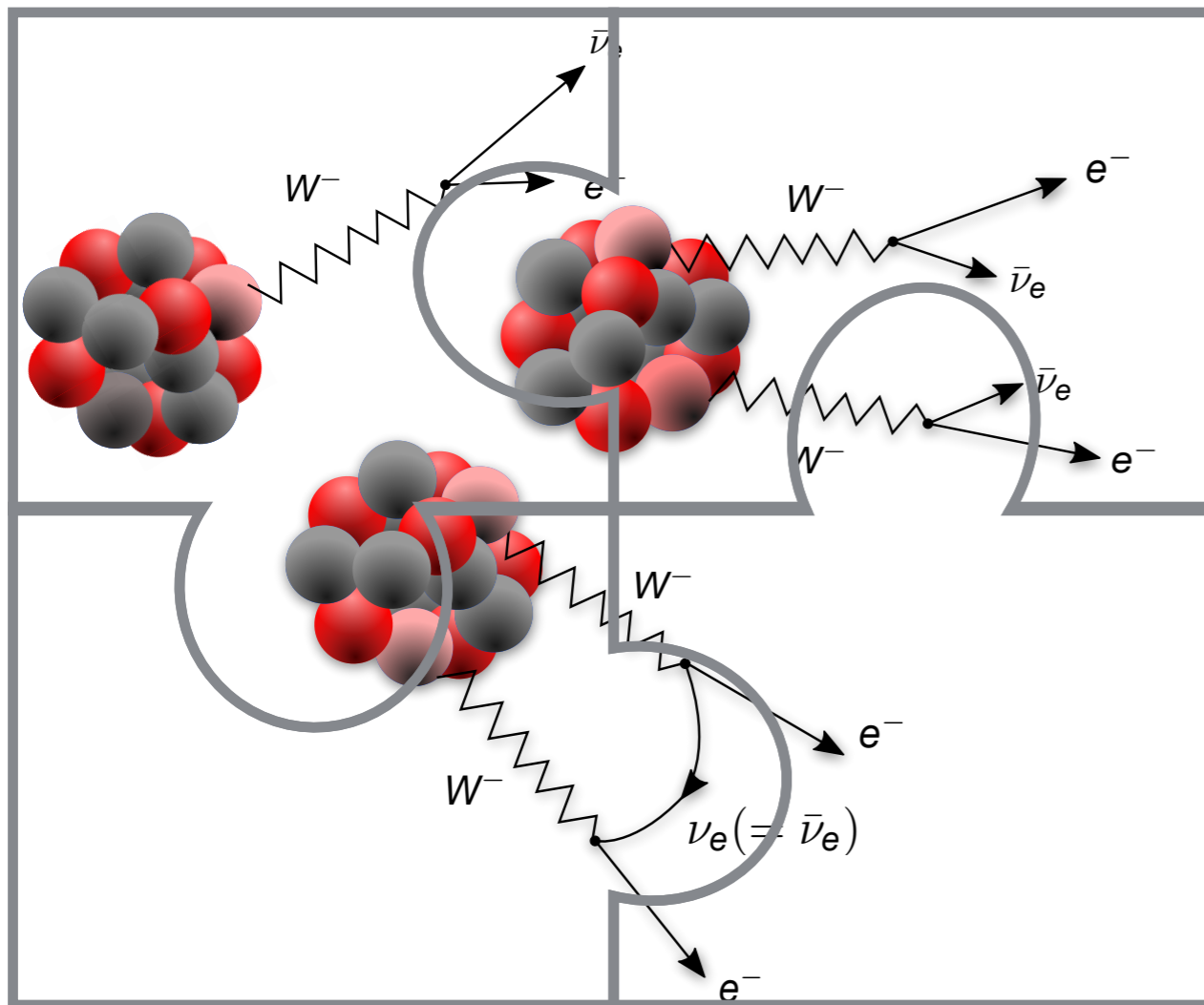


Weak Transitions in the IMSRG Framework

Heiko Hergert
Facility for Rare Isotope Beams
& Department of Physics and Astronomy
Michigan State University





- **interactions and transition operators** from Chiral EFT, including currents
- tune **resolution scale** of the Hamiltonian / Hilbert space
- **(MR-)IMSRG**: calculate ground (and excited) states or derive Shell Model interaction
- evaluate **1B, 2B** (, 3B,...) **transition operator**

(Multi-Reference) In-Medium SRG

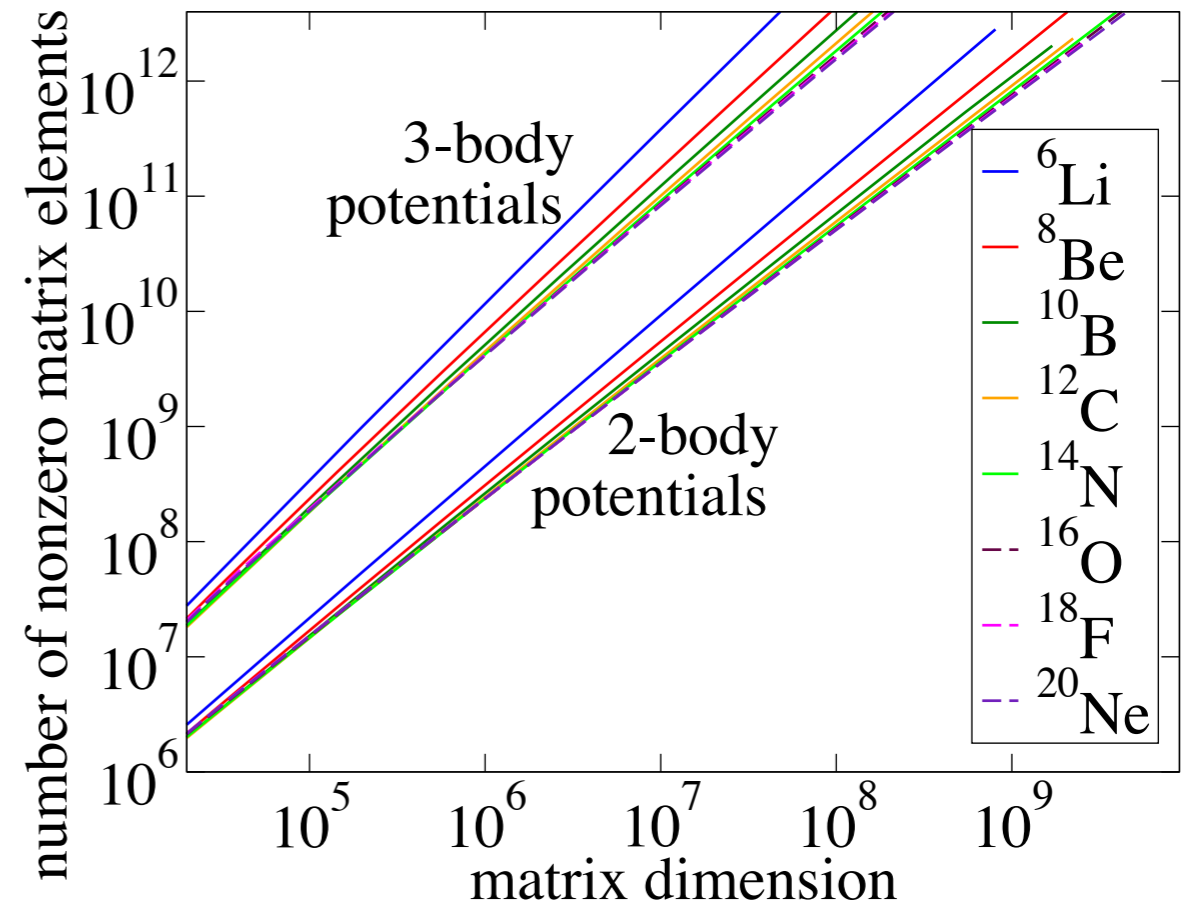
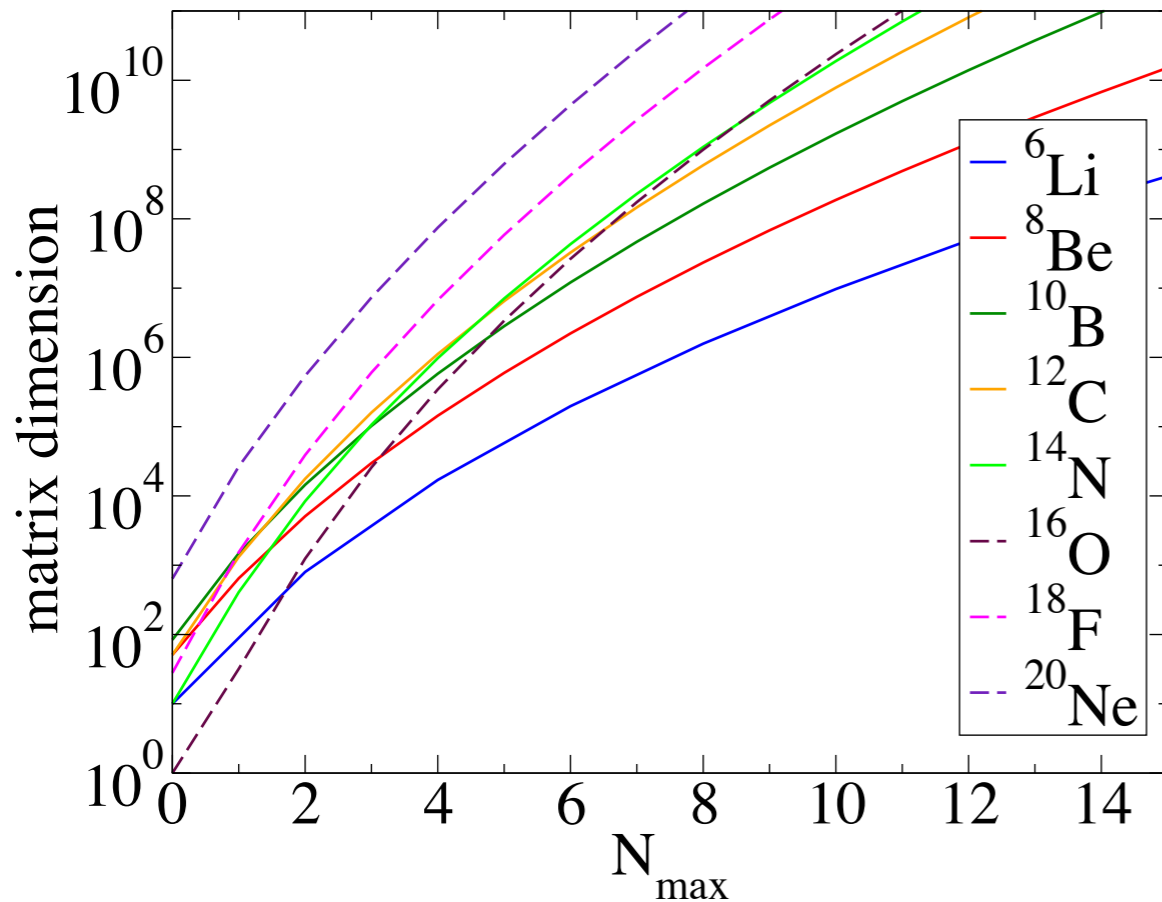
H. H., Phys. Scripta **92**, 023002 (2017)

H. H., S. K. Bogner, T. D. Morris, A. Schwenk, and K. Tuskiyama, Phys. Rept. **621**, 165 (2016)

H. H., S. Bogner, T. Morris, S. Binder, A. Calci, J. Langhammer, R. Roth, Phys. Rev. C **90**, 041302 (2014)

H. H., S. Binder, A. Calci, J. Langhammer, and R. Roth, Phys. Rev. Lett **110**, 242501 (2013)

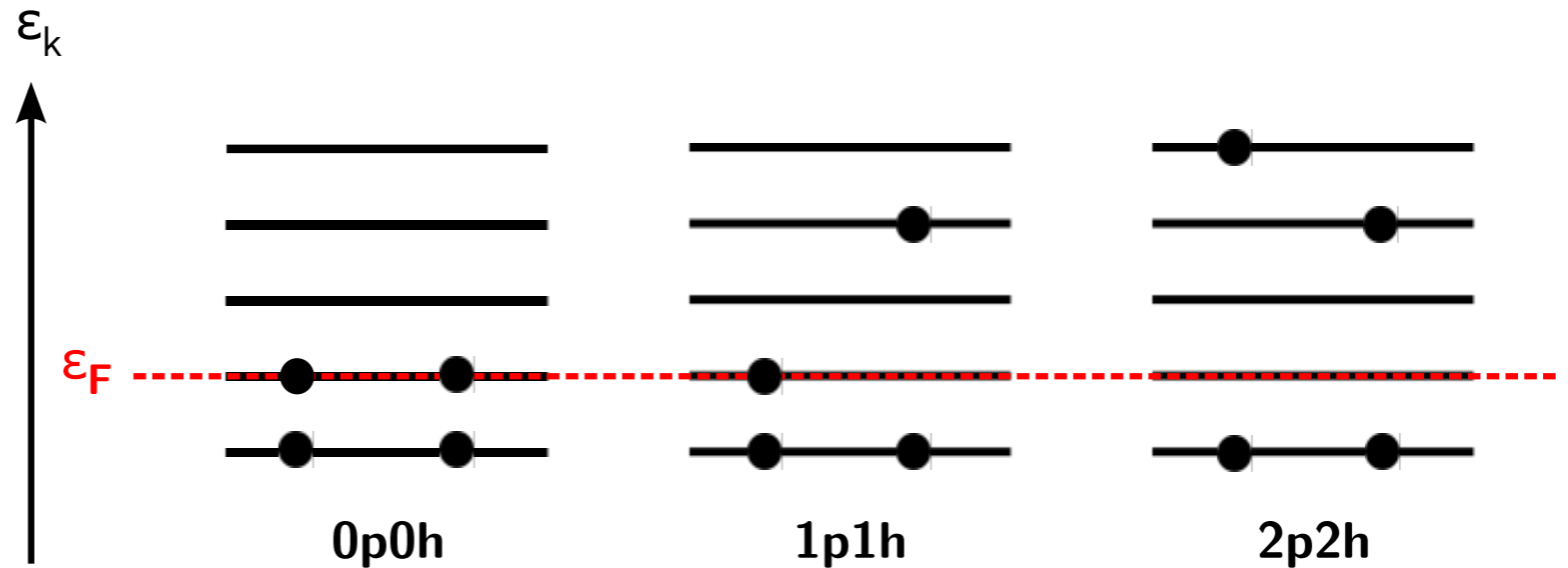
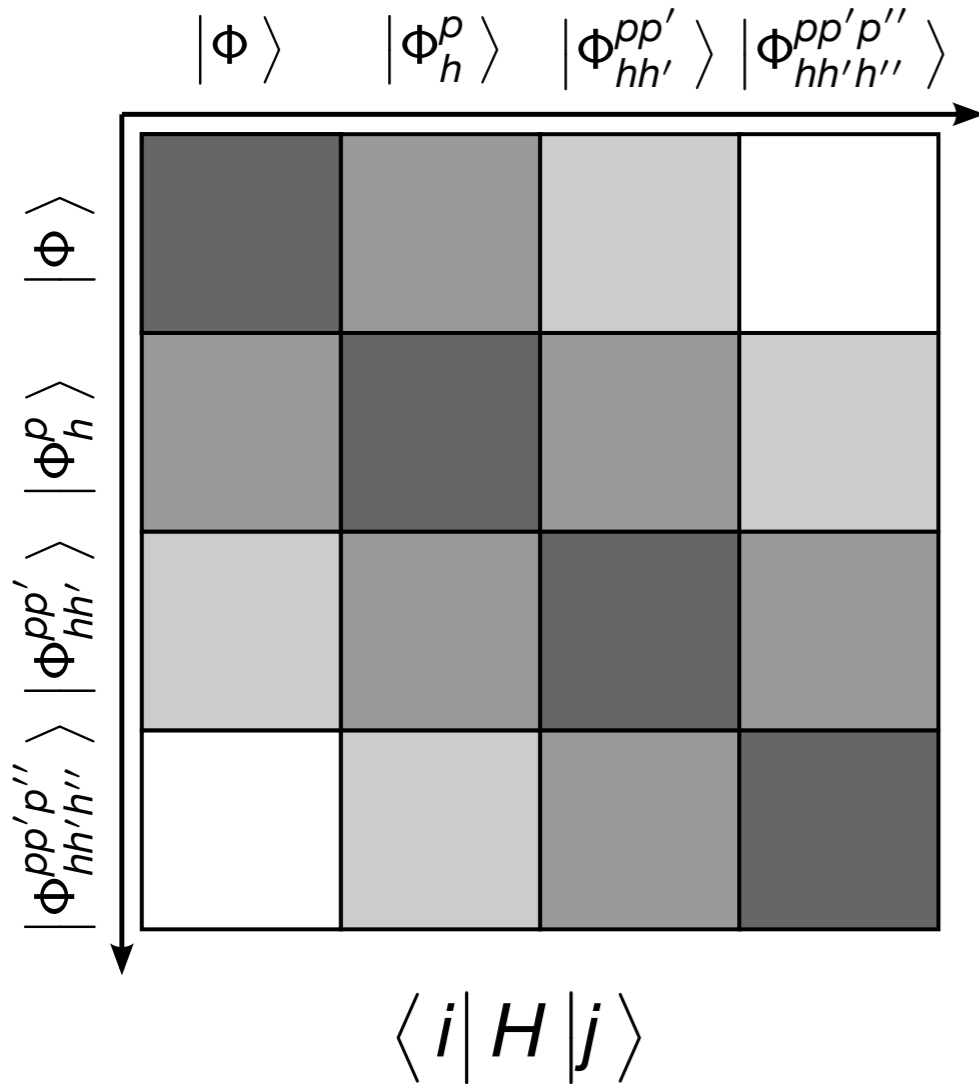
Large-Scale Diagonalization



from: C. Yang, H. M. Aktulga, P. Maris, E. Ng, J. Vary, Proceedings of NTSE-2013

- basis-size “explosion”: **factorial growth**
- **importance truncation** etc. cannot fully compensate this growth as A increases

Transforming the Hamiltonian



excitations **relative** to reference state: **normal-ordering**

- reference state: **single Slater determinant**

Normal-Ordered Hamiltonian

$$H = E_0 + \sum_{kl} f_l^k : A_l^k : + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{klmn} \Gamma_{lmn}^{kl} : A_{mn}^{kl} : + \frac{1}{36} \sum_{ijklmn} W_{lmn}^{ijk} : A_{lmn}^{ijk} :$$

$$A_{j_1 \dots j_N}^{i_1 \dots i_N} \equiv a_{i_1}^\dagger \dots a_{i_N}^\dagger a_{j_N} \dots a_{j_1}$$

$$E_0 = \text{[Diagram: circle with dot]} + \text{[Diagram: two circles with dots]} + \dots$$

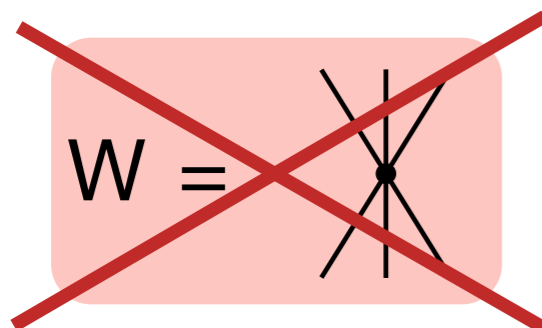
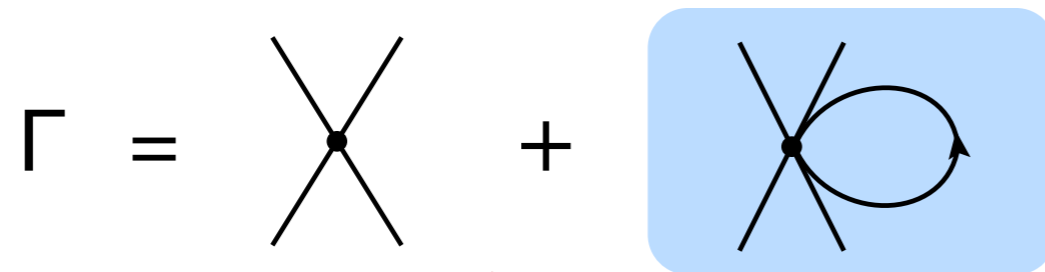
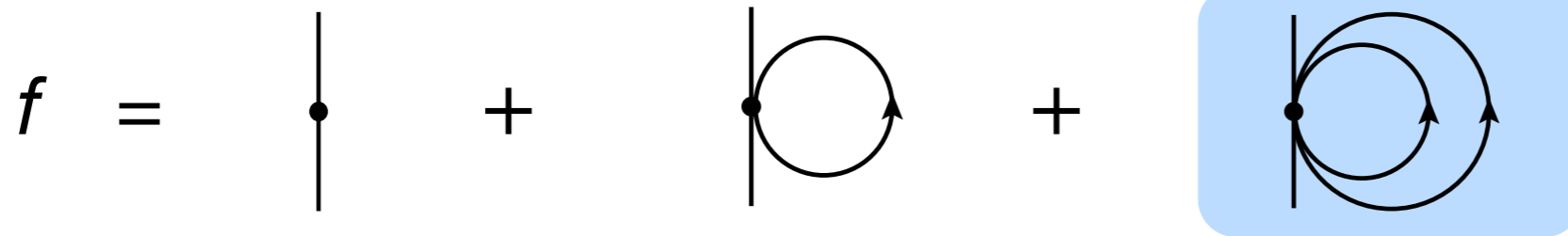
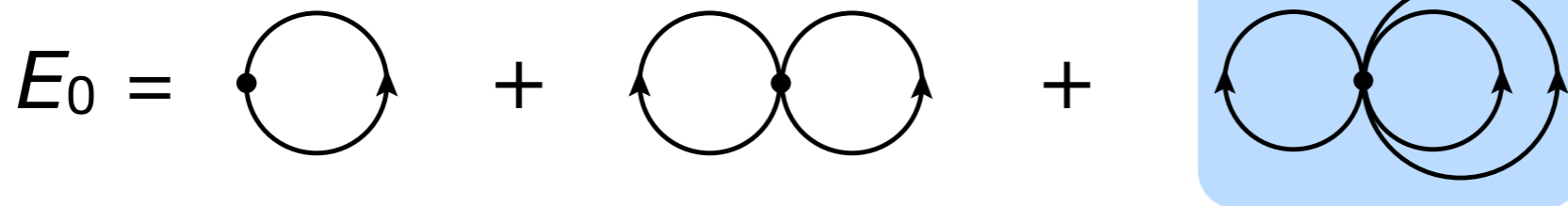
$$f = \text{[Diagram: vertical line with dot]} + \text{[Diagram: vertical line with circle]} + \text{[Diagram: vertical line with two circles]}$$

$$\Gamma = \text{[Diagram: X shape]} + \text{[Diagram: X shape with circle]}$$

$$W = \text{[Diagram: X shape with vertical line]}$$

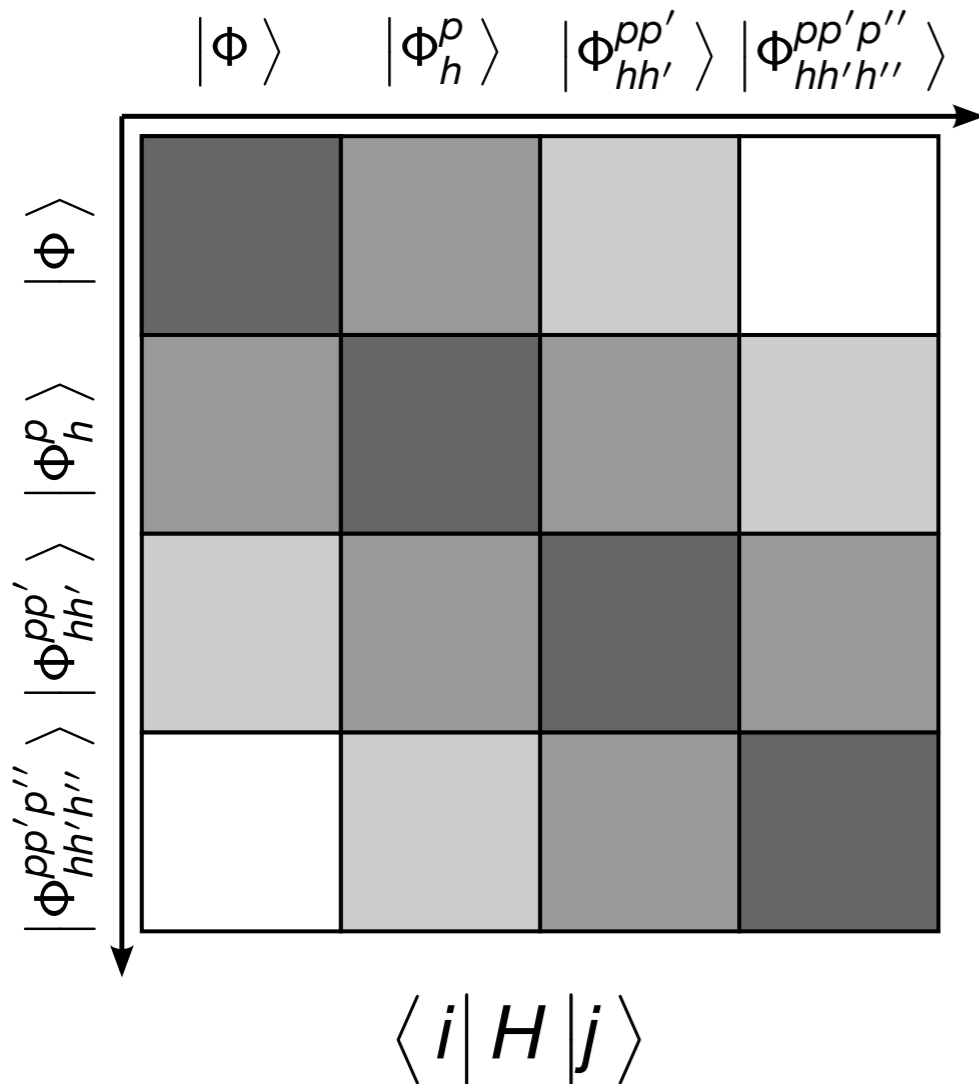
Normal-Ordered Hamiltonian

$$H = E_0 + \sum_{kl} f_l^k : A_l^k : + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{klmn} \Gamma_{mn}^{kl} : A_{mn}^{kl} : + \frac{1}{36} \sum_{ijklmn} W_{lmn}^{ijk} : A_{lmn}^{ijk} :$$



two-body formalism with
in-medium contributions from
three-body interactions

Single-Reference Case



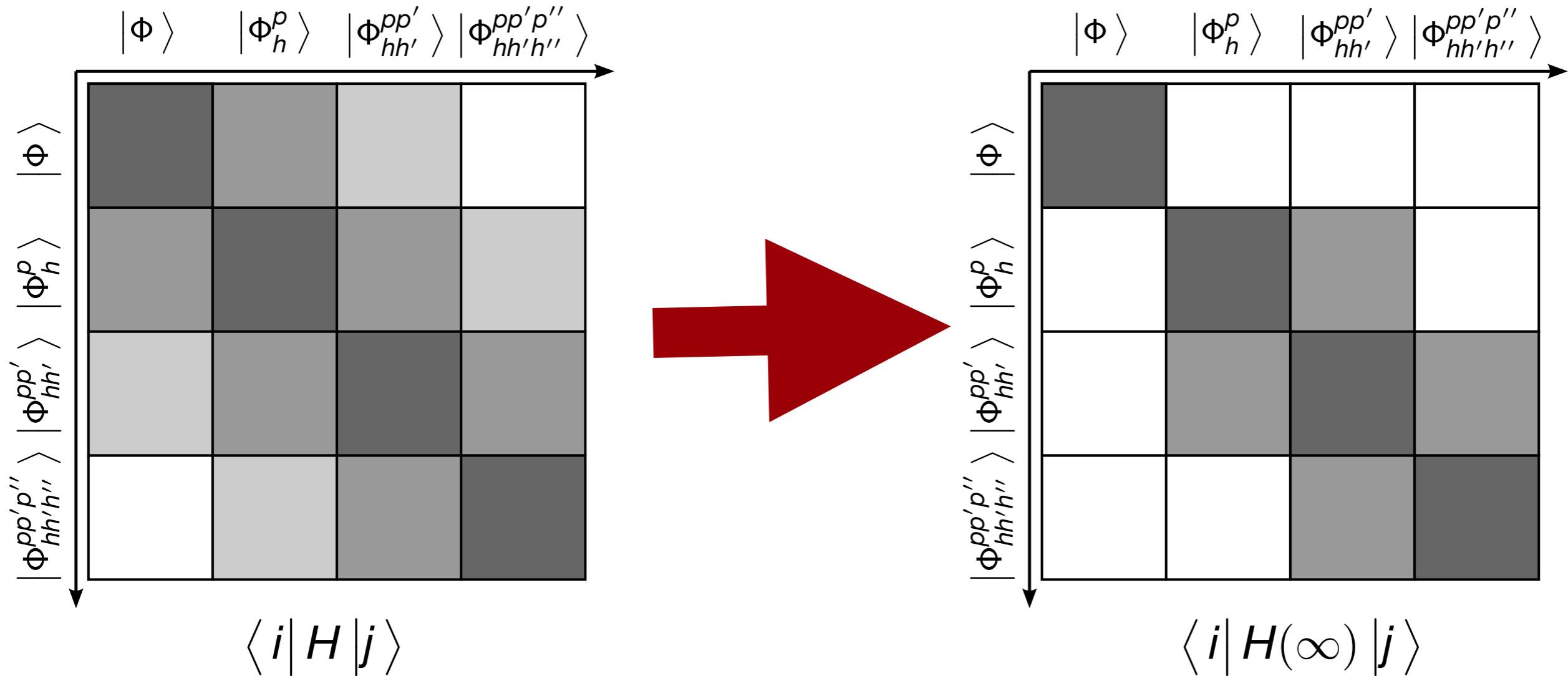
$$A_{j_1 \dots j_N}^{i_1 \dots i_N} \equiv a_{i_1}^\dagger \dots a_{i_N}^\dagger a_{j_N} \dots a_{j_1}$$

$$\langle \begin{smallmatrix} p \\ h \end{smallmatrix} | H | \Psi \rangle = \sum_{kl} f_l^k \langle \Psi | : A_p^h :: A_l^k : | \Psi \rangle = -n_h \bar{n}_p f_h^p$$

$$\langle \begin{smallmatrix} pp' \\ hh' \end{smallmatrix} | H | \Psi \rangle = \sum_{klmn} \Gamma_{mn}^{kl} \langle \Psi | : A_{pp'}^{hh'} :: A_{mn}^{kl} : | \Psi \rangle \sim \Gamma_{hh'}^{pp'}$$

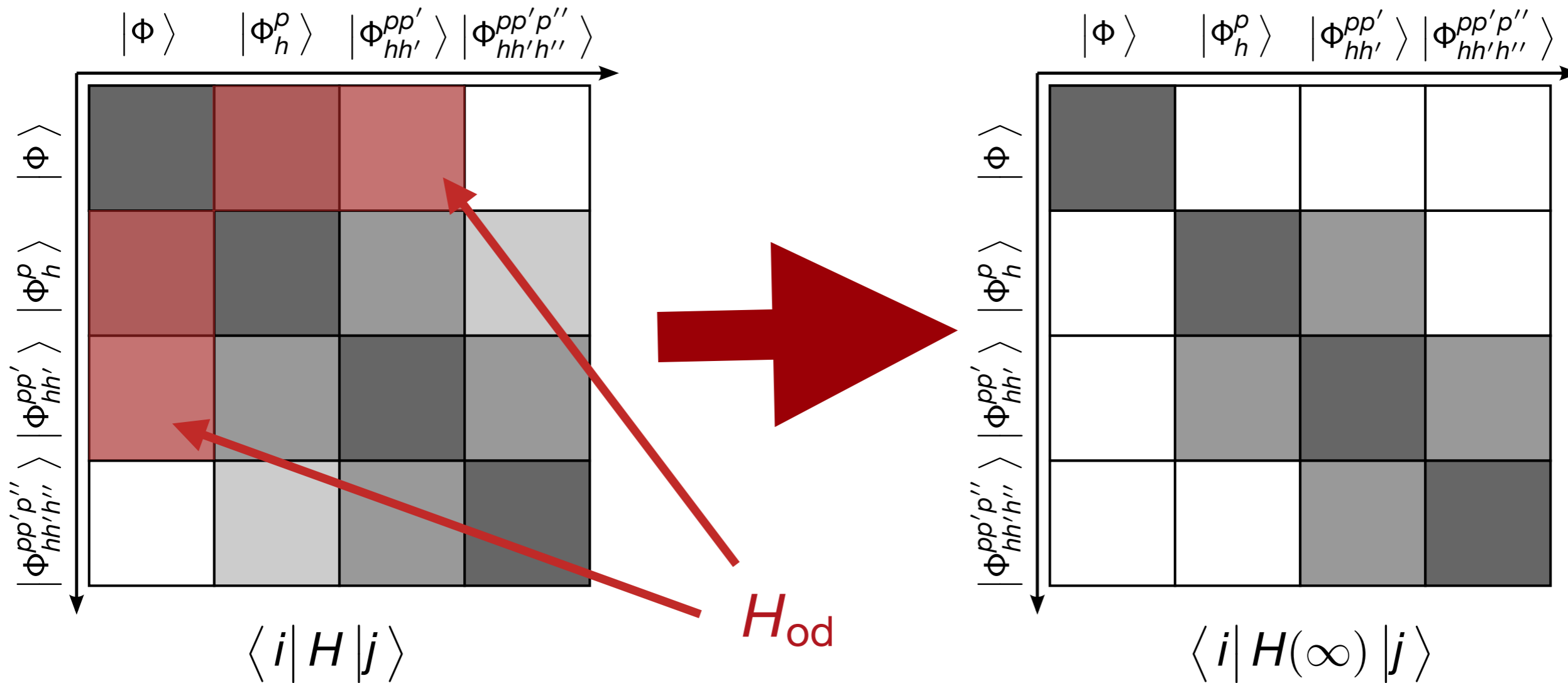
- reference state: **Slater determinant**
- normal-ordered operators **depend on occupation numbers (one-body density)**

Decoupling in A-Body Space



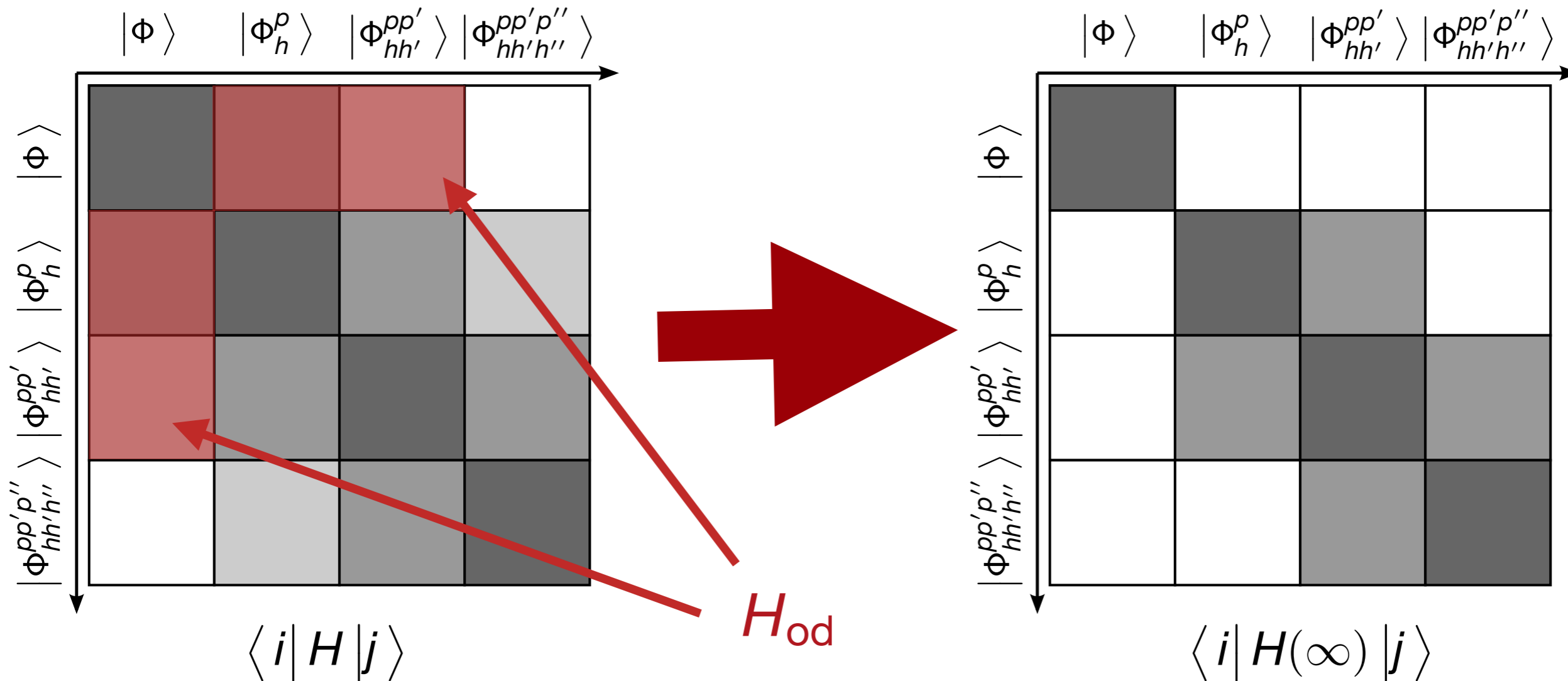
aim: decouple reference state $|\Phi\rangle$
from excitations

Flow Equation



$$\frac{d}{ds}H(s) = [\eta(s), H(s)], \quad \text{e.g.,} \quad \eta(s) \equiv [H_d(s), H_{od}(s)]$$

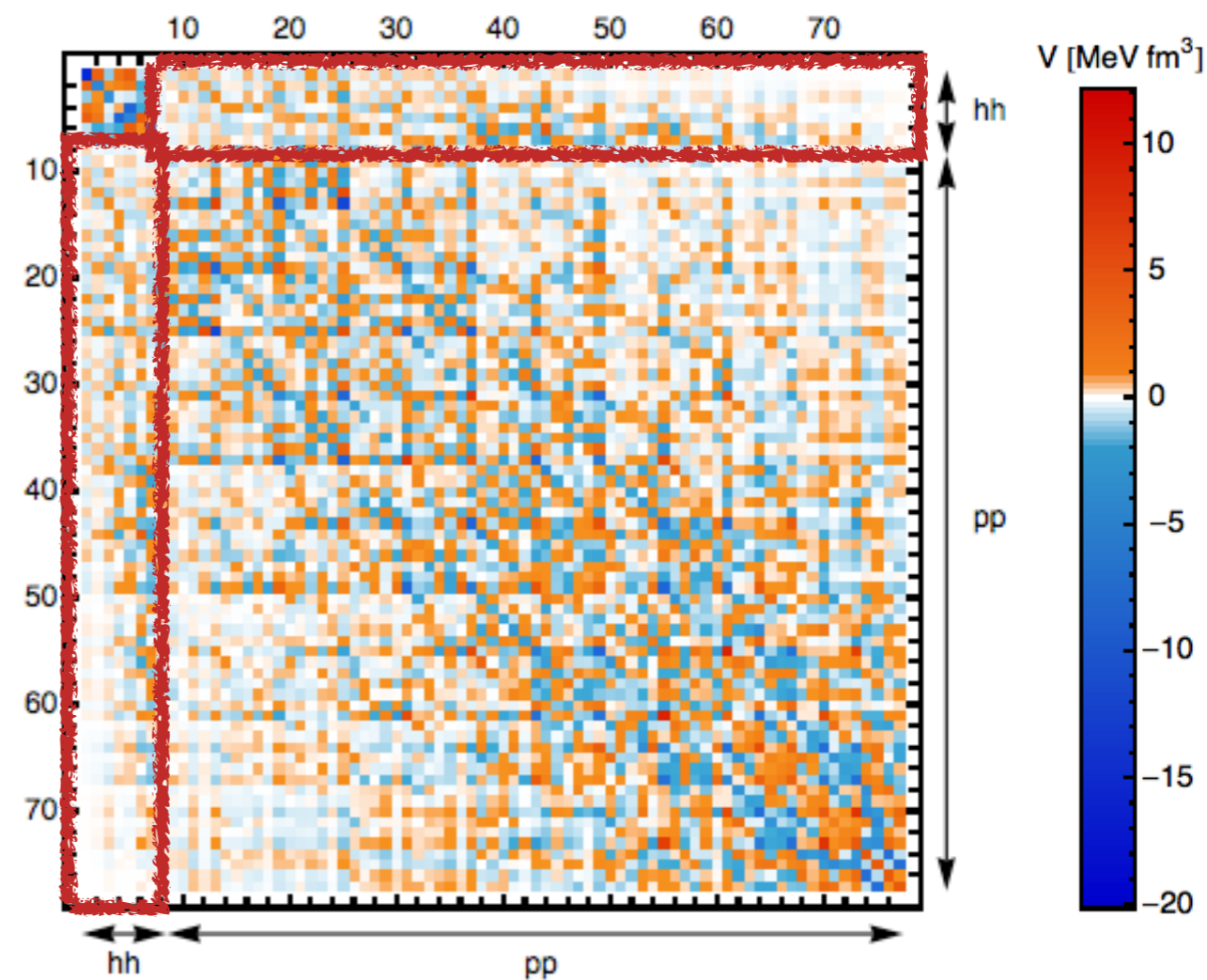
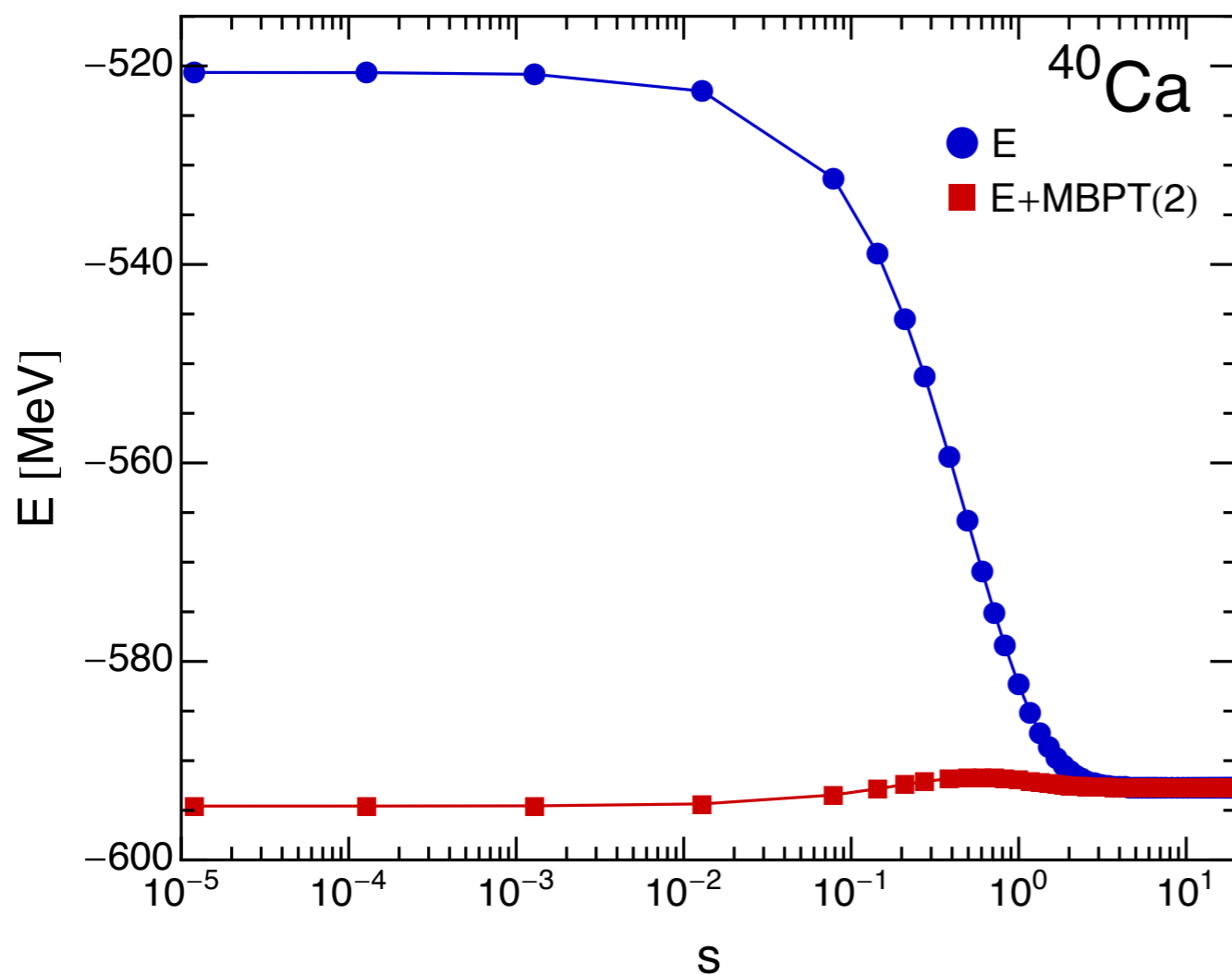
Flow Equation



$$\frac{d}{ds}H(s) = [\eta(s), H(s)], \quad \text{e.g.}$$

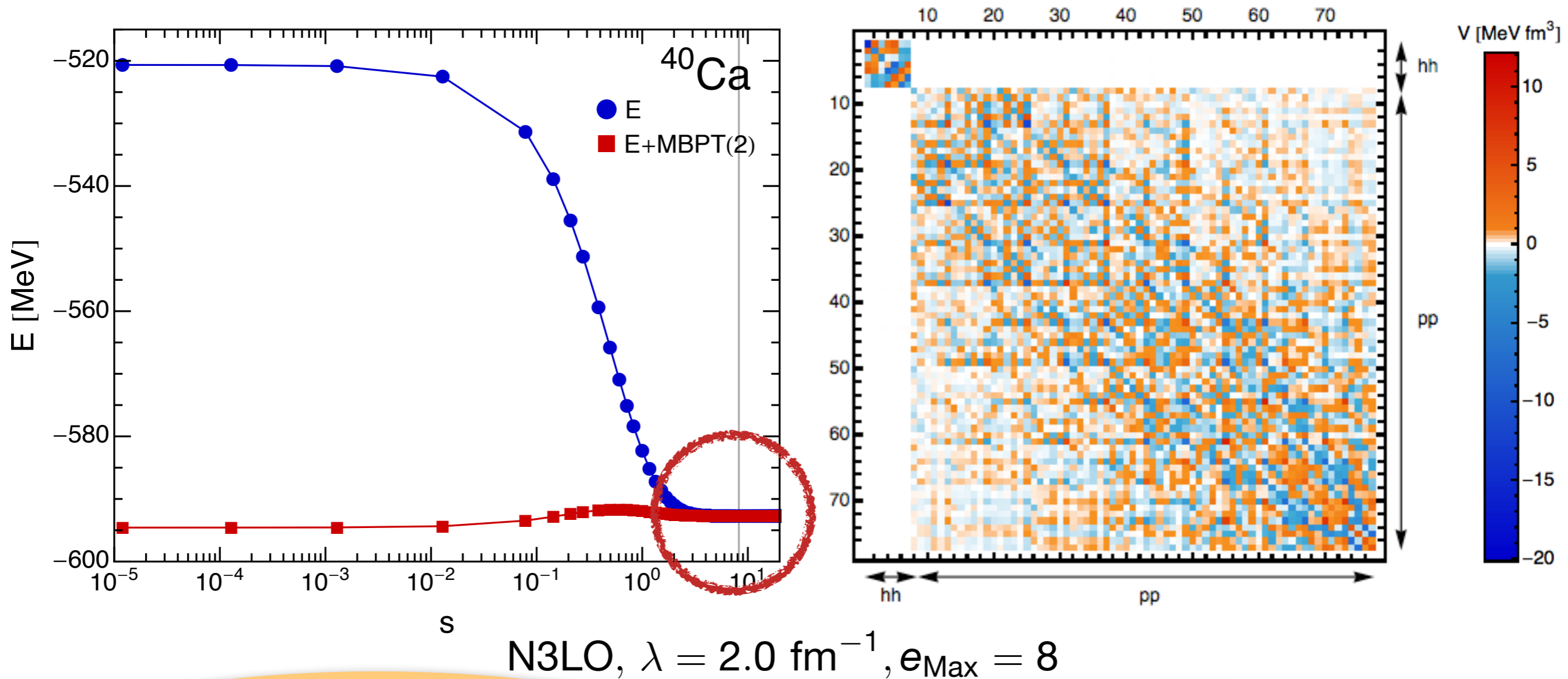
Matrix is never constructed explicitly!

Decoupling



N3LO, $\lambda = 2.0 \text{ fm}^{-1}$, $e_{\text{Max}} = 8$

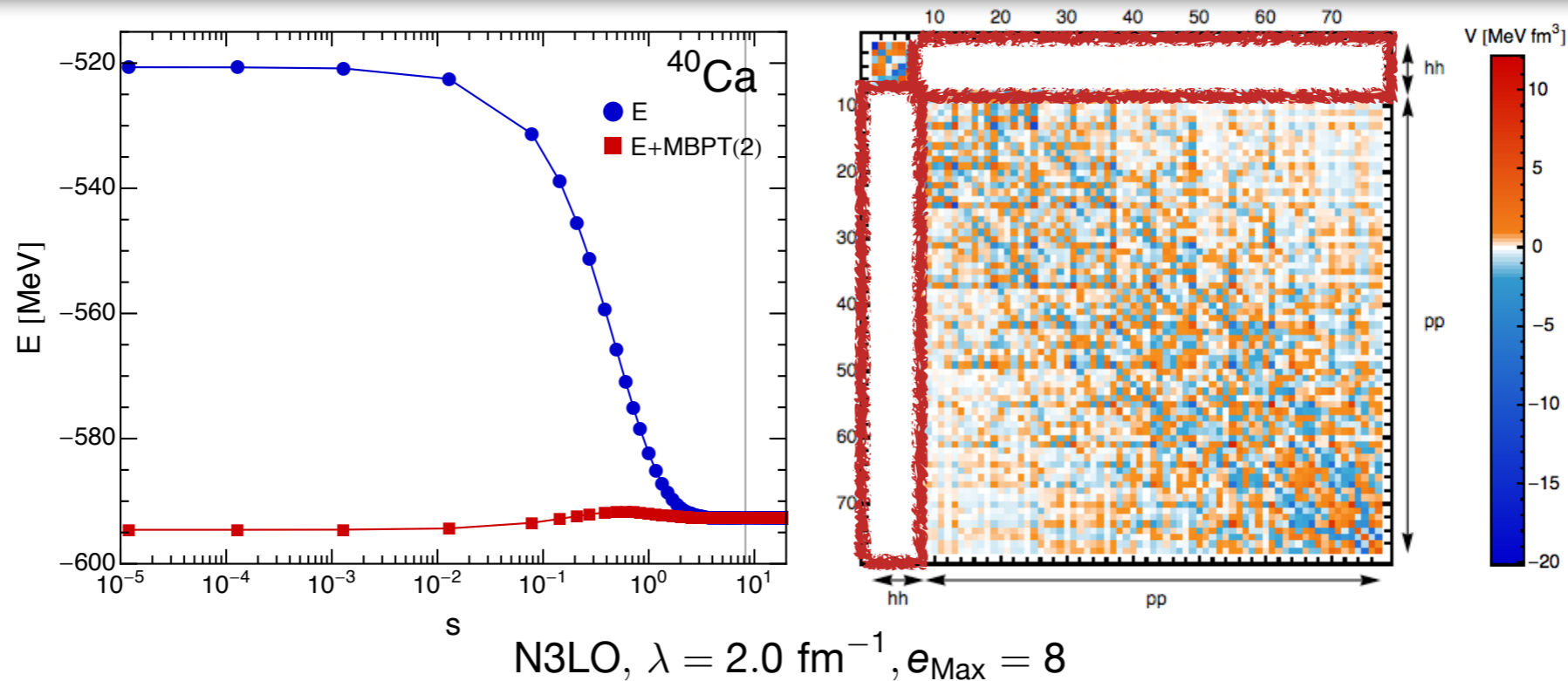
Decoupling



non-perturbative
resummation of MBPT series
(correlations)

off-diagonal couplings
are rapidly driven to zero

Decoupling



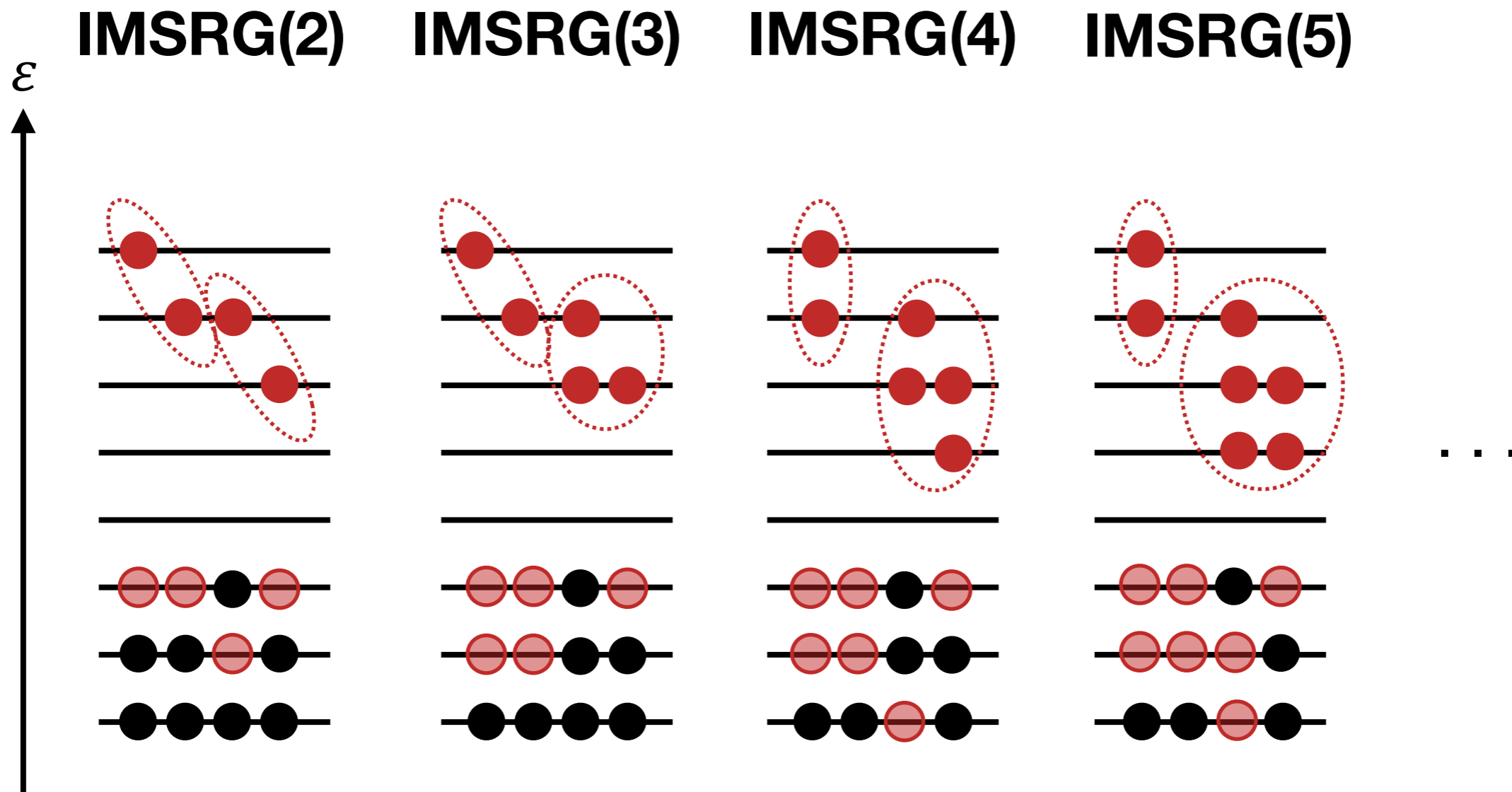
- absorb correlations into **RG-improved Hamiltonian**

$$U(s) H U^\dagger(s) U(s) |\Psi_n\rangle = E_n U(s) |\Psi_n\rangle$$

- reference state is ansatz for transformed, **less correlated** eigenstate:

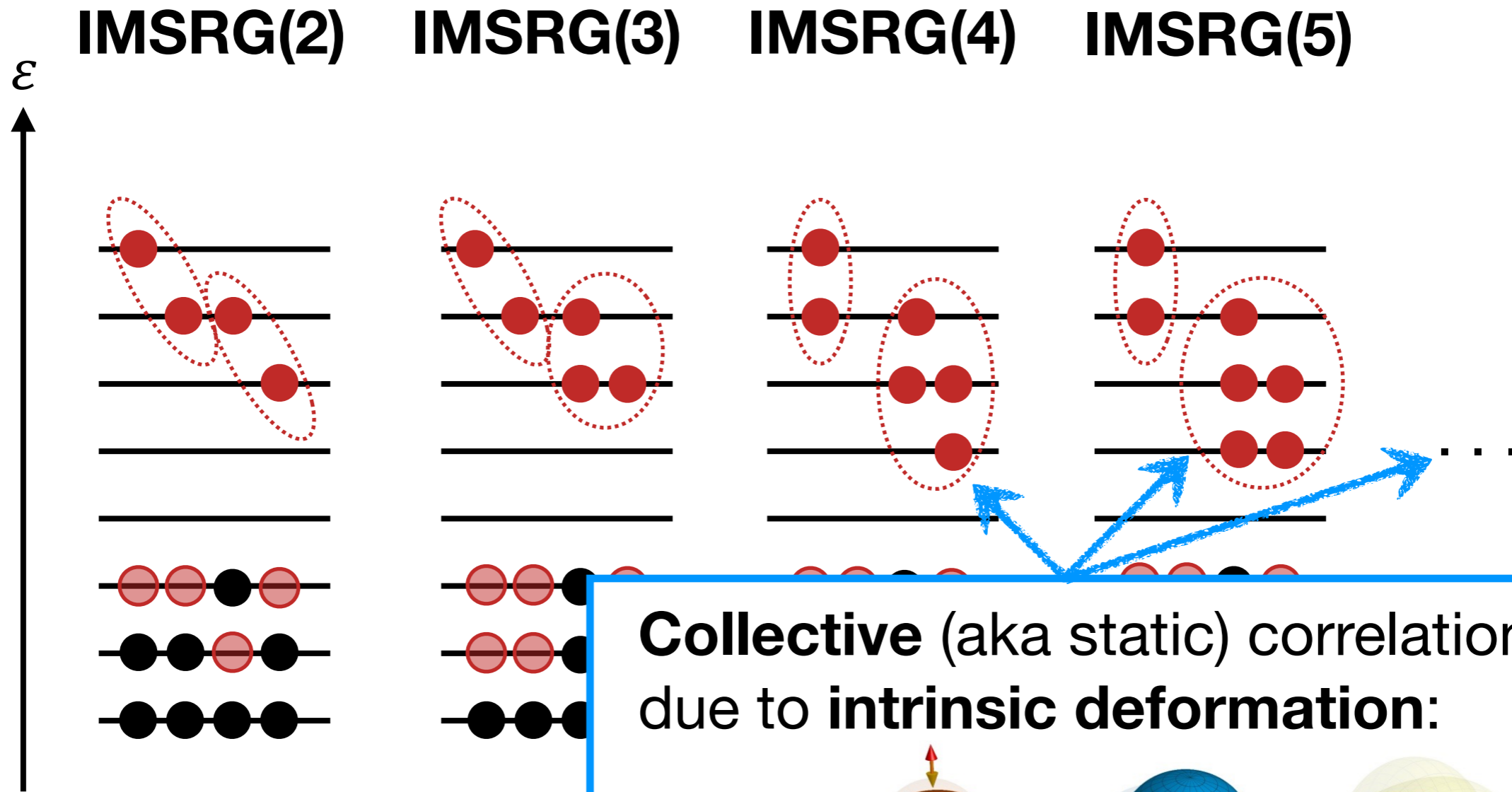
$$U(s) |\Psi_n\rangle \stackrel{!}{=} |\Phi\rangle$$

Correlated Reference States

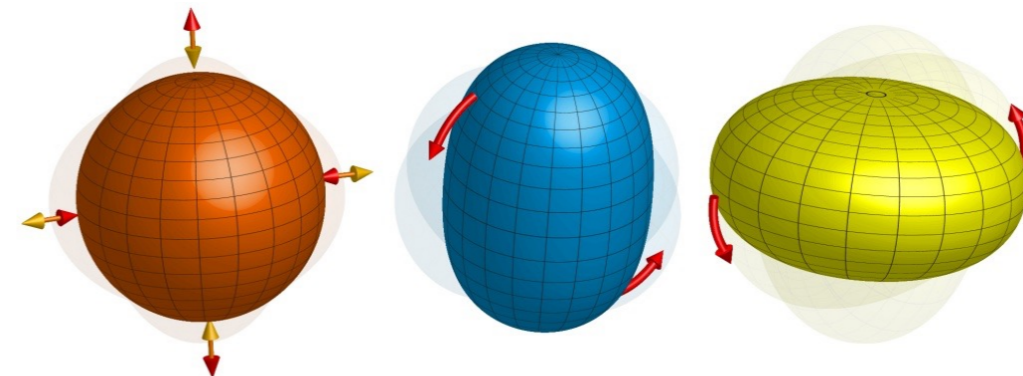


“**standard**” **IMSRG**: build correlations on top of Slater determinant (=independent-particle state)

Correlated Reference States

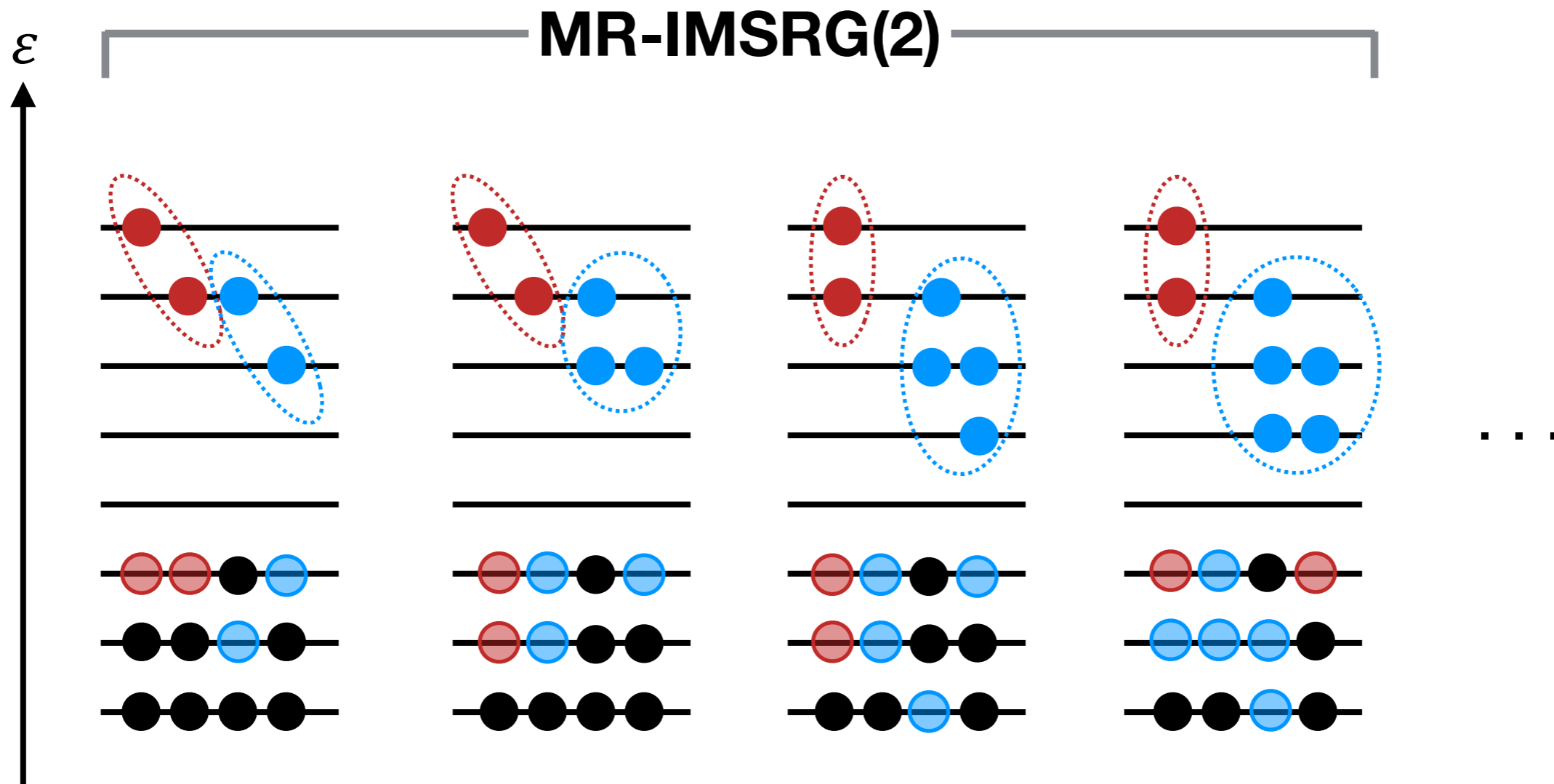


Collective (aka static) correlations, e.g. due to **intrinsic deformation**:



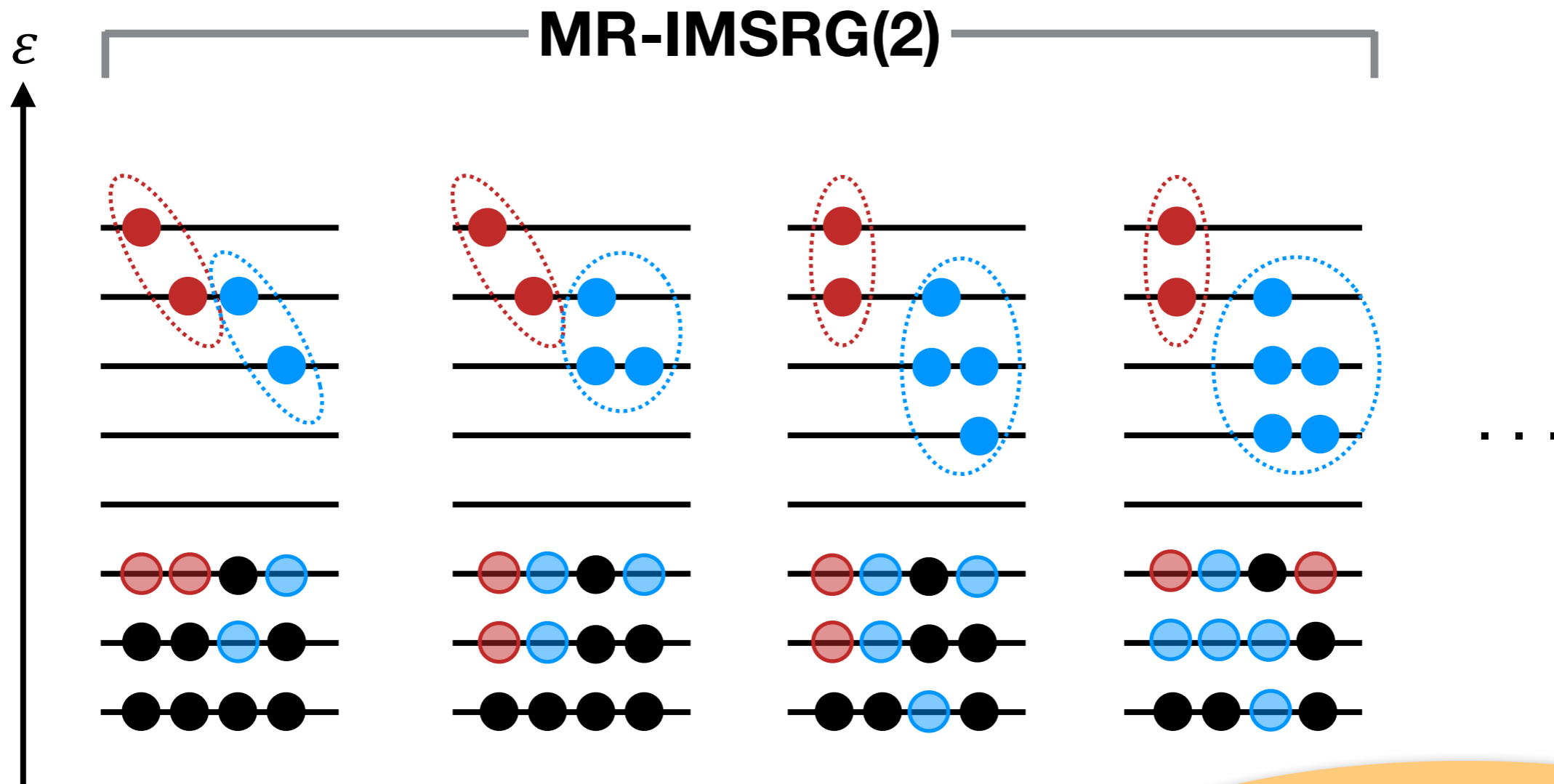
“standard” IMS
Slater determinan

Correlated Reference States



MR-IMSRG: build correlations on top of **already correlated** state (e.g., from a method that describes static correlation well)

Correlated Reference States



MR-IMSRG: build correlations
already correlated state (e.g., from
 describes static correlations

**use generalized
 normal ordering with
 2B,... densities**

MR-IMSRG References States



available

- Slater determinants (uncorrelated)
- number-projected Hartree-Fock Bogoliubov vacua
- Generator Coordinate Method (with projections)
- small-scale No-Core Shell Model
- symmetry-adapted NCSM, clustered states, Density Matrix Renormalization Group, tensor networks etc.

future

**SA-NCSM: see
talk by K. Launey**

available

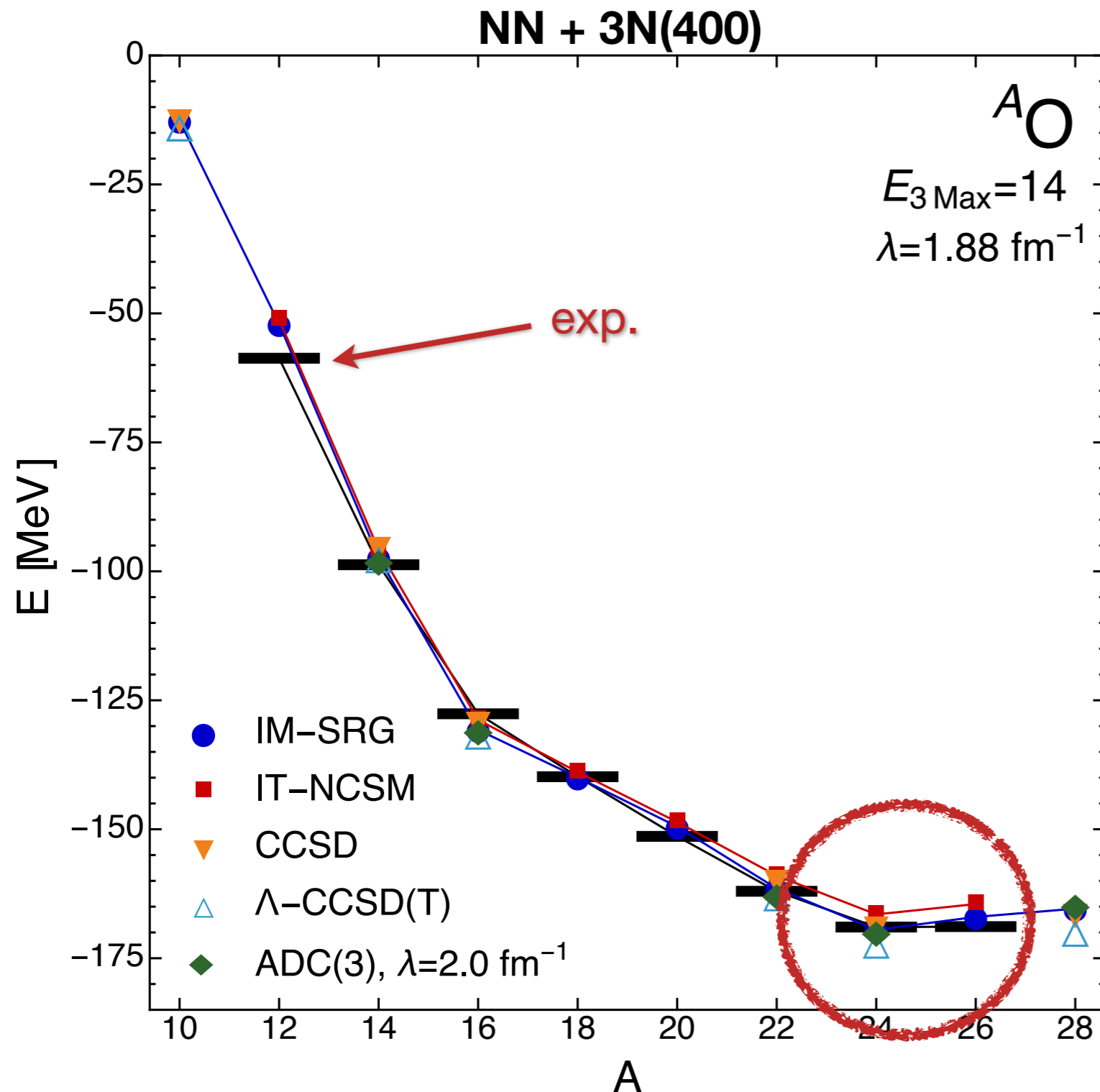
- **Slater determinants (uncorrelated)**
- **number-projected Hartree-Fock Bogoliubov vacua**
- Generator Coordinate Method (with projections)
- small-scale No-Core Shell Model
- symmetry-adapted NCSM, clustered states, Density Matrix Renormalization Group, tensor networks etc.

future

Oxygen Isotopes



HH et al., PRL **110**, 242501 (2013), ADC(3): A. Cipollone et al., PRL **111**, 242501 (2013)

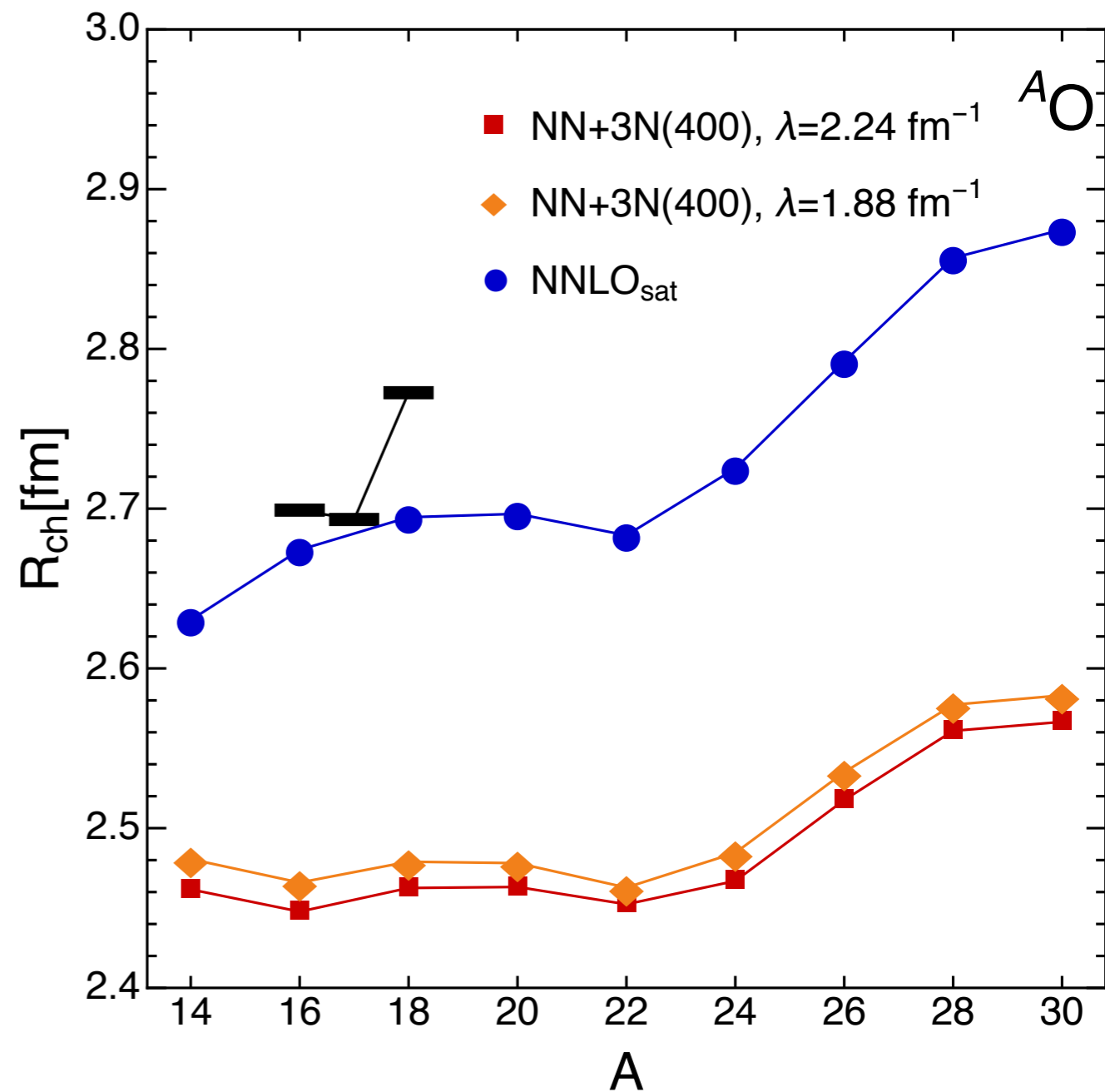
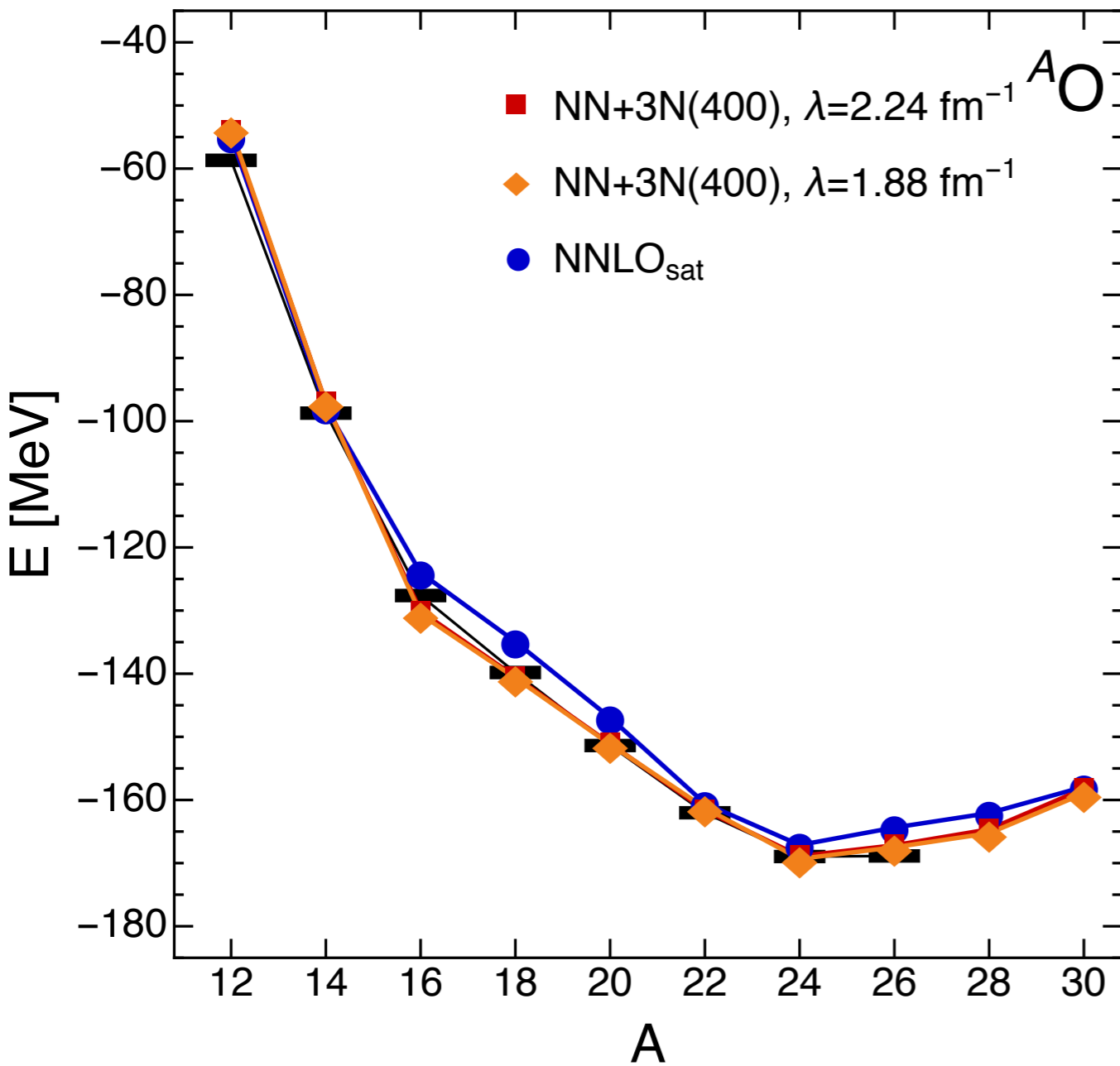


- **MR-IMSRG** with particle-number projected HFB reference state
- **consistency between many-body methods**
- ^{24}O drip line, but $^{25,26}\text{O}$ g.s. resonances too high: **continuum and interaction**

Oxygen Radii



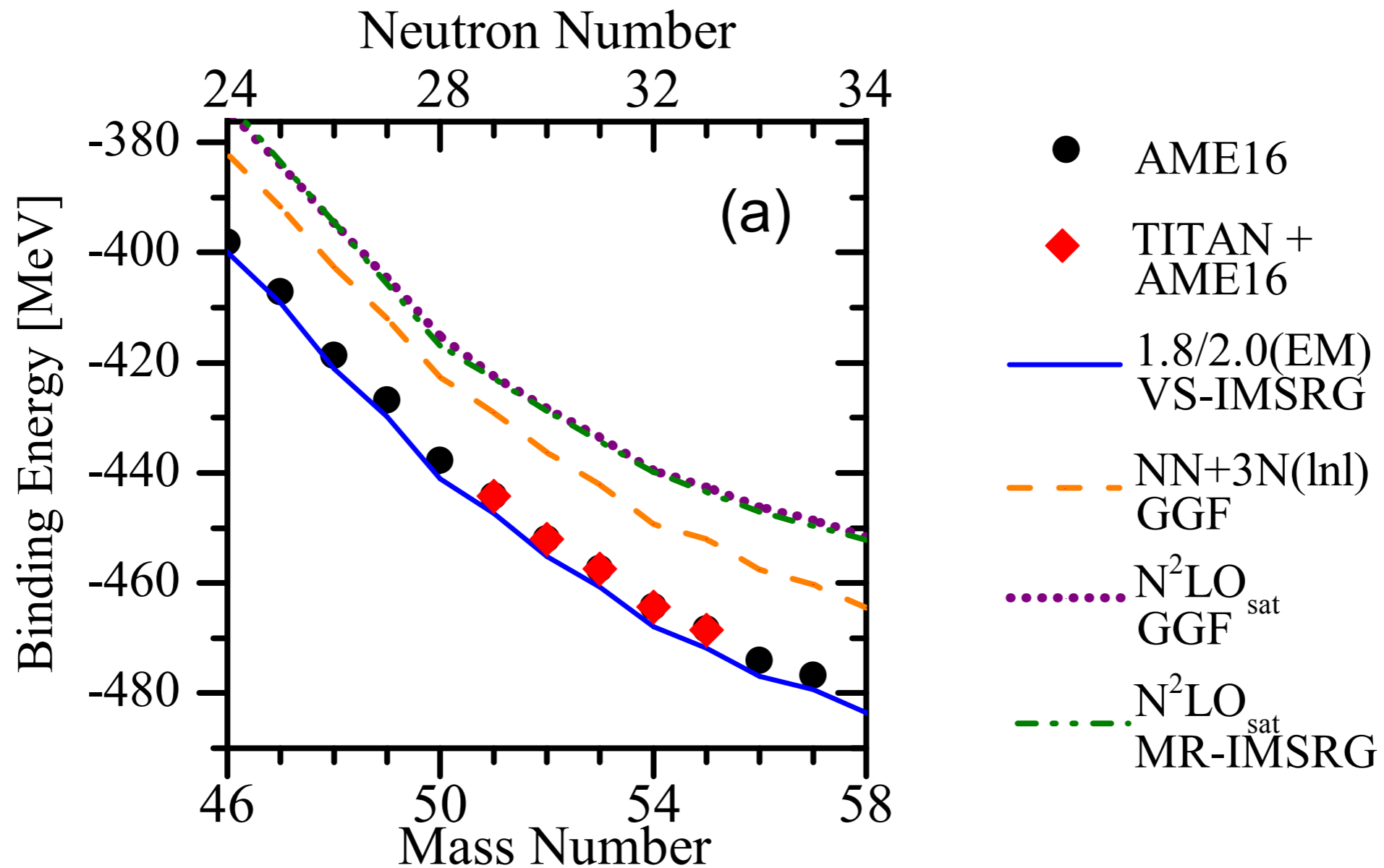
V. Lapoux, V. Somà, C. Barbieri, HH, J. D. Holt, and S. R. Stroberg, PRL 117, 052501 (2016)



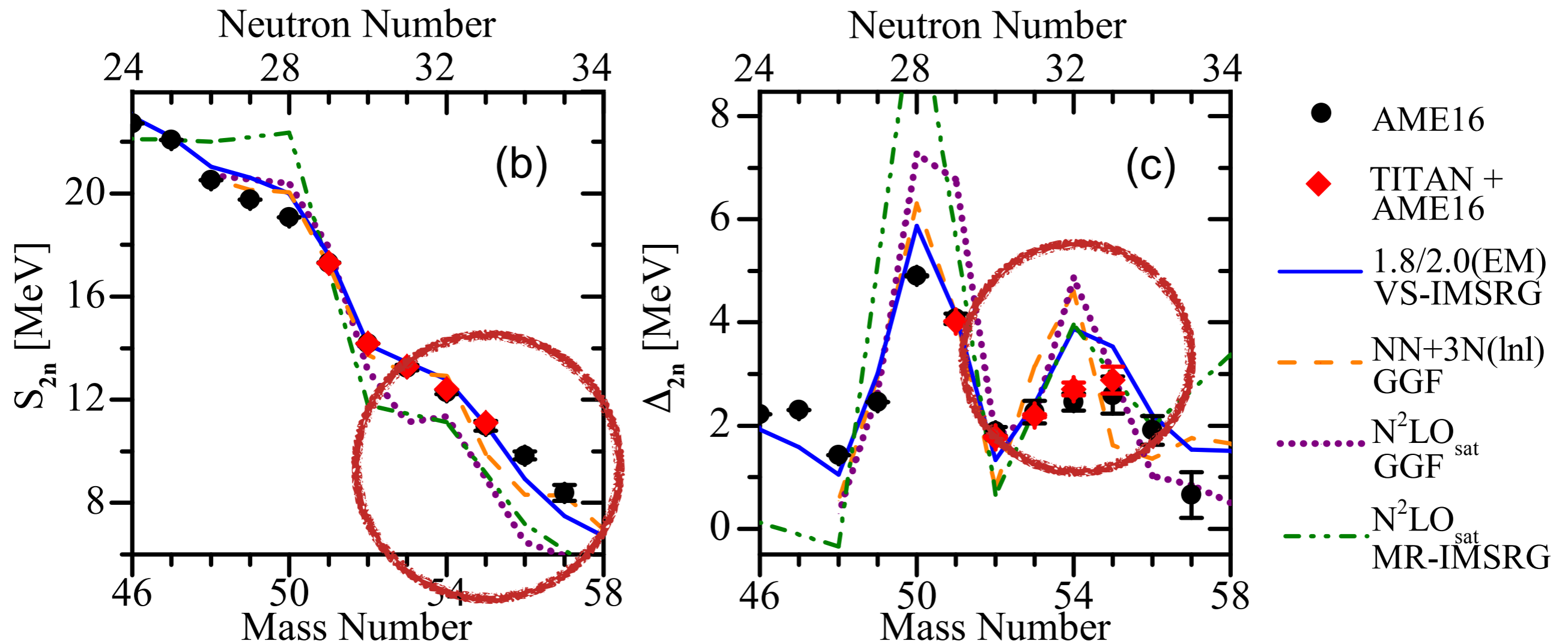
Titanium Isotopes



E. Leistenschneider et al., PRL 120, 062503 (2018)



Titanium Isotopes

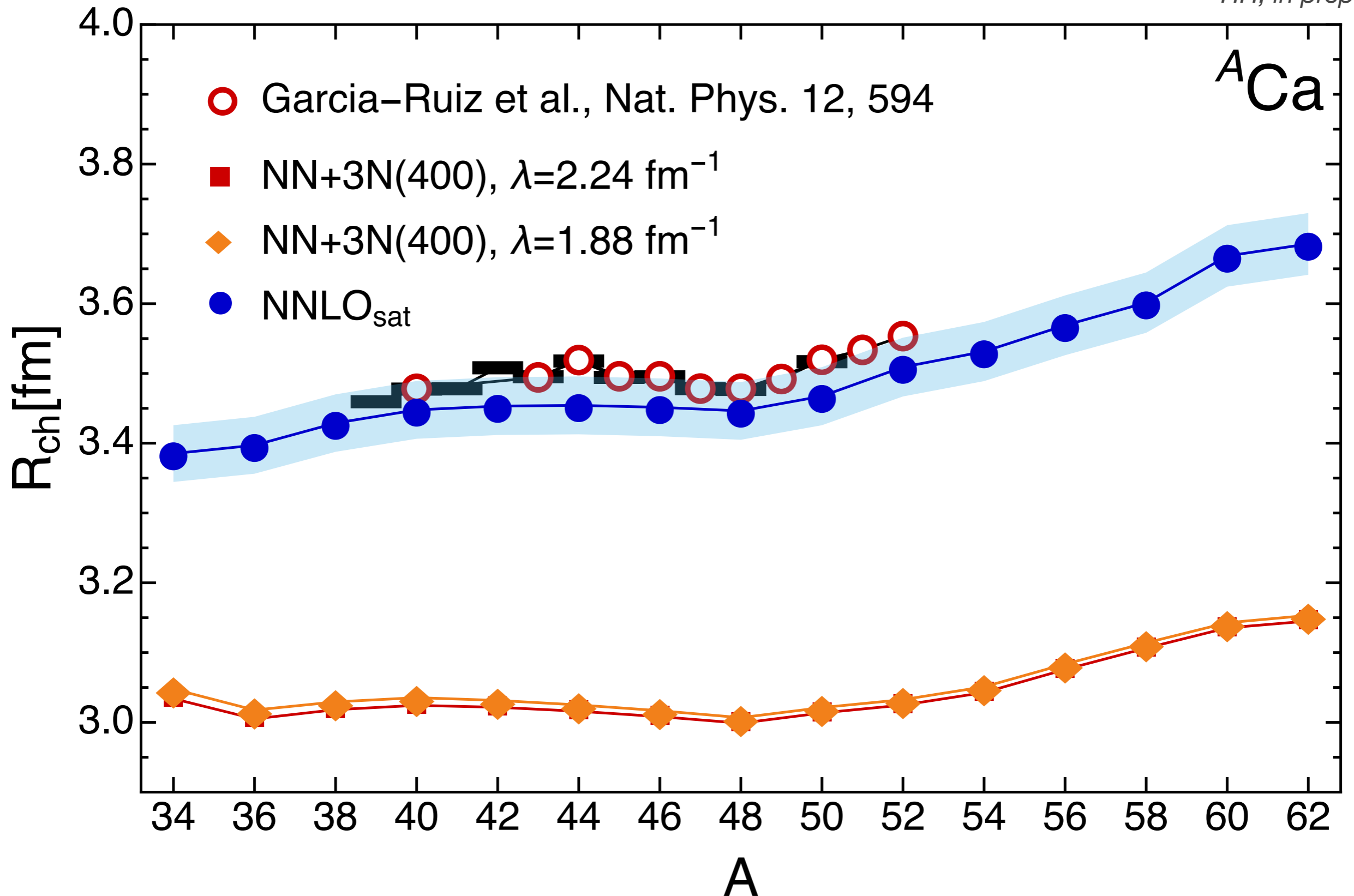


$N=32$ sub-shell **closure too pronounced**: combined effect of **method & interaction** !

Calcium Isotopes



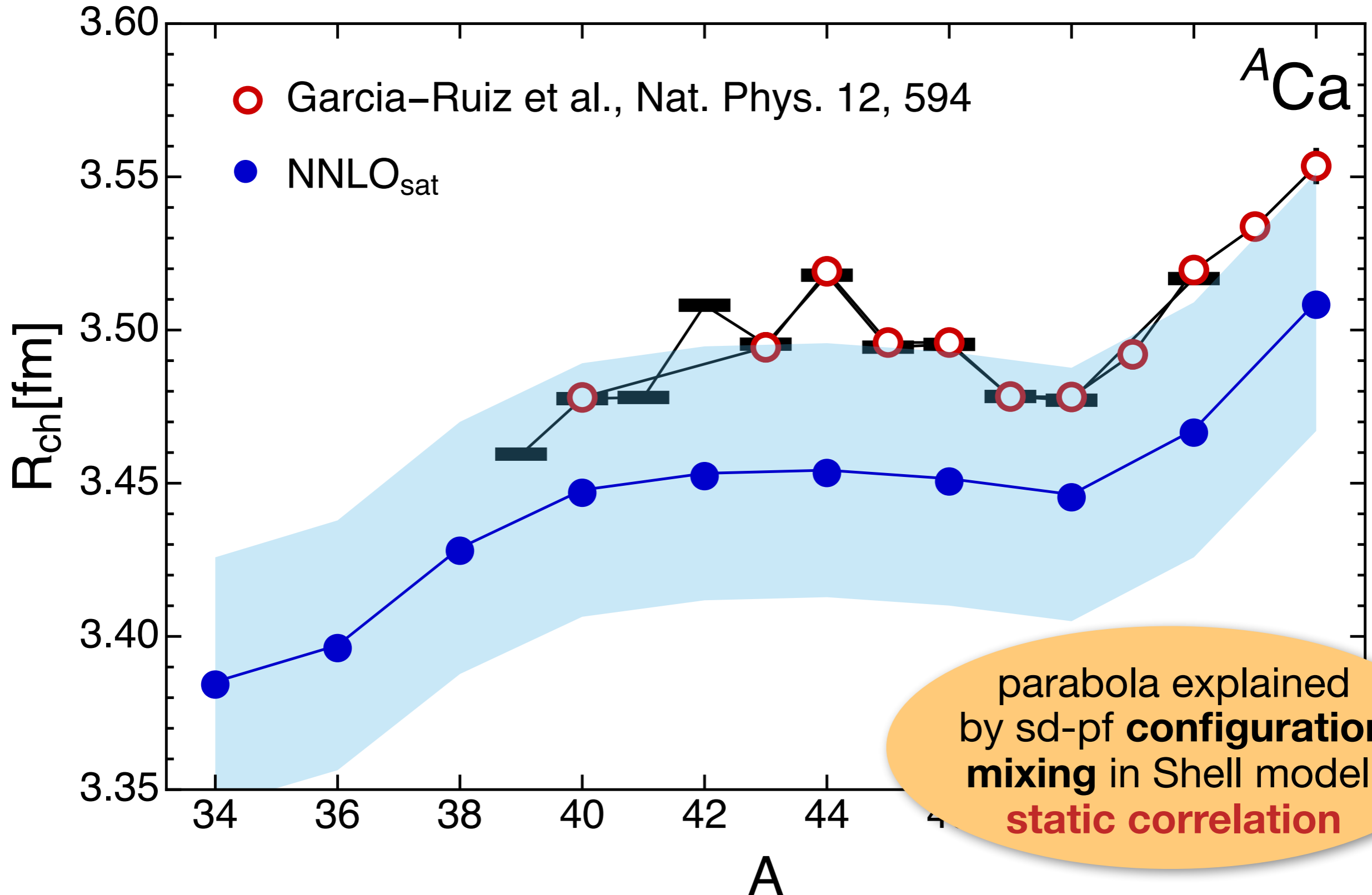
HH, in preparation



Calcium Isotopes



HH, in preparation



Ground-State to Ground-State Decay

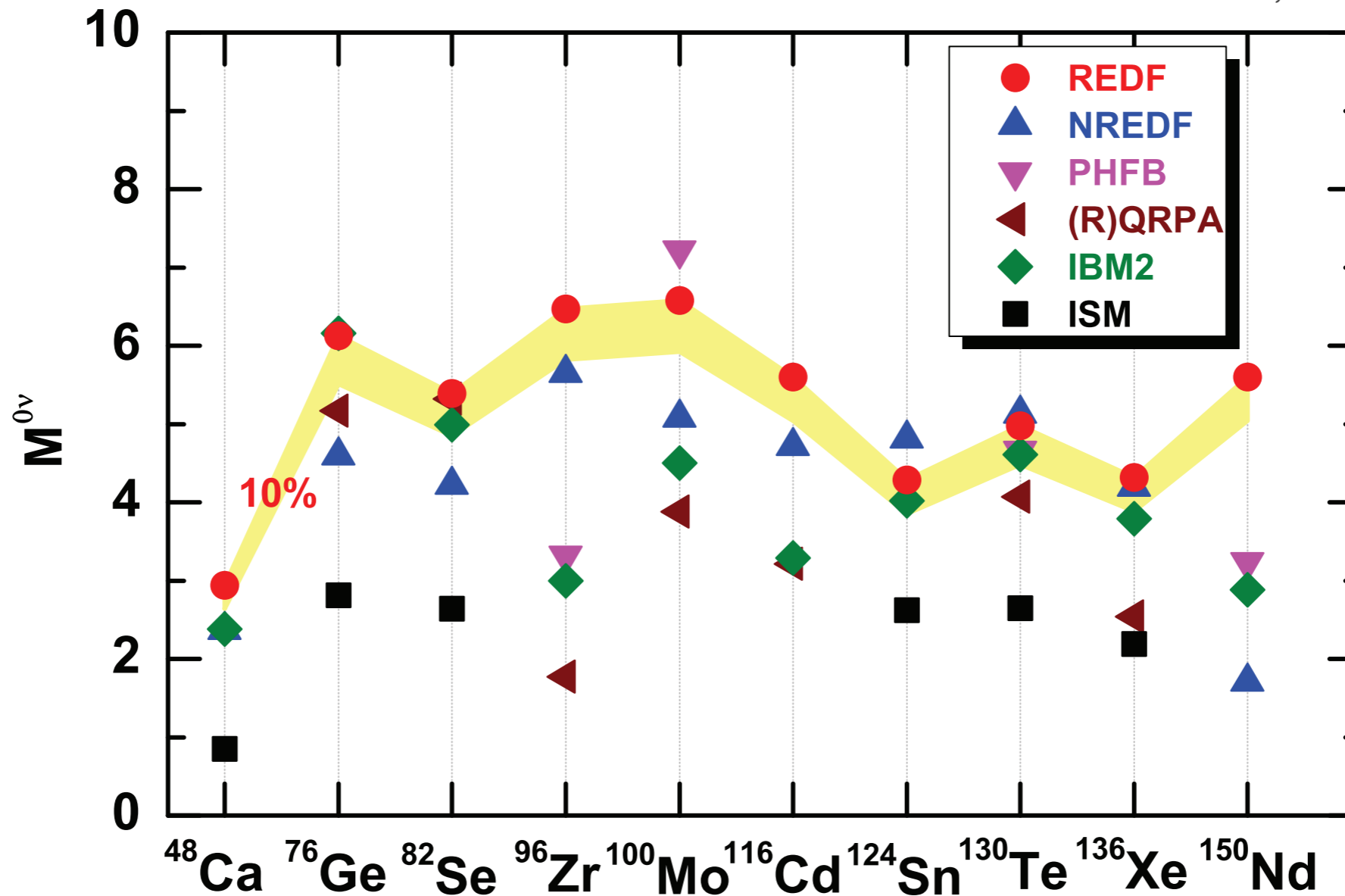
with **J. Yao**, J. Engel, ...



Nuclear Matrix Elements



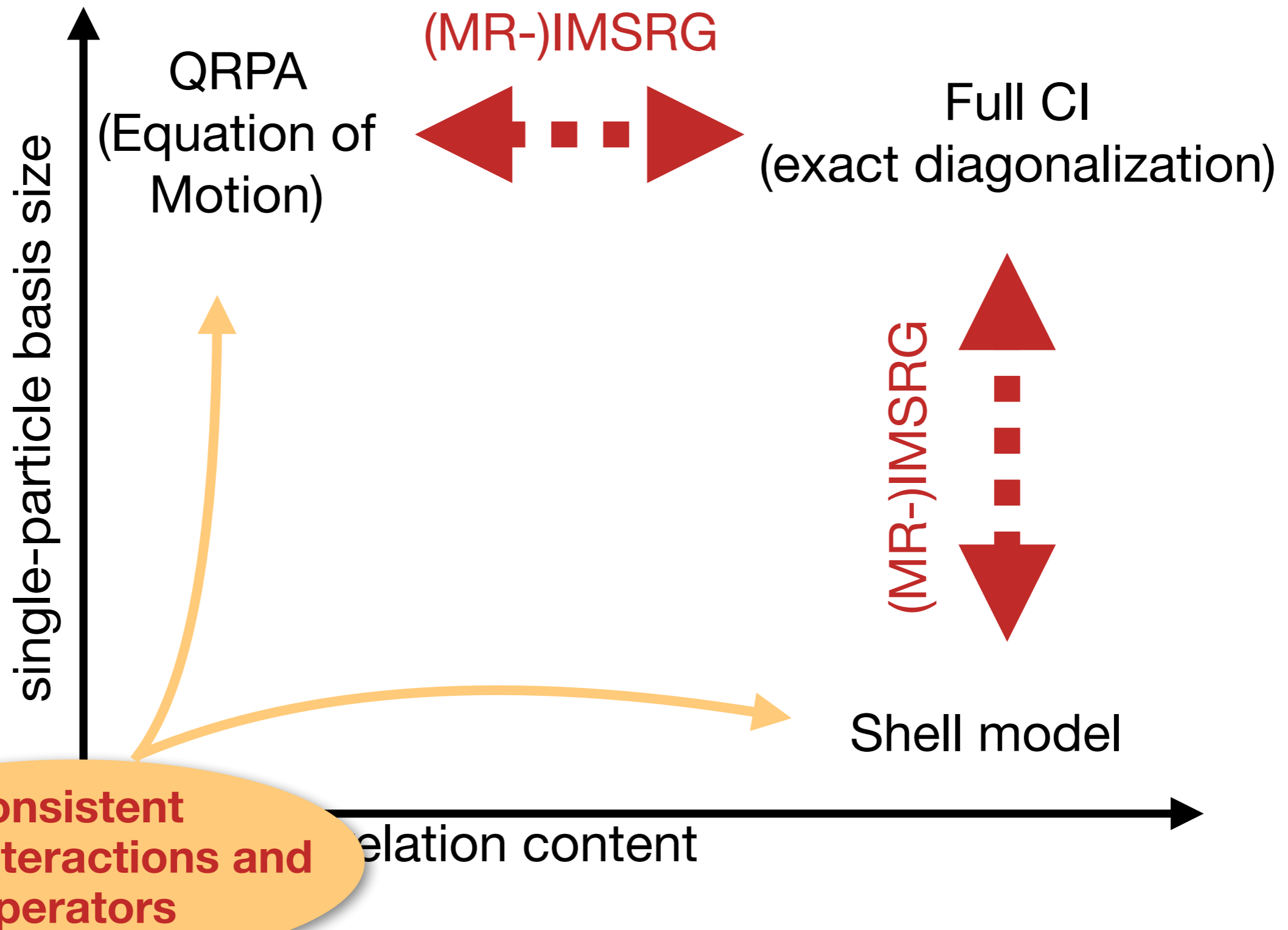
J. Yao et al., PRC 91, 024316 (2015)



- inputs tailored to specific methods: phenomenological interactions, EDFs, Shell Model interactions, ...
- quenched g_A , “renormalization” of operators,

comparing apples and oranges

Many-Body Approaches



available

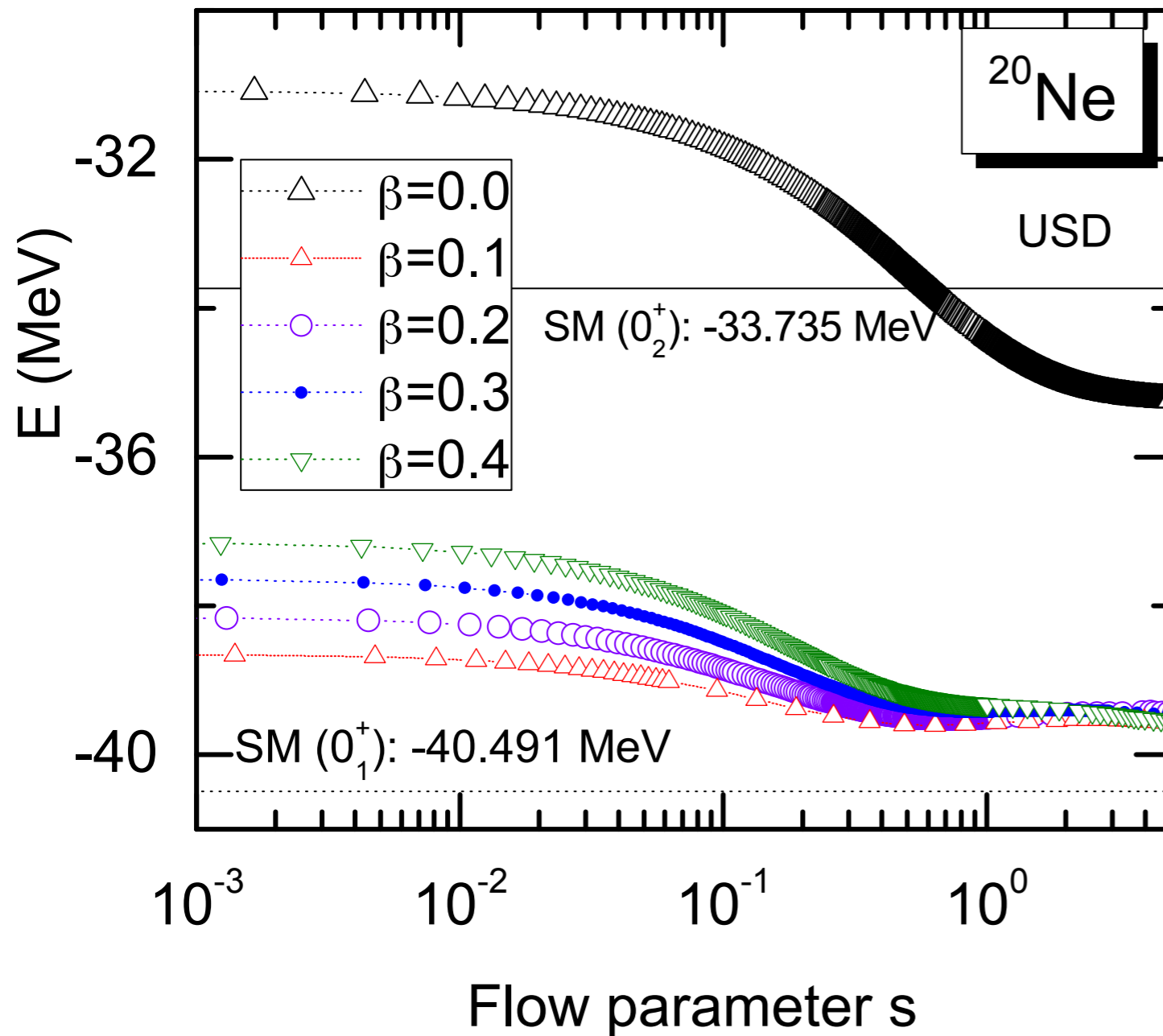
- Slater determinants (uncorrelated)
- number-projected Hartree-Fock Bogoliubov vacua
- **Generator Coordinate Method (with projections)**
- small-scale No-Core Shell Model
- symmetry-adapted NCSM, clustered states, Density Matrix Renormalization Group, tensor networks etc.

future

Example: ^{20}Ne



J. Yao, T. D. Morris, HH, J. Engel, in prep.

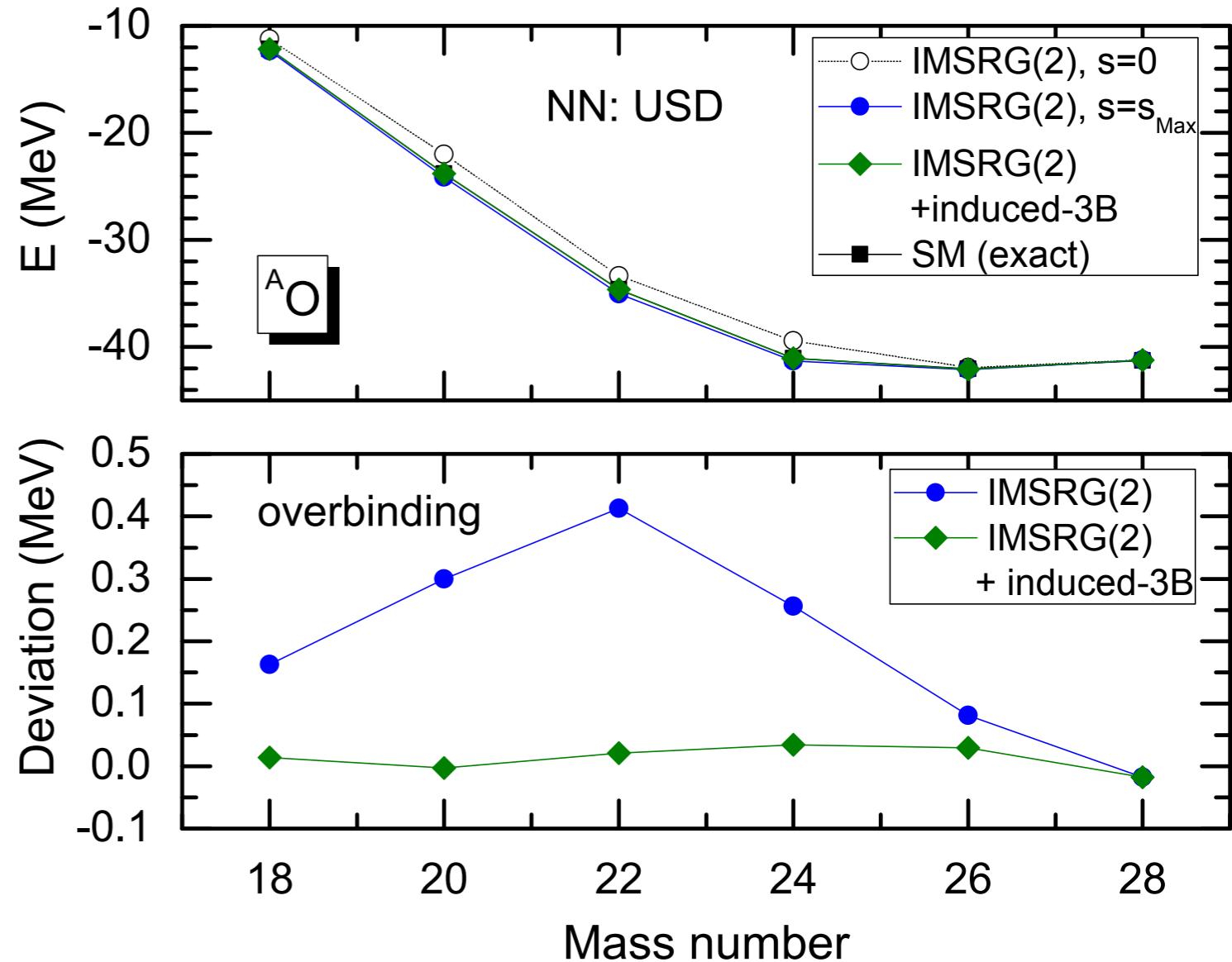
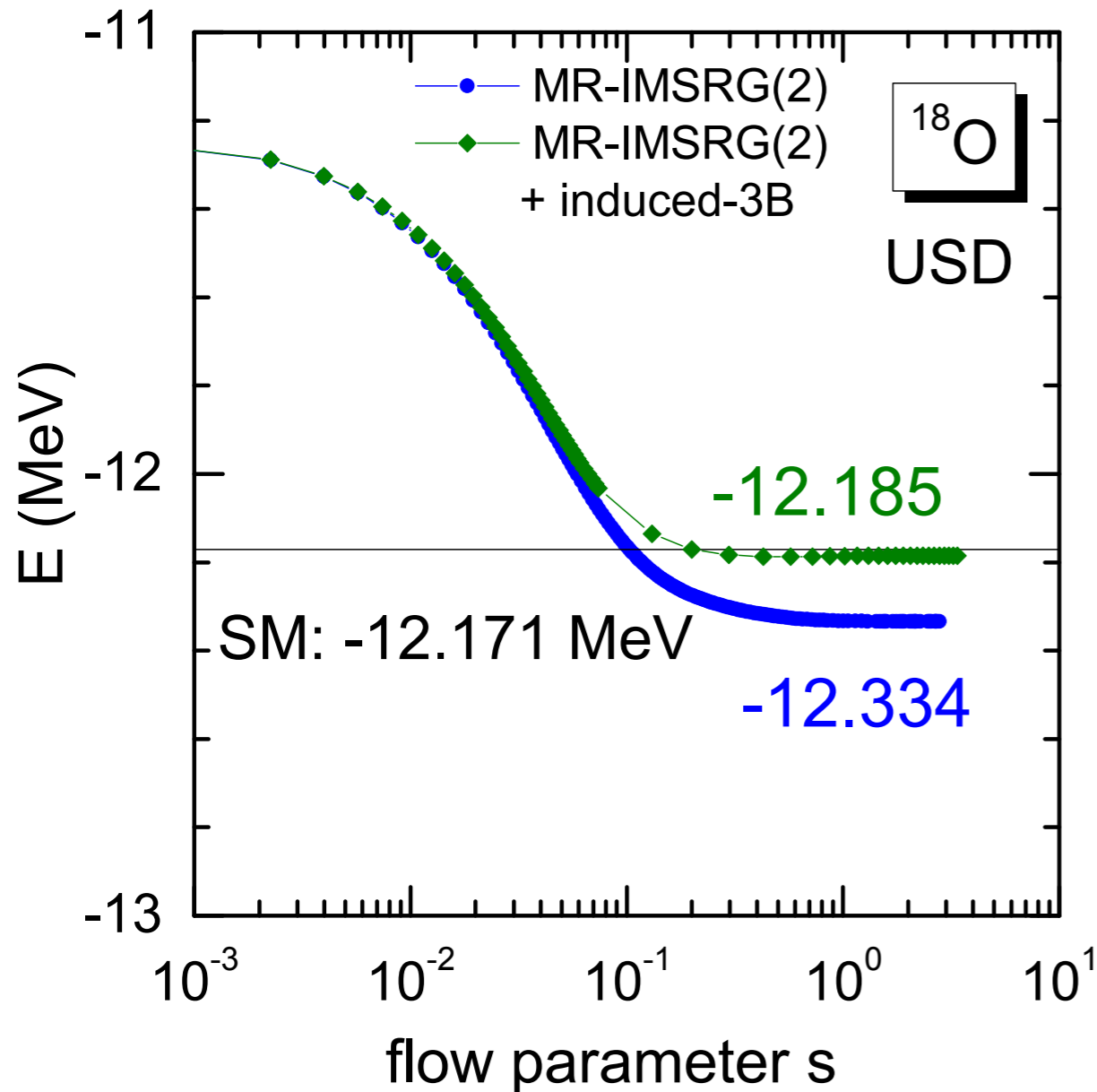


- reference: particle-number & angular-momentum projected HFB
- **range of deformed reference states flow to the ^{20}Ne ground state**
- deviation from Shell model result: **correlations beyond MR-IMSRG(2)**

Approximate MR-IMSRG(3)



J. Yao, T. D. Morris, HH, J. Engel, in prep.



- **approximate MR-IMSRG(3)**: induced 3B terms recover bulk of missing correlation energy
- expected to be **reference-state dependent**

- **direct** MR-IMSRG (Magnus) calculation of **initial and final states**:

$$|\Psi_{I,F}\rangle = e^{\bar{\Omega}_{I,F}} |\Phi_{I,F}\rangle$$

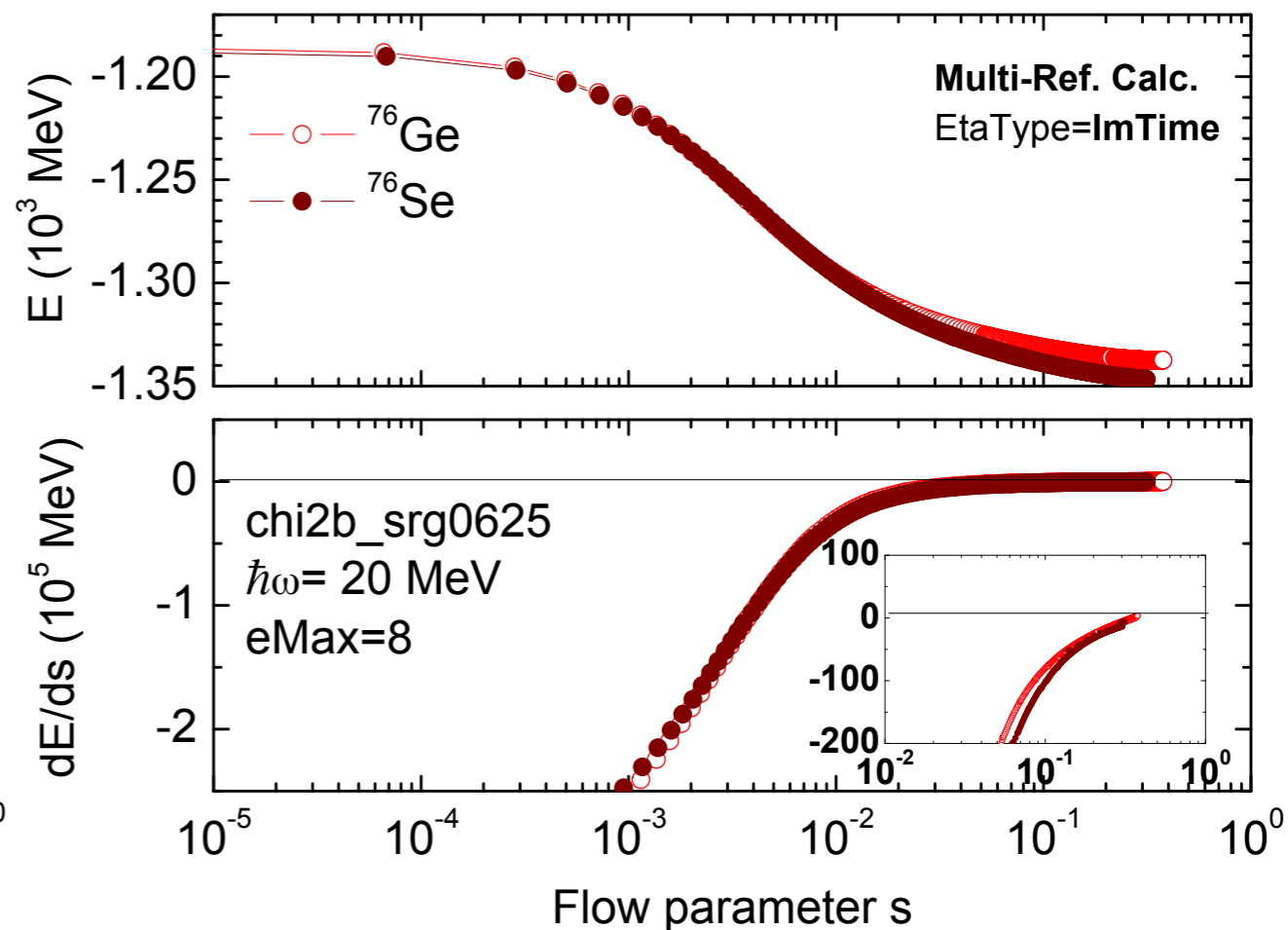
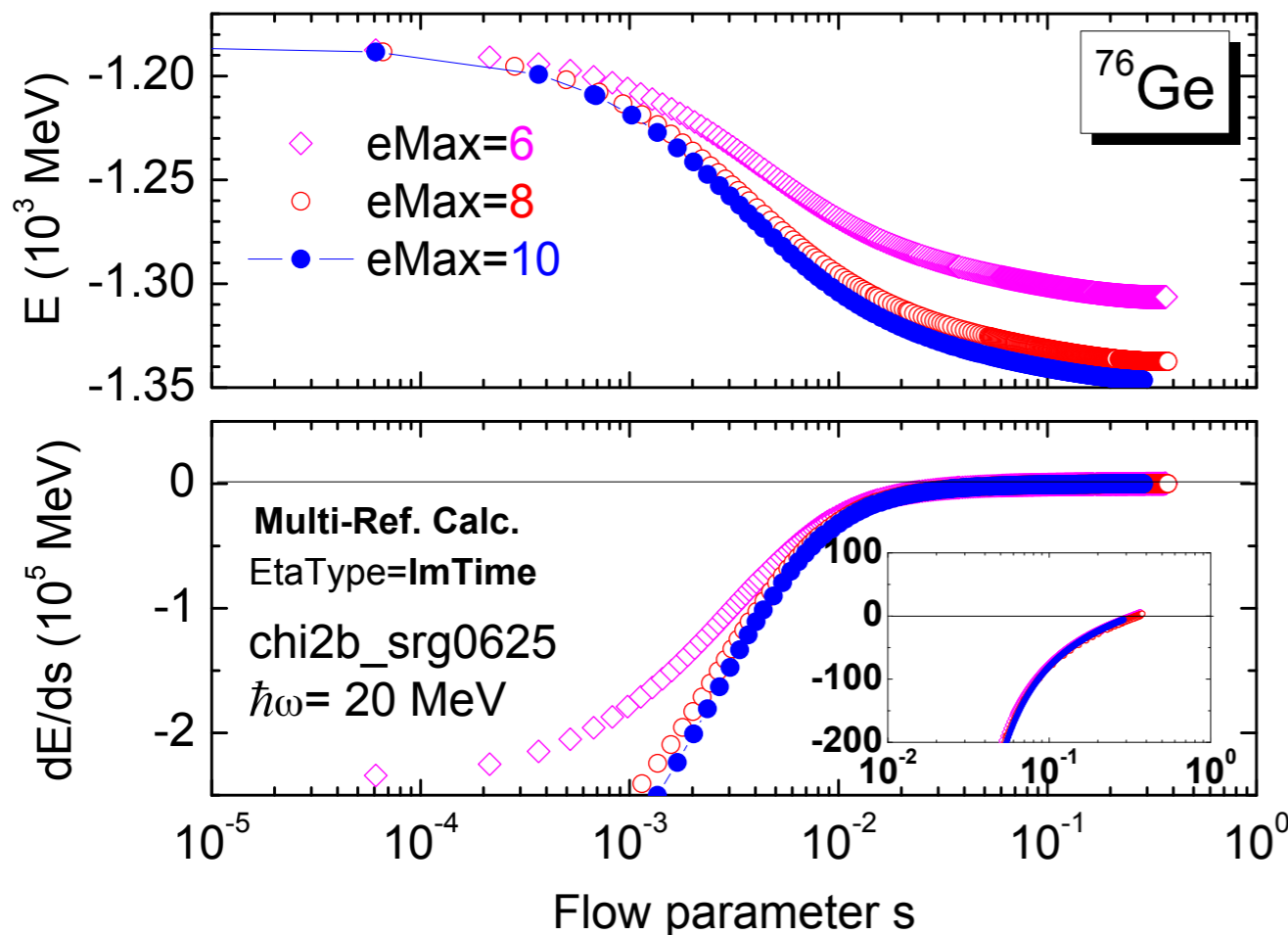
- evaluate NME for transition operator in **closure approximation**:

$$M_{0\nu\beta\beta} = \langle \Phi_F | e^{-\bar{\Omega}_F} O_{0\nu\beta\beta} e^{\bar{\Omega}_I} | \Phi_I \rangle$$

- explore possible expansions and check consistency, e.g.,

$$e^{-\bar{\Omega}_F} = e^{-(\bar{\Omega}_I + \delta\bar{\Omega})} = e^{-\delta\bar{\Omega}} e^{-\bar{\Omega}_I} + \dots$$

in progress



proof of principle: MR-IM-SRG based on **(intrinsically deformed) GCM state converges** ${}^{76}\text{Ge}, {}^{76}\text{Se}$ ground-state energies

Explicit Treatment of Excited States

N. M. Parzuchowski, S. R. Stroberg, P. Navratil, H. H., S. K. Bogner, PRC 96, 034324 (2017)

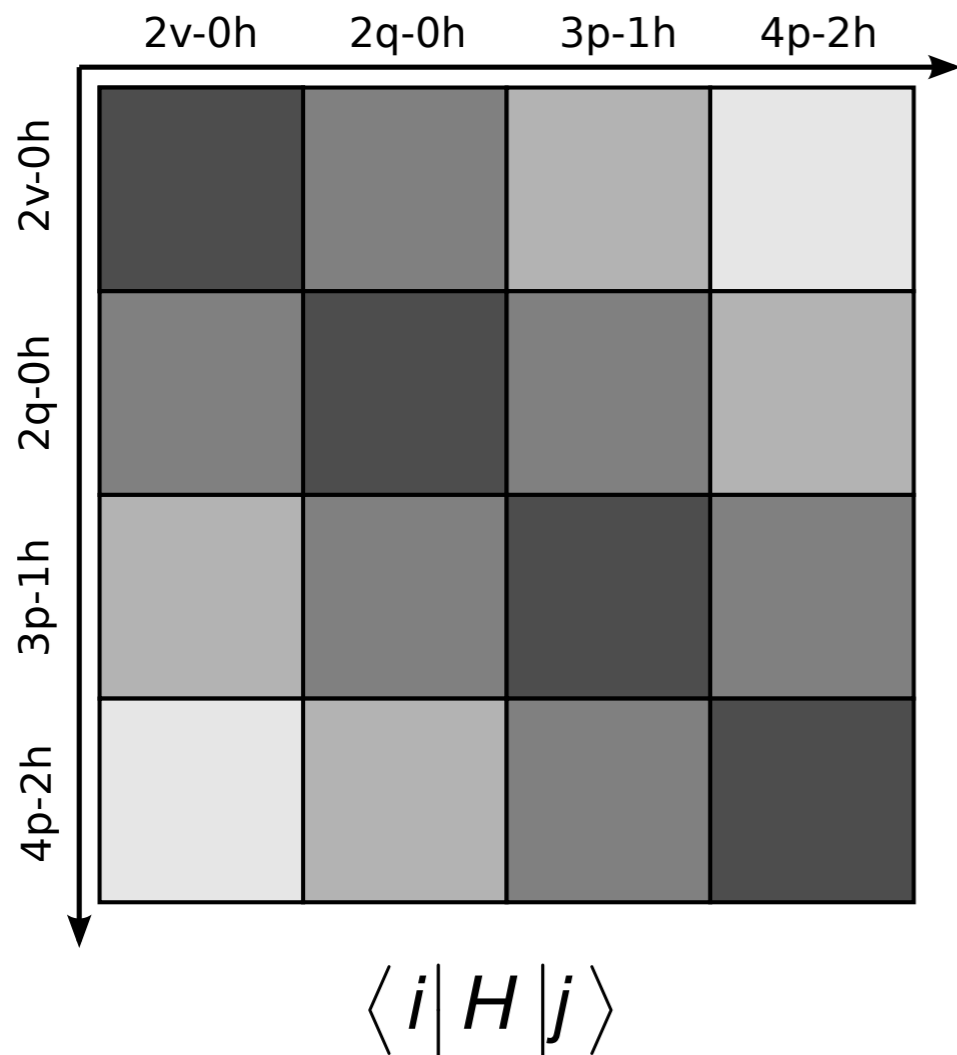
S. R. Stroberg, A. Calci, H. H., J. D. Holt, S. K. Bogner, R. Roth, A. Schwenk, PRL 118, 032502 (2017)

S. R. Stroberg, H. H., J. D. Holt, S. K. Bogner, A. Schwenk, PRC93, 051301(R) (2016)

S. K. Bogner, H. H., J. D. Holt, A. Schwenk, S. Binder, A. Calci, J. Langhammer, R. Roth, Phys. Rev. Lett. 113, 142501 (2014)



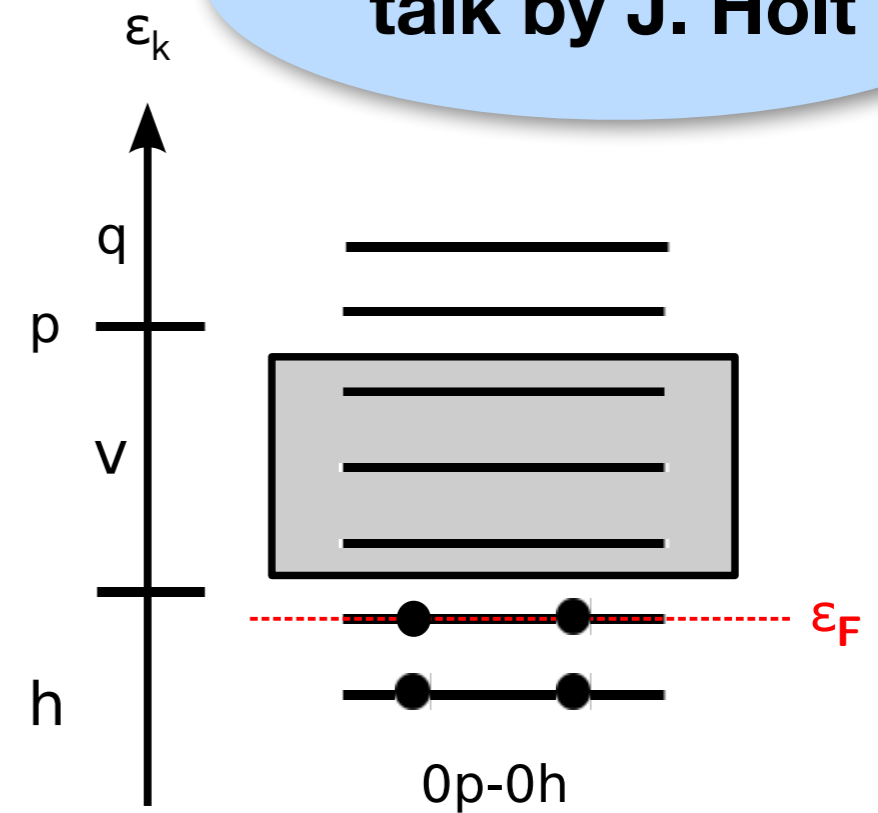
Valence Space Decoupling



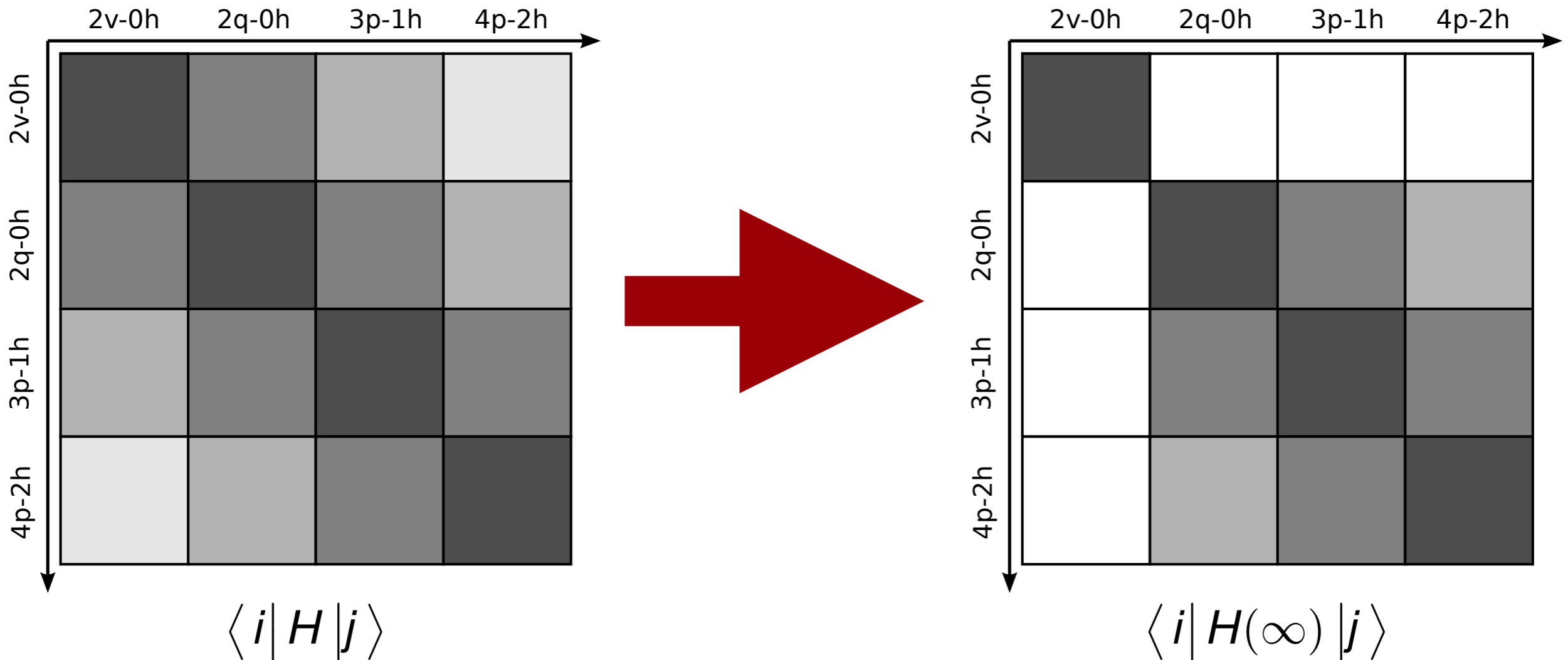
non-valence
particle states

valence
particle states

hole states
(core)



Valence Space Decoupling



change definition of off-diagonal

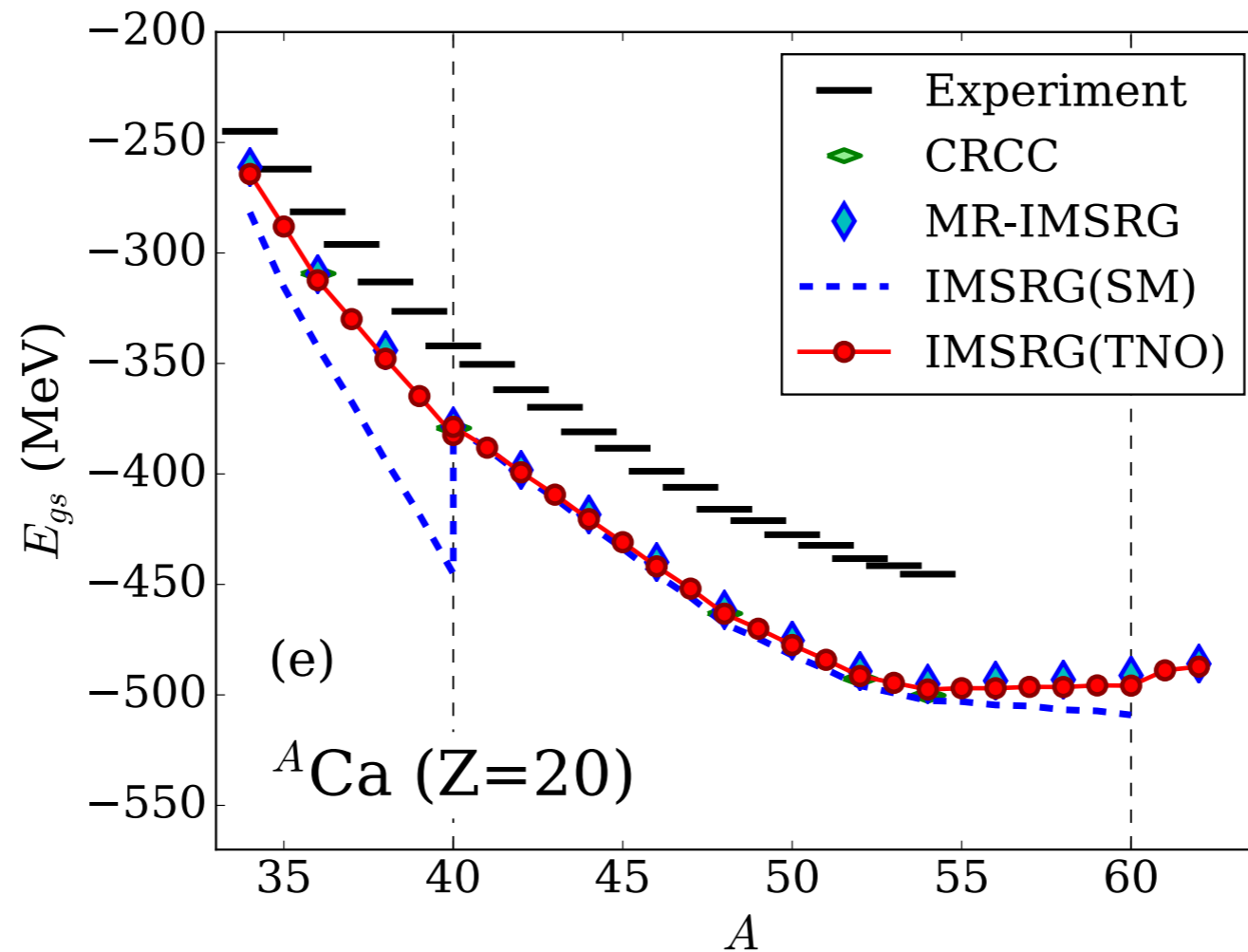
consistent interaction and DBD operator for Shell Model

$$\{H^{od}\} = \{f_{h'}^h, f_{p'}^p, f_h^p, f_v^q, \Gamma_{hh'}^{pp'}, \Gamma_{hv}^{pp'}, \Gamma_{vv'}^{hh'}\}$$

Ground-State Energies



S. R. Stroberg, A. Calci, HH, J. D. Holt, S. K. Bogner, R. Roth, A. Schwenk, PRL 118, 032502 (2017)

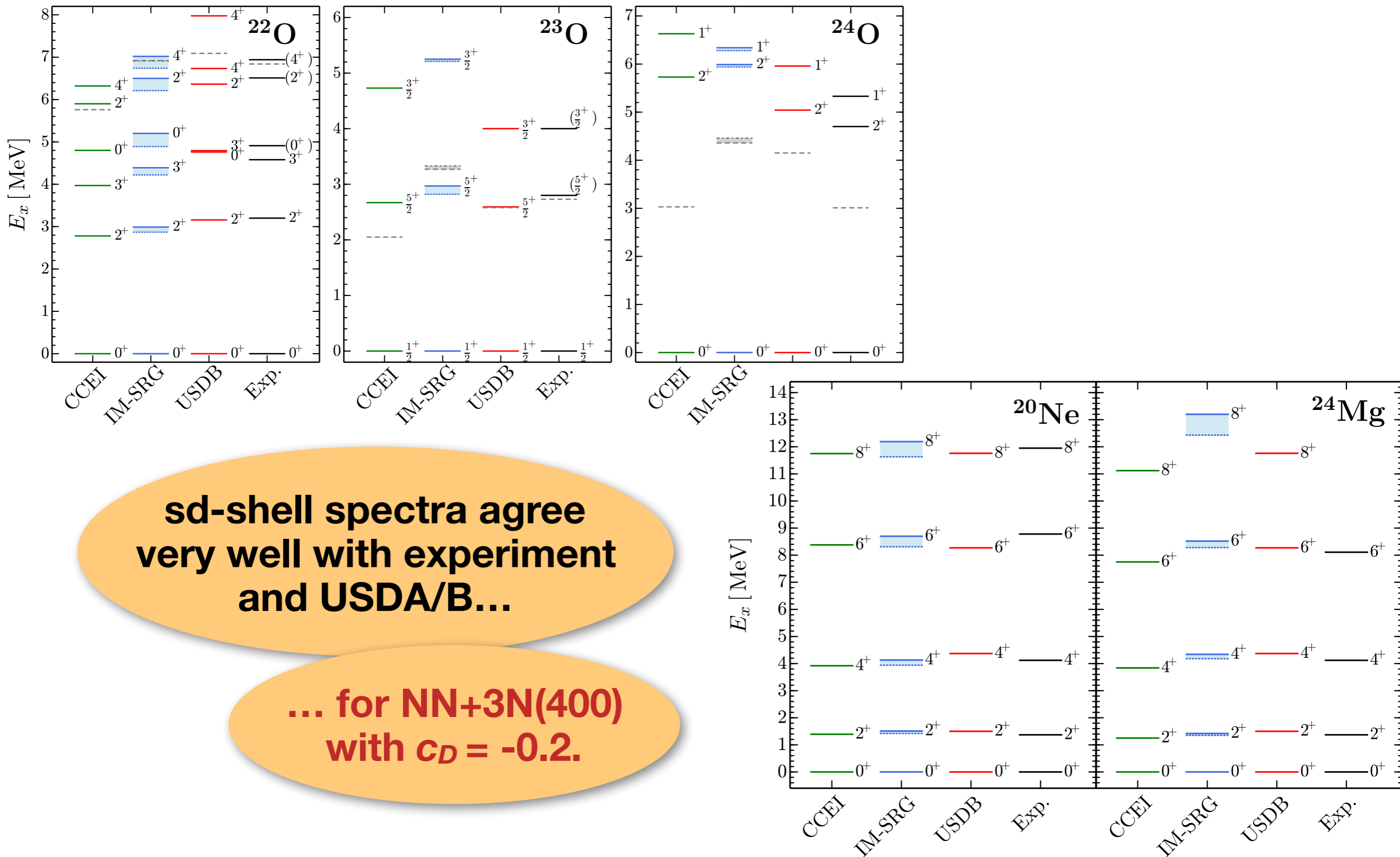


- (initial) normal ordering and IMSRG decoupling in the **target nucleus**
- **consistent with (MR-)IMSRG ground state energies** (and CC, SCGF, ...) for the **same Hamiltonian**

Excitation Spectra



S. K. Bogner et al., *PRL* **113**, 142501 (2014), S. R. Stroberg et al., *PRC* **93**, 051301(R) (2016)



sd-shell spectra agree very well with experiment and USDA/B...

... for NN+3N(400) with $c_D = -0.2$.

Equations-of-Motion for Excitations



N. M. Parzuchowski, T. D. Morris, S. K. Bogner, PRC 95, 044304 (2017)

- describe **excited states** based on ground state:

$$|\Psi_k\rangle \equiv R_k |\Psi_0\rangle$$

- apply **IMSRG transformation**:

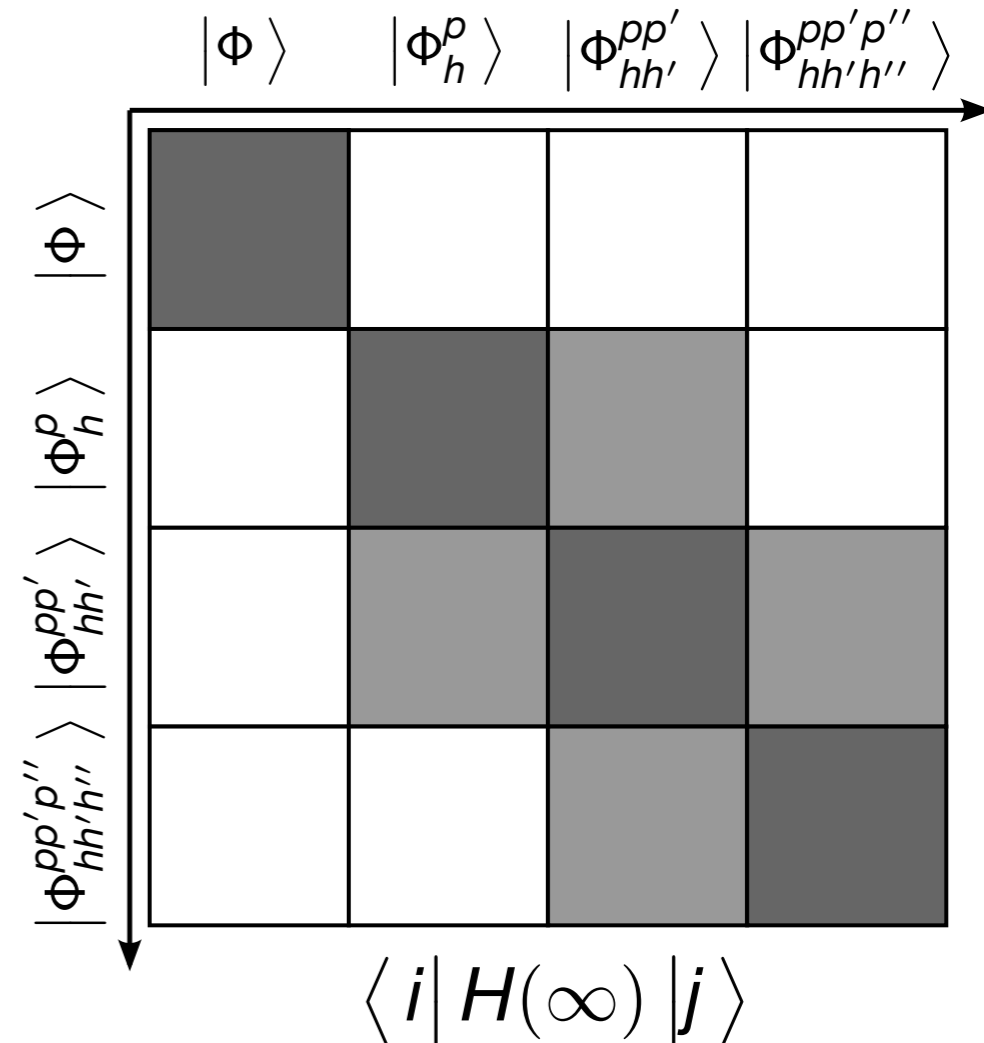
$$\begin{aligned} U(s) |\Psi_k\rangle &= U(s) R_k U^\dagger(s) U(s) |\Psi_0\rangle \\ &= R_k(s) |\Phi\rangle \end{aligned}$$

- ansatz for excitation operator:

$$R_k = \sum_{ph} R_{ph}^{(k)} : a_p^\dagger a_h : + \sum_{pp'hh'} R_{pp'hh'}^{(k)} : a_p^\dagger a_{p'}^\dagger a_{h'} a_h : + \dots$$

- solve EoM by diagonalization (**polynomial effort**):

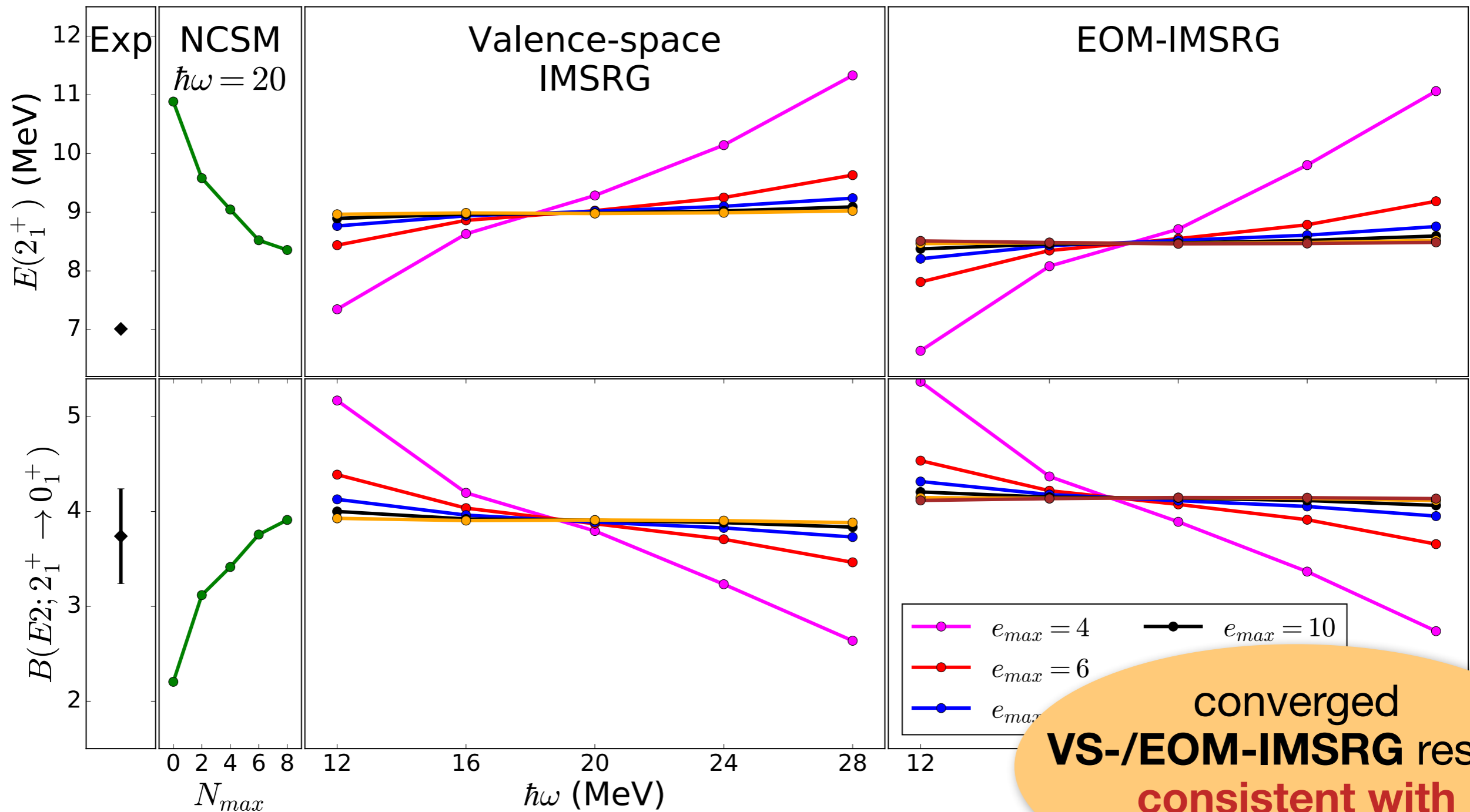
$$[H(s), R_k(s)] = \omega_k R_k(s), \quad \omega_k = E_k - E_0$$



E2 Transitions



N. M. Parzuchowski, S. R. Stroberg, P. Navratil, HH, S. K. Bogner, PRC 96, 034324 (2017)

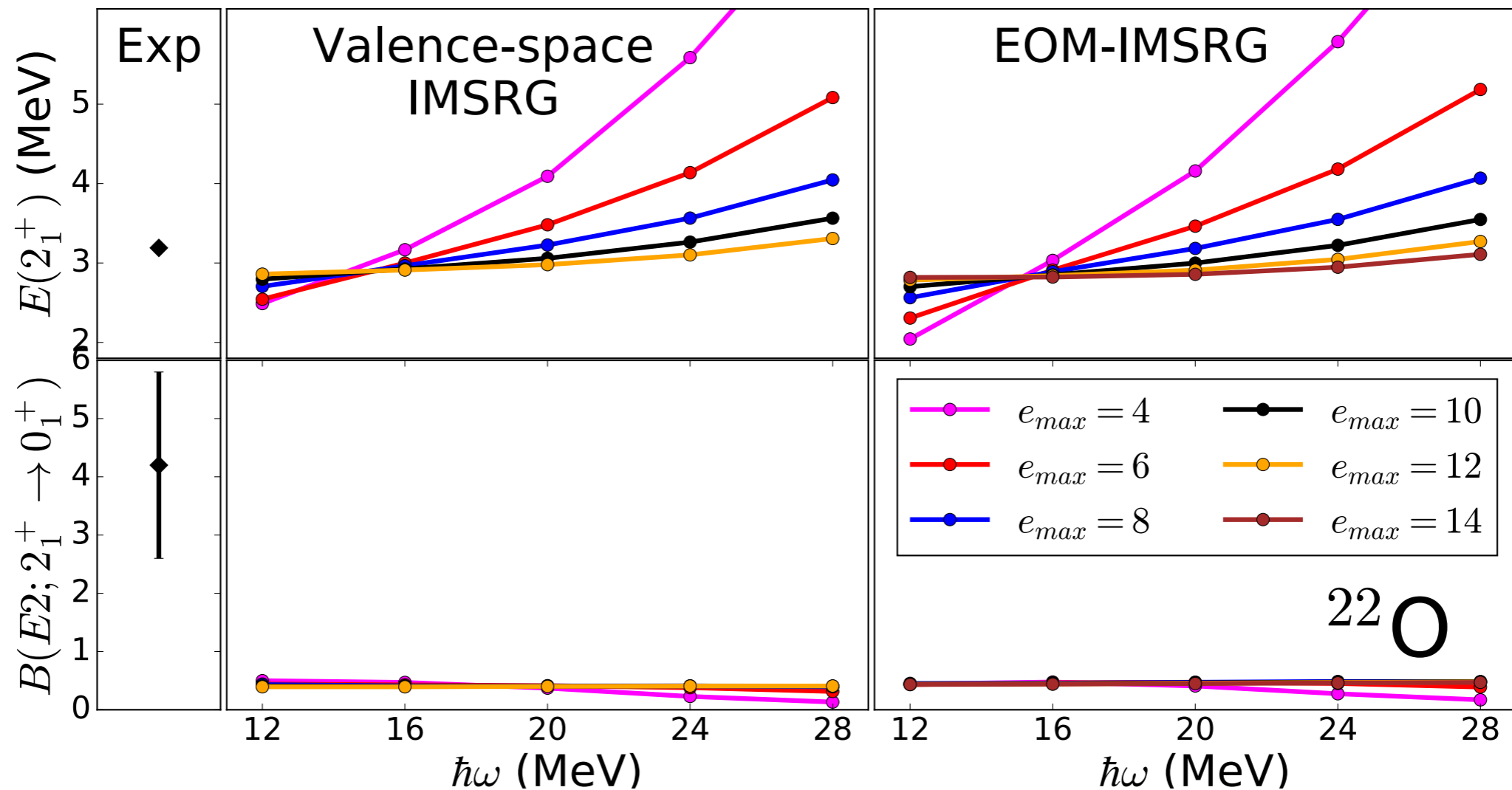


converged
VS-/EOM-IMSRG results
 consistent with
NCSM

E2 Transitions



N. M. Parzuchowski, S. R. Stroberg, P. Navratil, HH, S. K. Bogner, PRC 96, 034324 (2017)



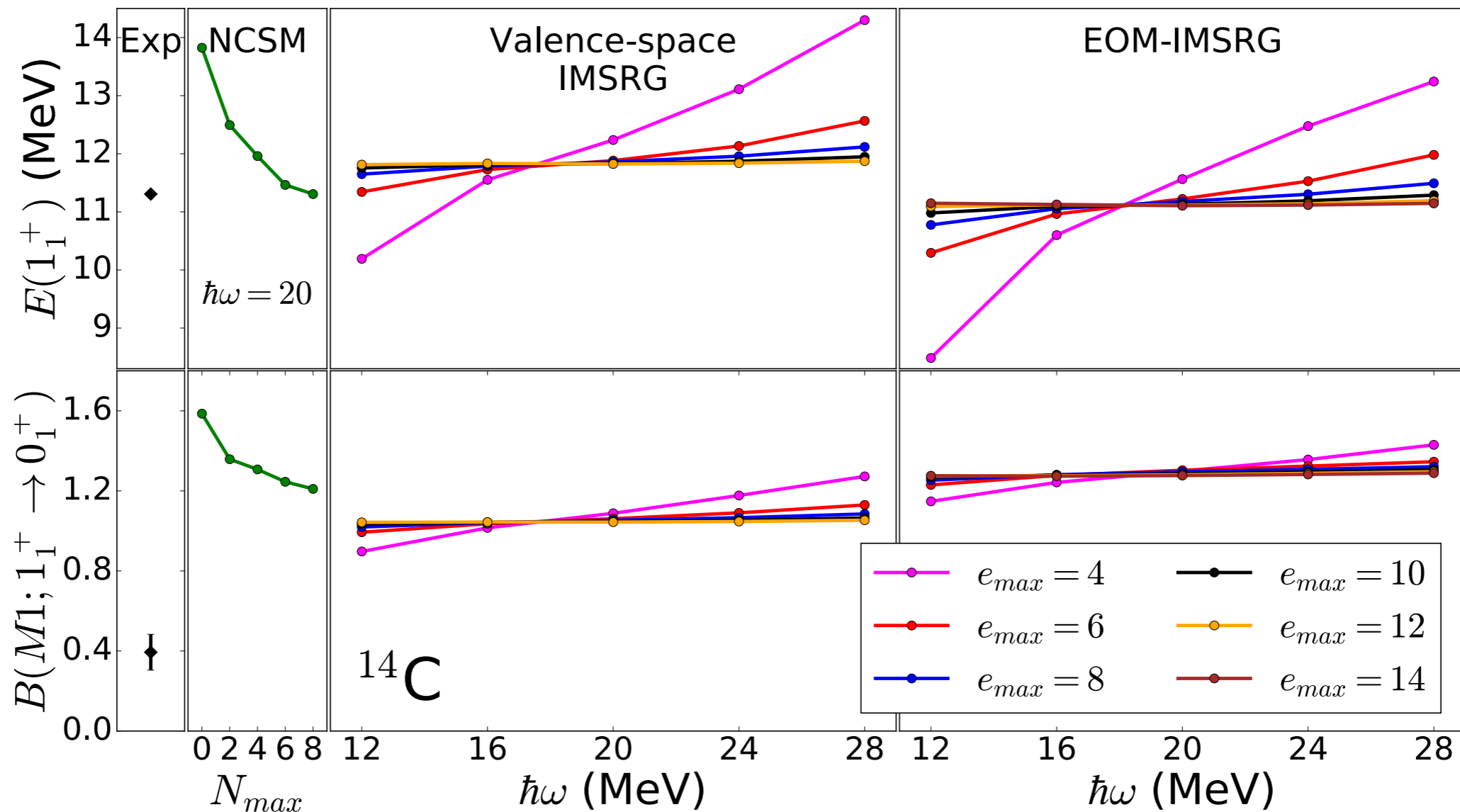
- non-zero B(E2) from Shell model: **VS-IMSRG induces effective neutron charge**
- **B(E2) much too small:** effect of intermediate states that are truncated in IMSRG evolution

MR-IMSRG + EOM, CI, ...

M1 Transitions



N. M. Parzuchowski, S. R. Stroberg, P. Navratil, HH, S. K. Bogner, PRC 96, 034324 (2017)



- M1 transitions **consistent** between methods, but **generally too large** - include currents in initial operator

Epilogue

- towards ***ab initio* NMEs**: interaction, operators, many-body method with **systematic uncertainties** & convergence to exact result
- rapidly **growing capabilities**: g.s. energies, spectra, radii, transitions, ...
- ➔ **ingredients for NME calculation, plus validation through other observables**
- uncertainty presently dominated by
 - **deficiencies** in current chiral Hamiltonians
 - **missing collectivity** in description of (certain) transitions

Acknowledgments



S. K. Bogner, K. Fosseze, M. Hjorth-Jensen, **J. Yao**

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K. Hebel, S. König, R. Roth, A. Schwenk, C. Stumpf, K. Vobig
TU Darmstadt, Germany

J. D. Holt, P. Navrátil
TRIUMF, Canada

S. R. Stroberg
Reed College, Canada

T. D. Morris
UT Knoxville & Oak Ridge National Laboratory

R. J. Furnstahl, **N. M. Parzuchowski**
The Ohio State University

T. Duguet, V. Somà, A. Tichai
CEA Saclay, France

C. Barbieri
U. Surrey, UK

J. Engel
University of North Carolina - Chapel Hill

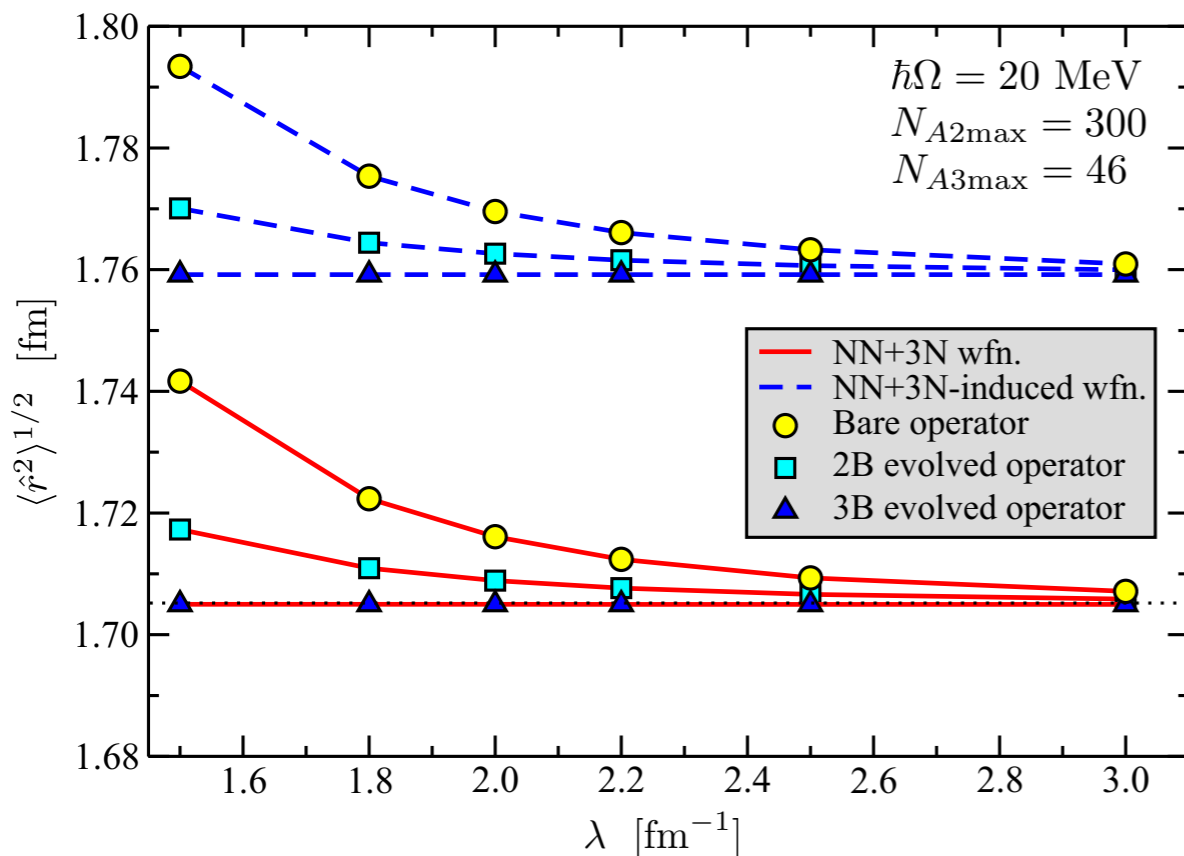


Supplements

Free-Space Evolution of Operators



${}^3\text{H}$ rms matter radius



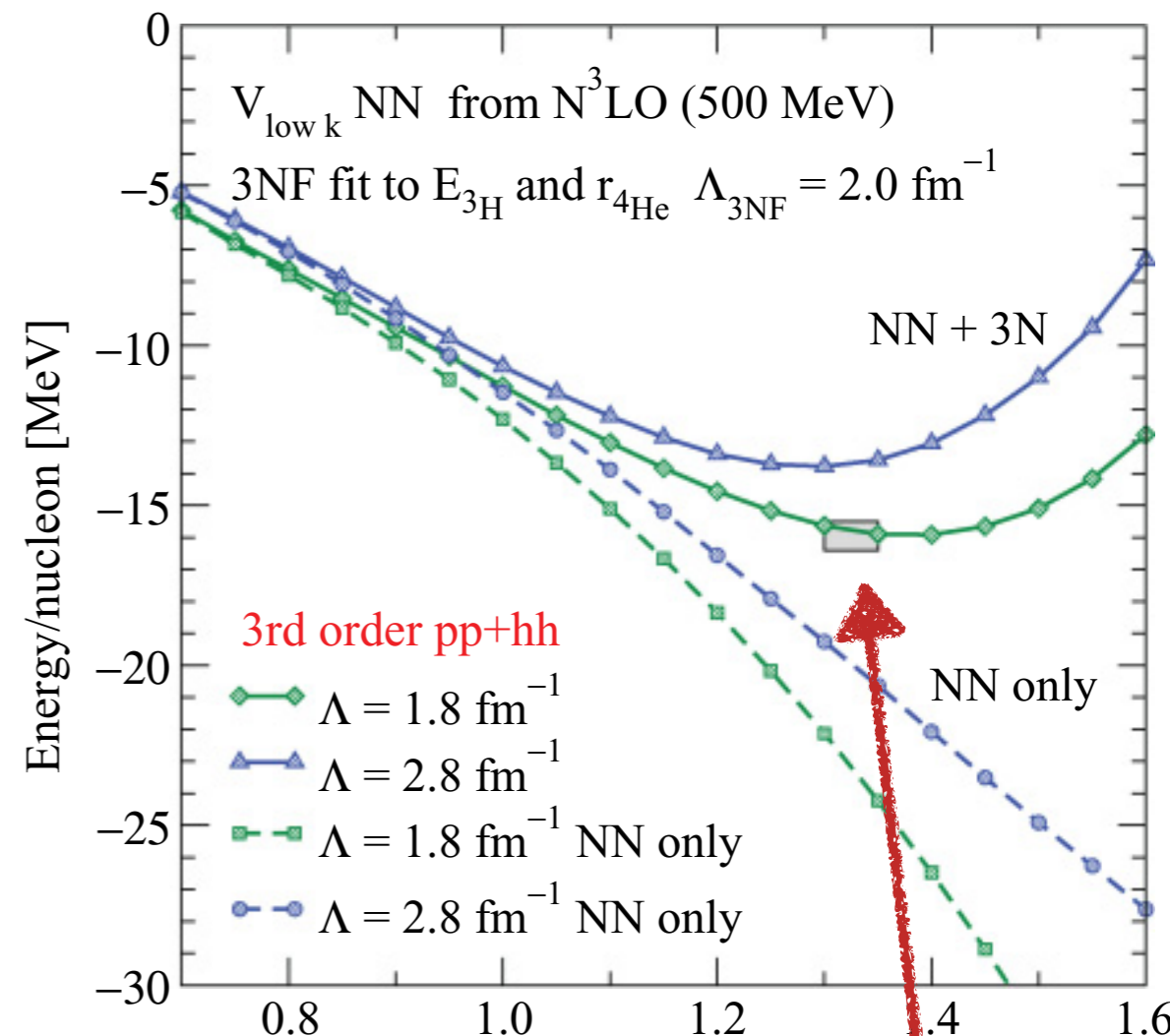
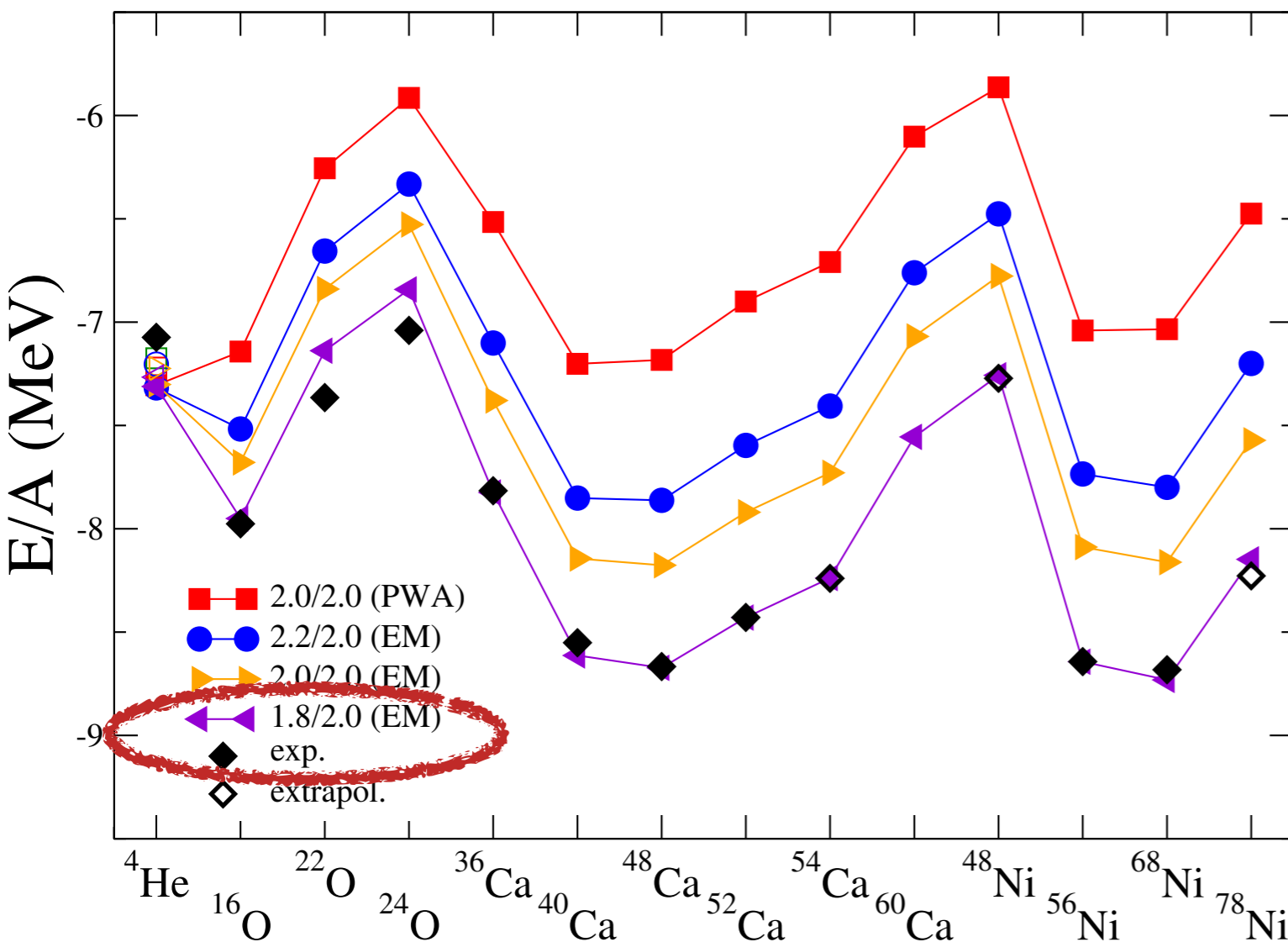
from: Schuster et al., PRC90, 011301 (2014)

- derive operators from chiral EFT, including currents
- optimize LECs together with interaction
- evolve to desired resolution scale
- evaluate operator (1B+2B +...) in IM-SRG (and Shell Model)
- (most) existing ab initio & Shell model codes lack capabilities for many-body observables

Improving the Interactions



J. Simonis, S. R. Stroberg et al., arXiv:1704.02915; also used in G. Hagen et al., PRL117, 172501 (2016)



“hybrid” chiral NN+3N interactions
 Hebeler et al., PRC83, 031301

3N LECs fit to ${}^3\text{H}$ binding, ${}^4\text{He}$ charge radius