## Quantum Computing & Scientific Applications at ORNL

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ORNL is managed by UT-Battelle for the US Department of Energy

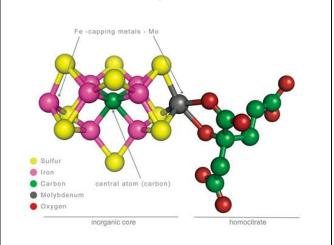
#### **ORNL** at a glance: DOE's largest science and energy laboratory



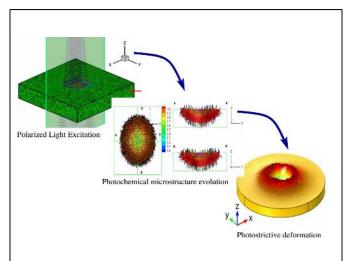
## **Quantum Computing at ORNL: Applications**

Scientific discovery and energy security with quantum computing

#### Physical Sciences: Chemistry, Materials Sciences, Physics

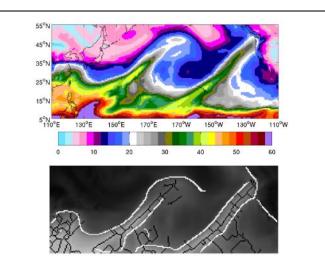


Electronic structure calculations of nitrogenase will support methods for fertilizer production, food security Applied Sciences: Energy, Medicine, Engineering



Finite-element methods for multiscale models will support integrated computational materials engineering

#### Data Sciences: Applied Math, Analytics, Artificial Intelligence,



Machine learning methods will support data analytics and artificial intelligence for situational awareness



## **Quantum Computing at ORNL: Organization & Funding**

#### Quantum Computing Institute

- Translational research for scientific applications, quantum computing user community
- Quantum Information Science Group
  - Subject matter experts in quantum computing, communication, and sensing
- Quantum Computing Materials and Interfaces (FY16-18)
  - LDRD initiative to develop new capabilities in material science for quantum computing
- DOE ASCR Early Career Award in Quantum Computing (FY16-21)
  - Quantum software infrastructure and performance analysis using modeling and simulation
- DOE ASCR Quantum Algorithms Team (FY17-20)
  - Applications development for chemistry, nuclear physics, and machine learning domains
- DOE ASCR Quantum Testbed Pathfinder (FY17-22)
  - Software-hardware codesign of quantum computing systems for scientific applications
- Multiple Strategic Partnership Projects



## **Quantum Computing Institute**

#### We focus on translational research of quantum systems and applications

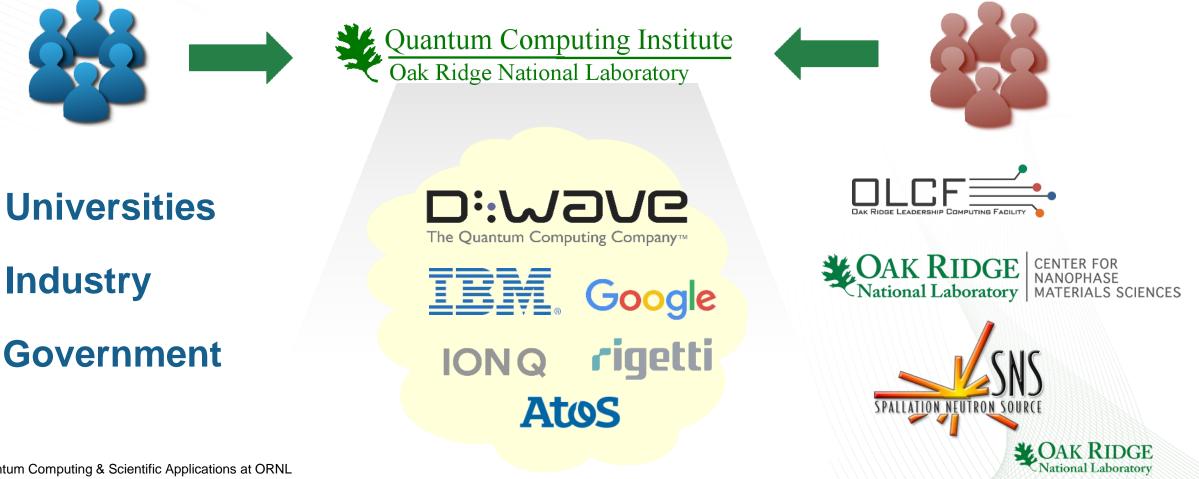
- Identify priorities, end users, stakeholders
- Address near-term technology stack through multi-disciplinary collaborations
- We build partnerships with external stakeholders and collaborators
  - Enable support with quantum hardware, software, and expert resources
- We engage the community through education and user support
  - Build the future workforce
  - Communications and events



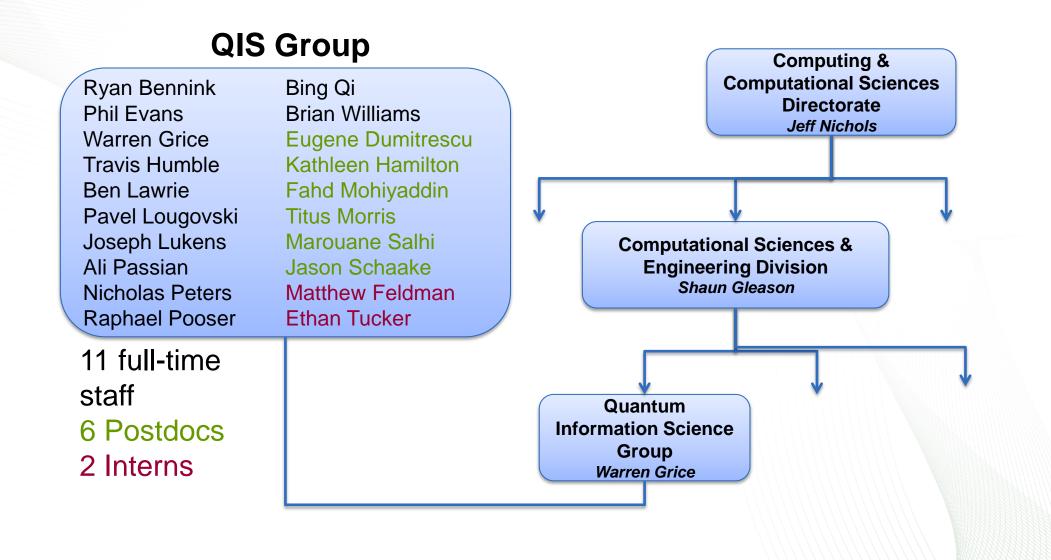


## **Quantum Computing User Community**

 We are providing state-of-the-art quantum computing resources to the user community through strategic partnerships, collaborations, and on-site resources



## **Quantum Information Science Group in ORNL Organization**





### **QIS** teams

Quantum Communication Privacy assurance for data storage & distribution – Nick Peters

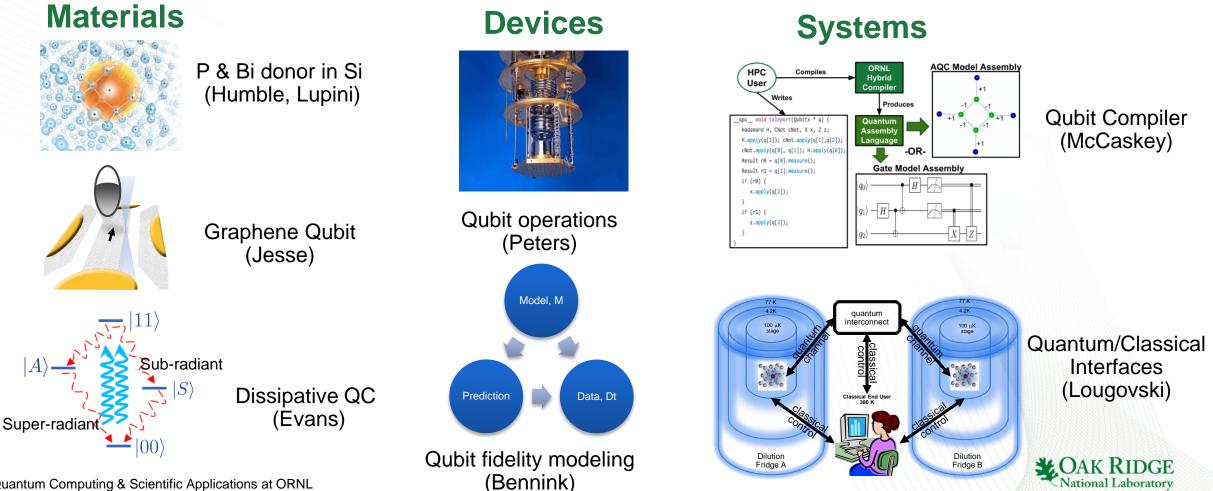
Quantum Computing Scalable algorithms for science, industry, & security – Travis Humble

Quantum-Enhanced Sensing Better data with less time and energy – Raphael Pooser



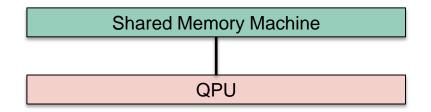
### **Quantum Computing LDRD Investments**

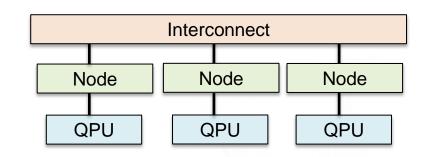
 We are building new capabilities for quantum materials, devices and systems through strategic investments (FY16-18)

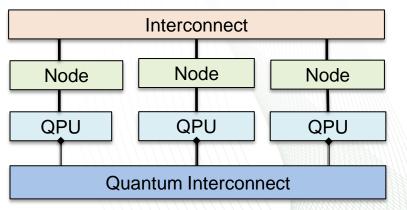


## **ASCR Early Career Award in Quantum Computing**

- We are developing long-term capabilities in the design and operation of quantum computing system within DOE HPC facilities.
- The goal of the project is to accelerate existing scientific applications using quantum processors. The approach relies on physics, engineering, and computer science to demonstrate quantum-classical programming and run-time environments for scientific applications.
- ORNL PI Travis Humble
- DOE PM Robinson Pino





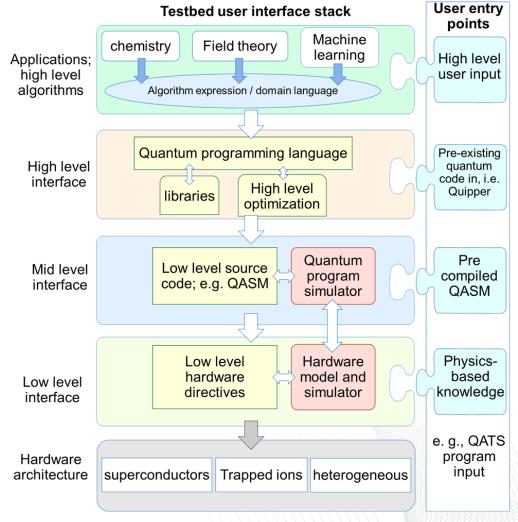




## **ASCR Quantum Testbed Pathfinder (FY17-FY22)**

- We are exploring the design and development of quantum computing for scientific applications in chemistry, nuclear physics, and machine learning.
- The team consists of ORNL staff and a consortium of quantum computing stakeholders, including IBM, and IonQ, focused on demonstrating and characterizing application development.
- ORNL PI Raphael Pooser
- DOE PM Claire Crammer

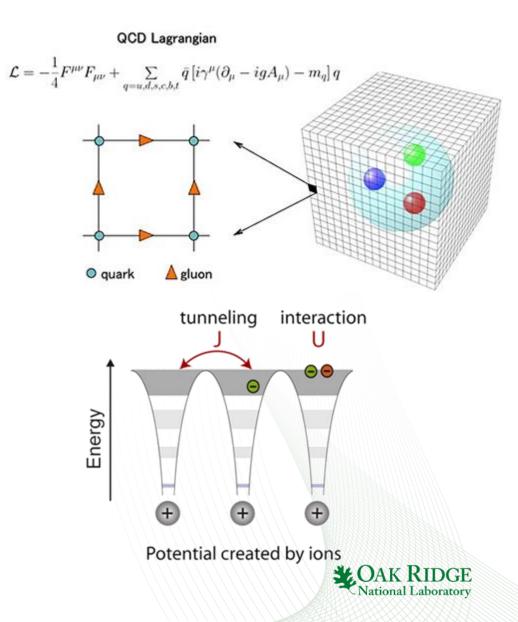


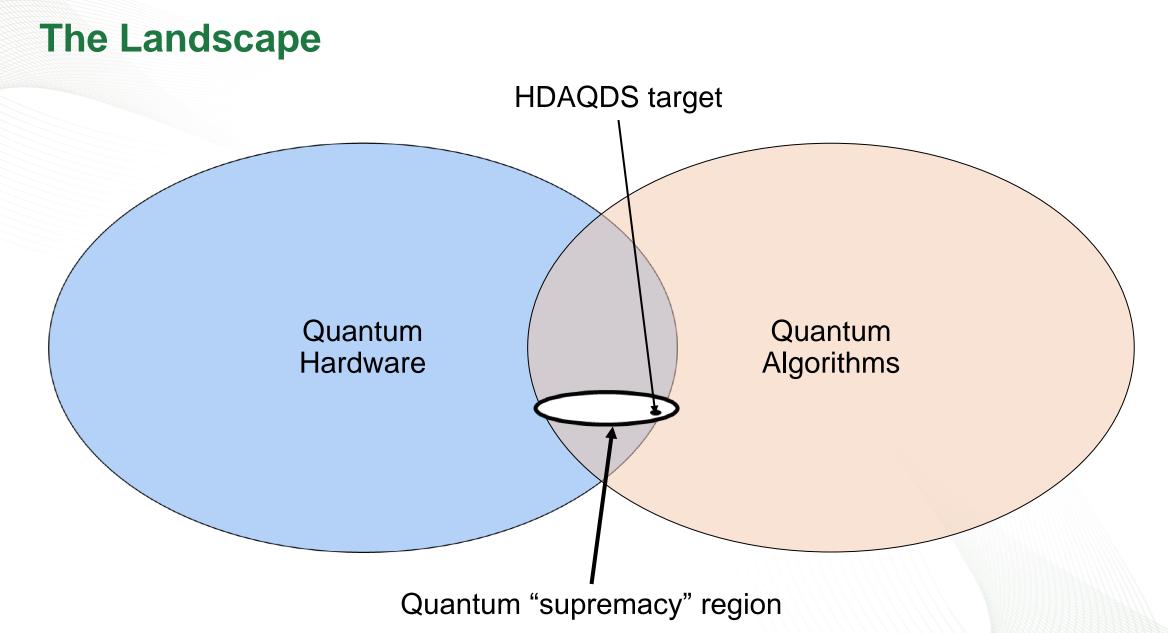




## **ASCR Quantum Algorithms Team (FY17-FY20)**

- We are developing near-term applications of quantum computing for solving scientific problems including quantum many-body systems in superconducting materials, lattice QCD, and nuclear physics.
- The team of ORNL staff and subject matter experts from University of Washington and University of Bilbao focuses on demonstrating quantum computation and improving performance through algorithmic design.
- ORNL PI Pavel Lougovski
- DOE PM Ceren Susut





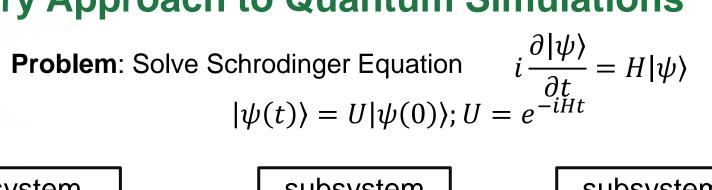


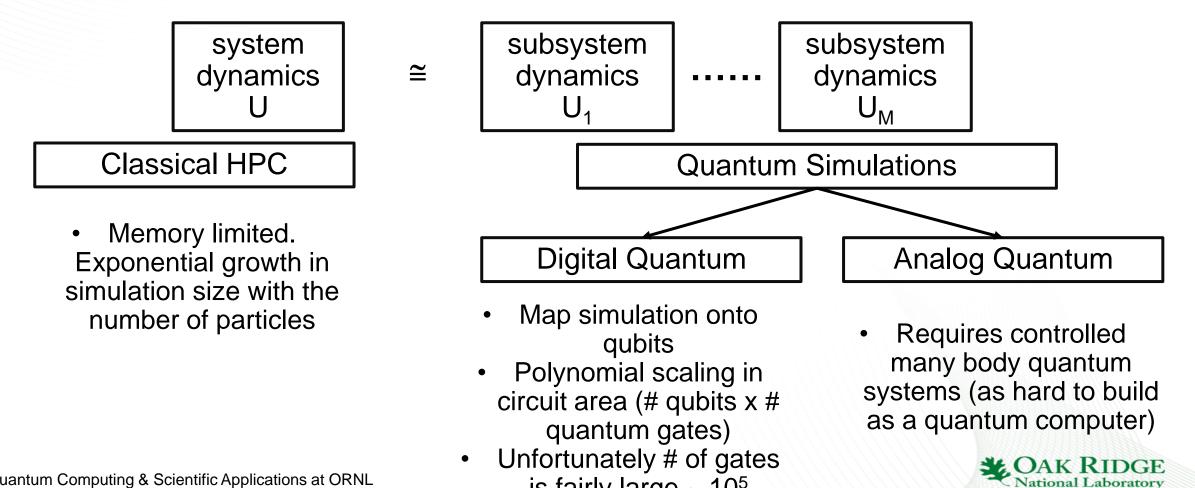
### Heterogeneous Digital-Analog Quantum Dynamics Simulations

- <u>Glossary</u>:
  - Heterogeneous mixed quantum and classical HPC & mixed quantum digital and analog
  - Digital universal quantum gate set
  - Analog analog quantum unitaries
  - Dynamics Simulations e.g., a two-point correlation function
- <u>Focus</u>: Development of digital-analog quantum algorithms for simulating the dynamics of quantum many-body systems (Fermi-Hubbard, Hubbard-Holstein, Lattice QCD) on the near term quantum hardware.
- Partners: University of Washington (Institute for Nuclear Theory),



#### **Evolutionary Approach to Quantum Simulations**





is fairly large ~  $10^5$ 

#### **Variational Approach to Quantum Simulations**

**Problem**: Find the ground state of a many-body Hamitonian

**Classical Answer**: Minimize energy functional

$$arepsilon \left[ \Psi 
ight] = rac{\left\langle \Psi | \hat{H} | \Psi 
ight
angle }{\left\langle \Psi \mid \Psi 
ight
angle }$$

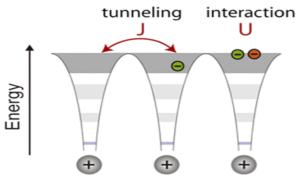
**Example**: Coupled Cluster ansatz

$$egin{aligned} |\Psi
angle &= e^T |\Phi_0
angle \ T &= T_1 + T_2 + T_3 + \cdots \ T_n &= rac{1}{(n!)^2} \sum_{i_1,i_2,\ldots,i_n} \sum_{a_1,a_2,\ldots,a_n} t^{i_1,i_2,\ldots,i_n}_{a_1,a_2,\ldots,a_n} \hat{a}^{a_1} \hat{a}^{a_2} \ldots \hat{a}^{a_n} \hat{a}_{i_n} \ldots \hat{a}_{i_2} \hat{a}_{i_1} \end{aligned}$$



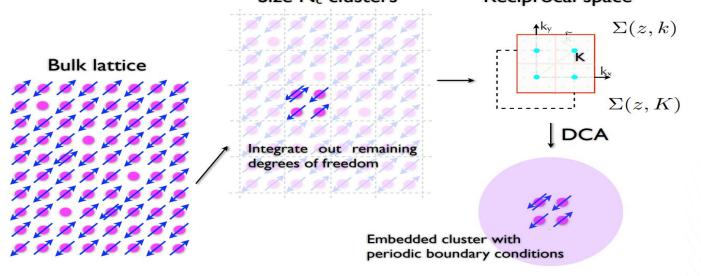
### **Scientific Applications: Strongly Correlated Electrons**

• Strongly correlated electron systems Fermi Hubbard & Hubbard Holstein Models



Potential created by ions

 Dynamical Cluster Approximation (DCA) + Quantum Monte Carlo Size N<sub>c</sub> clusters
 Reciprocal space

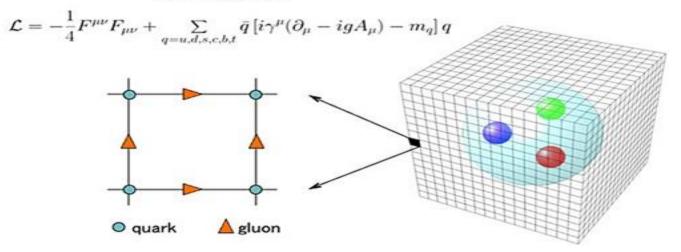


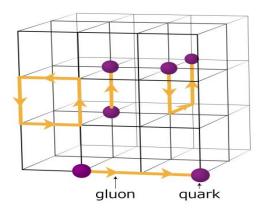
Maier et al., Rev. Mod. Phys. '05



#### **Scientific Application: Nuclear Physics**

Lattice QCD for nuclear physics applications
 QCD Lagrangian





#### • Nuclear structure via coupled cluster approach

The CC wavefunction takes on a different form:

$$\Psi_{CC} = e^{\hat{\mathbf{T}}} \Phi_0$$

Coupled Cluster Wavefunction  $\Phi_0$  is the HF solution

$$e^{\hat{\mathbf{T}}} = \hat{\mathbf{1}} + \hat{\mathbf{T}} + \frac{1}{2}\hat{\mathbf{T}}^2 + \frac{1}{6}\hat{\mathbf{T}}^3 + \dots = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k!}\hat{\mathbf{T}}^k$$

 $\hat{\mathbf{T}} = \hat{\mathbf{T}}_1 + \hat{\mathbf{T}}_2 + \hat{\mathbf{T}}_3 + \dots + \hat{\mathbf{T}}_N$ 

Exponential operator generates excited Slater determinants

Cluster Operator

N is the number of electrons

Solutional Laboratory

G. Hagen et al, Rep. Prog. Phys. 77, 096302 (2014)

Quantum

#### **Uncertainty Quantification**

- Quantifying simulation uncertainty
- Analyzing error propagations
- Measuring quantum advantage quantitatively

#### Software Toolchain

 Developing a software toolchain that enables utilization of the proposed QA as a part of the existing HPC simulation codes.



# Thank you! Questions?

