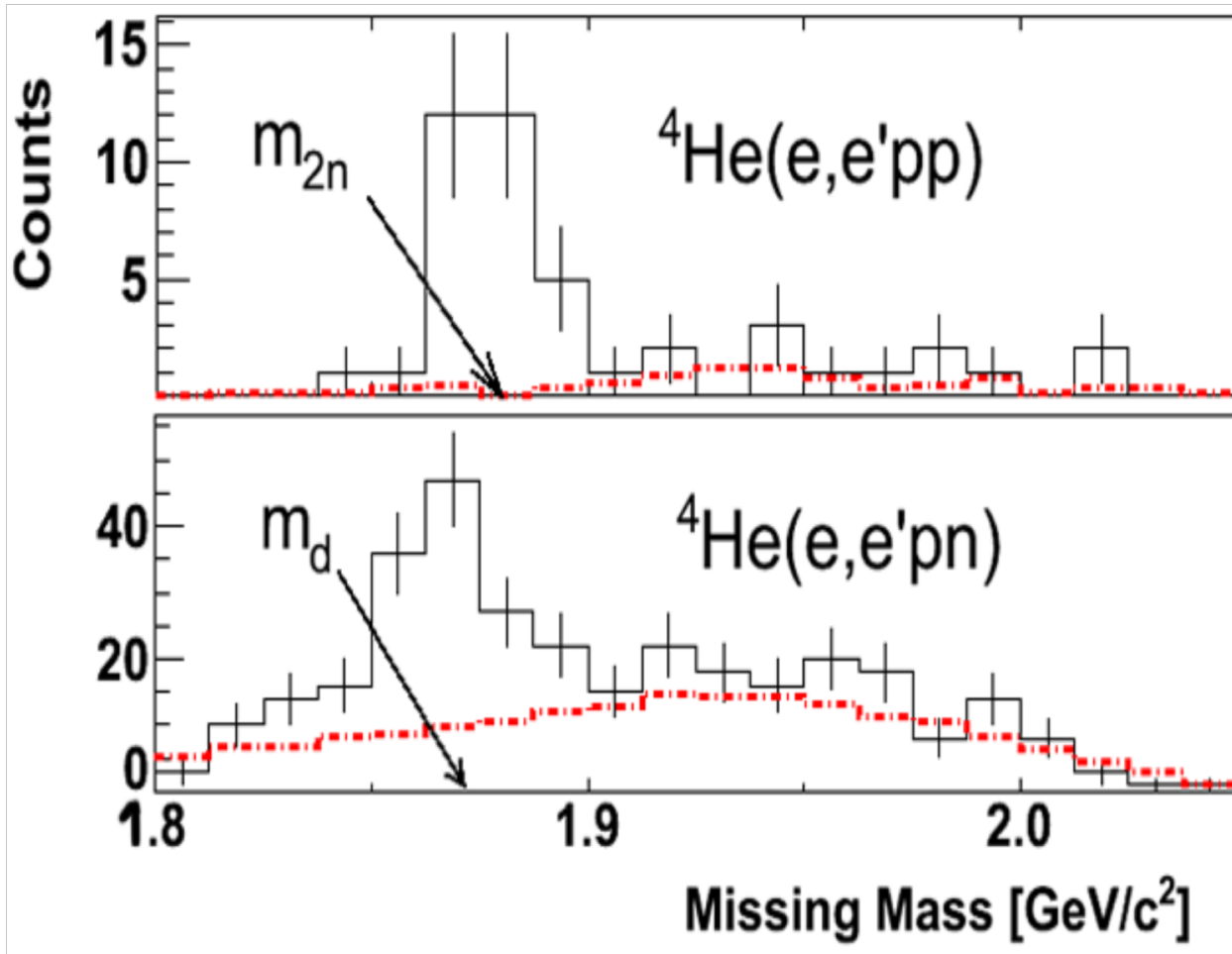


$^{208}\text{Pb}$

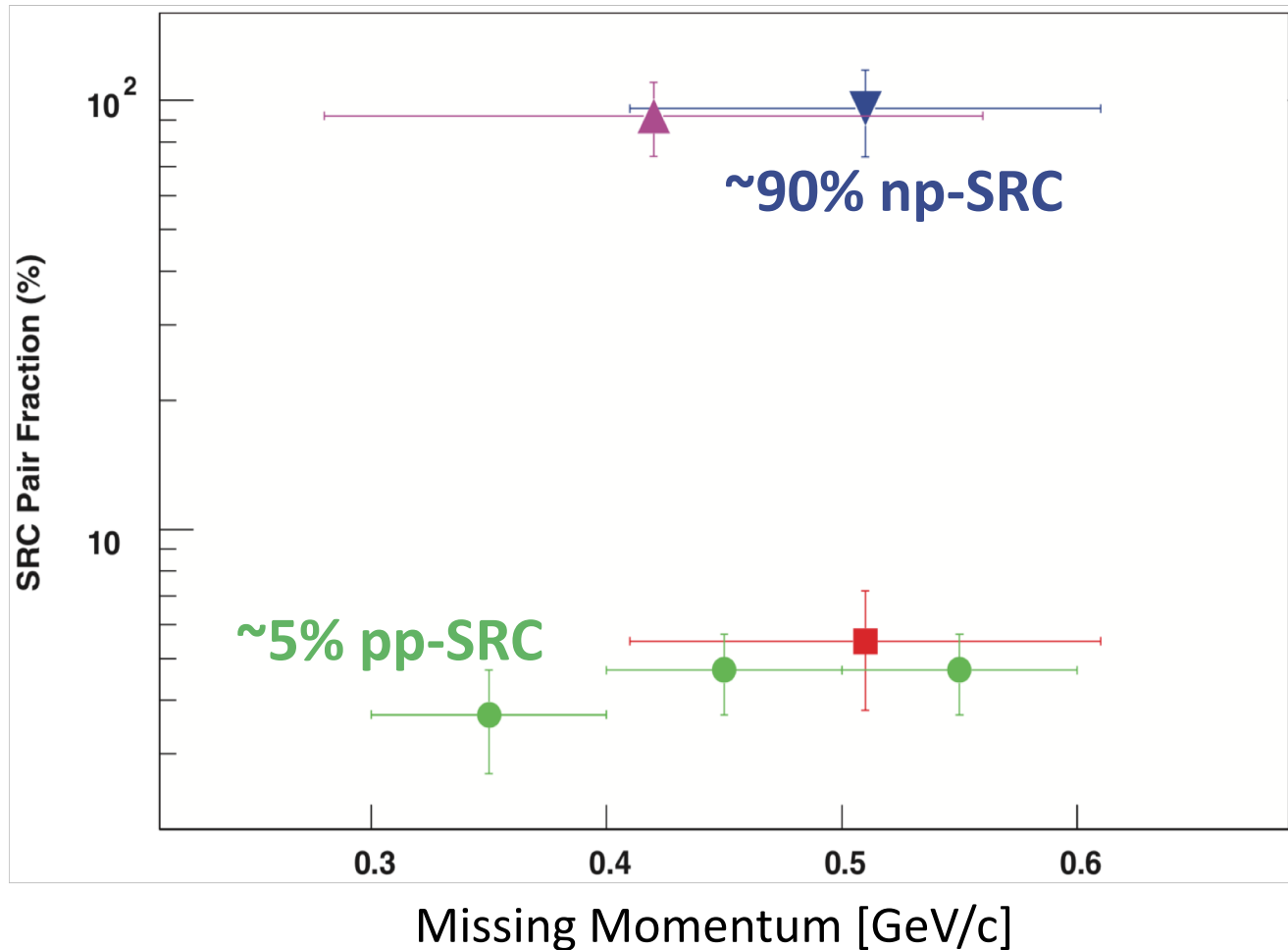


Back-to-back =  
SRC pairs!

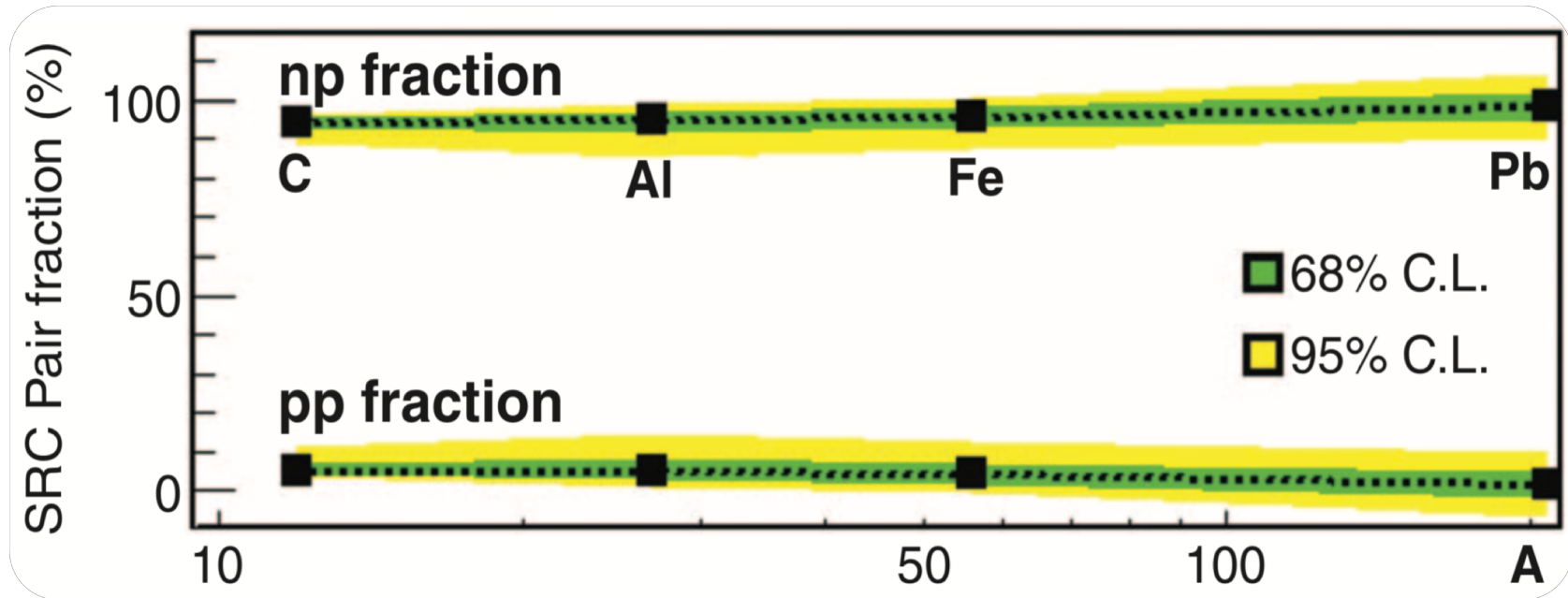
# “Clean” Breakup



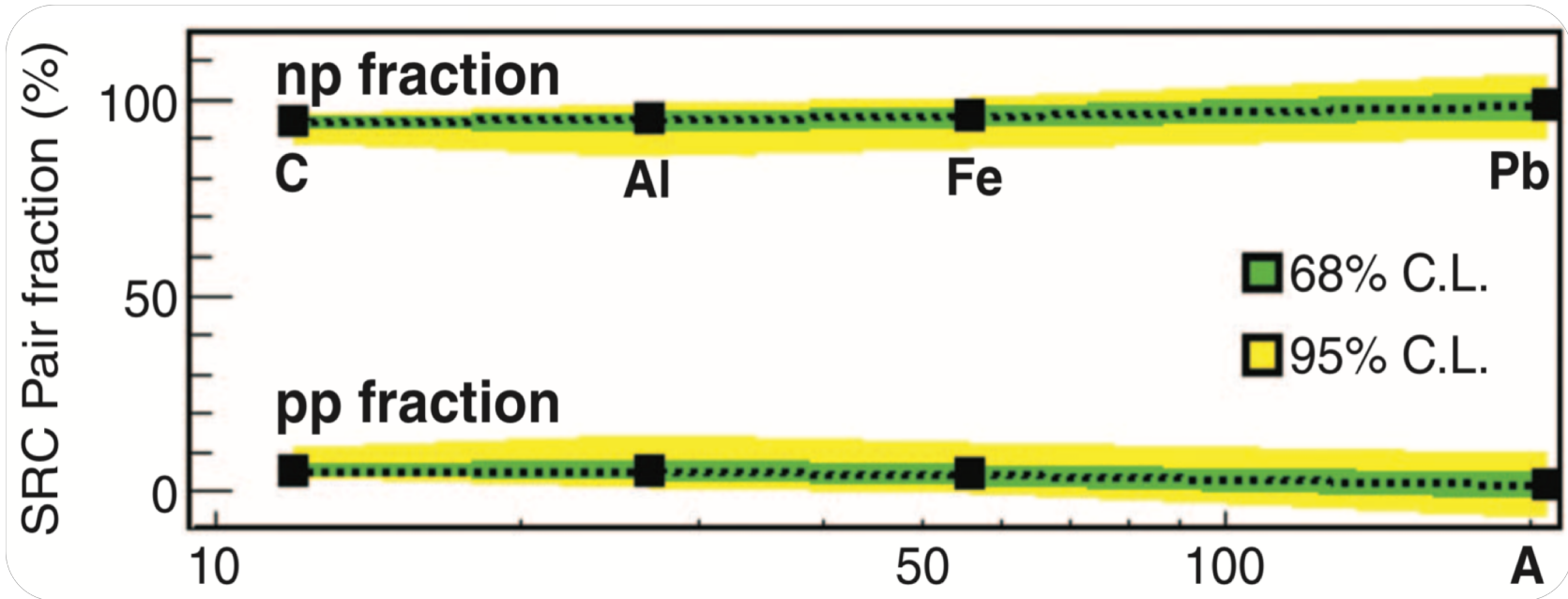
# np dominance ( $^{12}\text{C}$ )



# np dominance ( $A \geq 12$ )



# np dominance ( $A \geq 12$ )



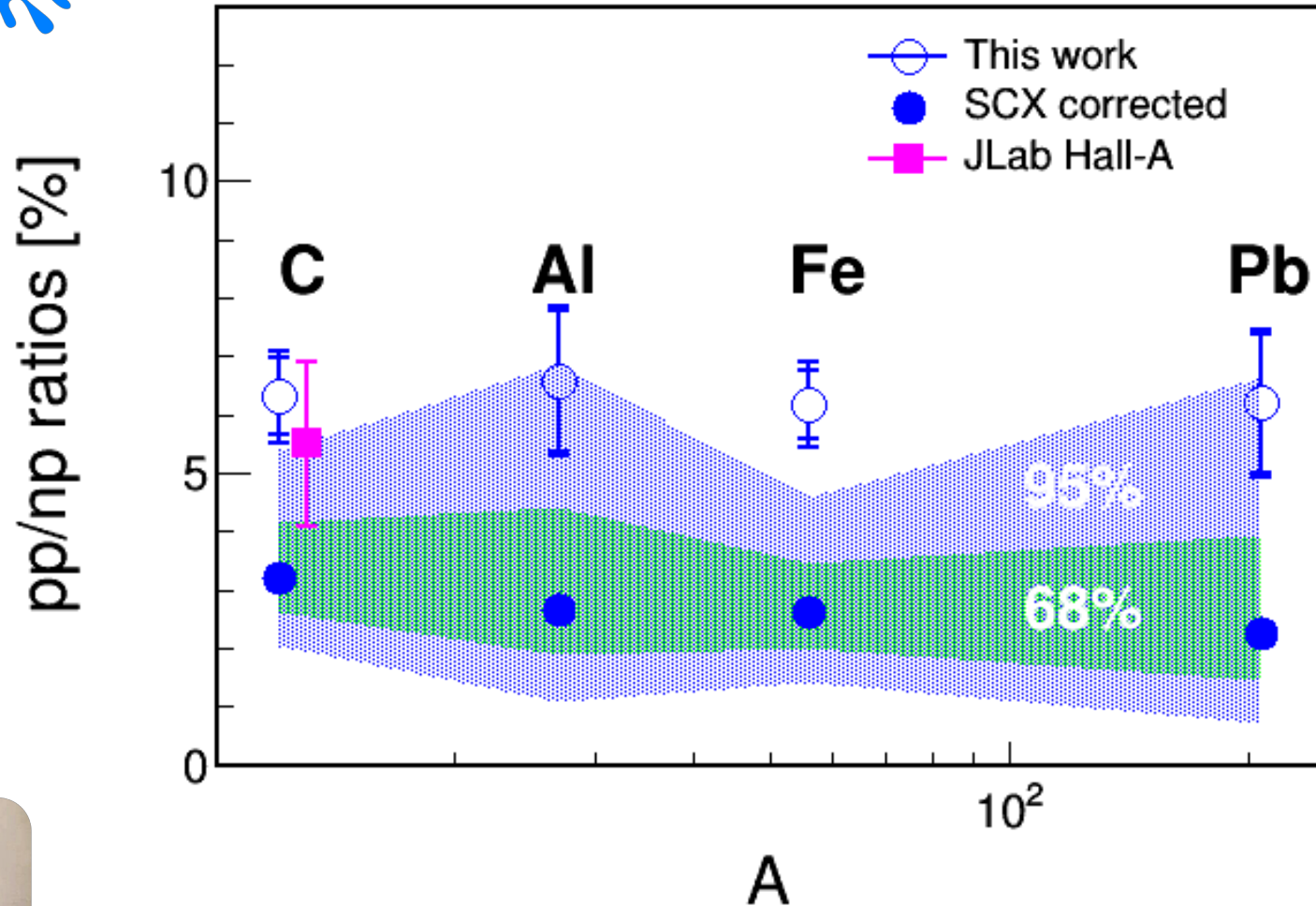
\*Deduced from observing a low  $(e,e'pp) / (e,e'p)$  ratio

A man with a beard and long hair, wearing a dark, fur-lined cloak, is shown from the chest up. He is holding a sword with both hands. A wolf's head is draped over his right shoulder. The background is a plain, light-colored wall.

**BRACE YOURSELF**

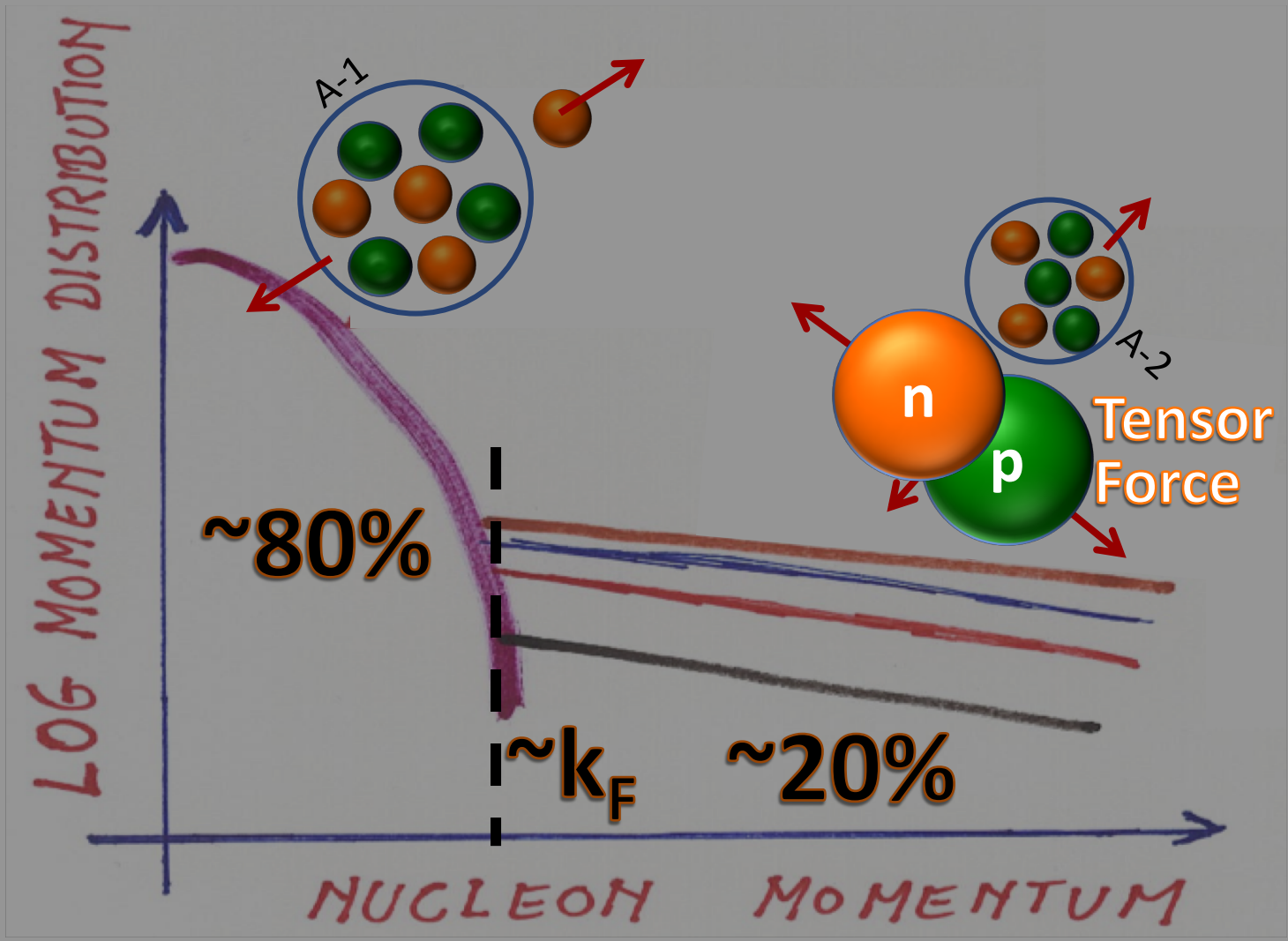
*(New)* **DATA**  
**WINTER IS COMING**

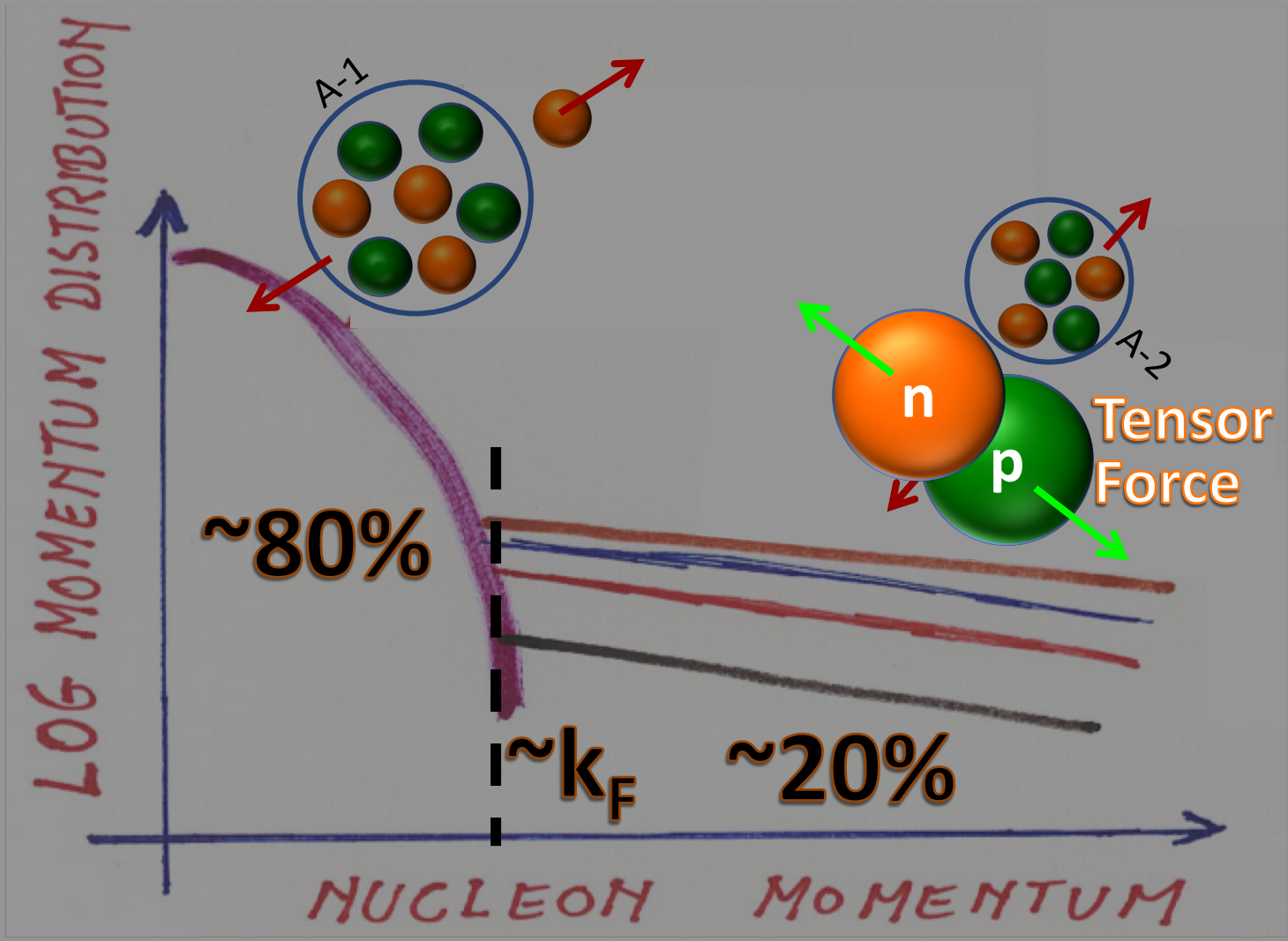
# (e,e'Np): DIRECT Observation



M. Duer et al.,  
arXiv: 1810.05343 (2018)

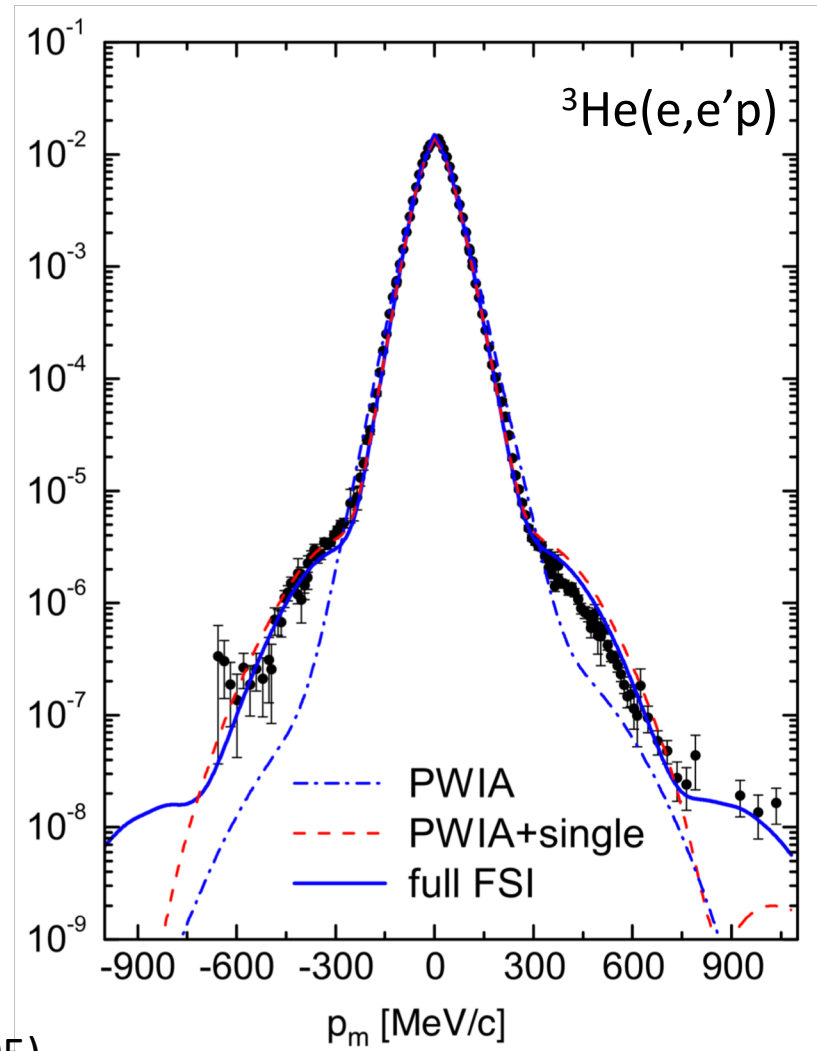






# Past attempts of high- $p$ probs

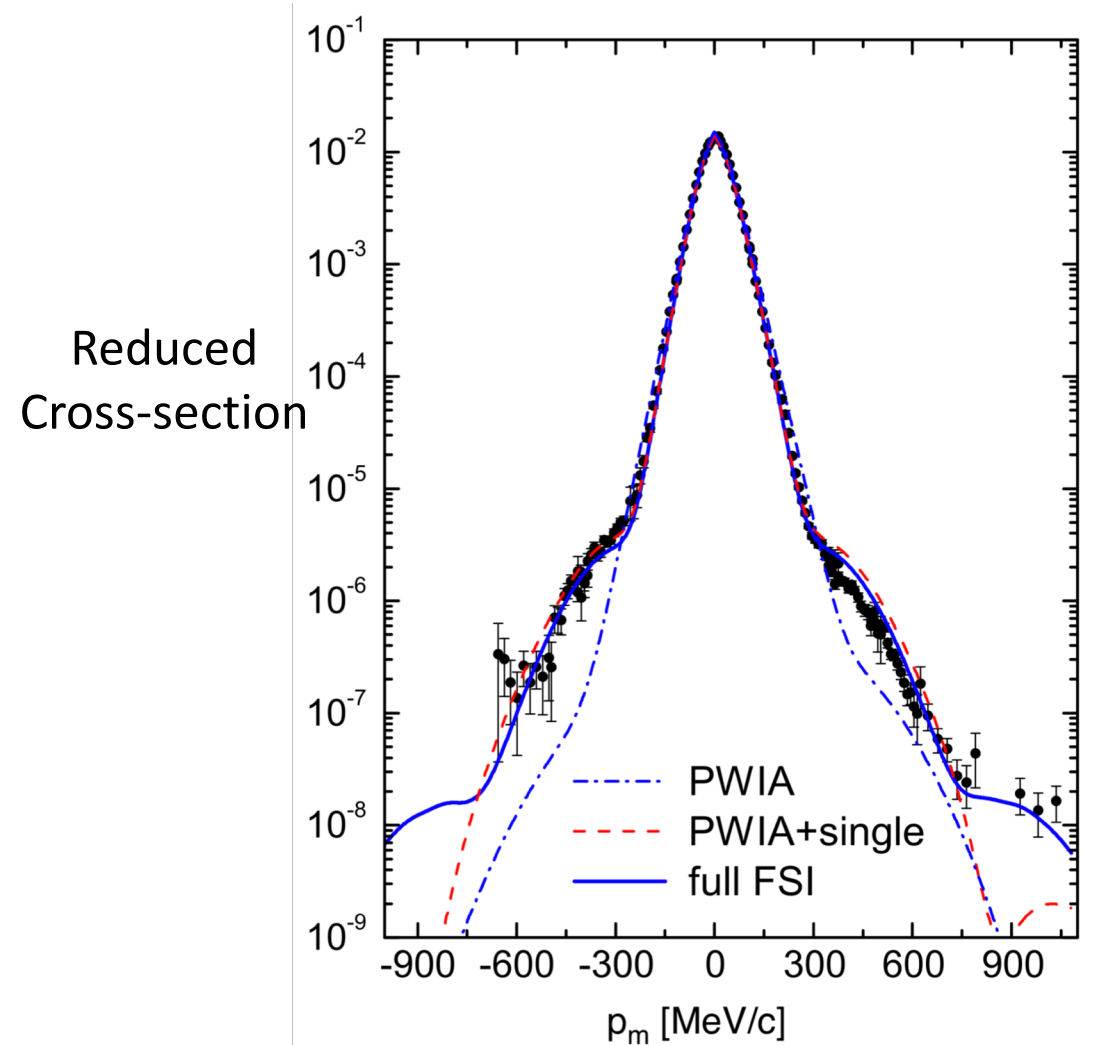
Reduced  
Cross-section



Exp: Benmokhtar PRL (2005)

Calc: Ciofi degli Atti PRL (2005)

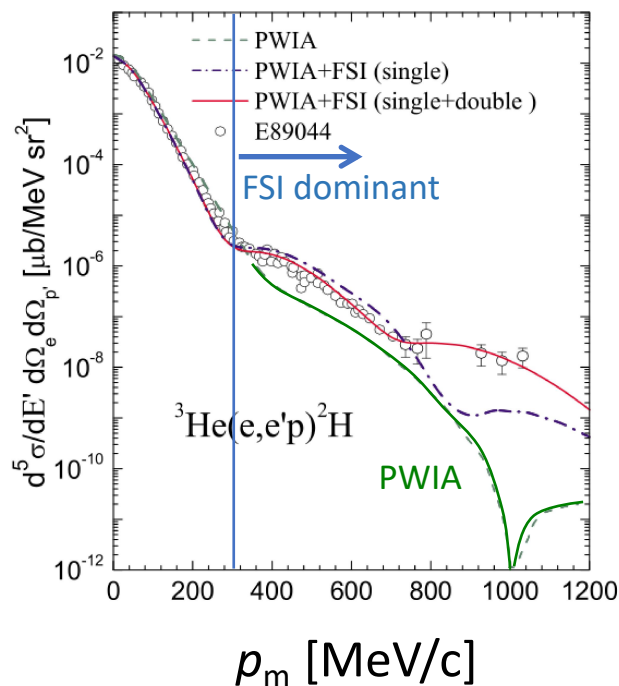
# Past attempts of high-p probs



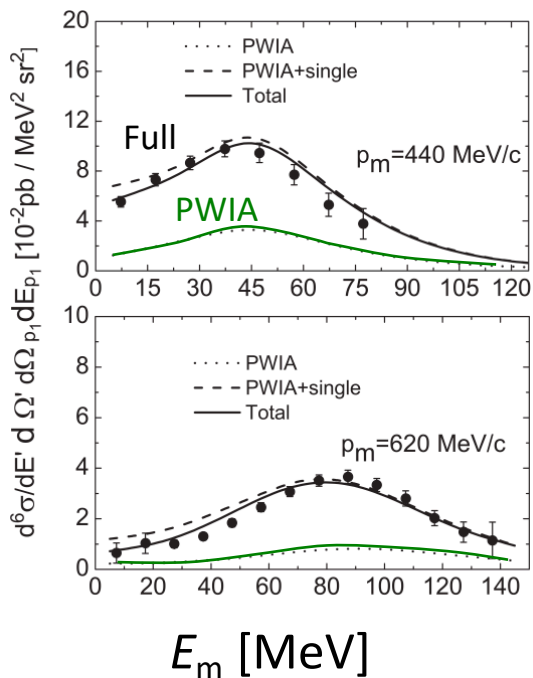
Logarithmic reaction effects  
@ high-k / short-distance!

# (e,e'p): large FSI at high-momentum

## ${}^3\text{He}(e,e'p)d$



## ${}^3\text{He}(e,e'p)np$



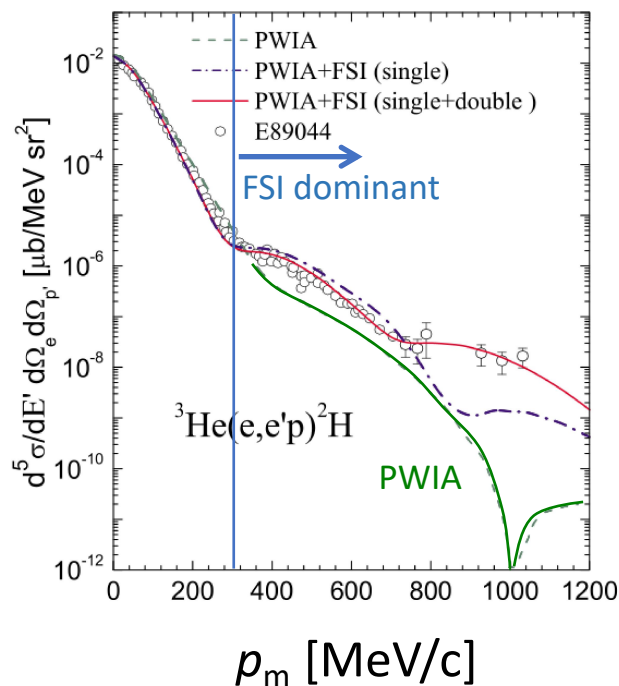
$p_m = 440$  MeV/c

$p_m = 620$  MeV/c

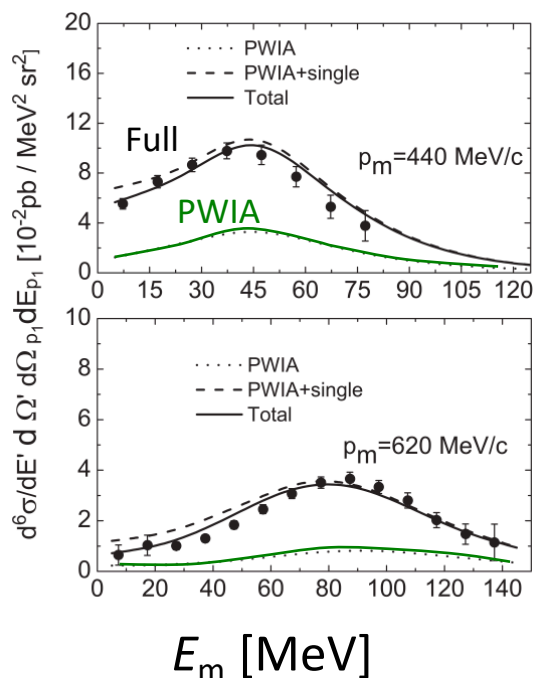
Dominated by FSI at large missing momentum

# (e,e'p): large FSI at high-momentum

## ${}^3\text{He}(e,e'p)d$



## ${}^3\text{He}(e,e'p)np$



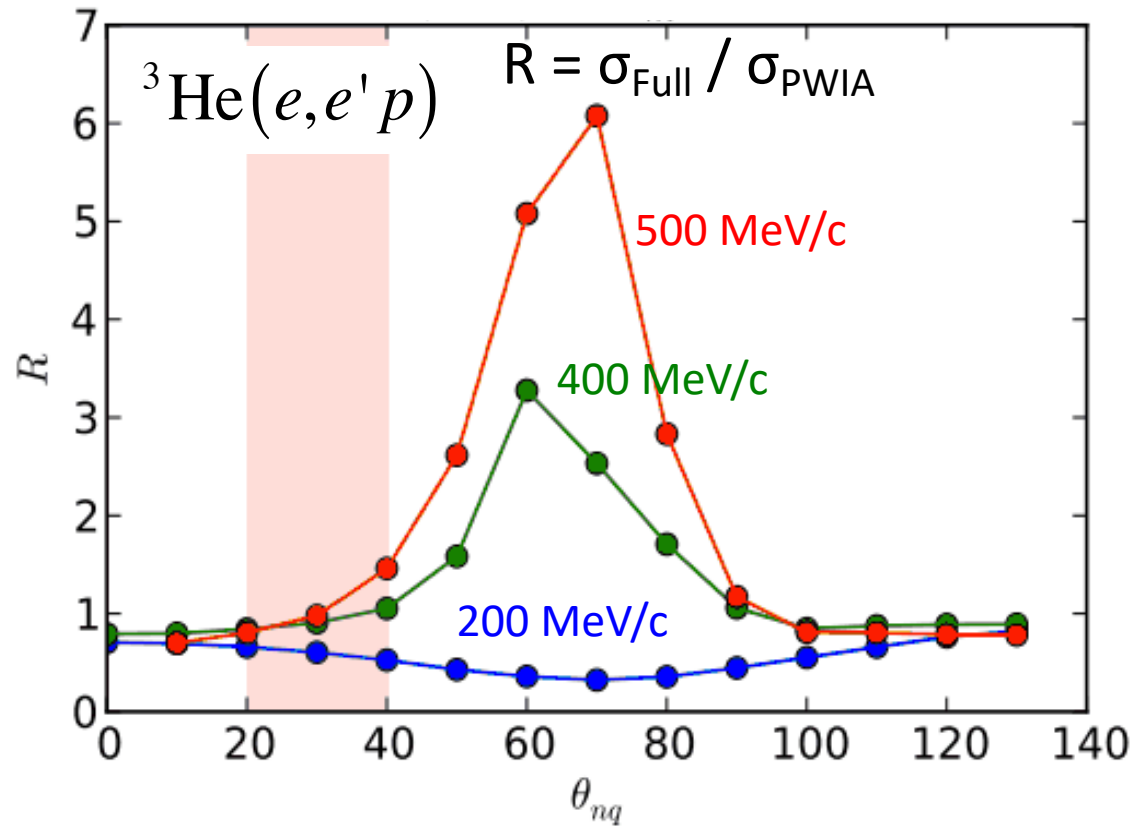
$p_m = 440$  MeV/c

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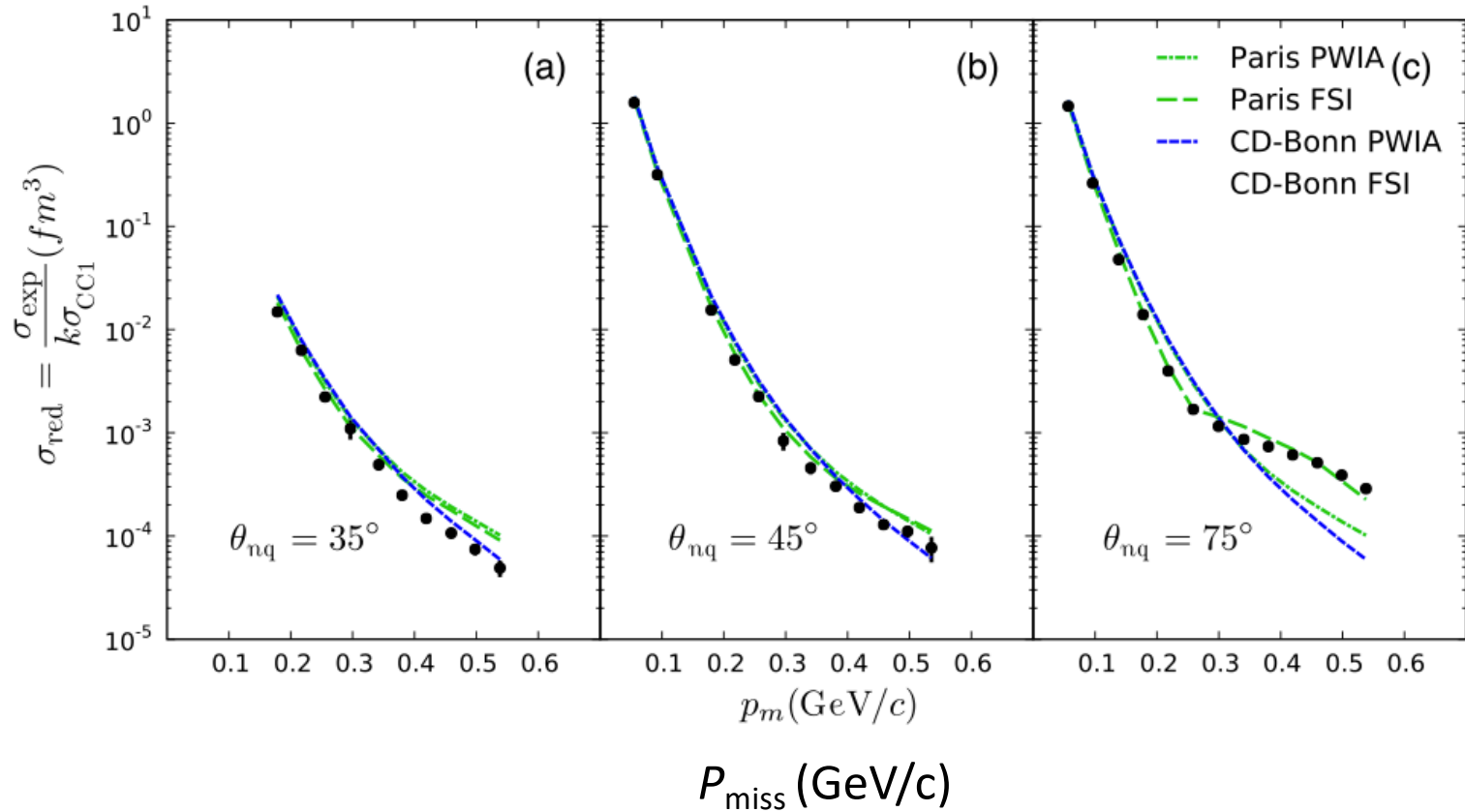
Dominated by FSI at large missing momentum

**Well described by calculation**

# Magic Kinematics?

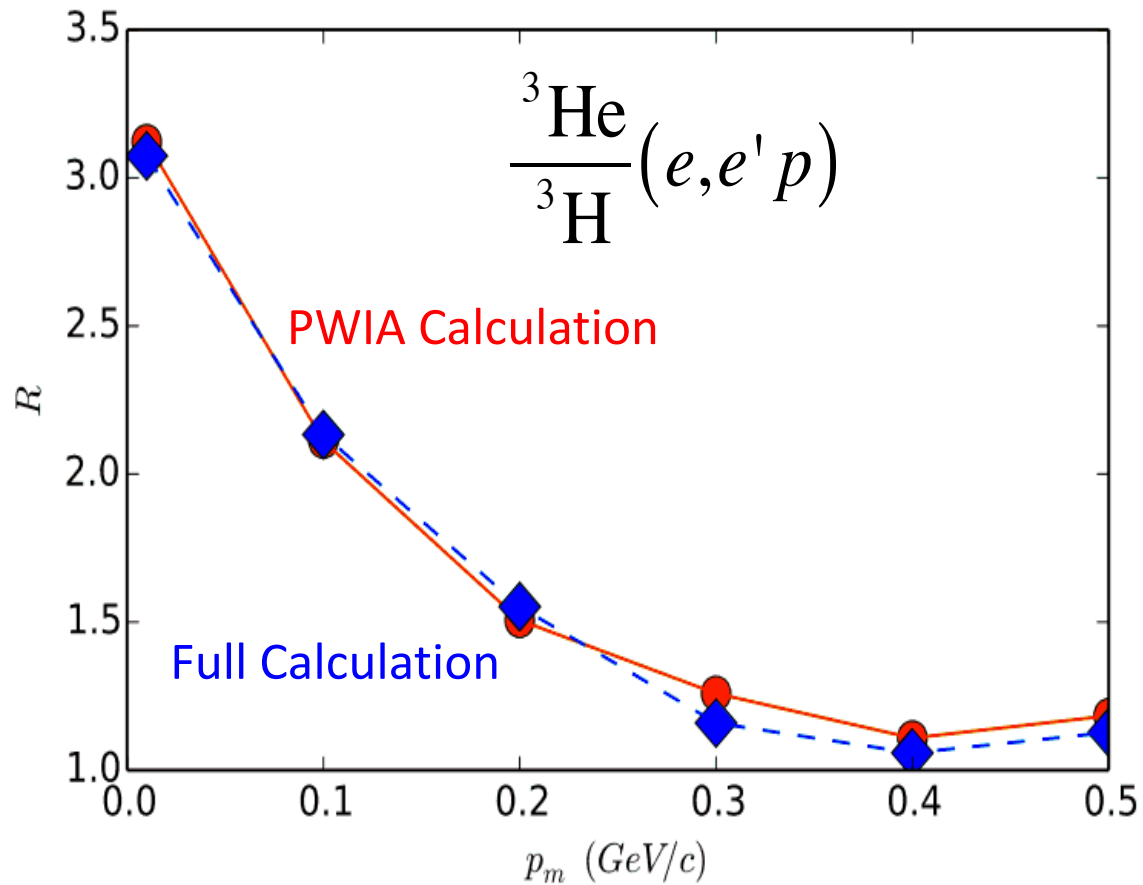


# Magic Kinematics!





# Magic Ratios?



# Probing nucleon momentum distributions in $A = 3$ nuclei via ${}^3\text{He}$ and ${}^3\text{H}(e, e'p)$ measurements

R. Cruz-Torres,<sup>1</sup> S. Li,<sup>2</sup> F. Hauenstein,<sup>3</sup> A. Schmidt,<sup>1</sup> D. Abrams,<sup>4</sup> H. Albataineh,<sup>5</sup> S. Alsalmi,<sup>6</sup> D. Androic,<sup>7</sup>

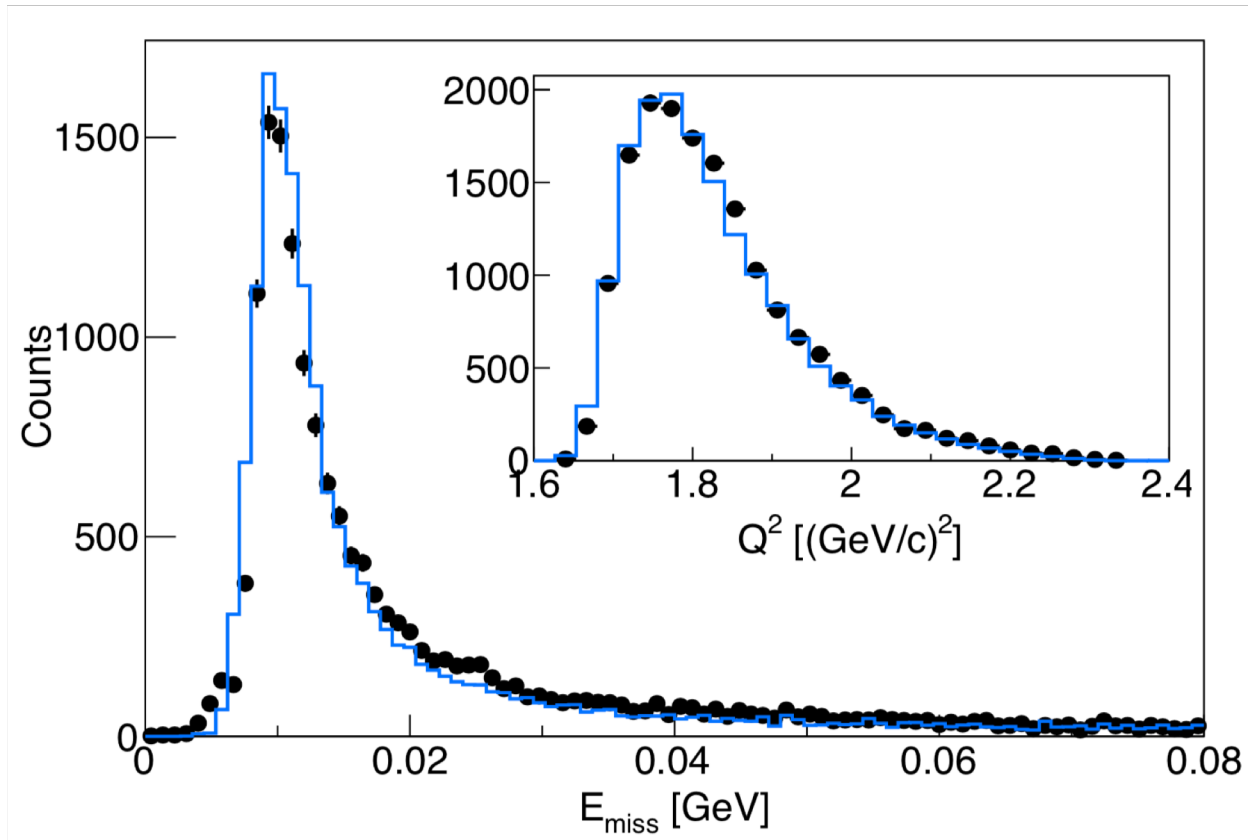
⋮

(Jefferson Lab Hall A Tritium Collaboration)

<sup>1</sup>*Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA*

<sup>2</sup>*University of New Hampshire, Durham, NH*

<sup>3</sup>*Old Dominion University, Norfolk, VA*



R. Cruz Torres et al.

# Probing nucleon momentum distributions in $A = 3$ nuclei via ${}^3\text{He}$ and ${}^3\text{H}(e, e'p)$ measurements

R. Cruz-Torres,<sup>1</sup> S. Li,<sup>2</sup> F. Hauenstein,<sup>3</sup> A. Schmidt,<sup>1</sup> D. Abrams,<sup>4</sup> H. Albataineh,<sup>5</sup> S. Alsalmi,<sup>6</sup> D. Androic,<sup>7</sup>



⋮

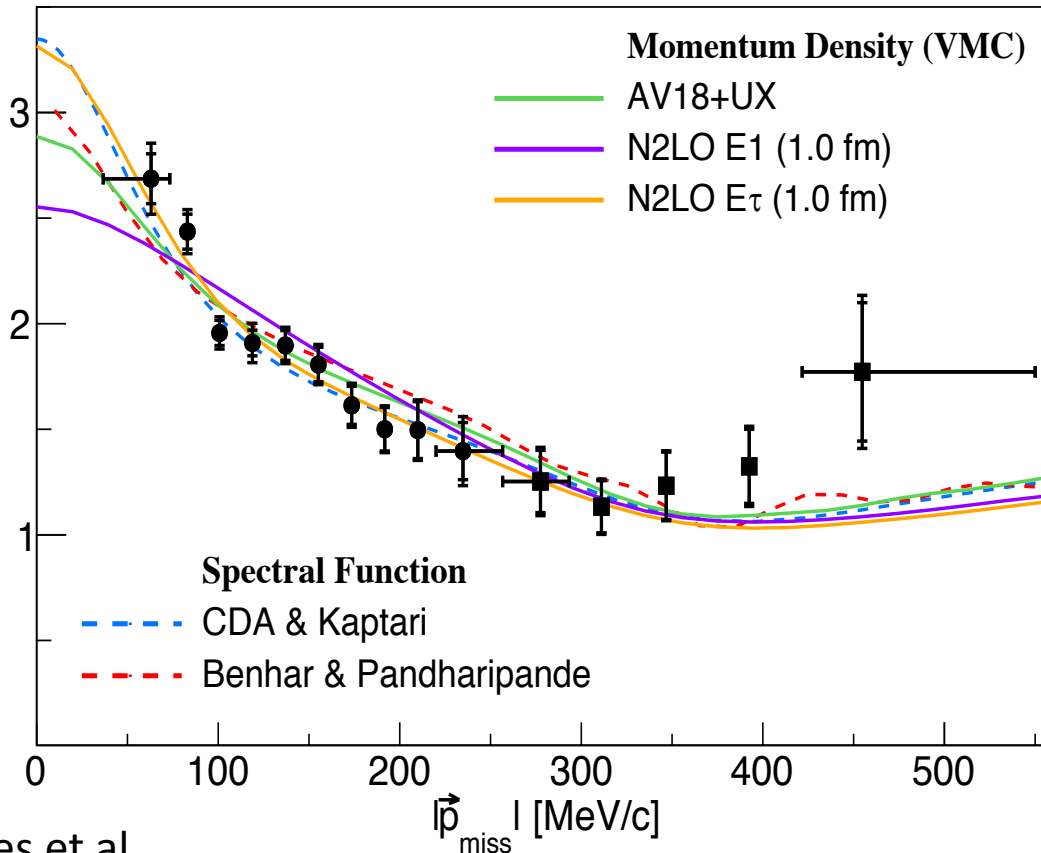
(Jefferson Lab Hall A Tritium Collaboration)

<sup>1</sup>*Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA*

<sup>2</sup>*University of New Hampshire, Durham, NH*

<sup>3</sup>*Old Dominion University, Norfolk, VA*

${}^3\text{He} / {}^3\text{H}$   
( $e, e'p$ )

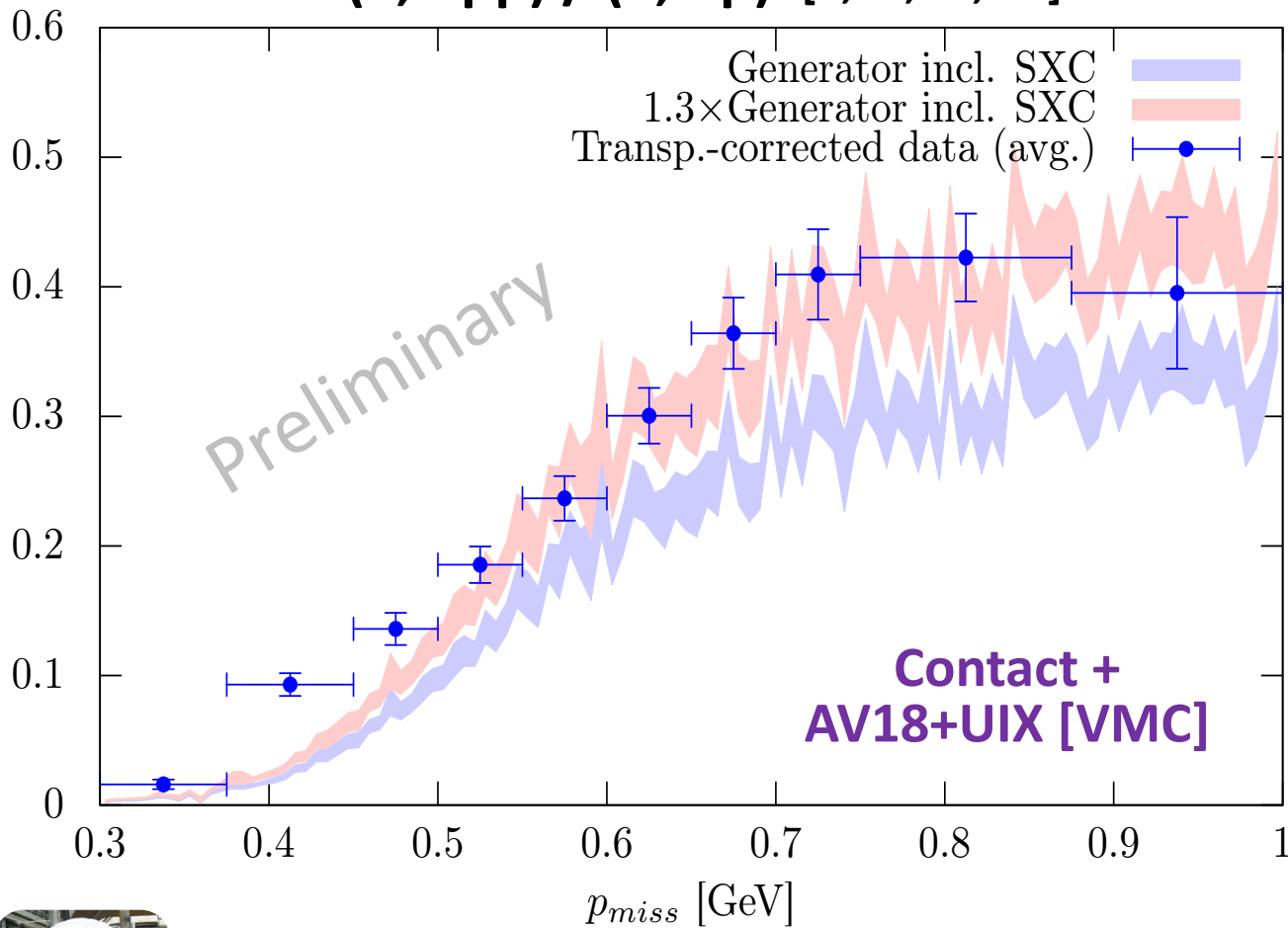


R. Cruz Torres et al.



# Probing even higher momenta

$A(e,e'pp) / (e,e'p)$  [C, Al, Fe, Pb]



Remarkable  
(preliminary)  
agreement \w ab-  
initio calculations  
@ high-momenta

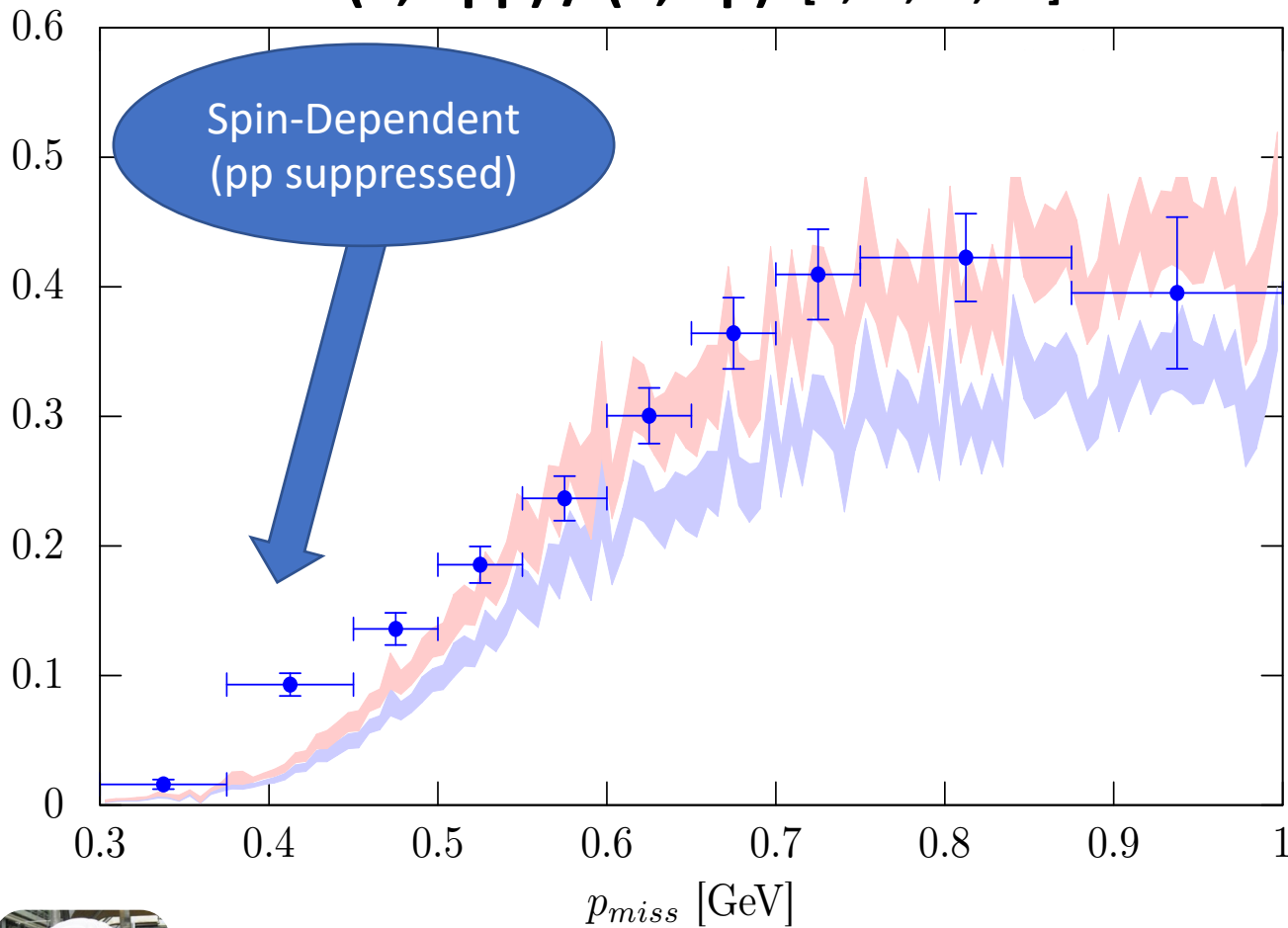


A. Schmidt et al.



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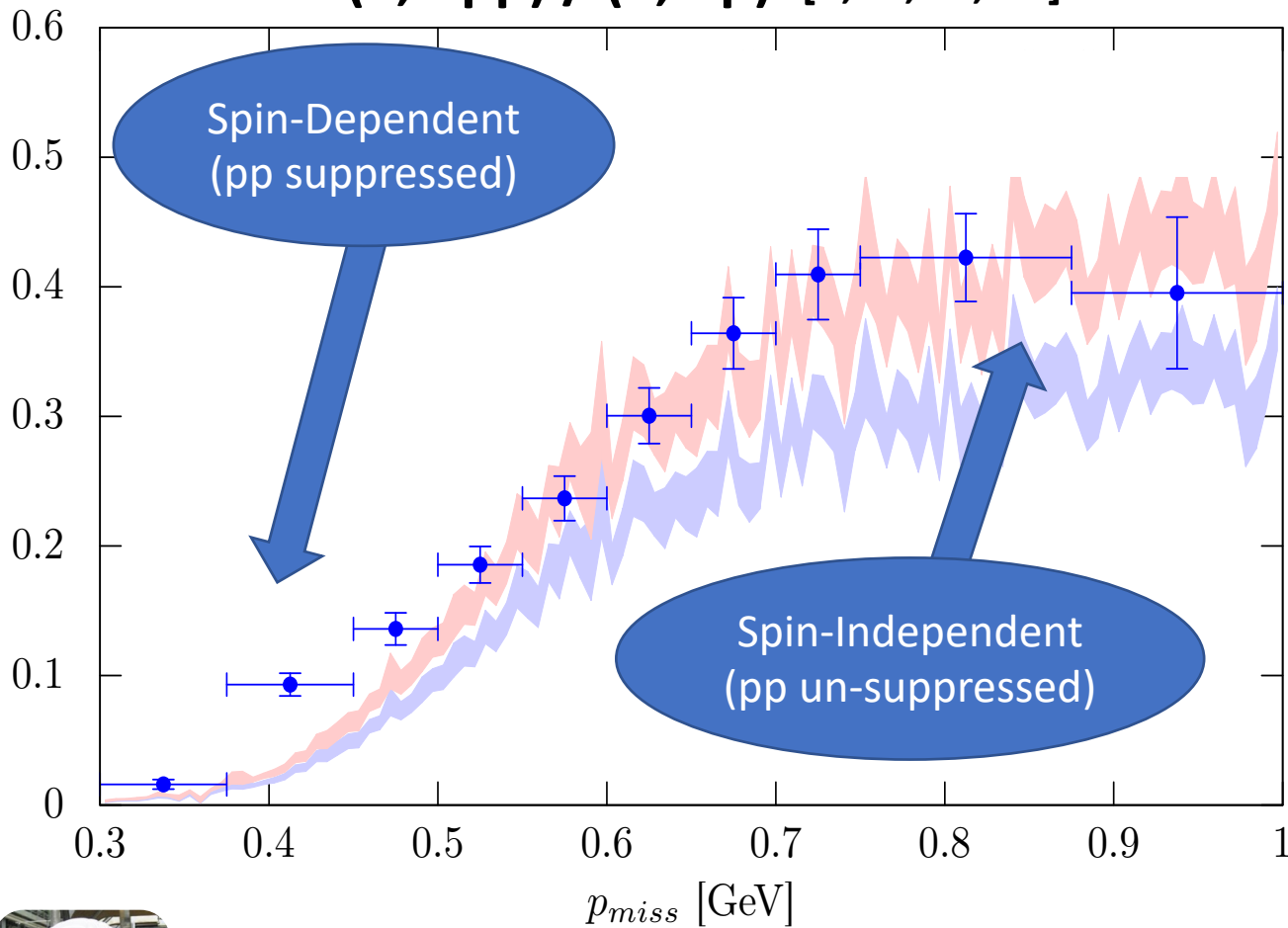


A. Schmidt et al.



# Probing even higher momenta

$A(e,e'pp) / (e,e'p)$  [C, Al, Fe, Pb]

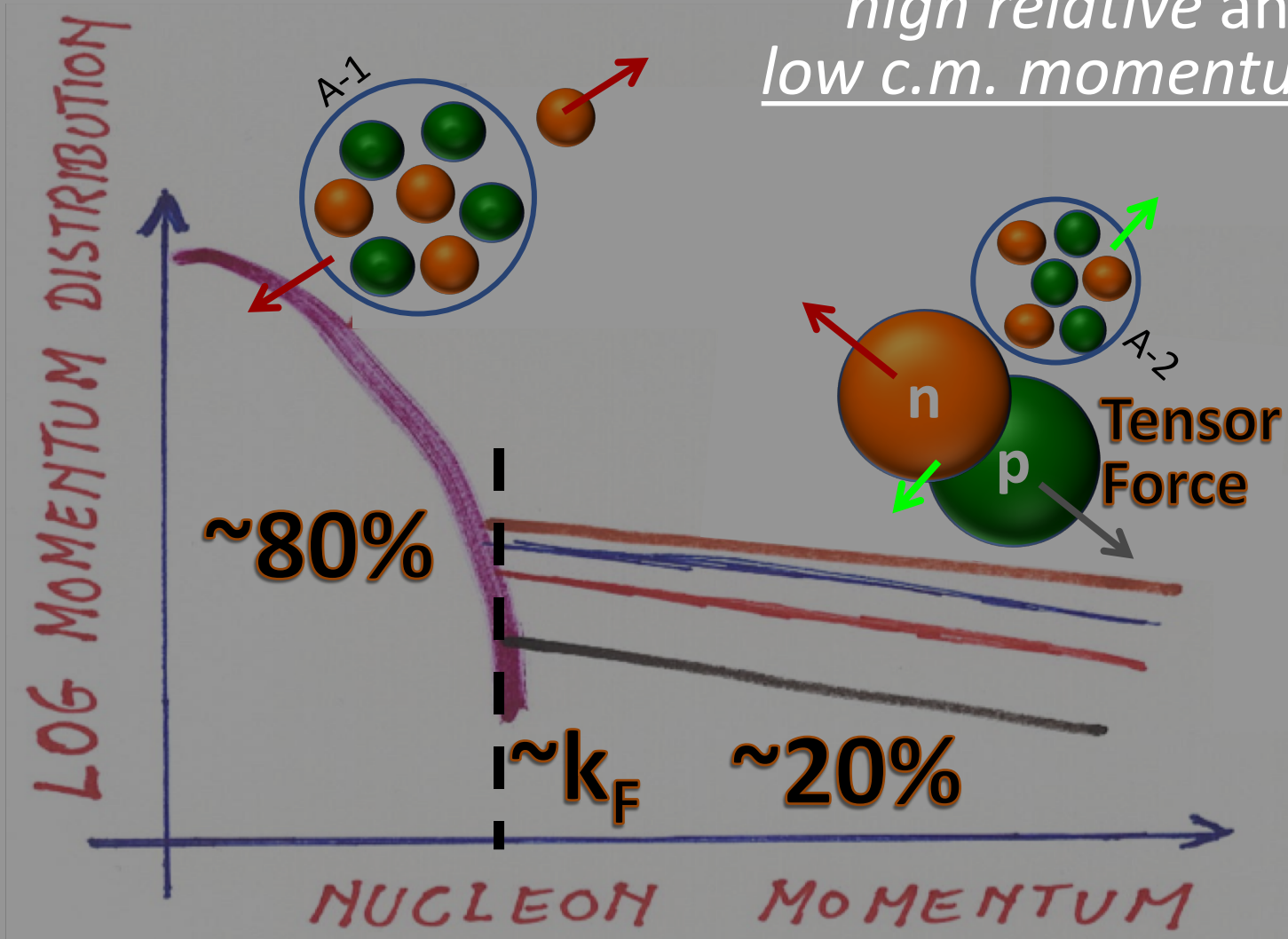


Remarkable (preliminary) agreement w ab-initio calculations @ high-momenta

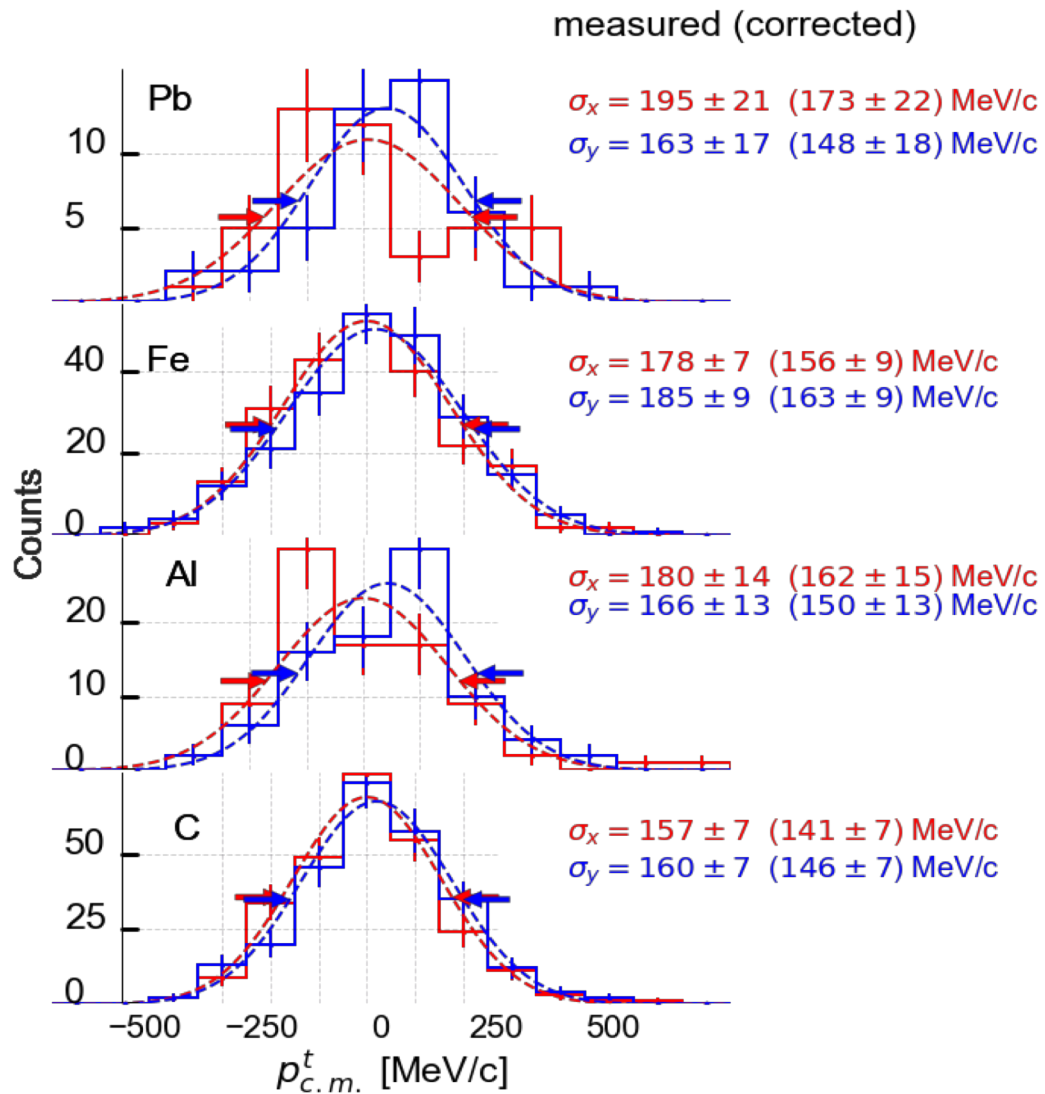


A. Schmidt et al.

“high relative and low c.m. momentum”



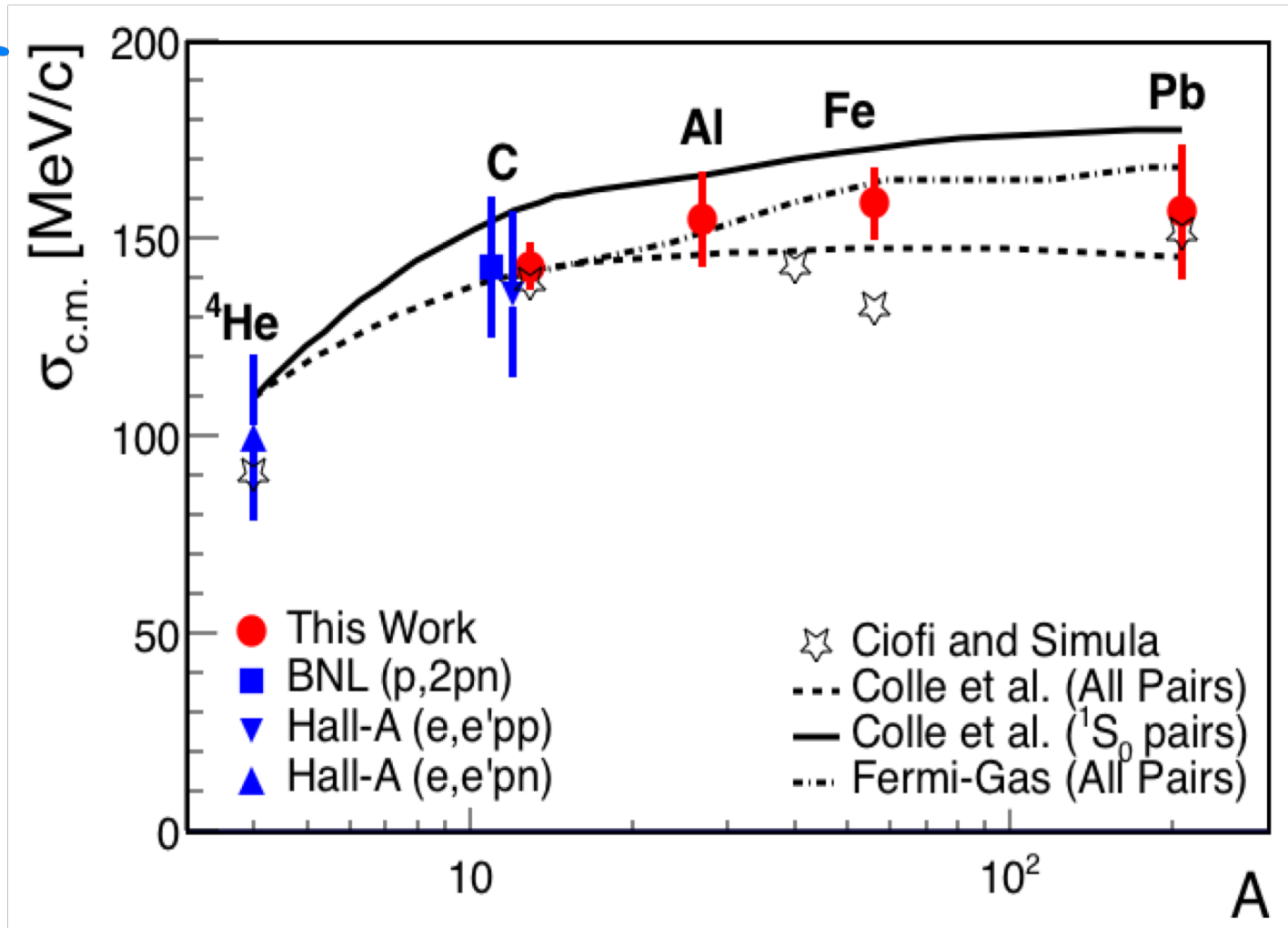
# Low Pair C.M. Motion

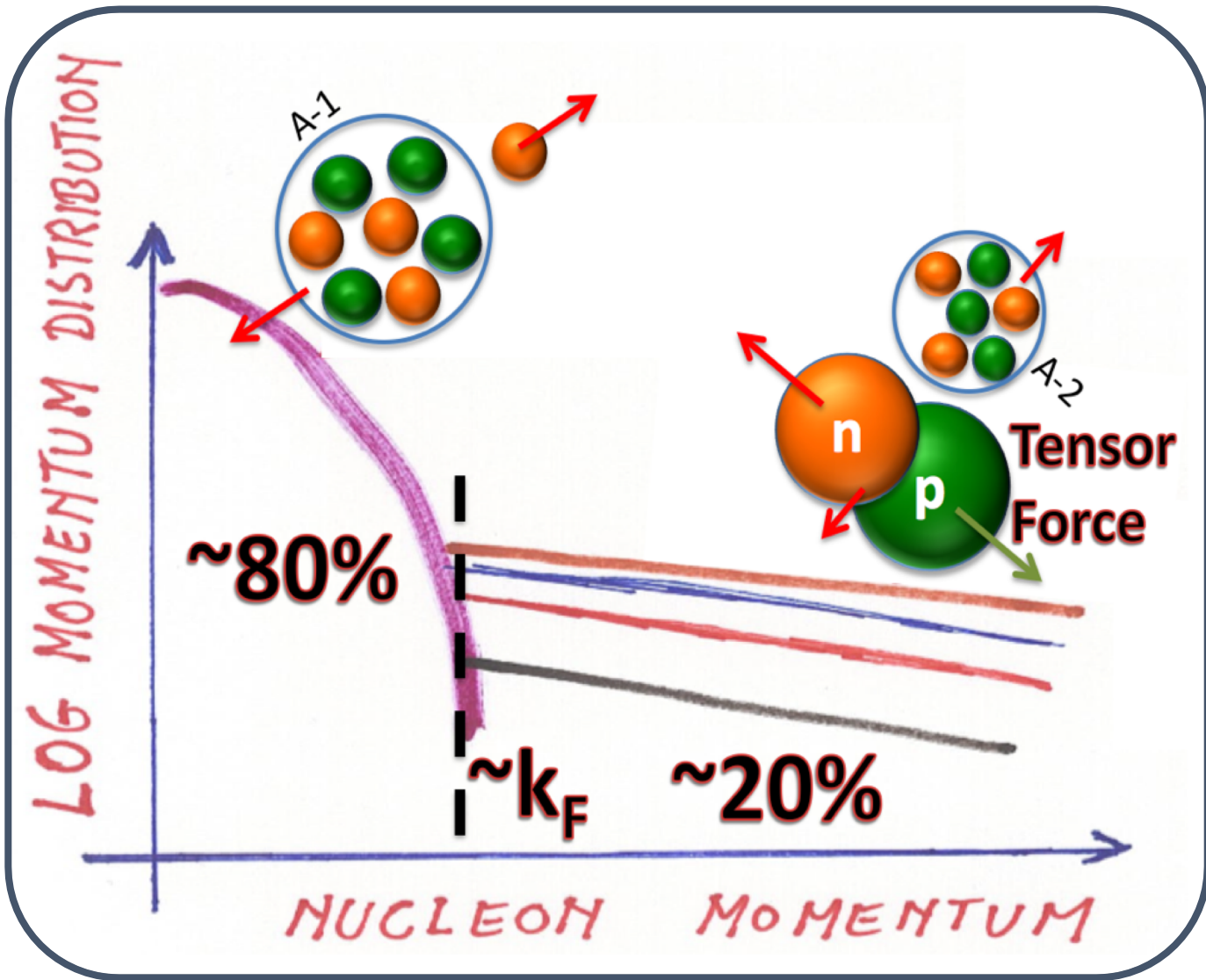




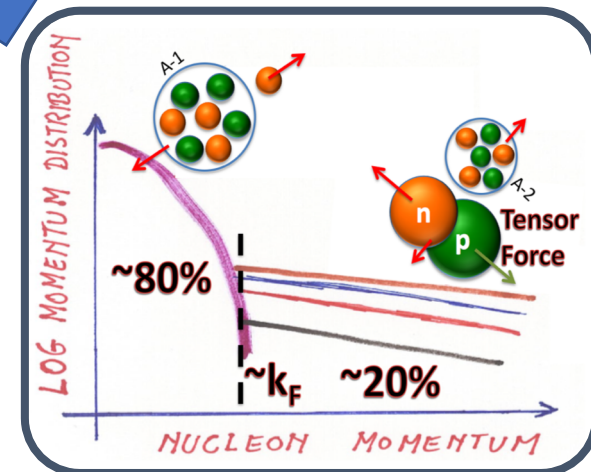
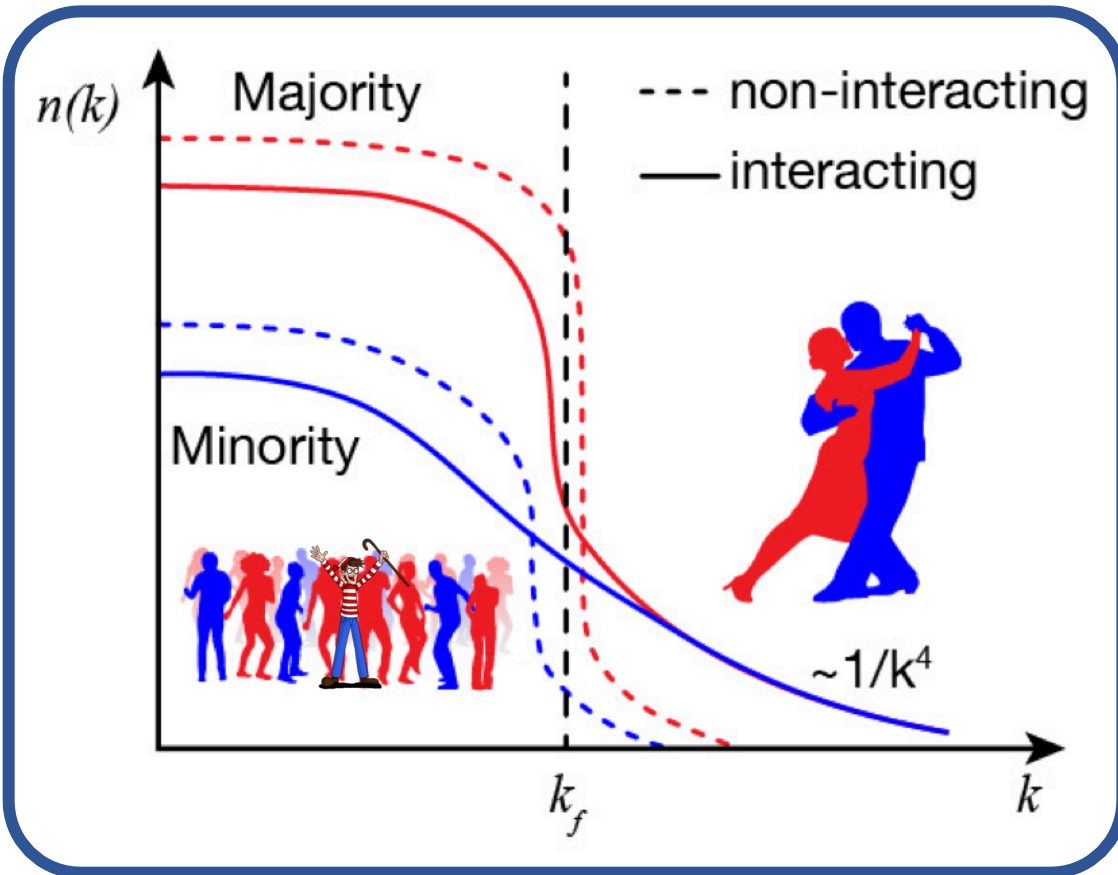
# Consistent with Mean-Field Calculations

NEW!





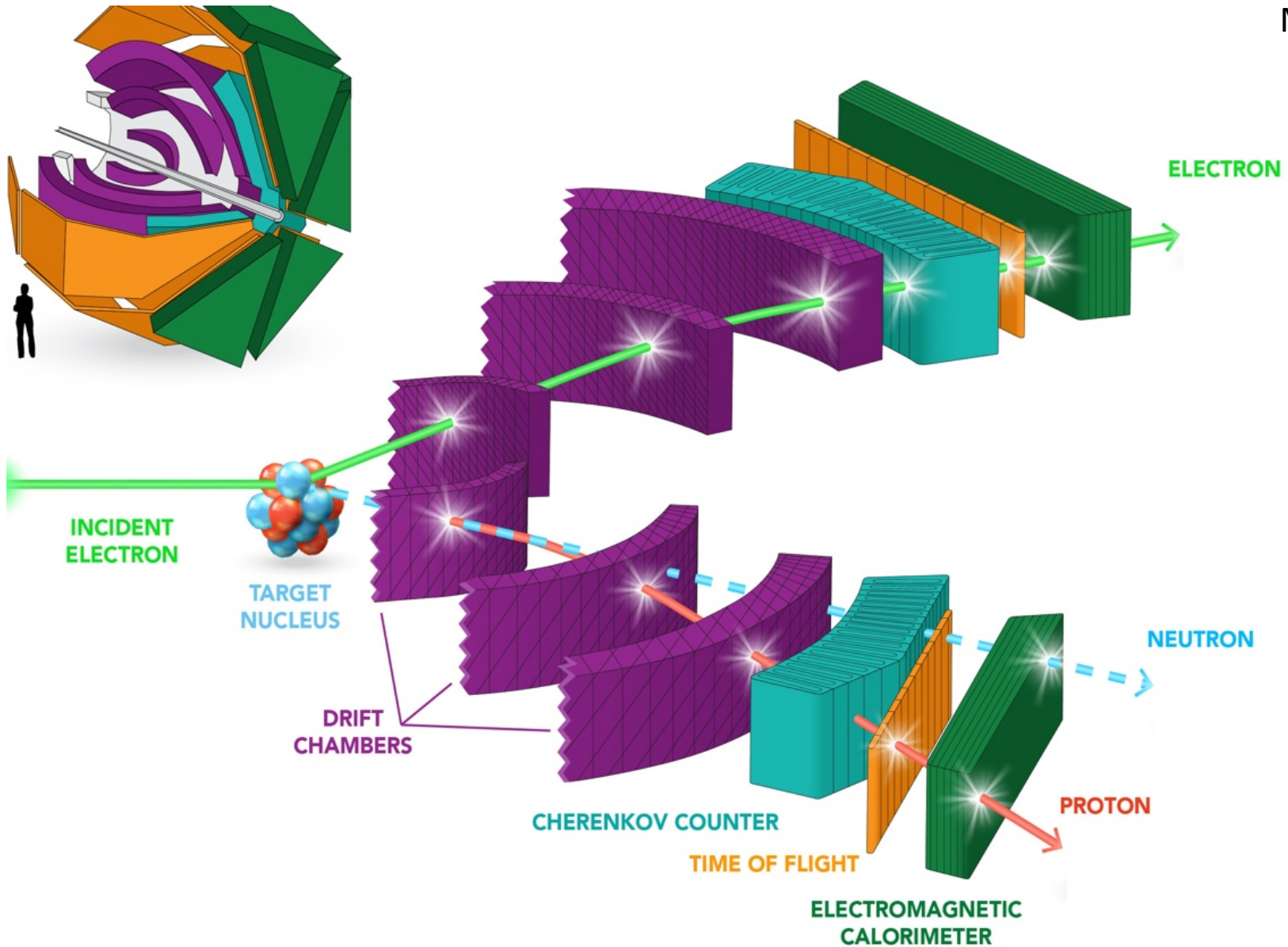
# Asymmetric Nuclei?



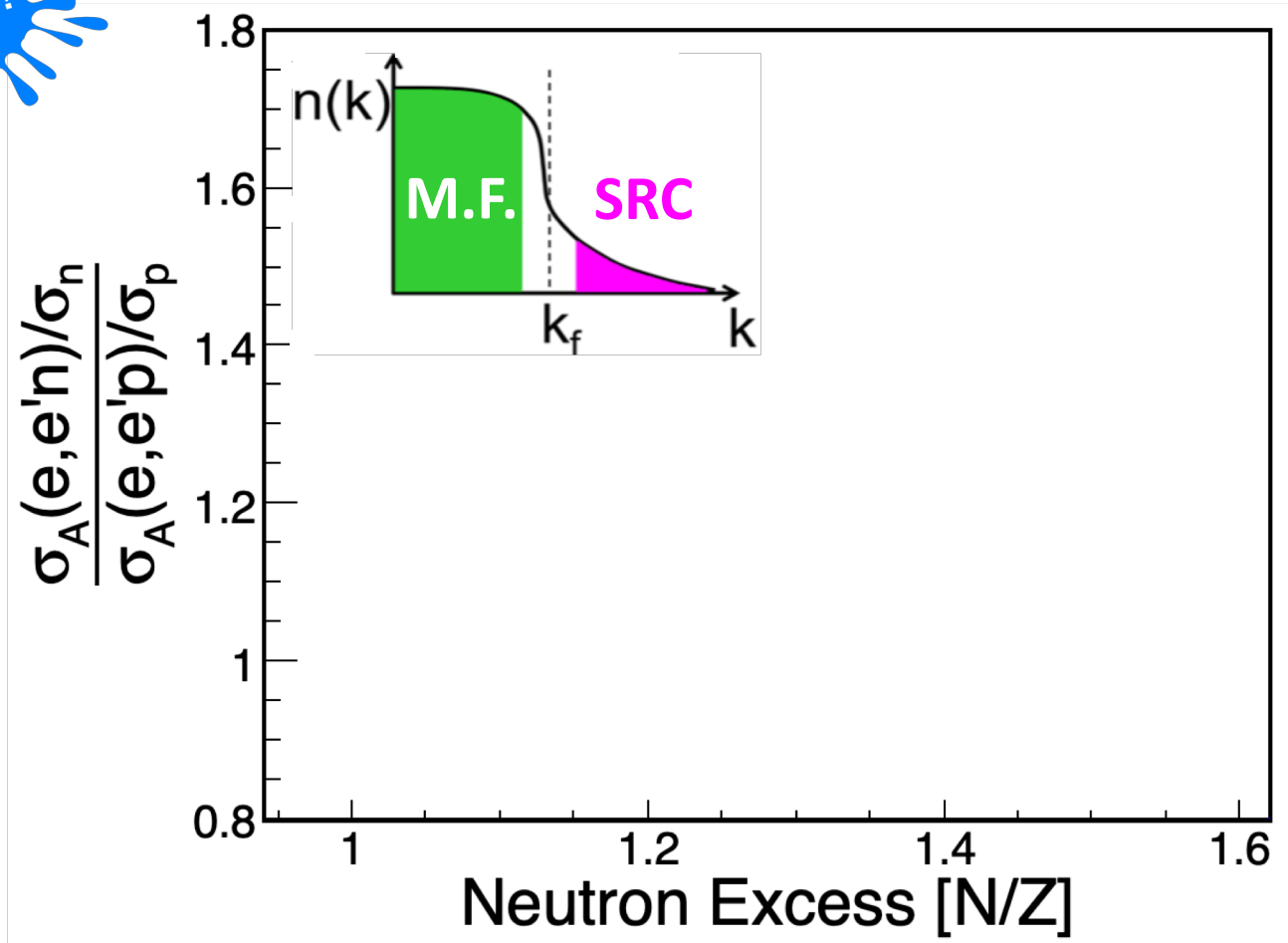
# Proton vs. Neutron Knockout



M. Duer



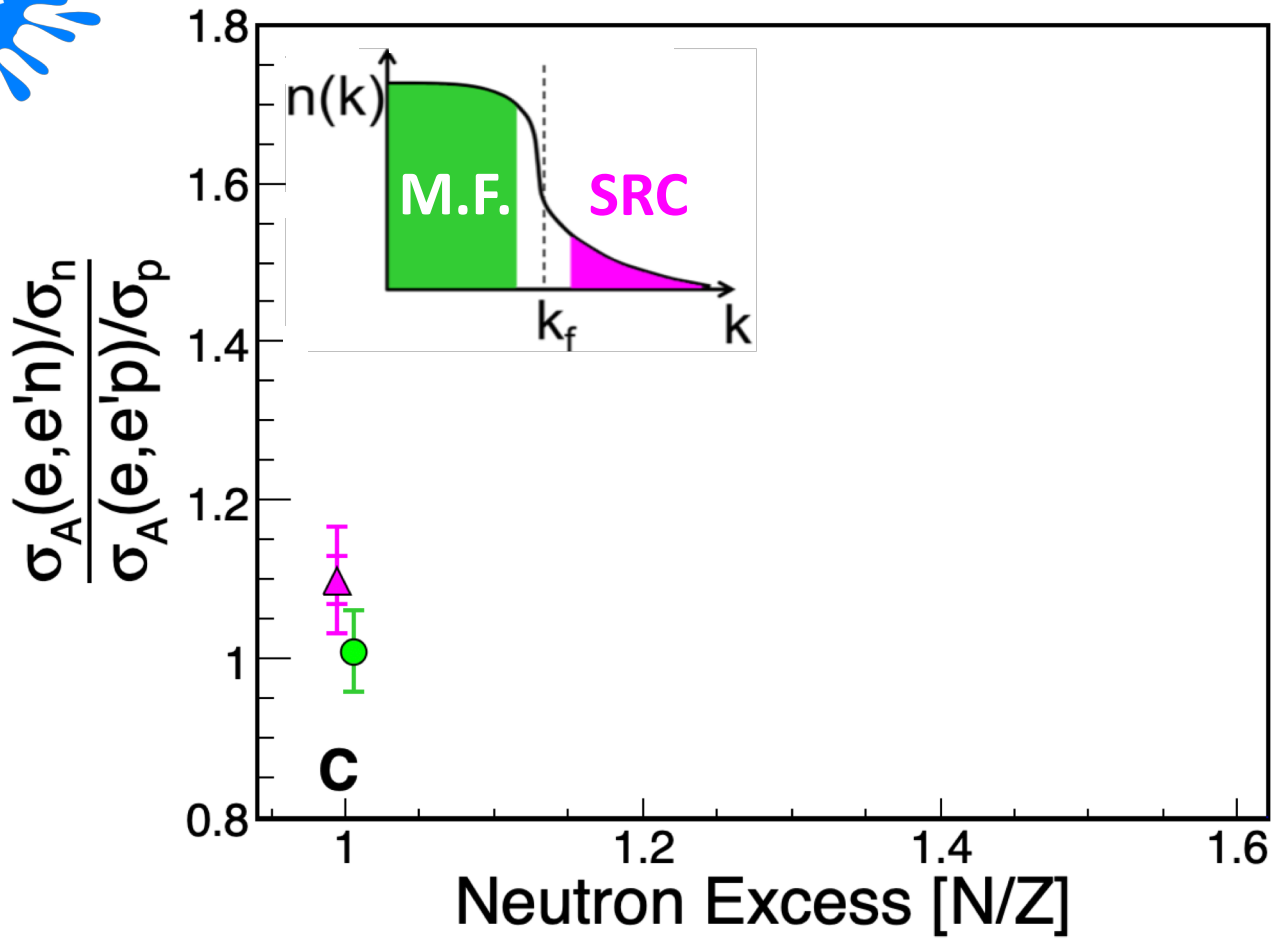
# Proton / Neutron Populations



Duer et al.,  
Nature (2018)

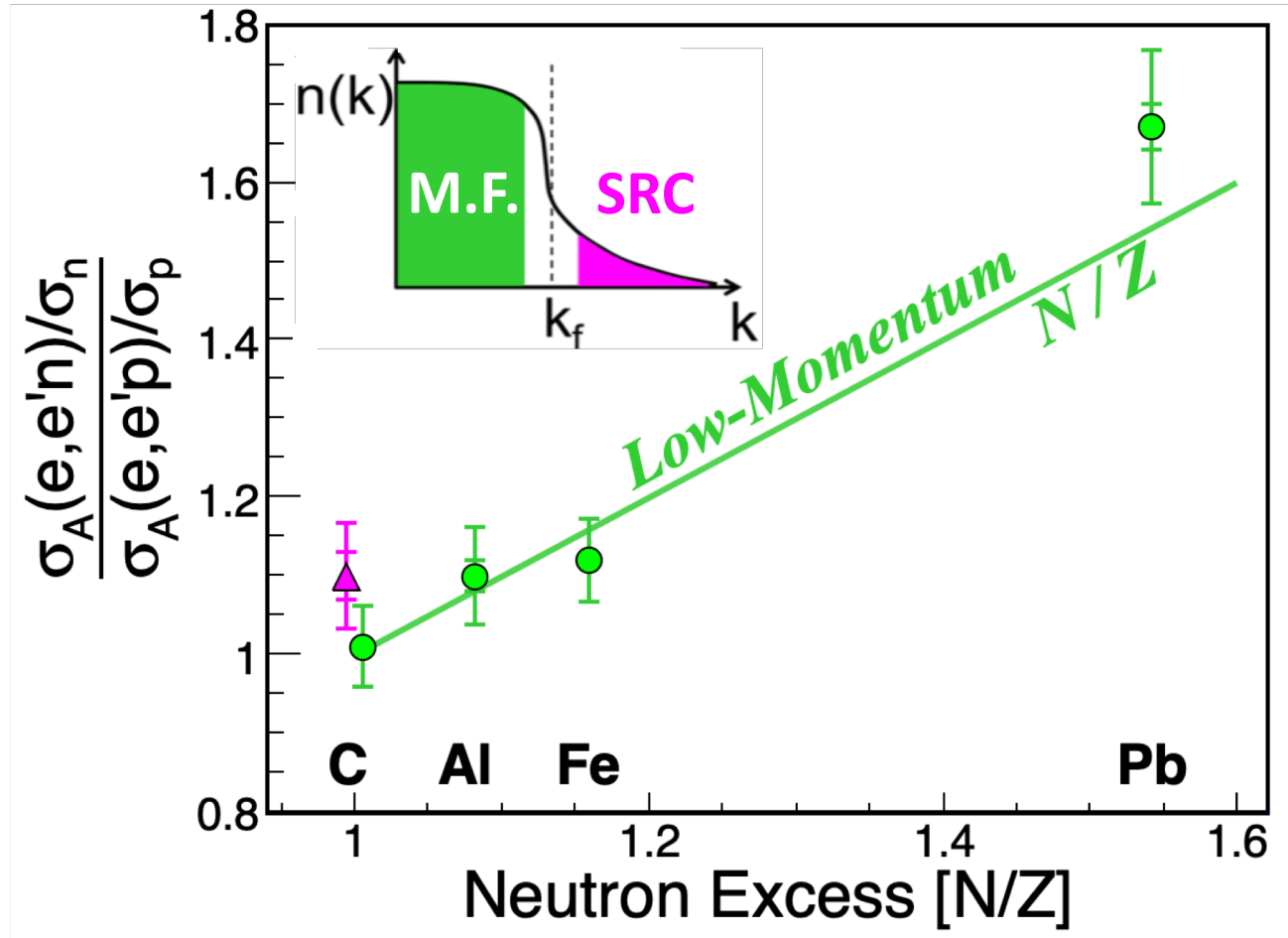


# Symmetric: $n/p = 1$



Duer et al.,  
Nature (2018)

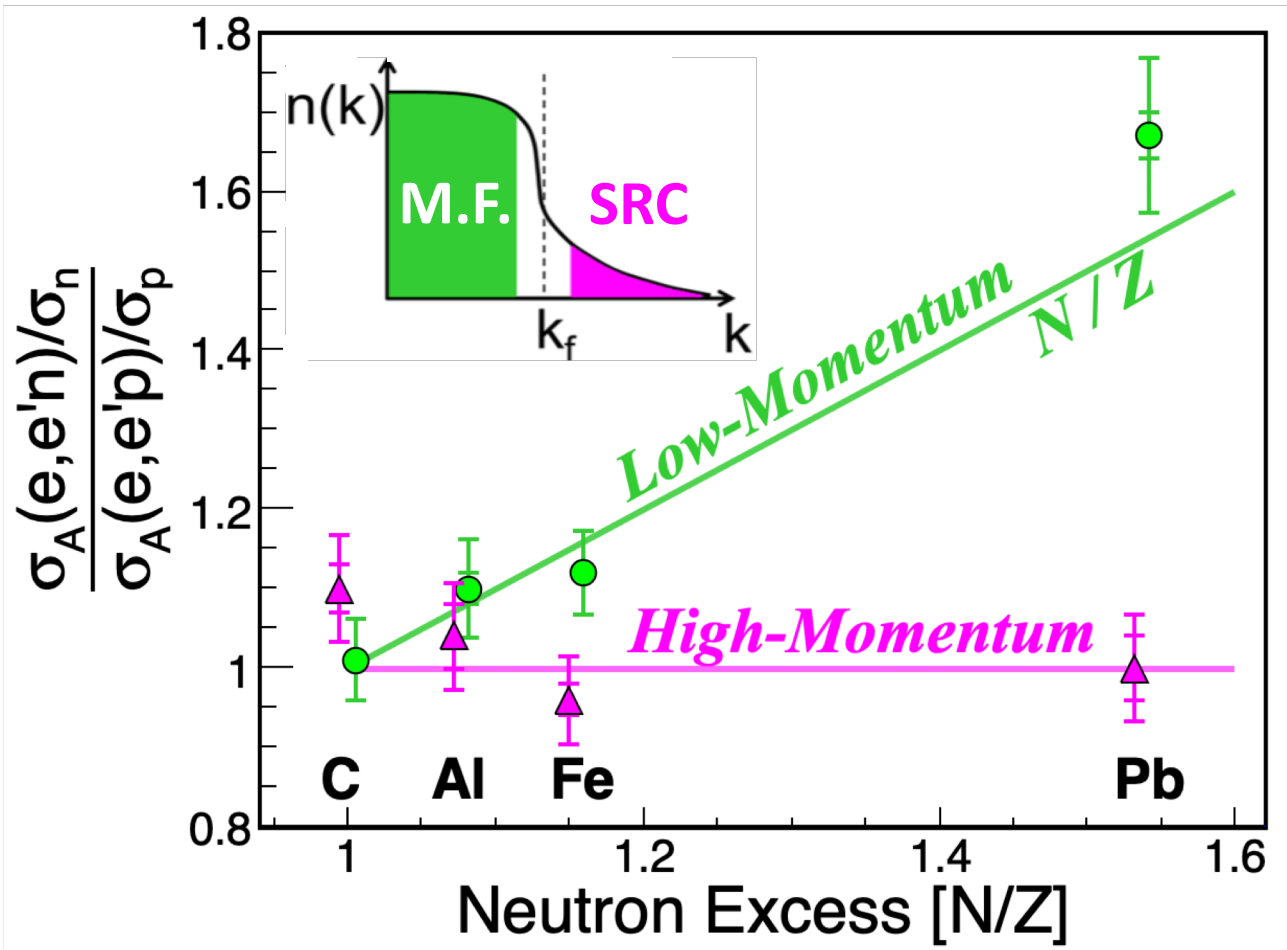
# Mean-Field: $n/p = N/Z$



Duer et al.,  
Nature (2018)



# SRC: $n/p = 1$

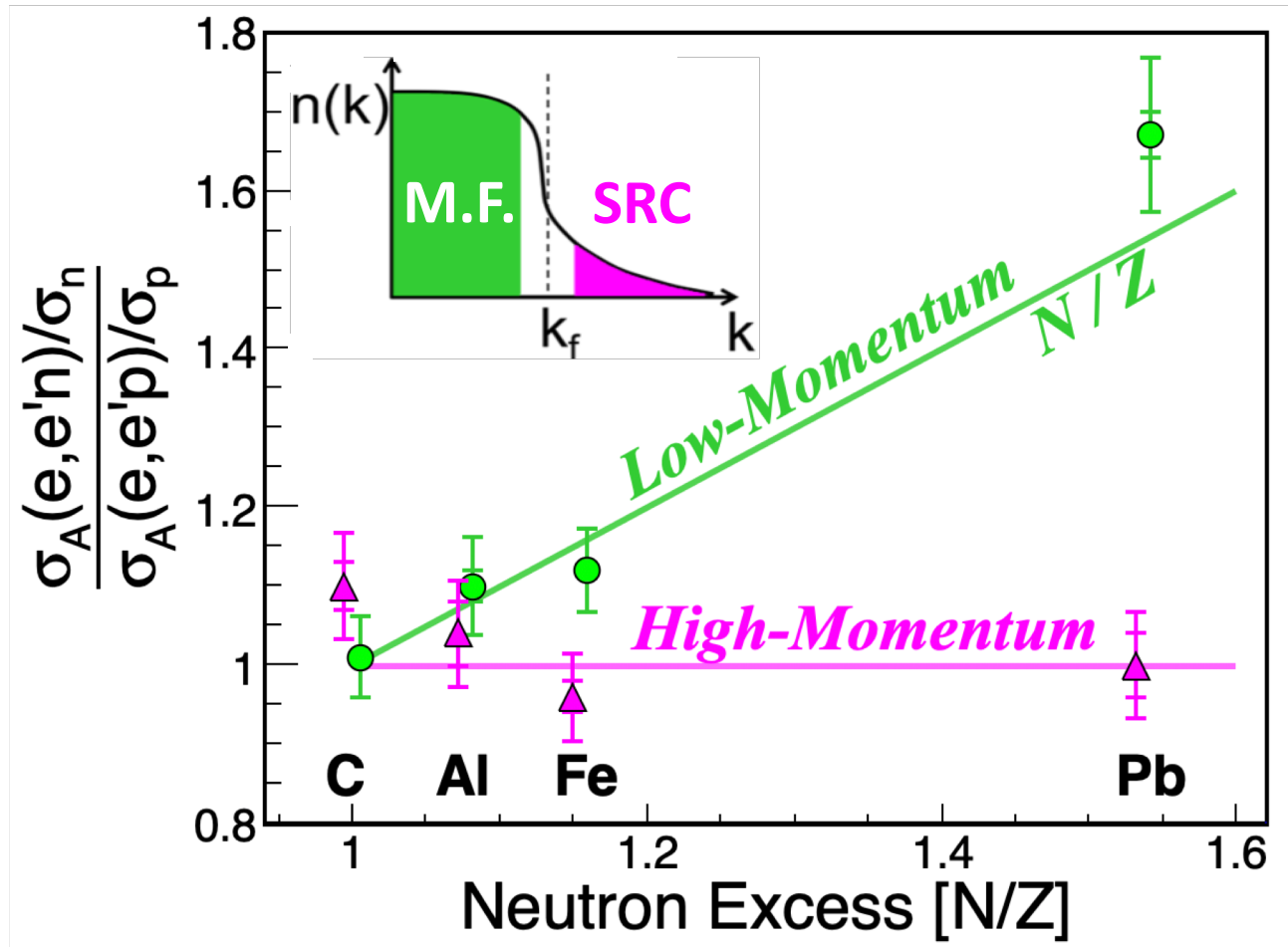


Duer et al.,  
Nature (2018)





→ Same # of high-momentum protons and neutrons



Duer et al.,  
Nature (2018)



# What do the outer neutrons do?

don't  
correlate?

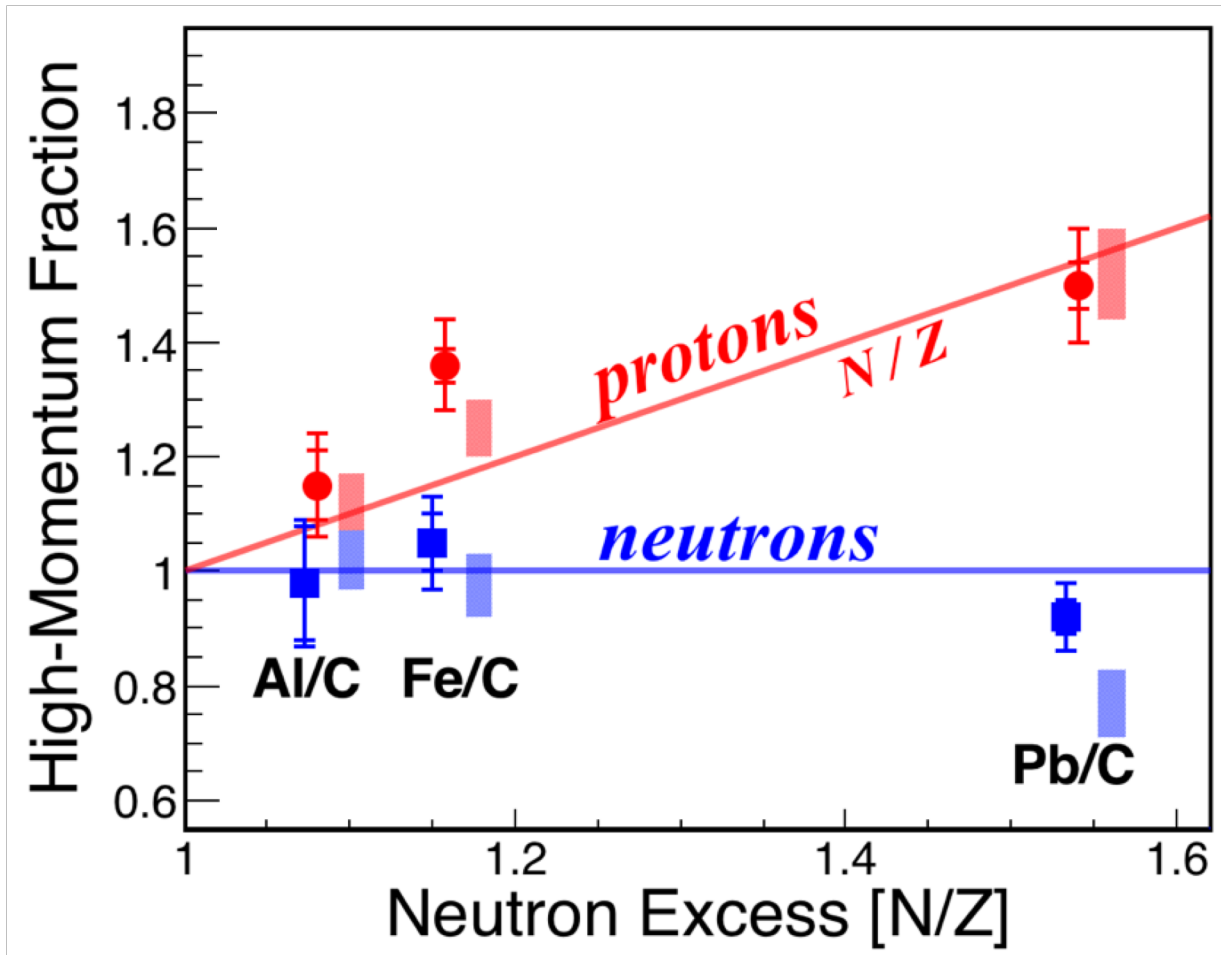
correlate with  
core protons?



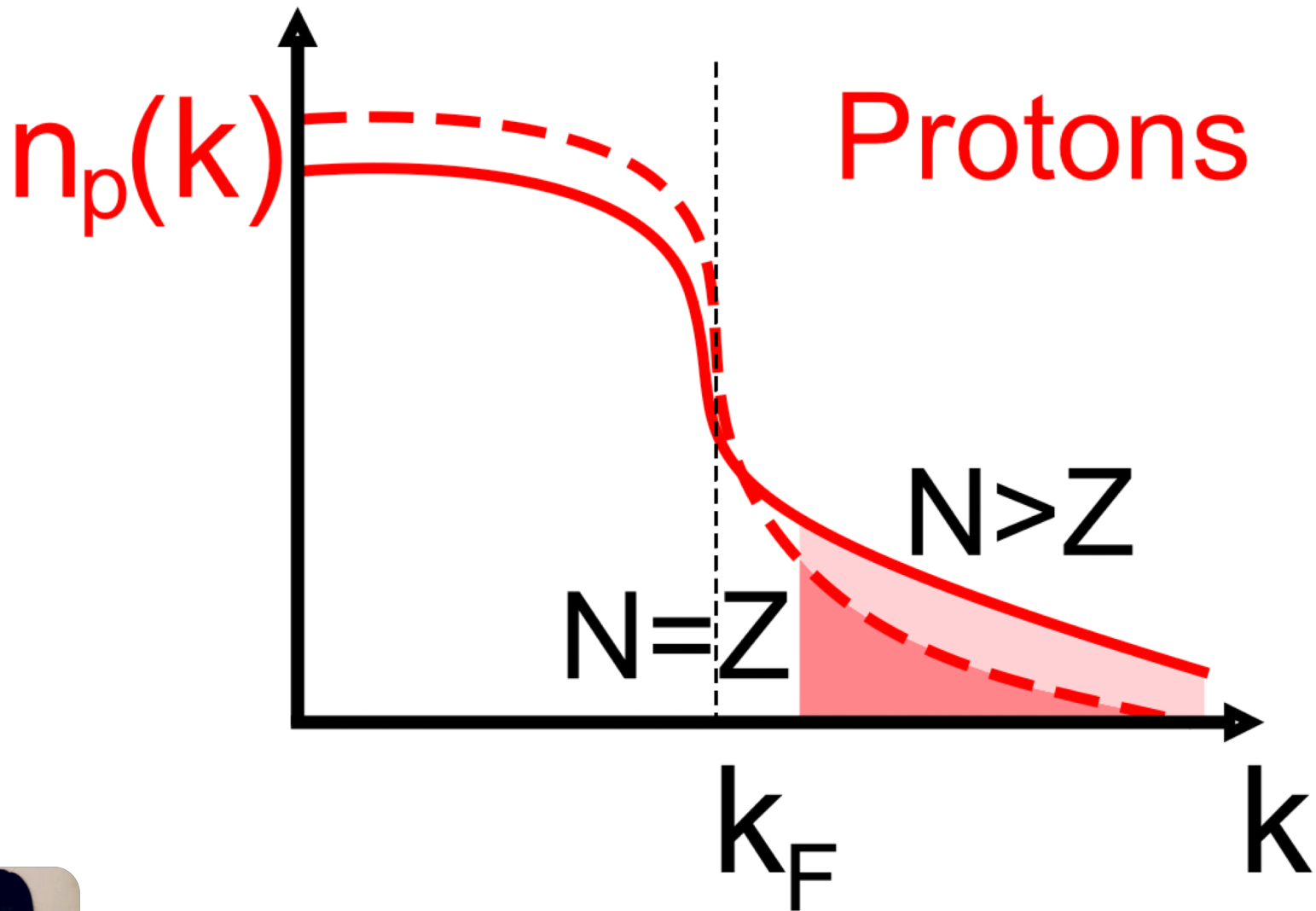
Duer et al.,  
Nature (2018)



# Correlation Probability: Neutrons saturate Protons grow



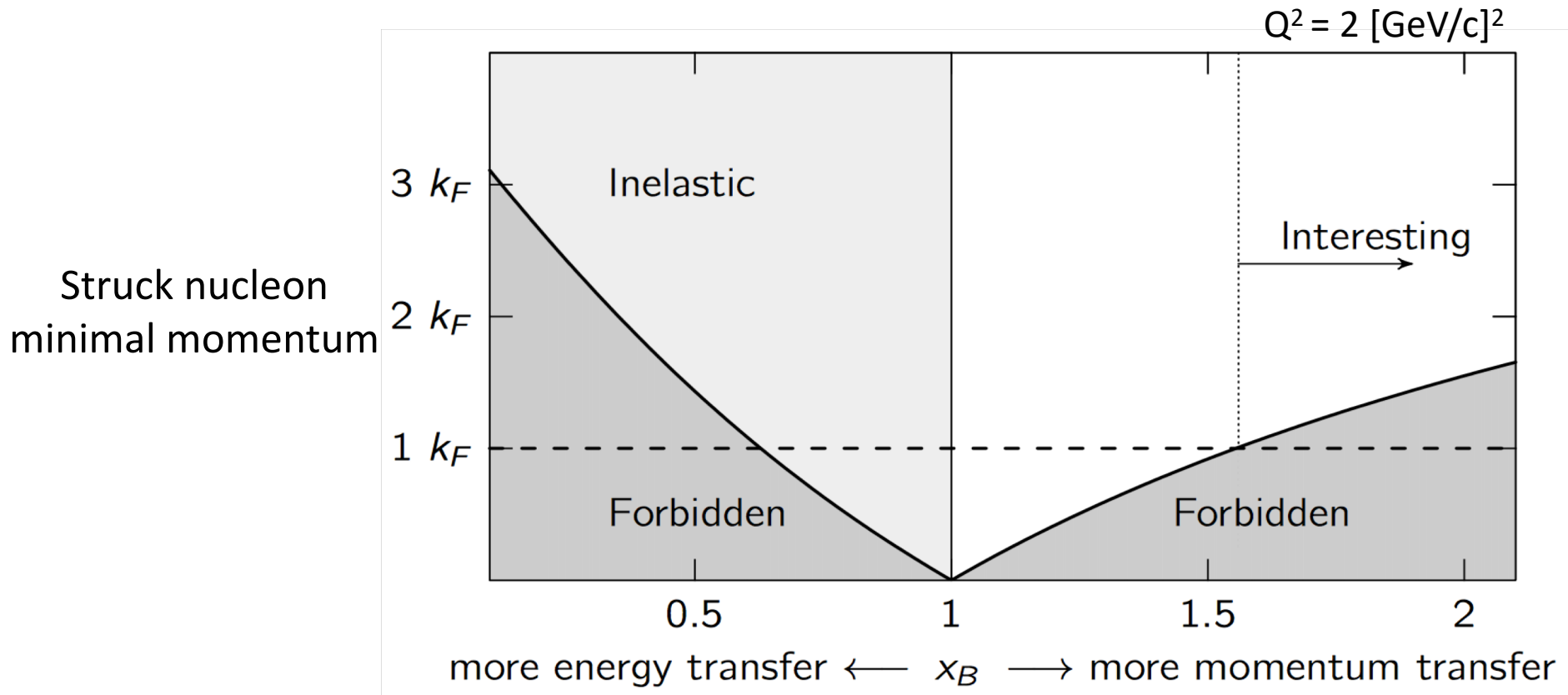
Duer et al.,  
Nature (2018)



Duer et al.,  
Nature (2018)



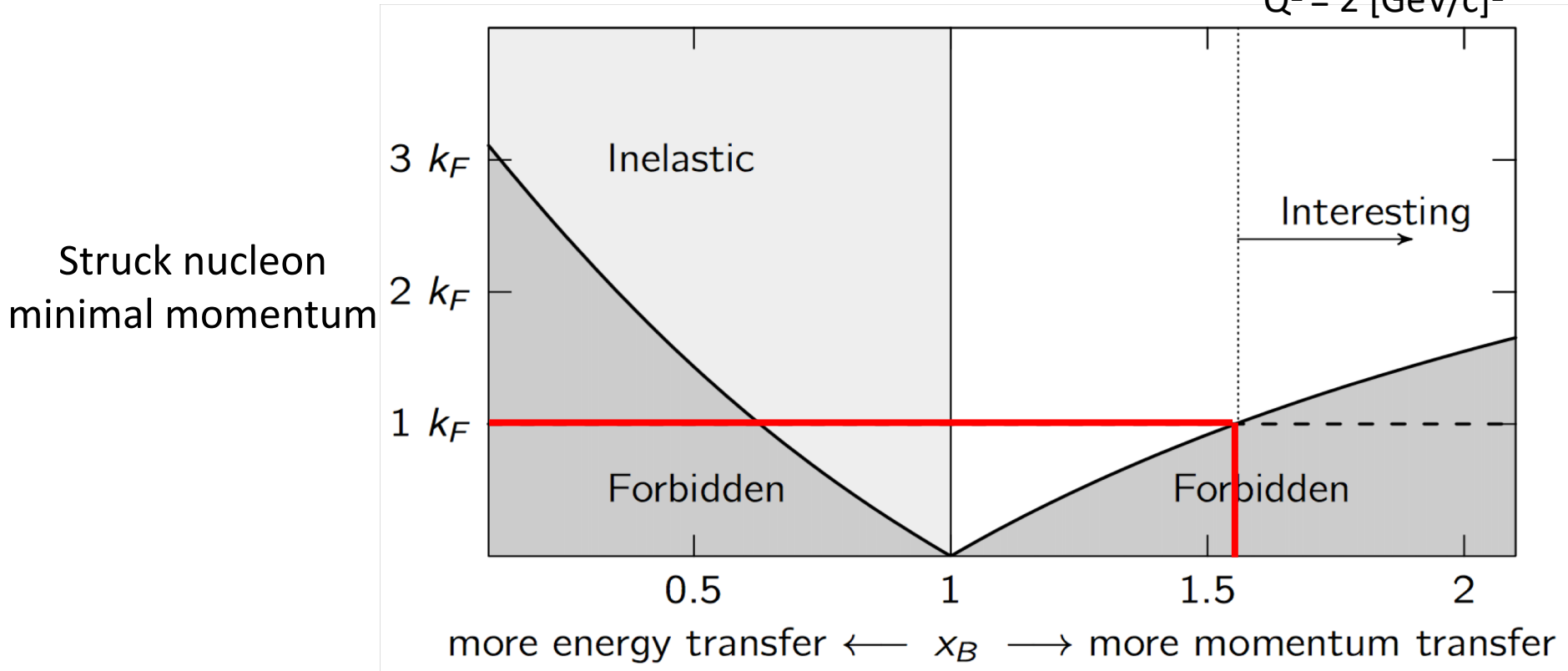
# $(e,e')$ : $x_B$ correlates with initial momenta



$$(q + p_A - p_{A-1})^2 = p_f^2 = m_N^2$$

# High $x_B \Leftrightarrow$ High initial momenta

$Q^2 = 2 \text{ [GeV/c]}^2$

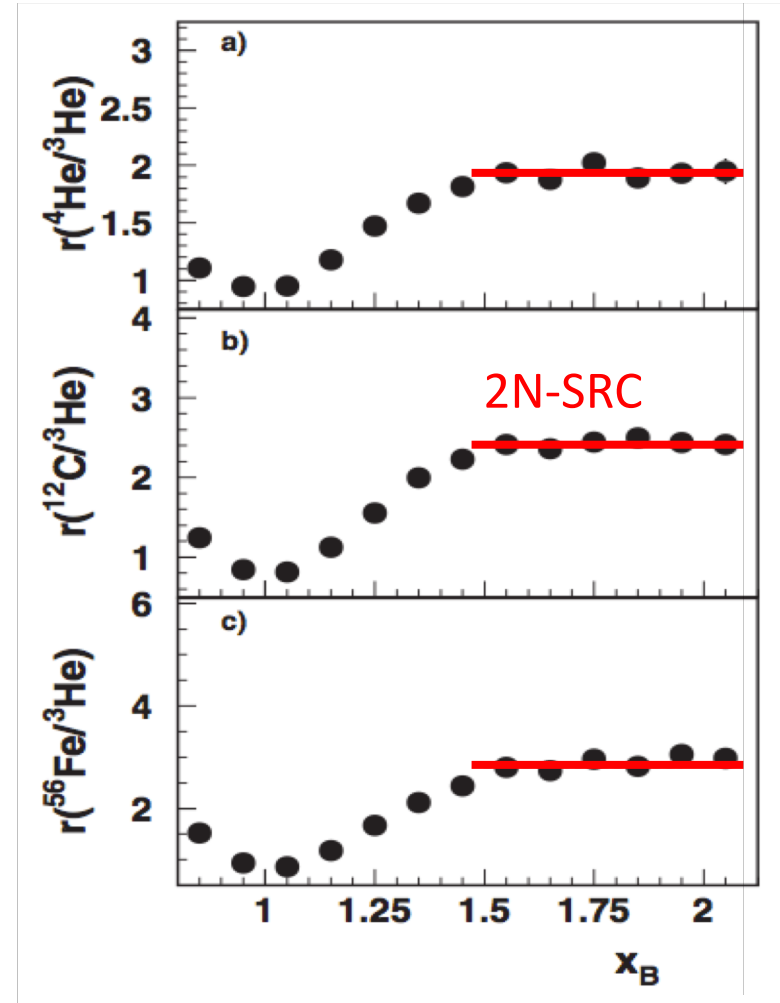


$$(q + p_A - p_{A-1})^2 = p_f^2 = m_N^2$$

# High-Momentum Scaling

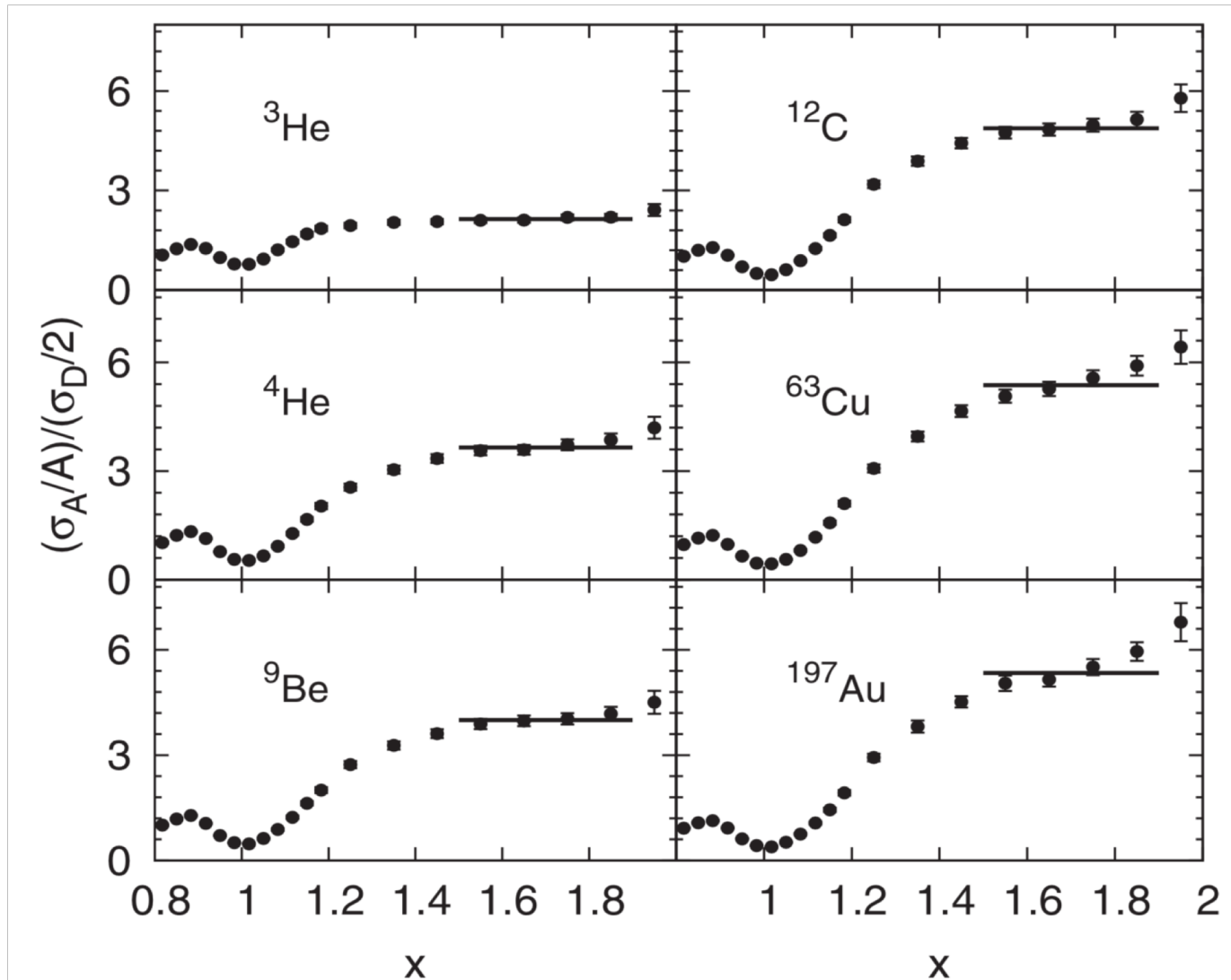
- $A/d$  ( $e, e'$ ) cross section ratios sensitive to  $n_A(k)/n_d(k)$
- Observed scaling for  $x_B \geq 1.5$ .

$$\Rightarrow n_A(k > k_F) = a_2(A) \times n_d(k)$$



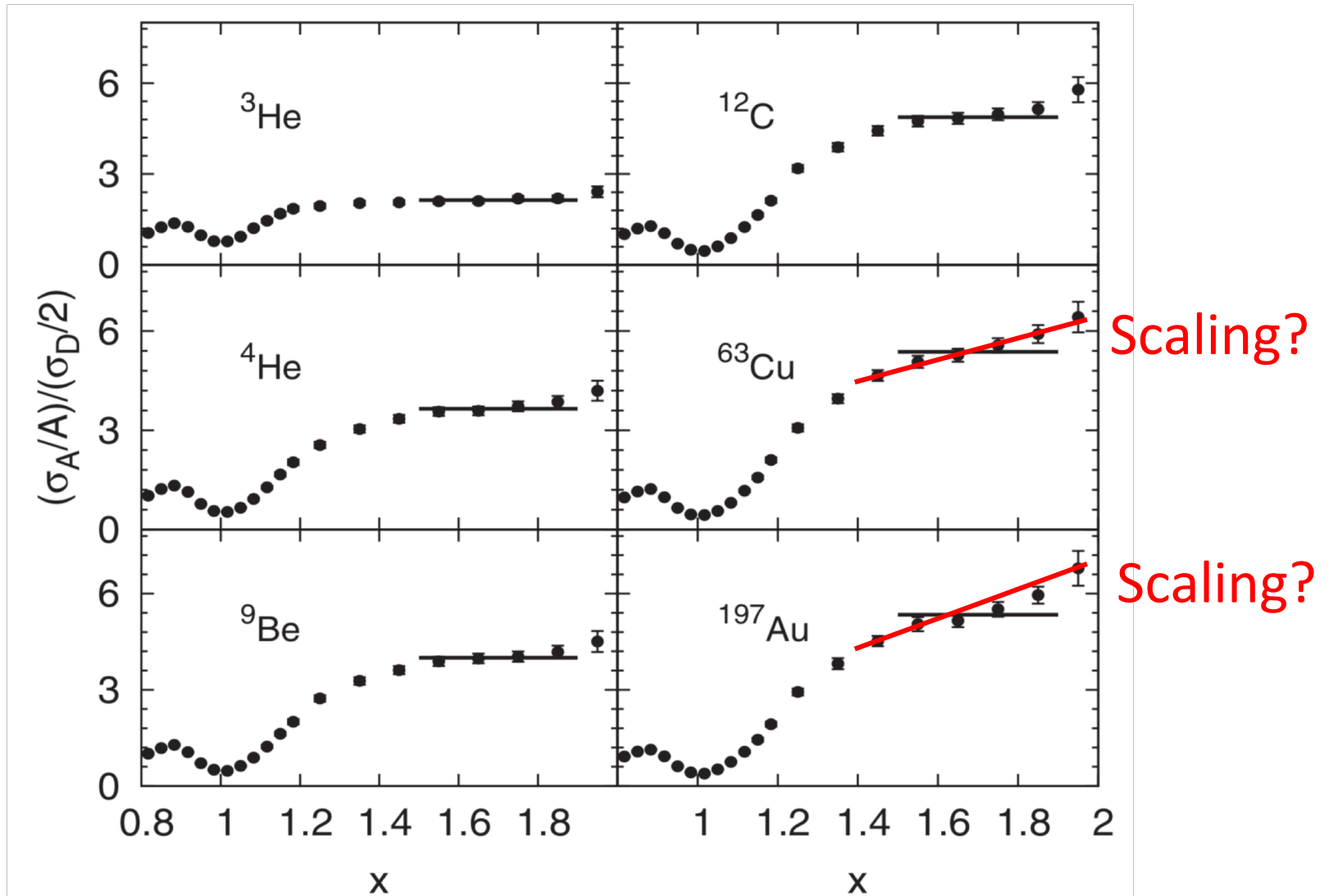
Egiyan et al., PRL (2006)

# 2012 High-Momentum [almost] Scaling



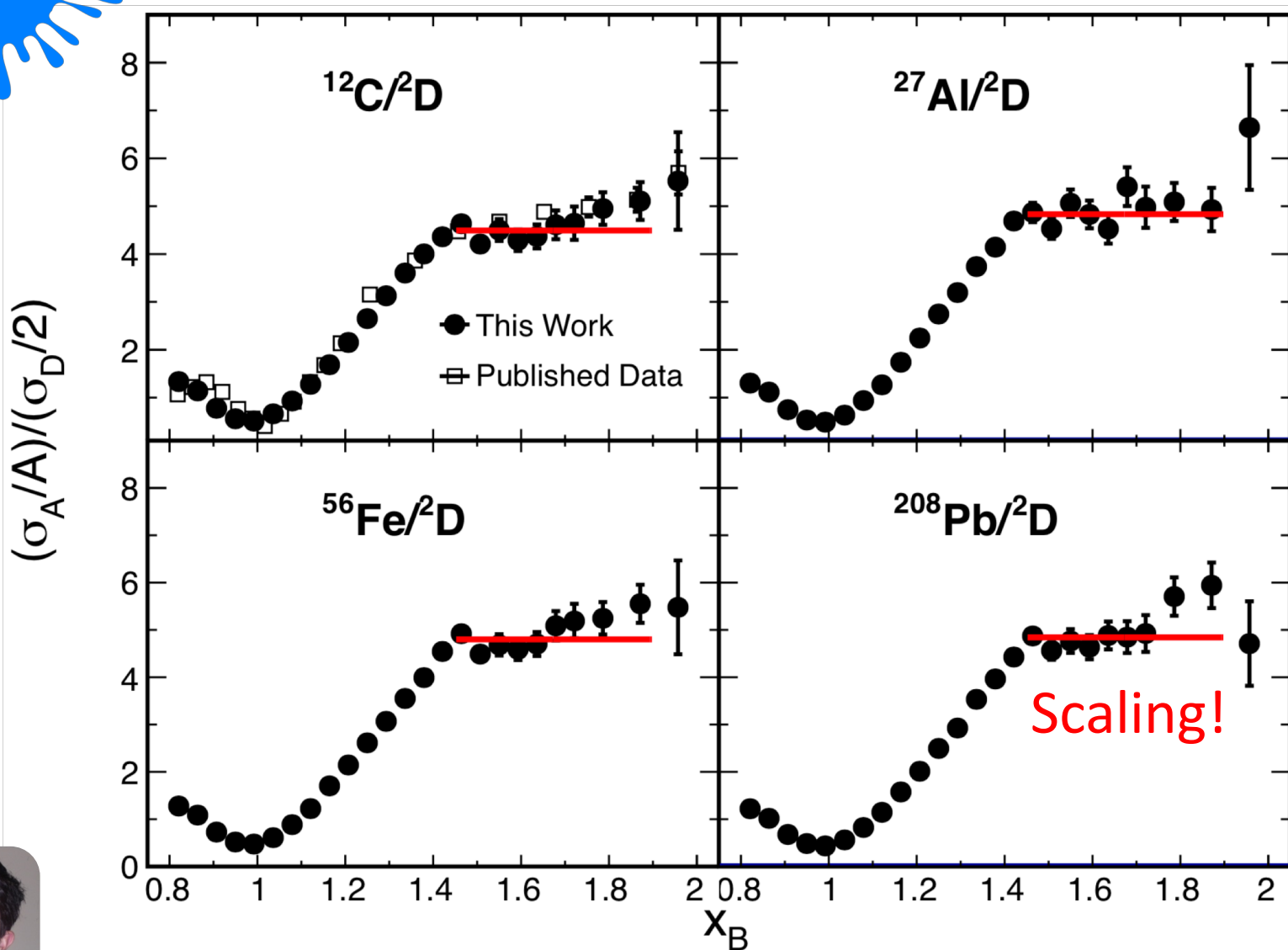


# 2012 High-Momentum [almost] Scaling



# 2018 High-Momentum Scaling

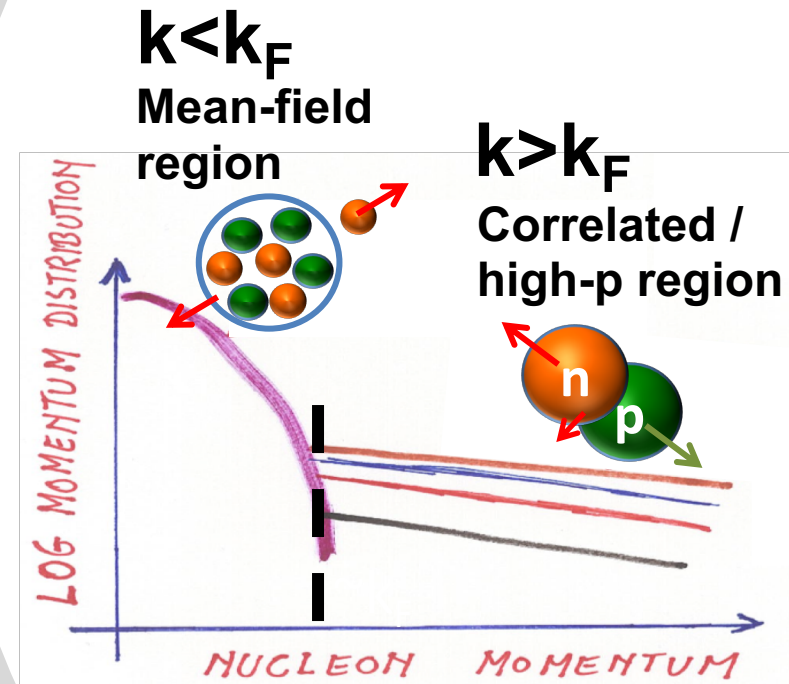
NEW!



Schmookler et al., (2018)

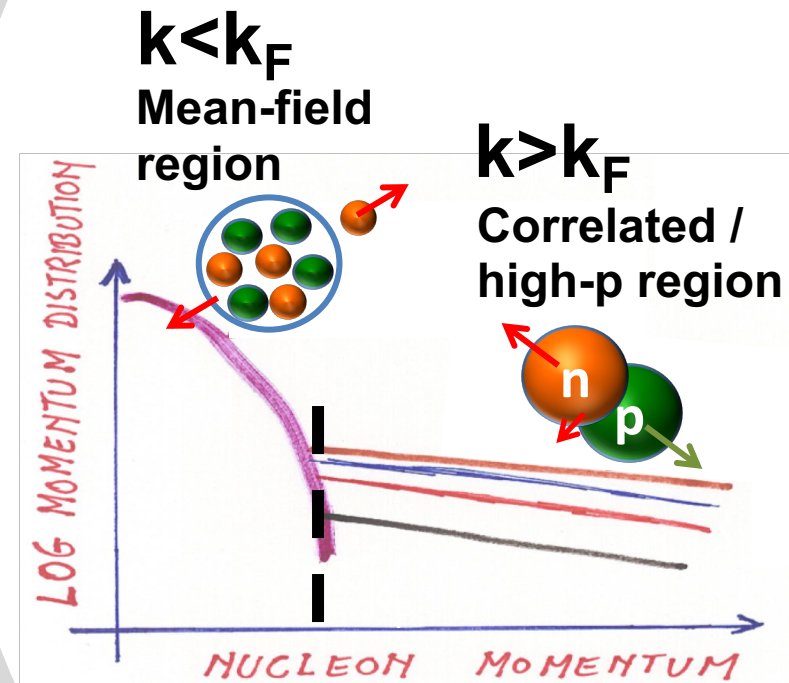
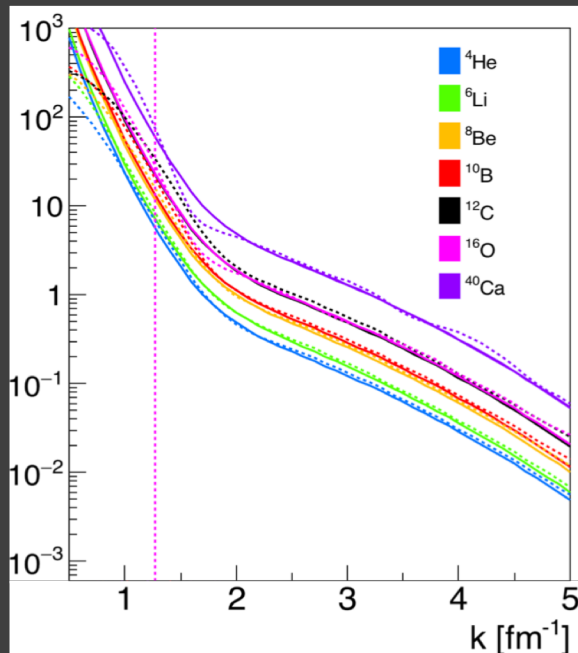
# Interm Summary

- Nuclear momentum distribution can be divided into two distinct regions.



# Interm Summary

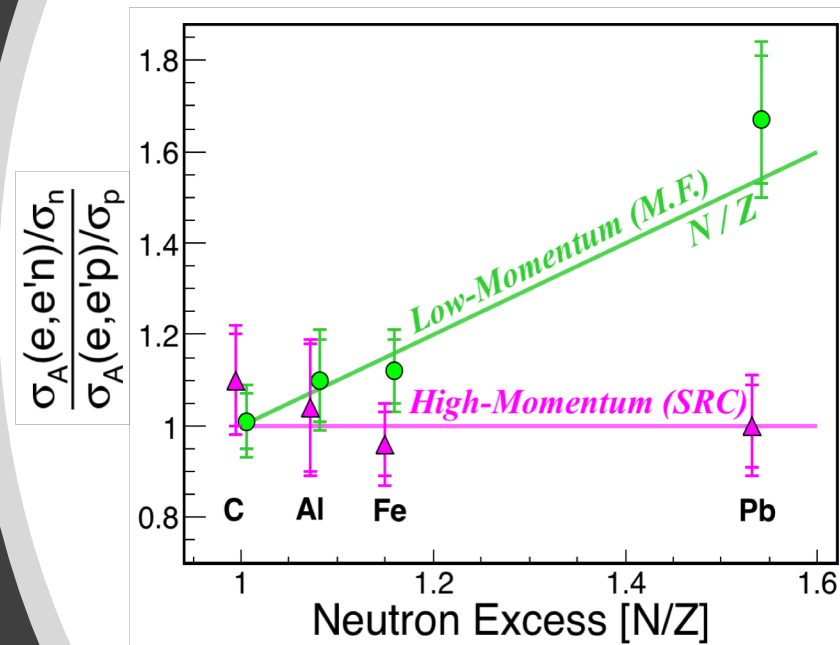
- Nuclear momentum distribution can be divided into two distinct regions.



Also seen in calculations  
(e.g. QMC, Contact, SCGF etc.)

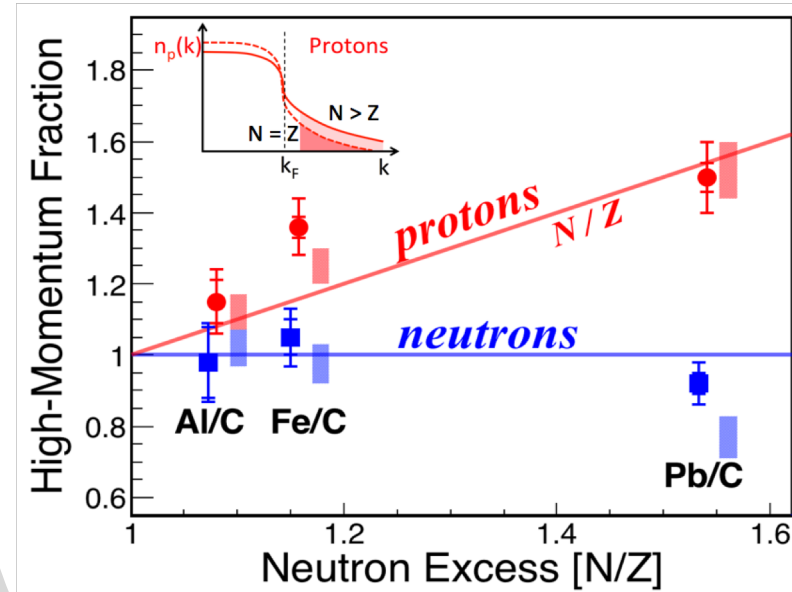
# Interm Summary

- Nuclear momentum distribution can be divided into two distinct regions.
- #protons = #neutrons, irrespectively of neutron excess.

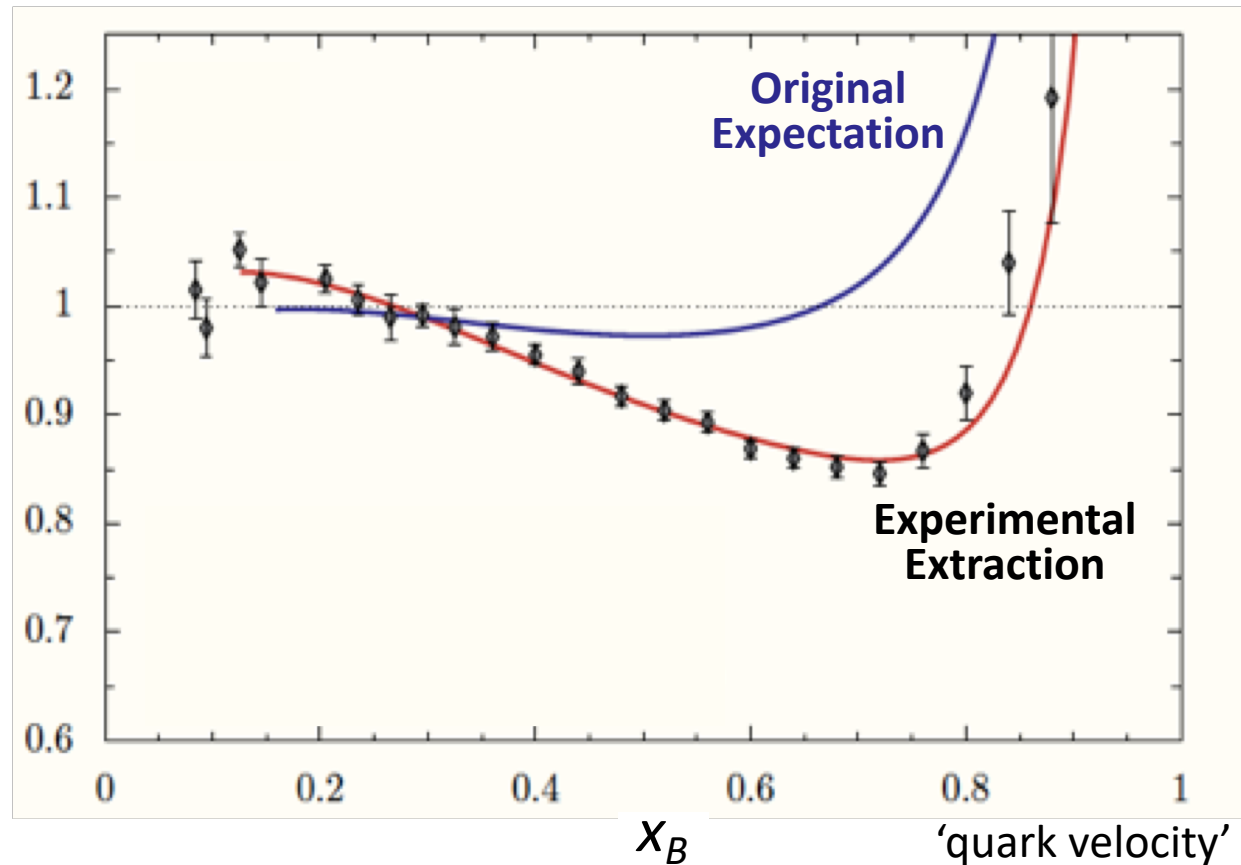


# Interm Summary

- Nuclear momentum distribution can be divided into two distinct regions.
- #protons = #neutrons, irrespectively of neutron excess.
- The fraction of correlated **protons** / **neutrons** **grow** / **saturate** with neutron excess.



# Back to the EMC

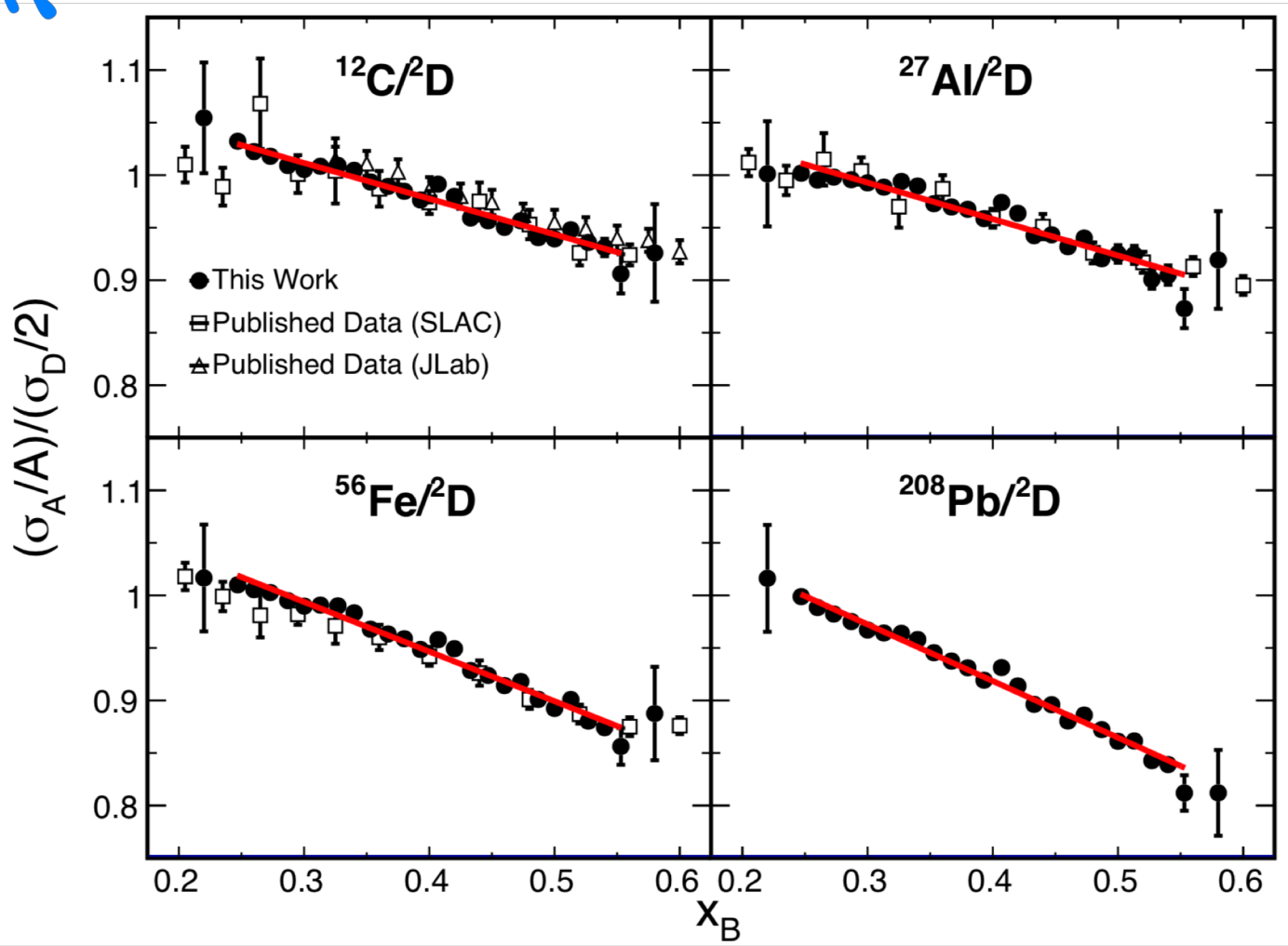


Iron / Deuterium  
quark k-distribution



# High Precision data!

JLab  
(2018)

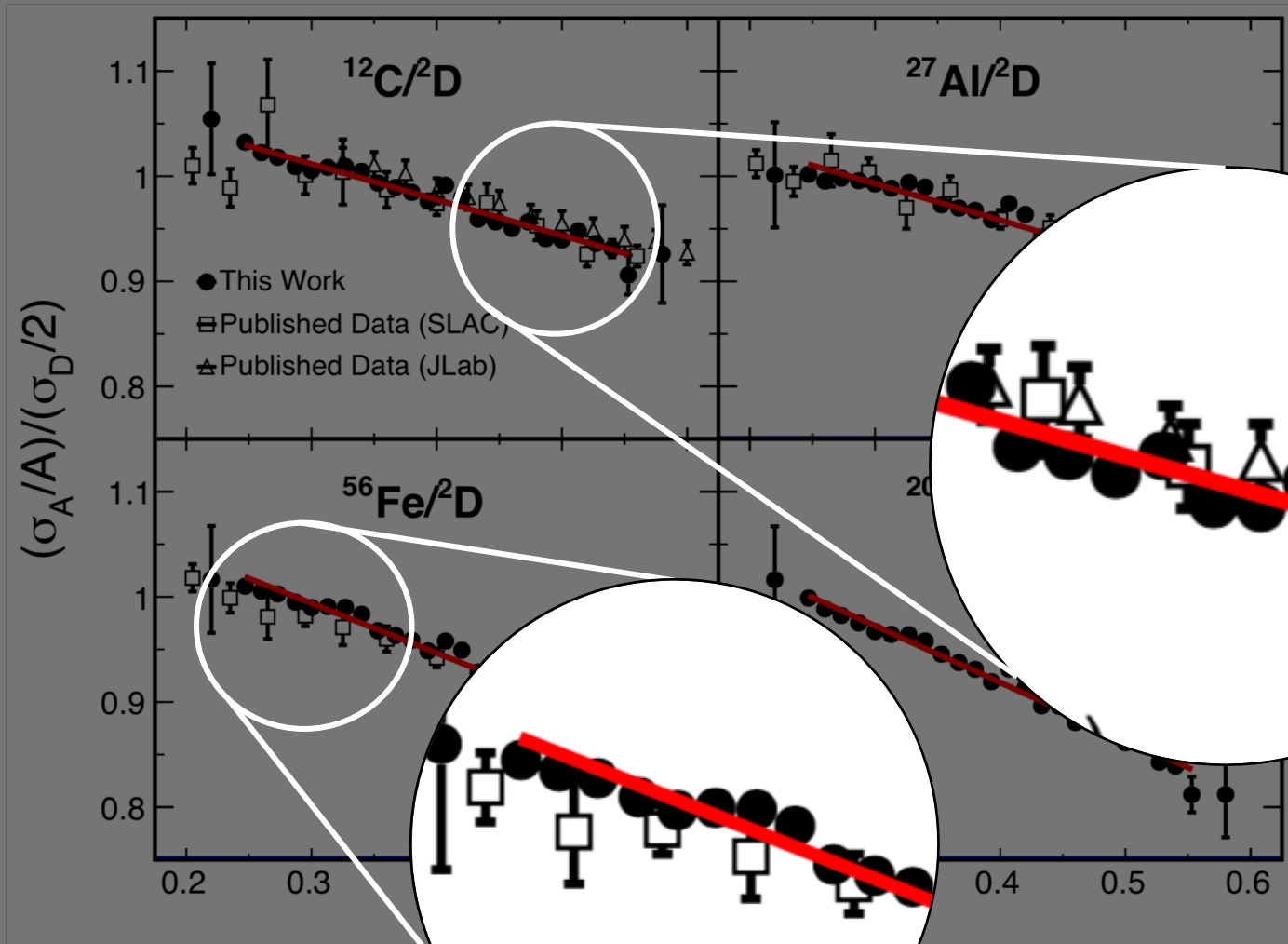


Schmookler et al.,  
submitted (2018)



# High Precision data!

JLab  
(2018)



Schmookler et al.,  
submitted (2018)

# 35 years, 1000 papers, 3 Ideas

## 1. Proper treatment of 'known' nuclear effects

[explain some of the effect, up to  $x \approx 0.5$ ]

- Nuclear Binding and Fermi motion, Pions, Coulomb Field.
- **No modification of bound nucleon structure.**

## 2. Short-Range Correlations

- Beyond the mean-field.
- Momentum dependent.
- **Dynamical Modification!**

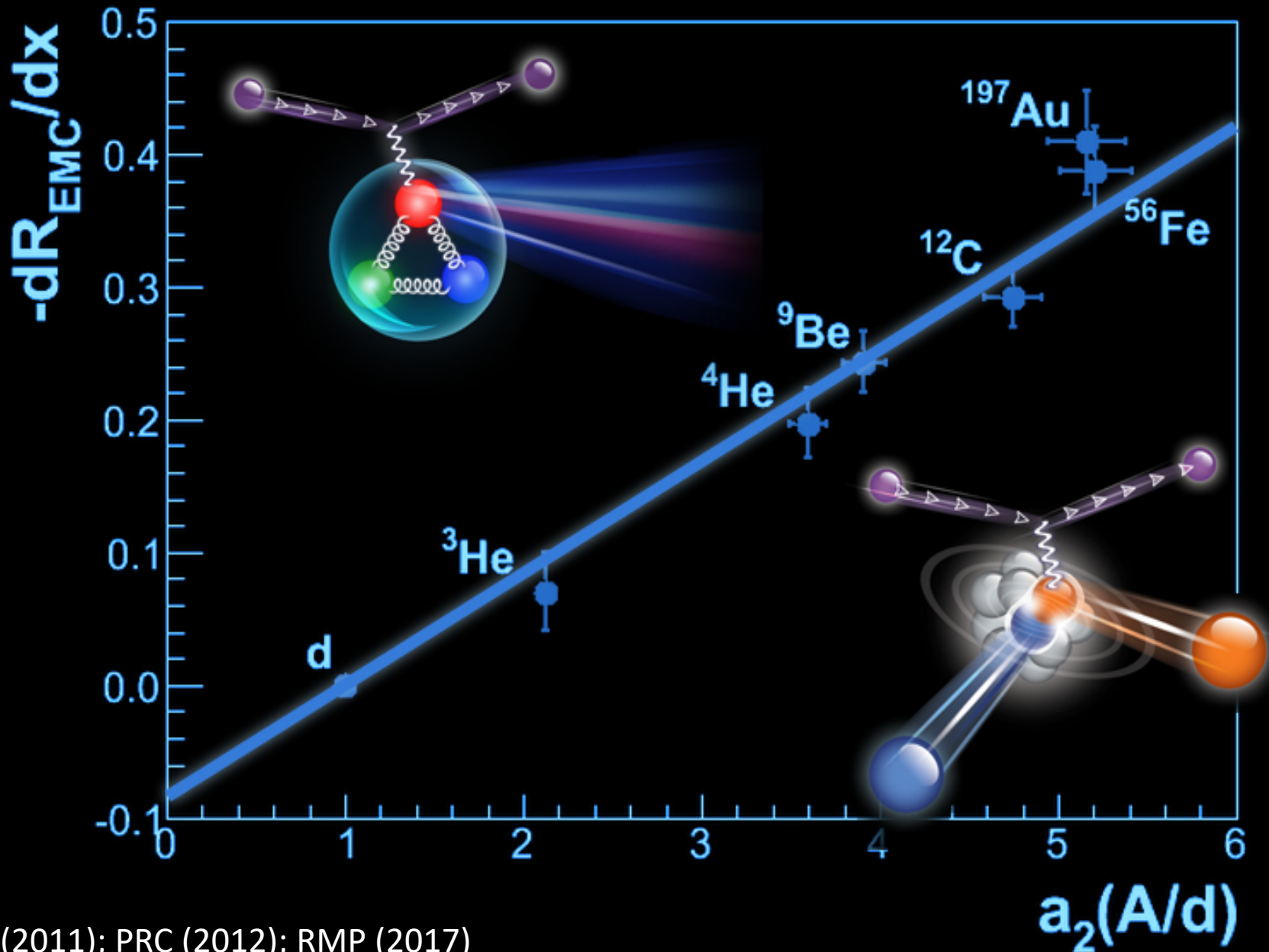
## 3. Bound Nucleons are 'larger' than free nucleons.

- Larger confinement volume => slower quarks.
- Mean-Field effect.
- Momentum Independent.
- **Static Modification.**

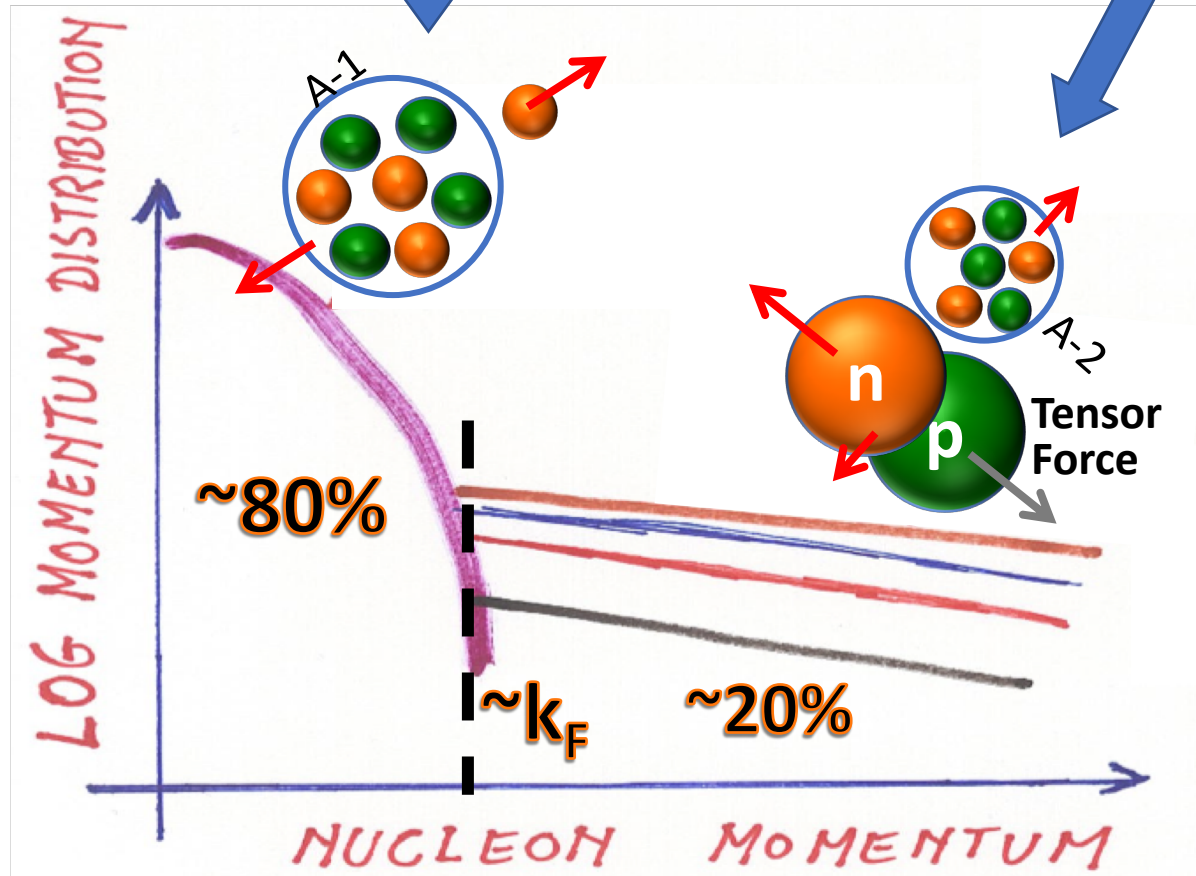
# 35 years, 1000 papers, 3 Ideas

- ~~1. Proper treatment of 'known' nuclear effects  
[explain some of the effect, up to  $x \approx 0.5$ ]
  - Nuclear Binding and Fermi motion, Pions, Coulomb Field.
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# EMC – SRC Correlation



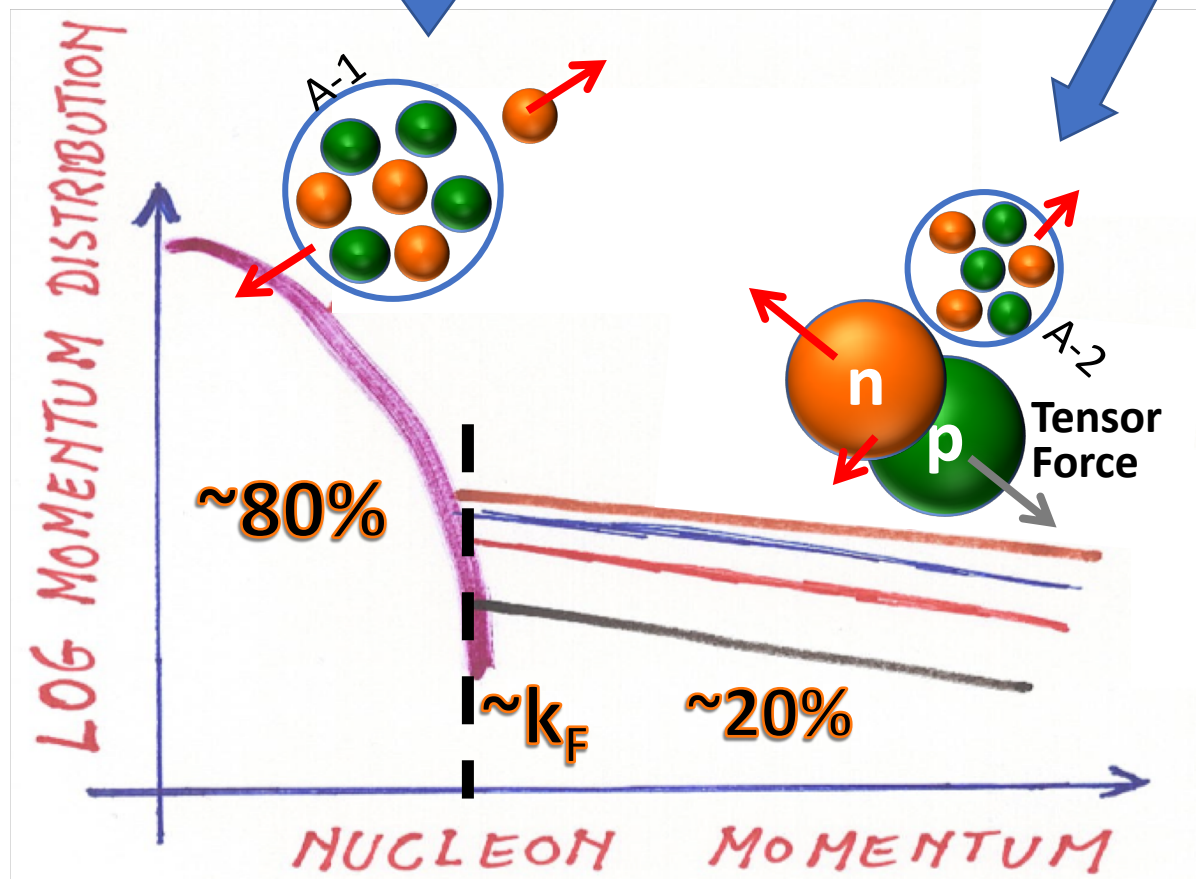
**Bound = 'quasi Free' + Modified SRCs**



**Bound = 'quasi Free' + Modified SRCs**

$$F_2^A = ZF_2^p + NF_2^n + n_{SRC}^A (\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n)$$

$$\Delta F_2^N = F_2^{N*} - F_2^N$$



**Bound = 'quasi Free' + Modified SRCs**

$$F_2^A = ZF_2^p + NF_2^n + n_{SRC}^A (\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n)$$

**Previously Measured**

**Universal?**

**Bound = 'quasi Free' + Modified SRCs**

$$F_2^A = ZF_2^p + NF_2^n + n_{SRC}^A(\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n)$$

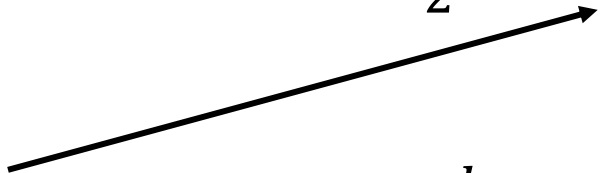
$$F_2^d = F_2^p + F_2^n + n_{SRC}^d(\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n)$$



**Bound = 'quasi Free' + Modified SRCs**

$$F_2^A = ZF_2^p + NF_2^n + n_{SRC}^A(\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n)$$

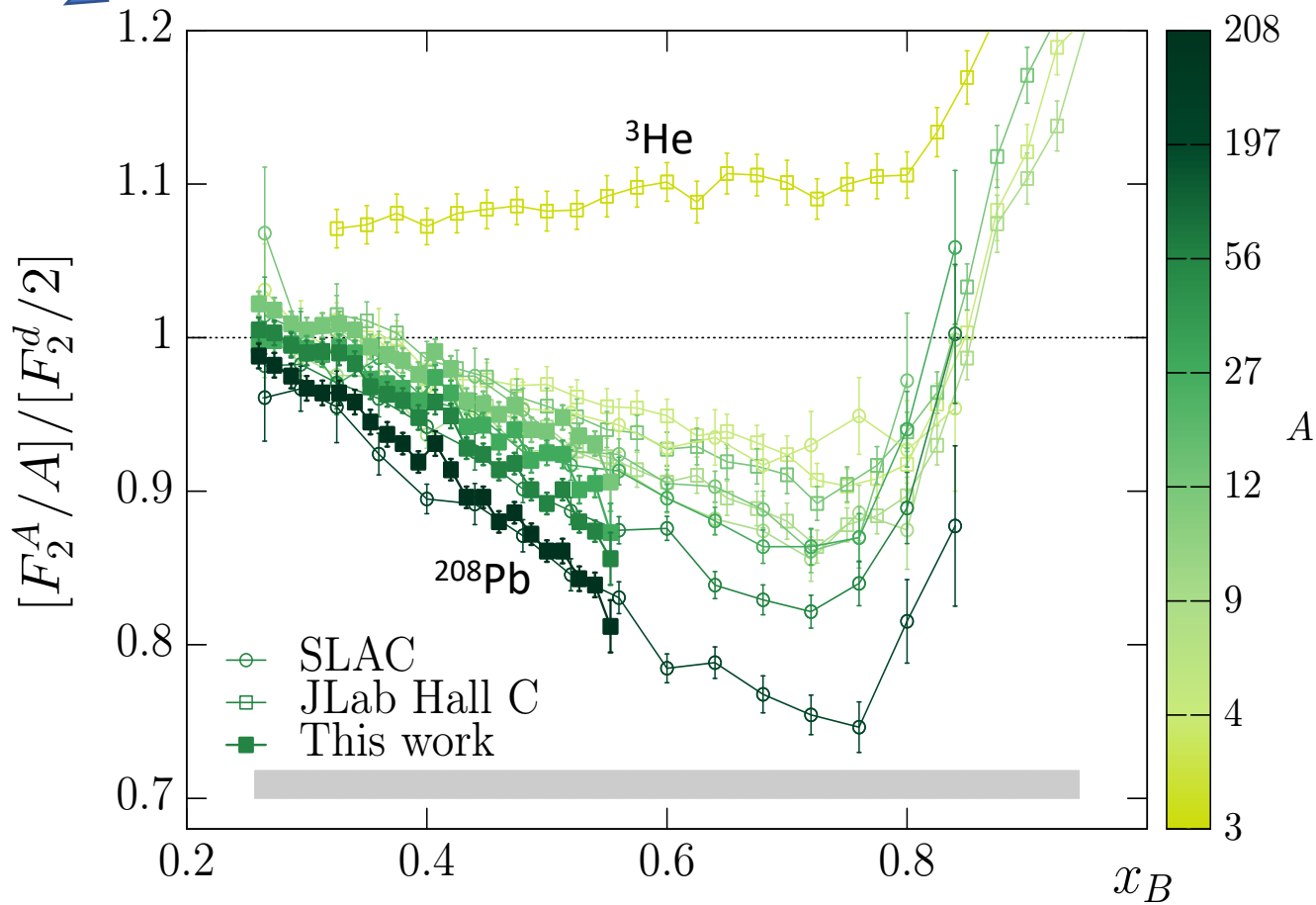
$$F_2^n = F_2^d - F_2^p - n_{SRC}^d(\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n)$$



**Bound = 'quasi Free' + Modified SRCs**

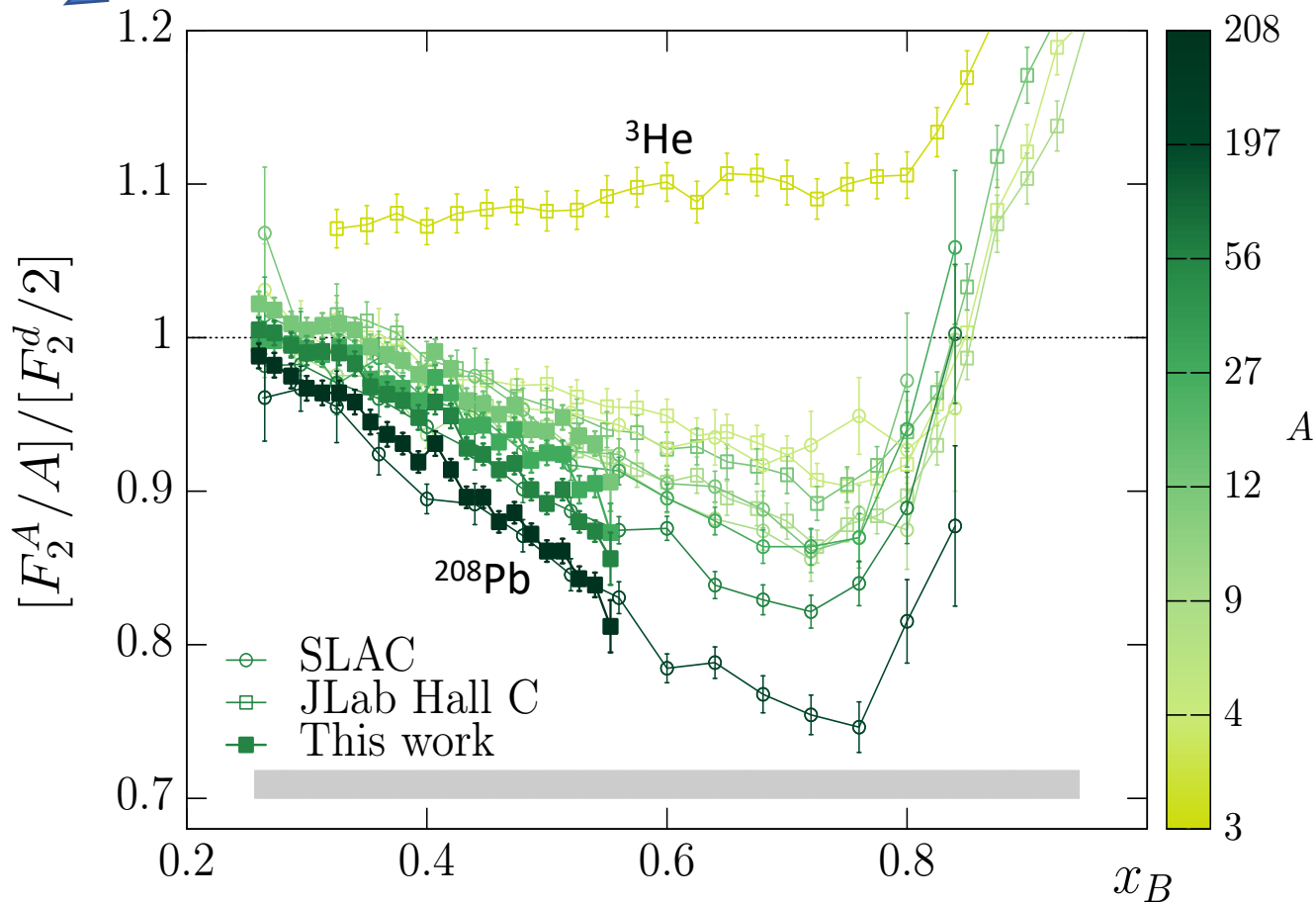
$$\frac{F_2^A}{F_2^d} = \left( \frac{n_{SRC}^A}{n_{SRC}^d} - N \right) n_{SRC}^d \frac{\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n}{F_2^d} + (Z - N) \frac{F_2^p}{F_2^d} + N$$

$$\frac{F_2^A}{F_2^d} = \left( \frac{n_{SRC}^A}{n_{SRC}^d} - N \right) n_{SRC}^d \frac{\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n}{F_2^d} + (Z - N) \frac{F_2^p}{F_2^d} + N$$



**SRC Scaling****Universal(?) Mod.****Isospin Term**

$$\frac{F_2^A}{F_2^d} = \left( \frac{n_{SRC}^A}{n_{SRC}^d} - N \right) n_{SRC}^d \frac{\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n}{F_2^d} + (Z - N) \frac{F_2^p}{F_2^d} + N$$



$$\frac{F_2^A}{F_2^d} = \left( \frac{n_{SRC}^A}{n_{SRC}^d} - N \right) n_{SRC}^d \frac{\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n}{F_2^d} + (Z - N) \frac{F_2^p}{F_2^d} + N$$

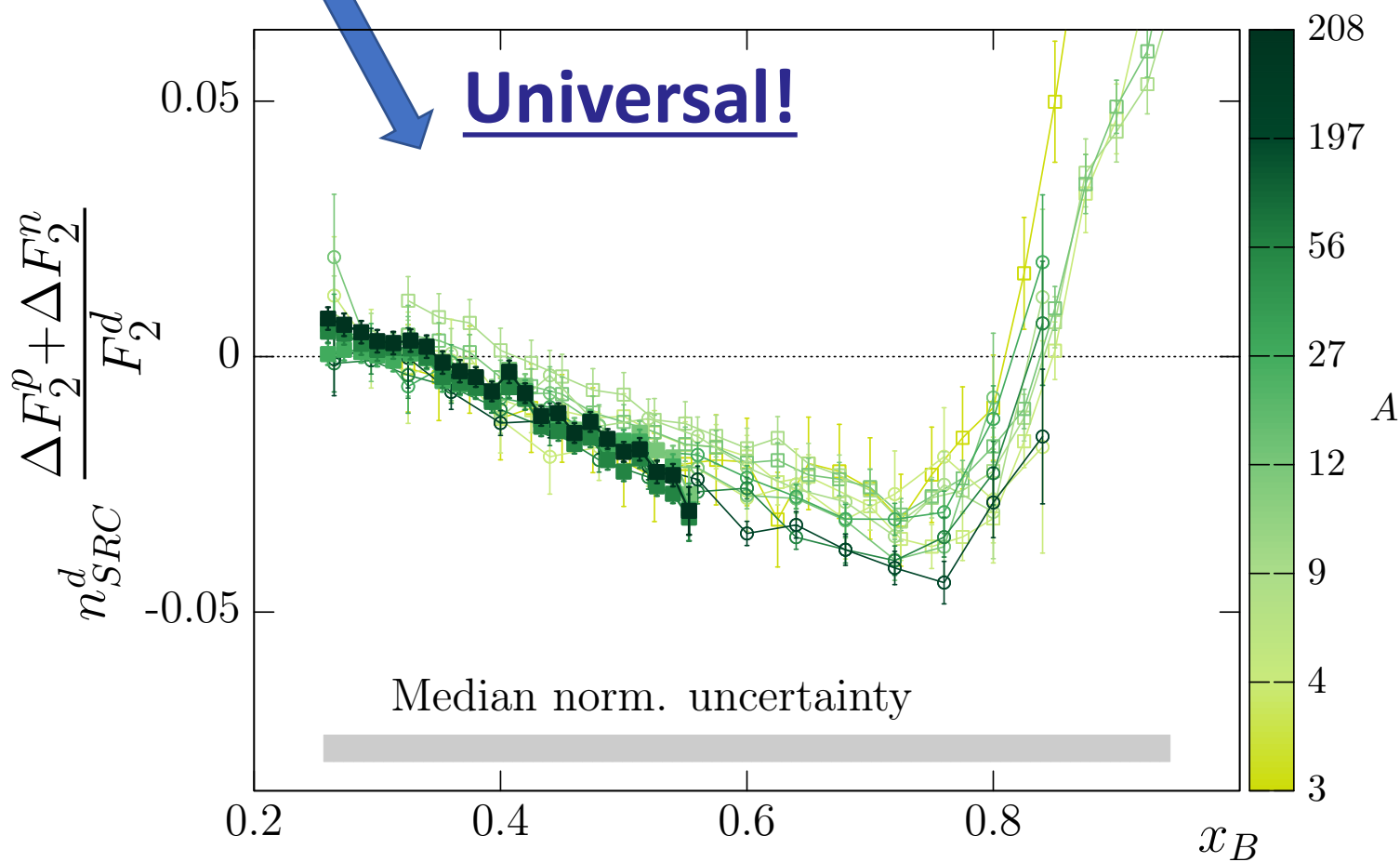


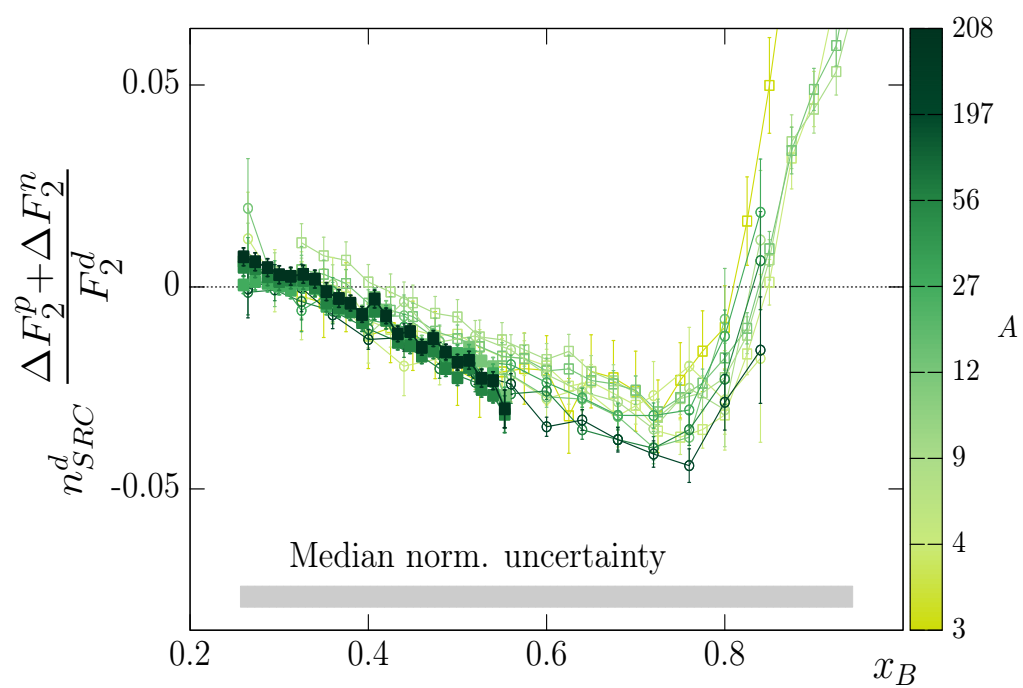
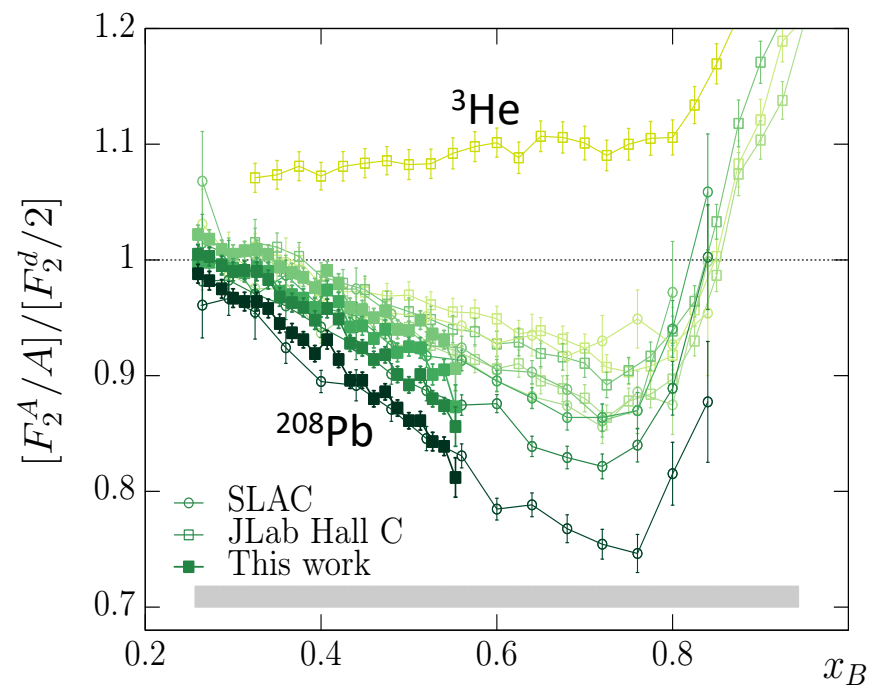
$$n_{SRC}^d \frac{\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n}{F_2^d} = \left( \frac{F_2^A}{F_2^d} - (Z - N) \frac{F_2^p}{F_2^d} - N \right) / \left( \frac{n_{SRC}^A}{n_{SRC}^d} - N \right)$$

**Universal?**

**Previously Measured  
A-Dependent terms**

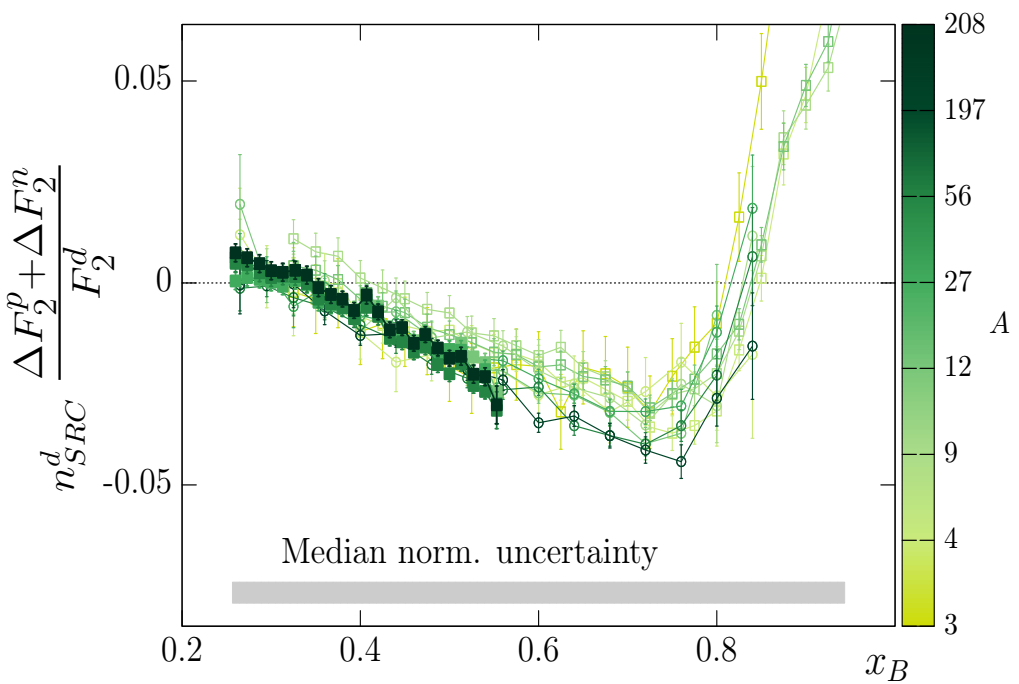
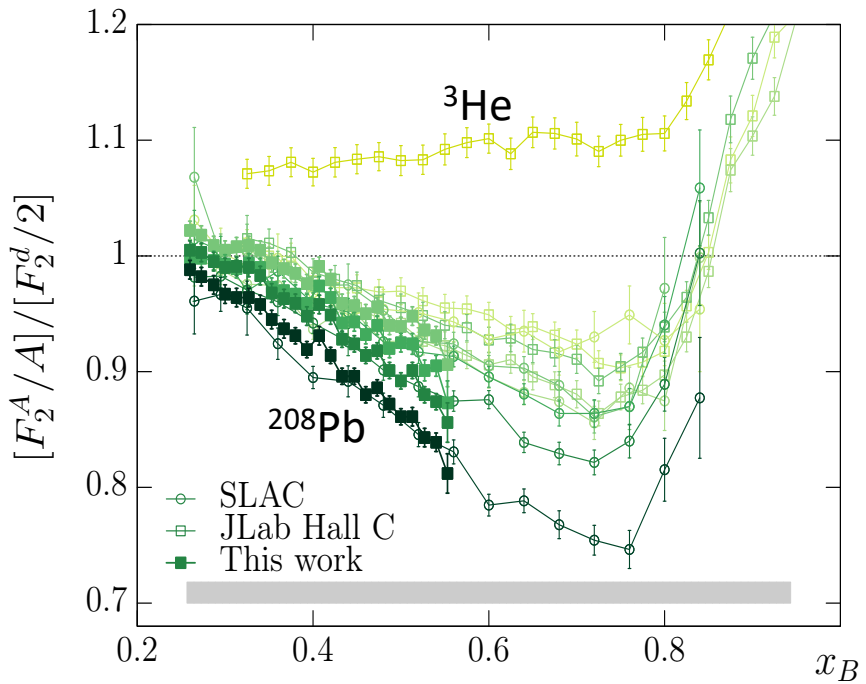
$$n_{SRC}^d \frac{\Delta F_2^p + \Delta F_2^n}{F_2^d} = \left( \frac{F_2^A}{F_2^d} - (Z - N) \frac{F_2^p}{F_2^d} - N \right) / \left( \frac{n_{SRC}^A}{n_{SRC}^d} - N \right)$$





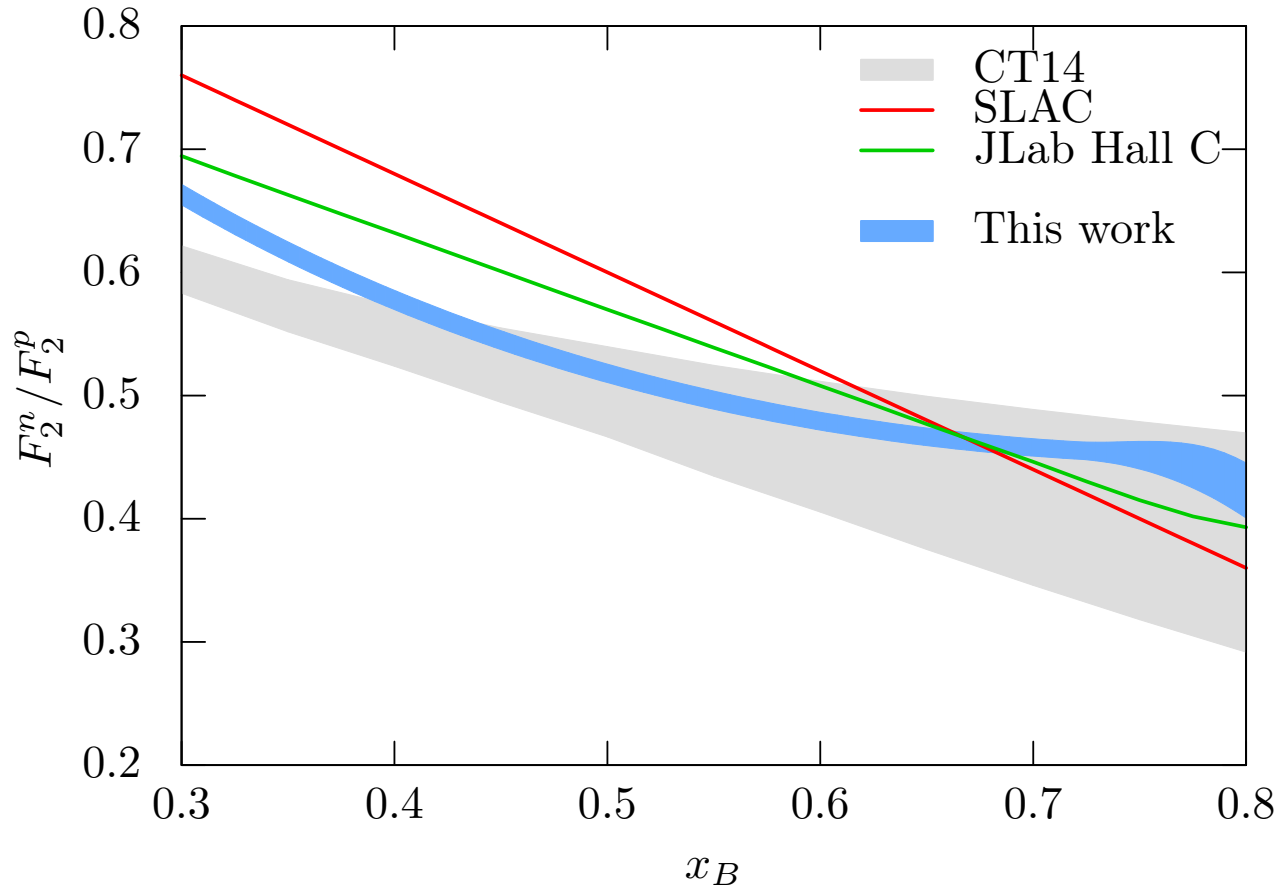


- EMC can be explained by a universal modification of SRC nucleons.
- Universality seems to hold also for  $x > 0.7$  (Fermi-motion  $\sim \langle T \rangle$ )



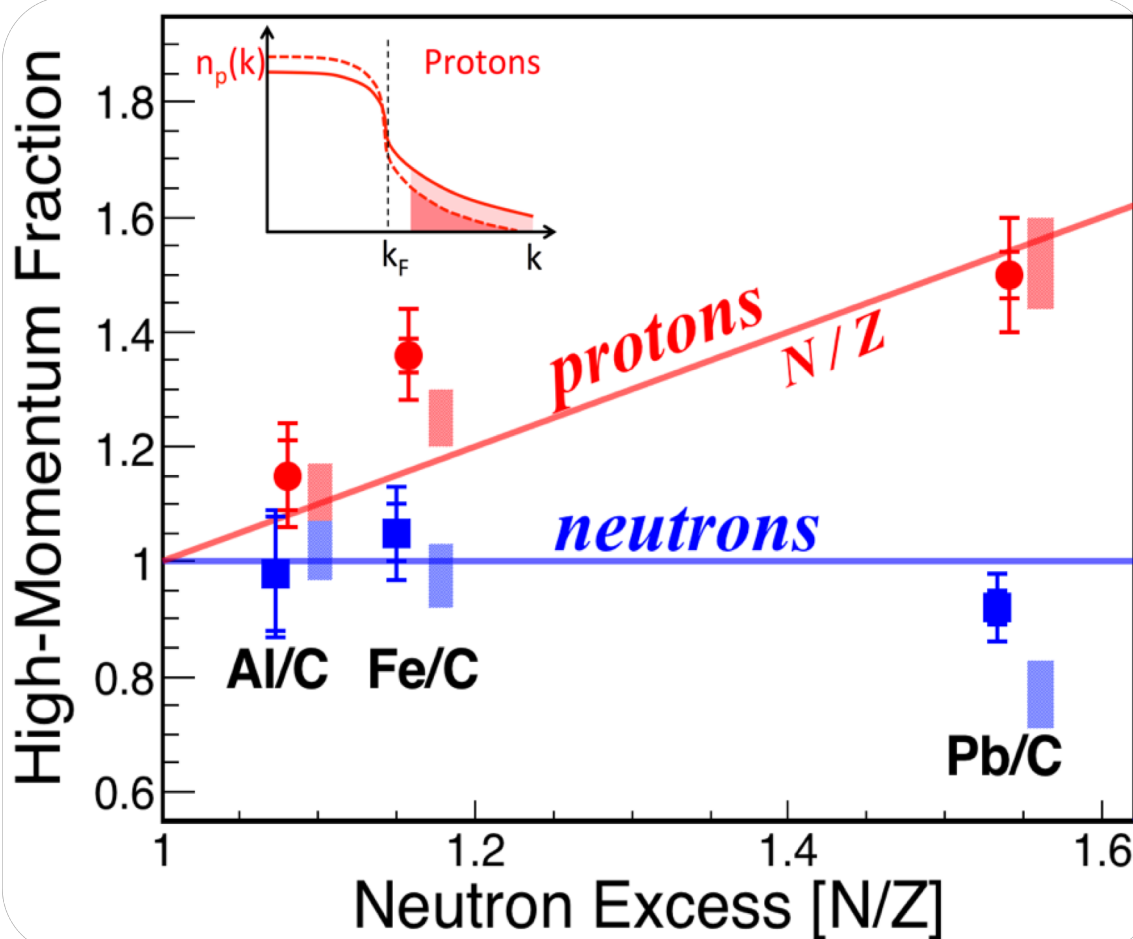


# Free neutron extraction

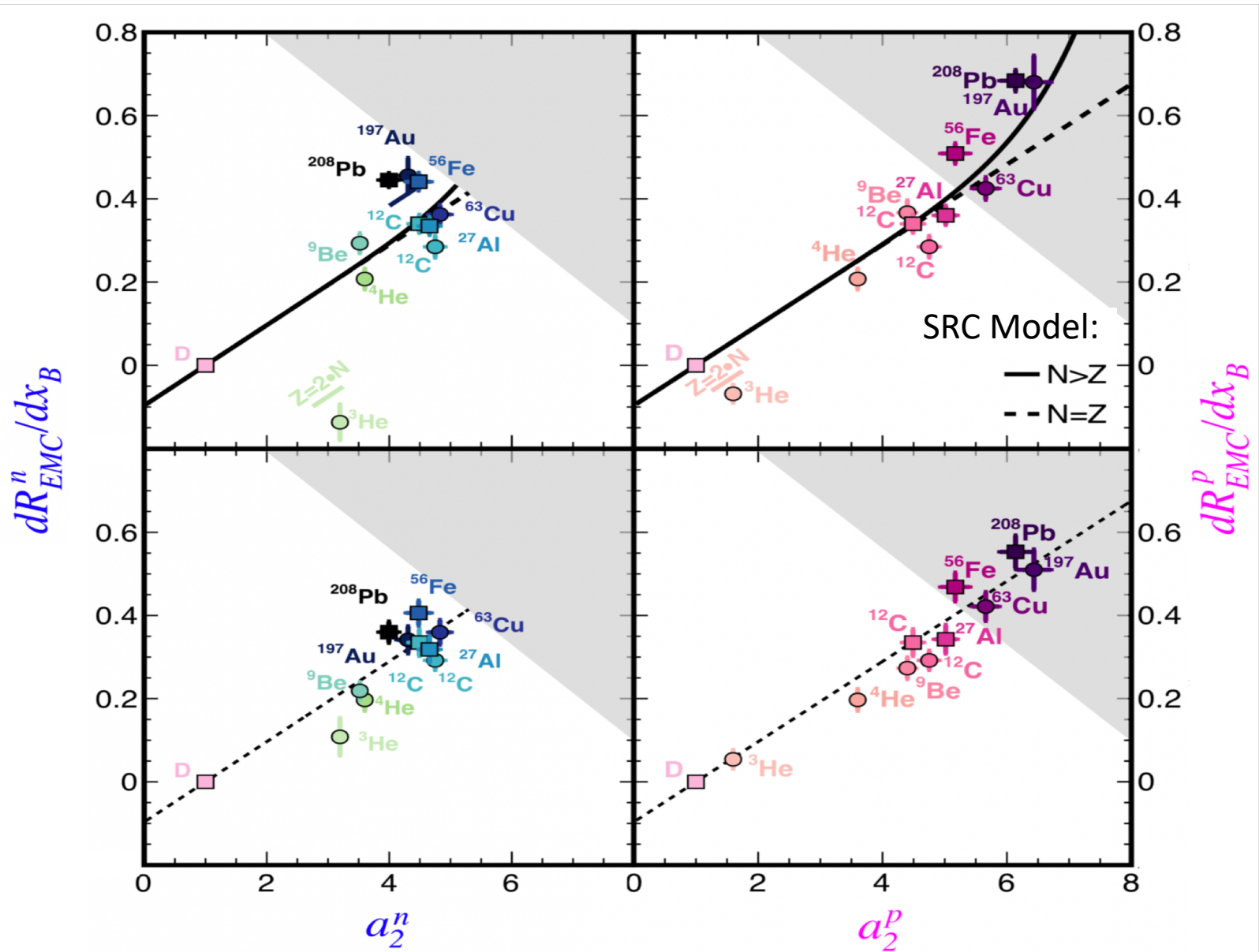


# Back to QE

'Prediction':  
EMC effect should  
saturate for neutrons  
and grow for protons



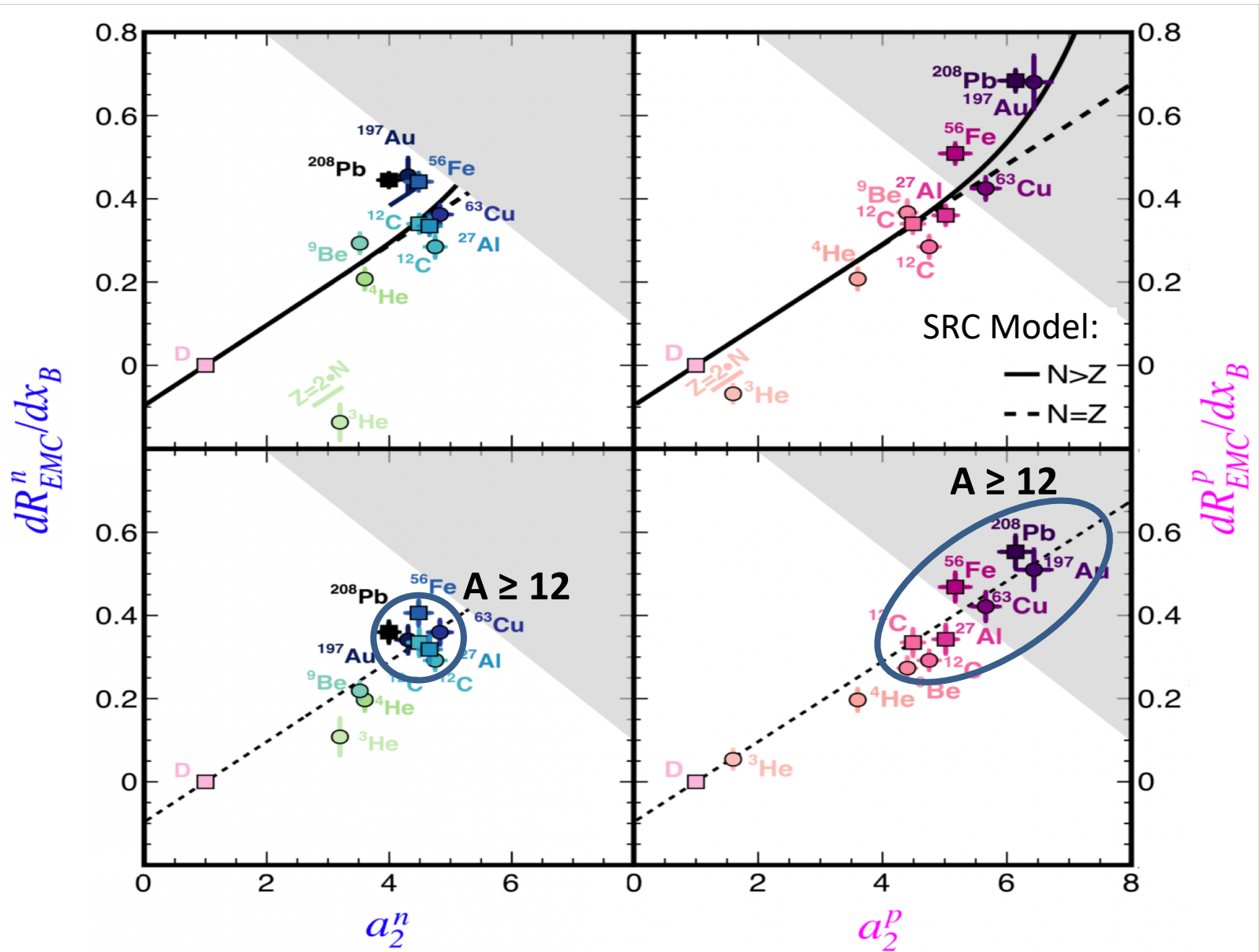
# Neutrons Saturate; Protons Grow



Schmookler et al., (2018)



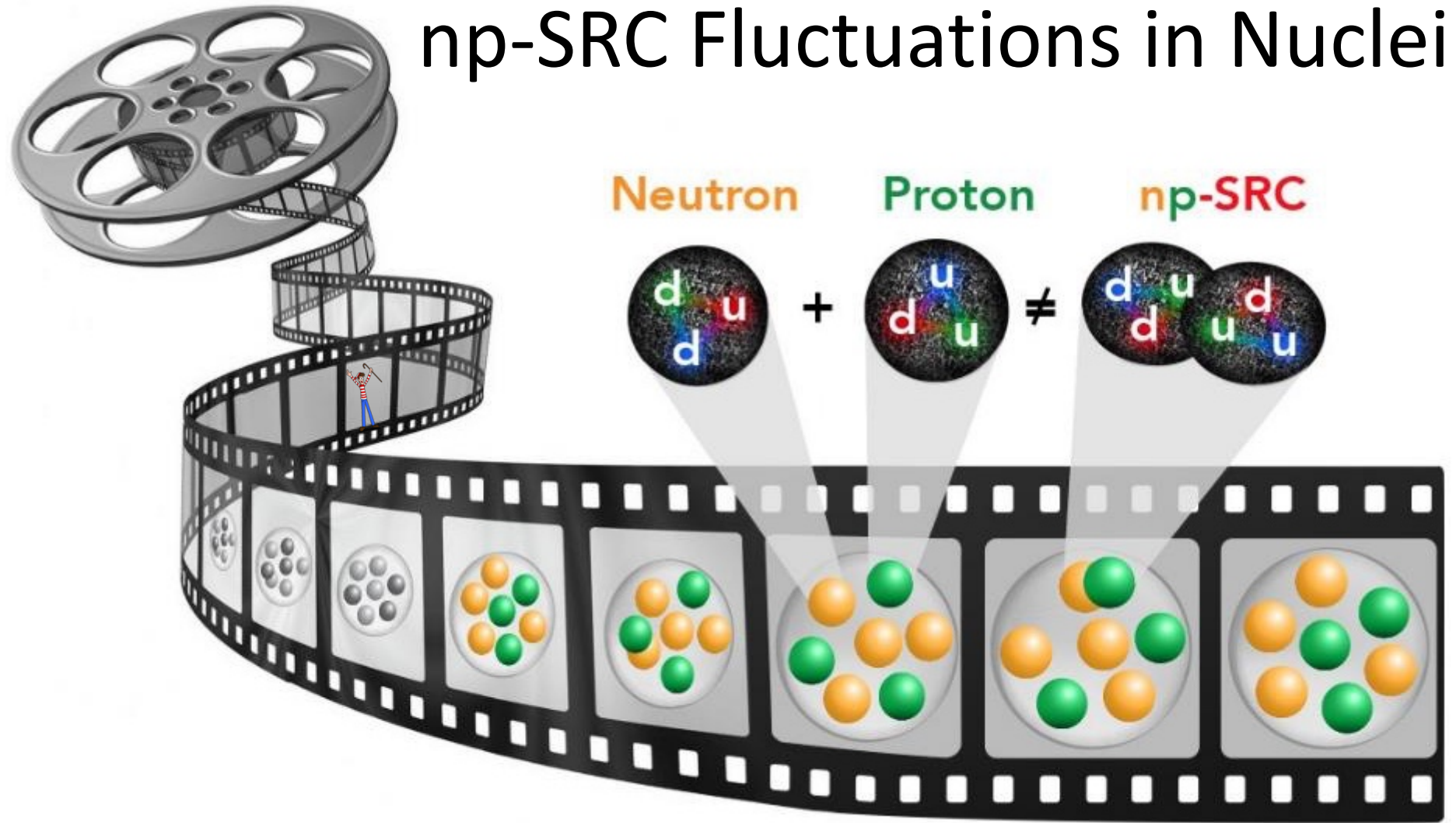
# N/Z dependence of nuclear PDFs!



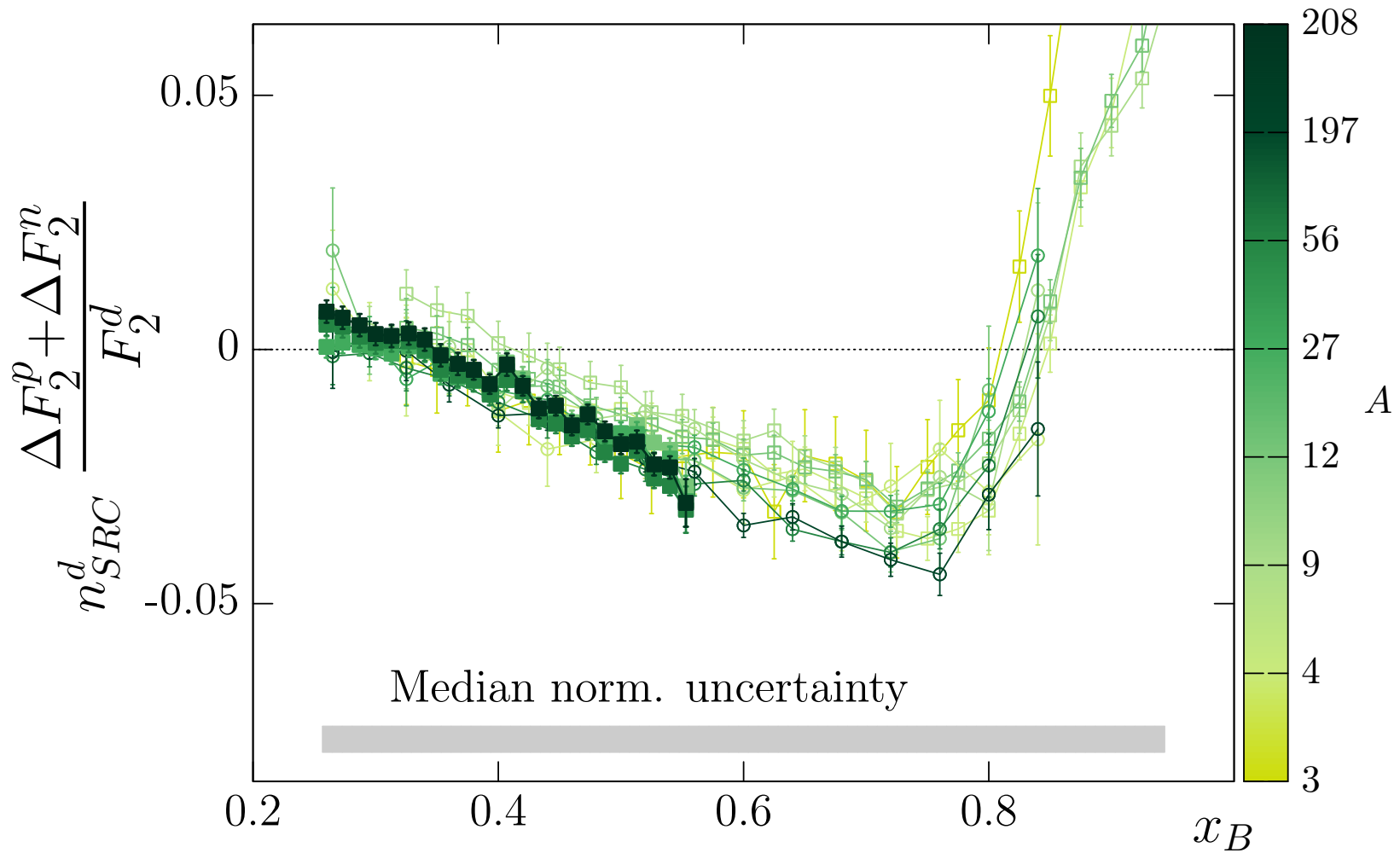
Schmookler et al., (2018)



# np-SRC Fluctuations in Nuclei



# Universal Modification Tests



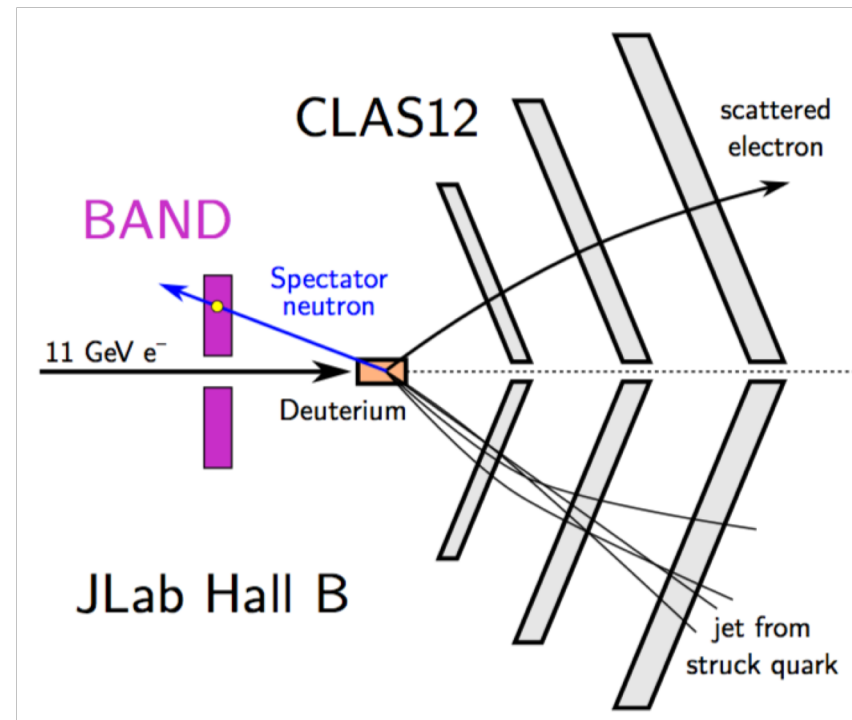
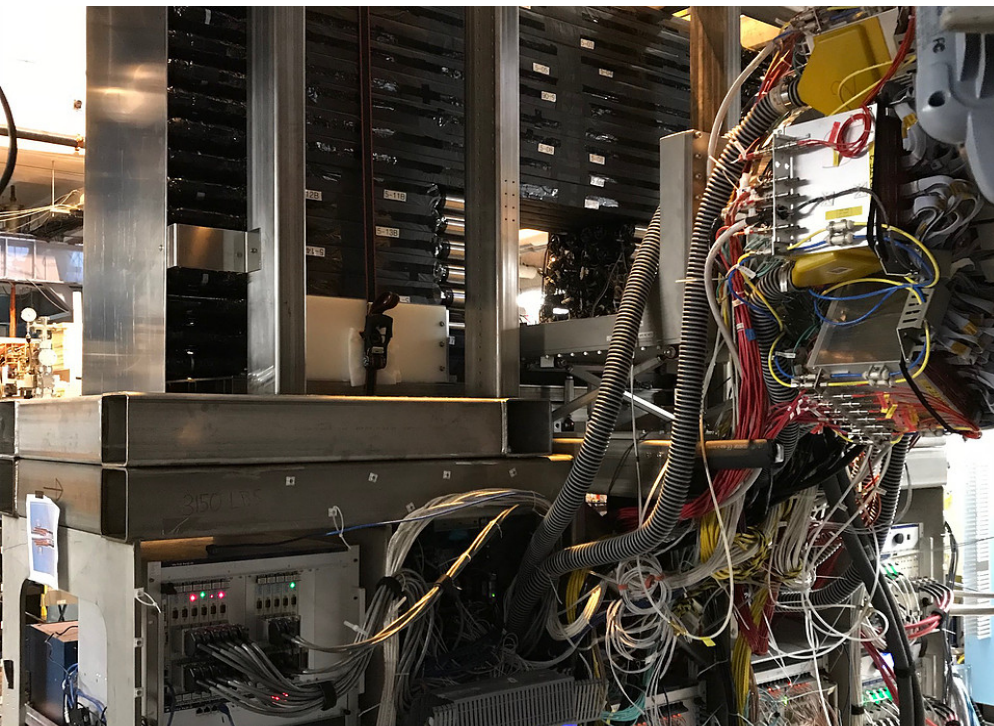
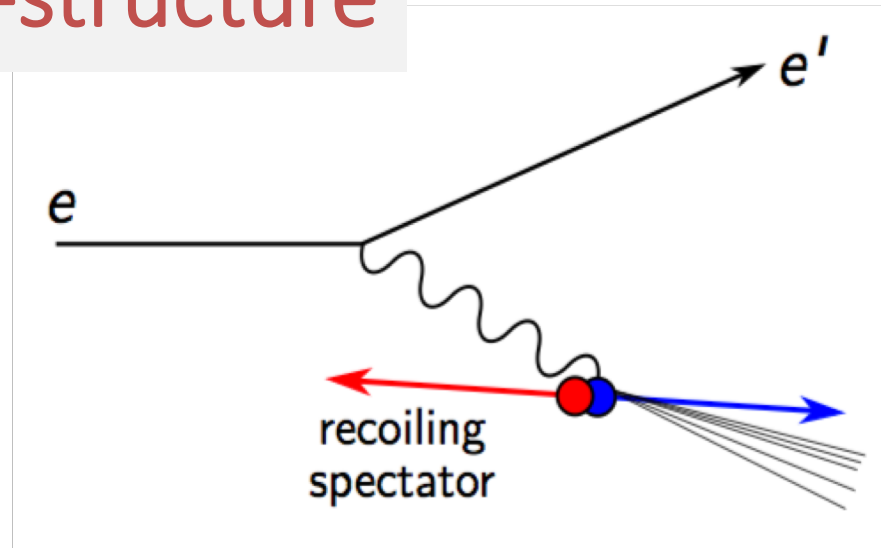
# Jefferson Lab







# SRC parton-structure

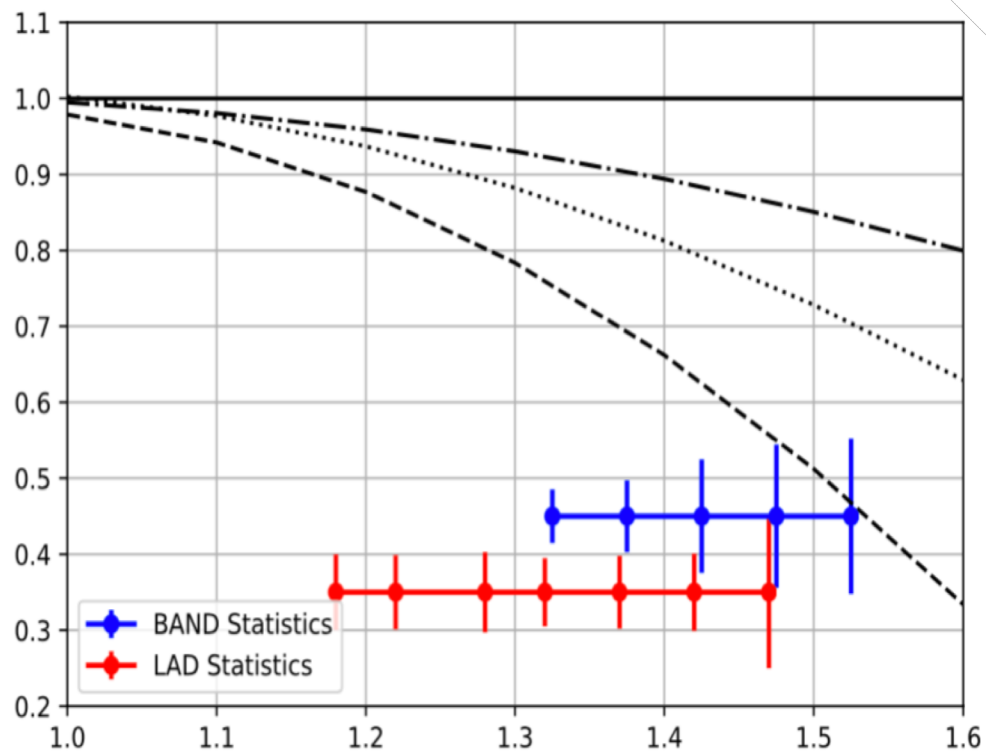


# BAND @ CLAS12



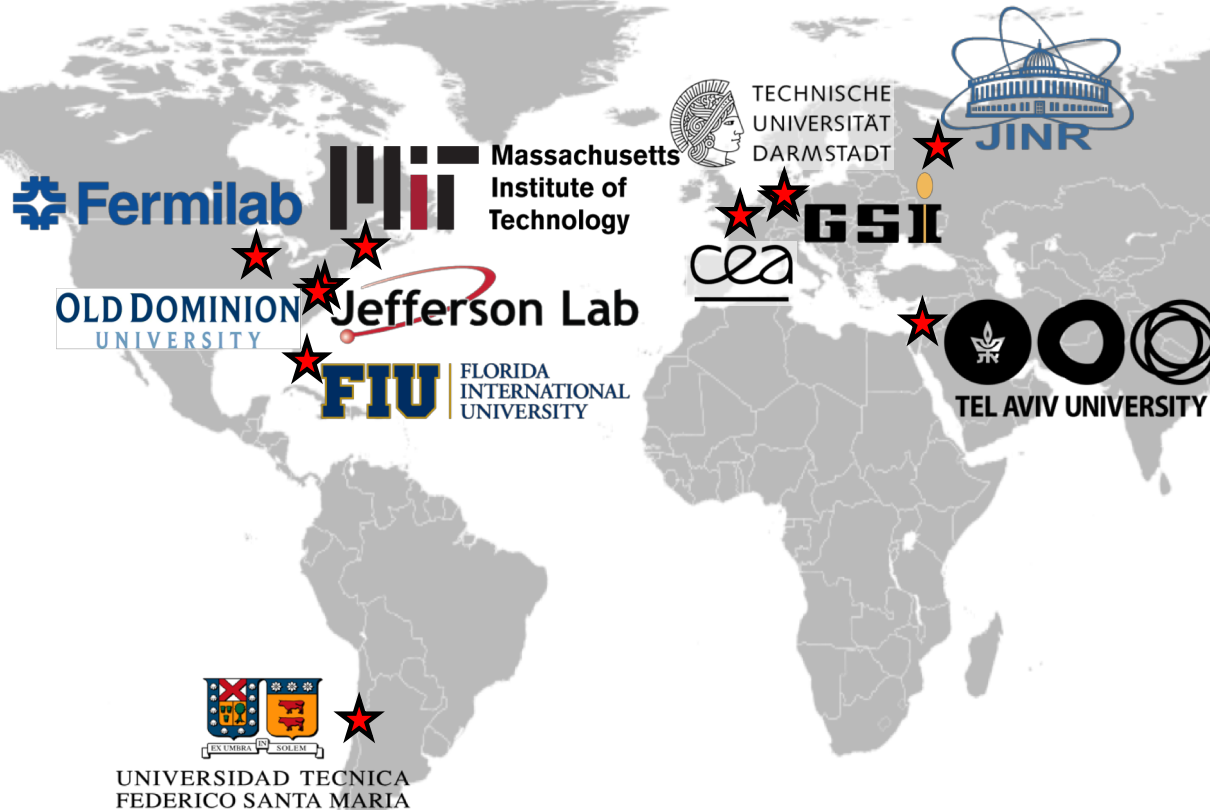
# SRC parton-structure

Bound  $F_2$  / Free  $F_2$



$$\alpha_s = (E_s - p_s^z)/m_s$$

# (some of) The SRC World



+ Many Theory Collaborators: UW, Penn State, Huji, Gent, FIU, Perugia, ...

# LABORATORY *for* NUCLEAR SCIENCE



**Dr. Barak  
Schmookler**



**Reynier  
Torres**



**Efrain  
Segarra**



**Afroditi  
Papadopoulou**



**Jackson  
Pybus**



**Andrew  
Denniston**



**Dr. Axel  
Schmidt**



**Dr. George  
Laskaris**



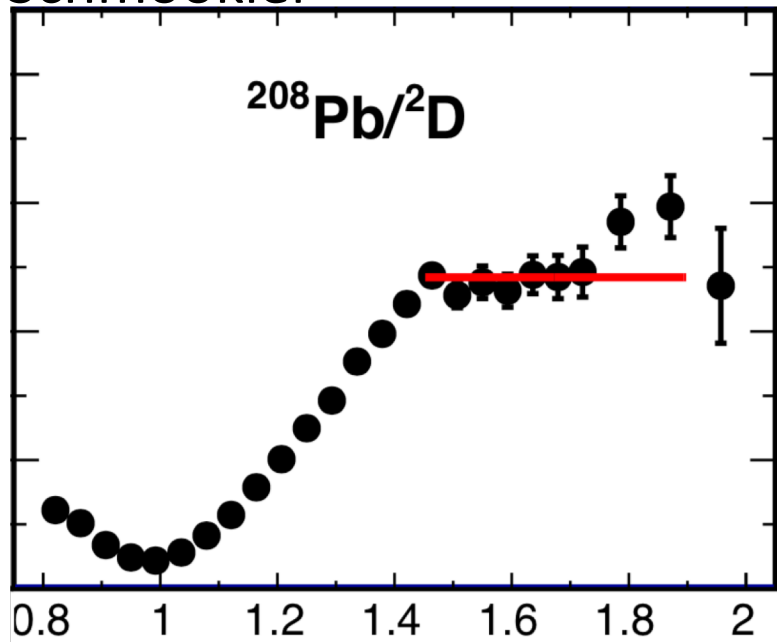
**Dr. Maria  
Patsyuk**



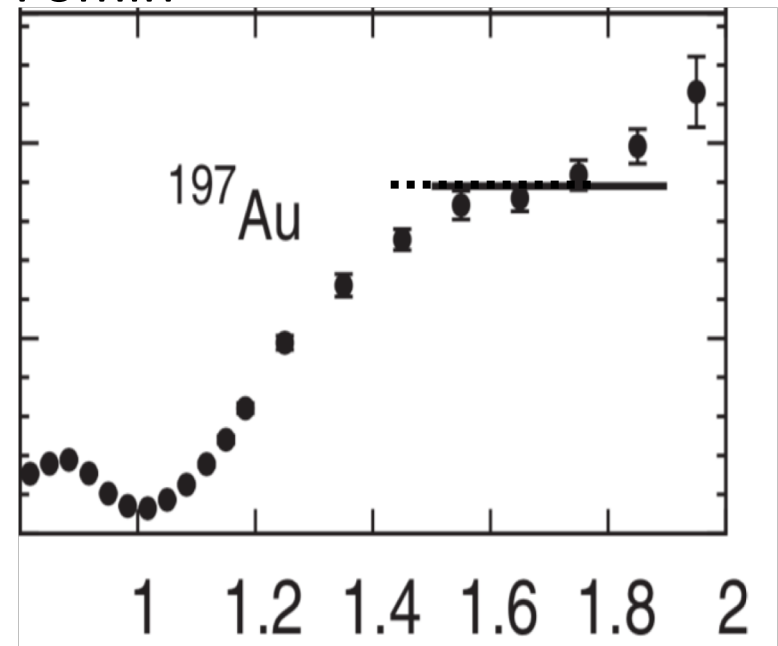
**Dr. Adi  
Ashkenazy**

# 2018 High-Momentum Scaling

Schmookler

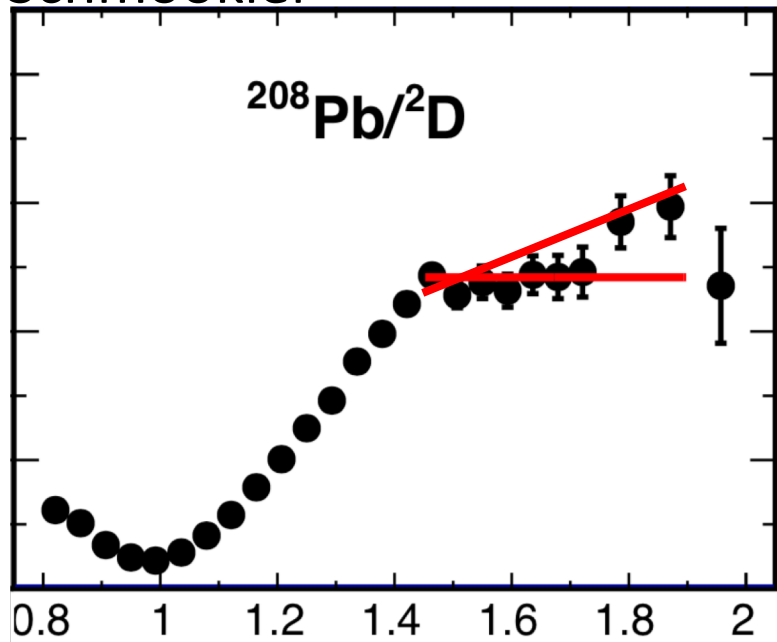


Fomin



# 2018 High-Momentum Scaling

Schmookler



Fomin

