

Recent results on DVCS from Hall A at JLab

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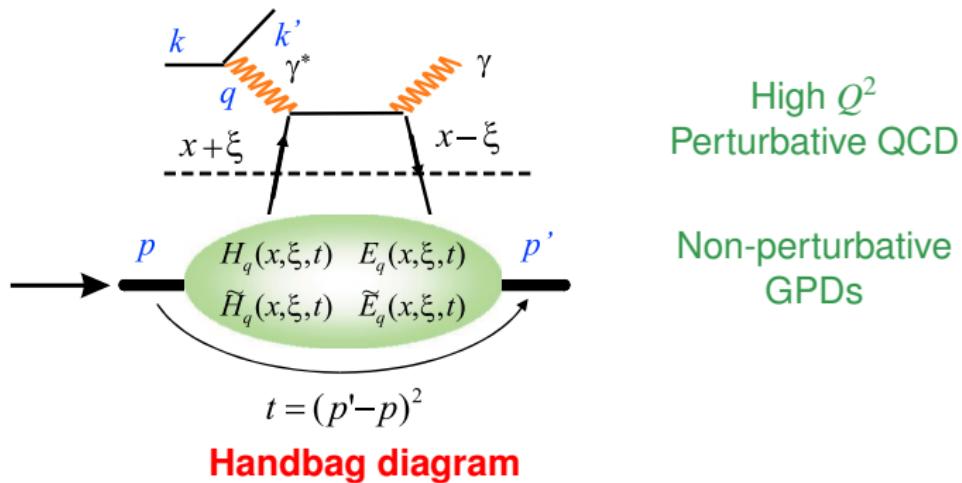
IPN-Orsay, CNRS/IN2P3 (France)

Spatial and Momentum Tomography of Hadrons and Nuclei
INT-17-3 – Sep 5, 2017

Outline

- ➊ Very brief experimental introduction to DVCS
- ➋ Recent DVCS results from Hall A at JLab
 - DVCS: beam energy dependence of the cross section
(arxiv:1703.09442)
 - π^0 : off the neutron → flavor separation
(arXiv:1702.00835) → *J. Roche's talk on Thursday*
- ➌ Outlook
 - Jefferson Lab at 12 GeV: Hall A → C programs

Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering (DVCS): $\gamma^* p \rightarrow \gamma p$

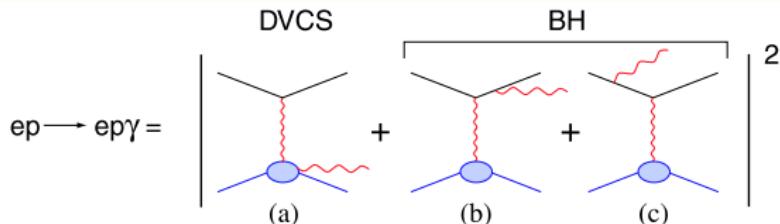


Bjorken limit:

$$Q^2 = -q^2 \rightarrow \infty \quad \nu \rightarrow \infty \quad \left. \right\} \quad x_B = \frac{Q^2}{2M\nu} \text{ fixed}$$

- GPDs accessible through DVCS *only* at $Q^2 \rightarrow \infty$
 - Actual value of Q^2 *must* be tested and established **by experiment**

DVCS experimentally: interference with Bethe-Heitler



At leading twist:

$$d^5 \vec{\sigma} - d^5 \overset{\leftarrow}{\sigma} = 2 \Im m (T^{BH} \cdot T^{DVCS})$$

$$d^5 \vec{\sigma} + d^5 \overset{\leftarrow}{\sigma} = |BH|^2 + 2 \Re e (T^{BH} \cdot T^{DVCS}) + |DVCS|^2$$

$$T^{DVCS} = \int_{-1}^{+1} dx \frac{\mathbf{H}(x, \xi, t)}{x - \xi + i\epsilon} + \dots =$$

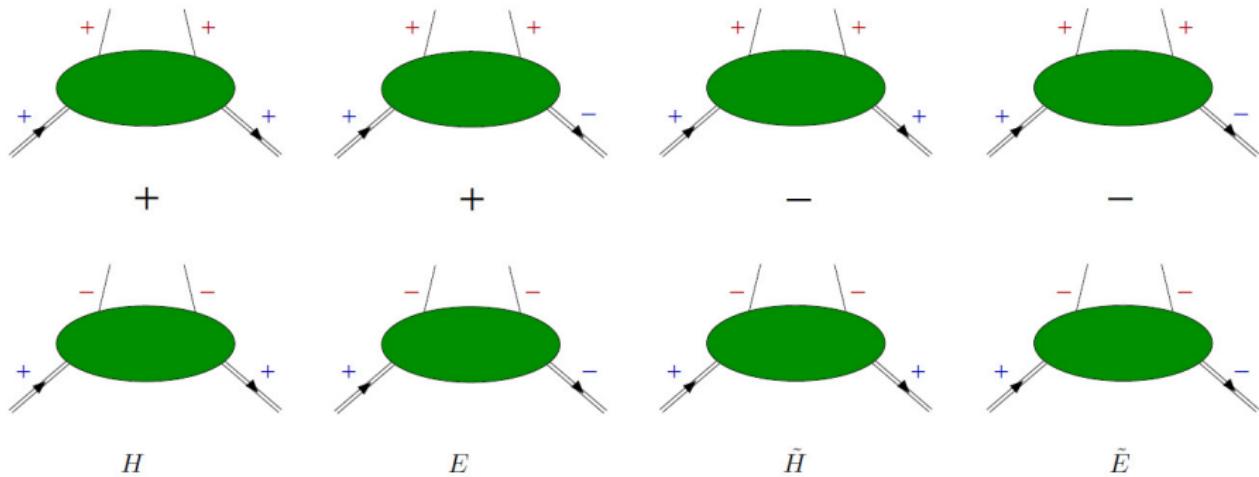
$$\underbrace{\mathcal{P} \int_{-1}^{+1} dx \frac{\mathbf{H}(x, \xi, t)}{x - \xi}}_{\text{Access in helicity-independent cross section}} - \underbrace{i\pi \mathbf{H}(x = \xi, \xi, t)}_{\text{Access in helicity-dependent cross-section}} + \dots$$

Access in helicity-independent cross section

Access in helicity-dependent cross-section

Leading twist GPDs

8 GPDs related to the different combination of quark/nucleon helicities

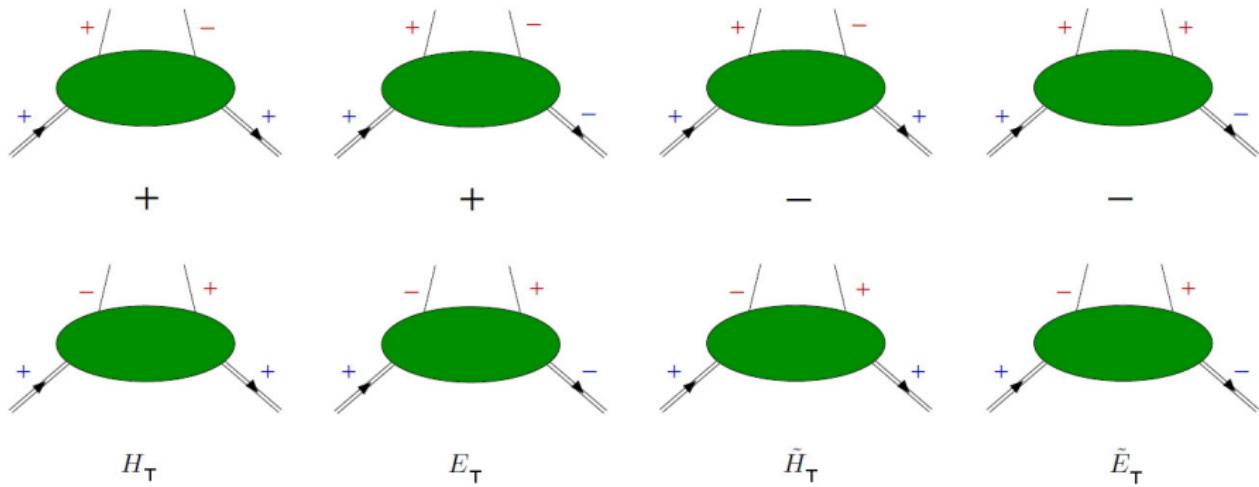


4 chiral-even GPDs: conserve the helicity of the quark

Access through DVCS (and DVMP)

Leading twist GPDs

8 GPDs related to the different combination of quark/nucleon helicities



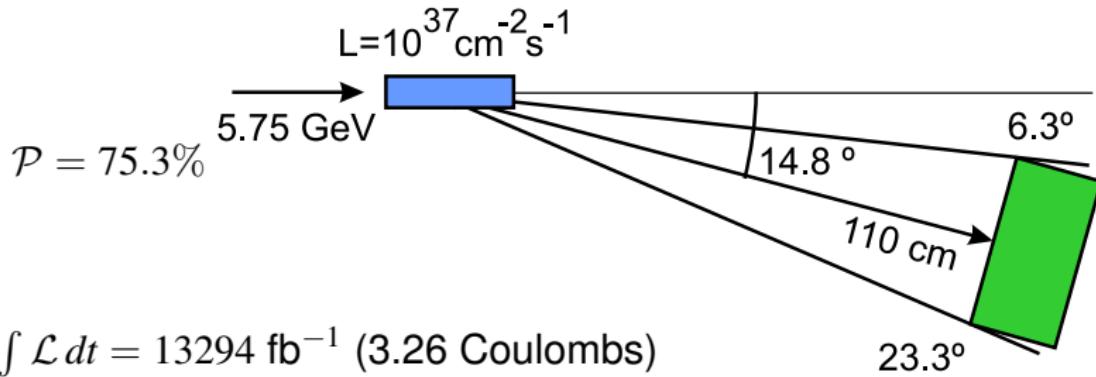
4 chiral-odd GPDs: flip helicity of the quark
“transversity GPDs”

Experimental access more complicated (π^0 electroproduction?)

Ahmad, Goldstein, Liuti (2009)
 Goloskokov, Kroll (2011)

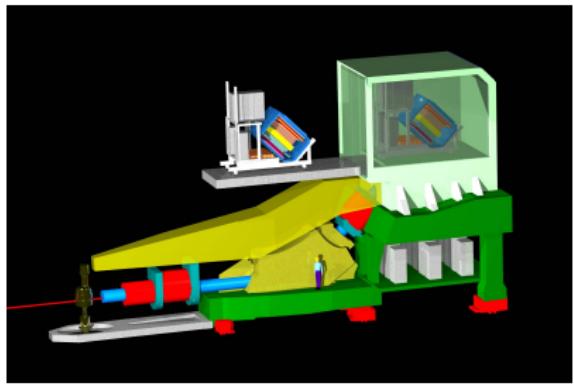
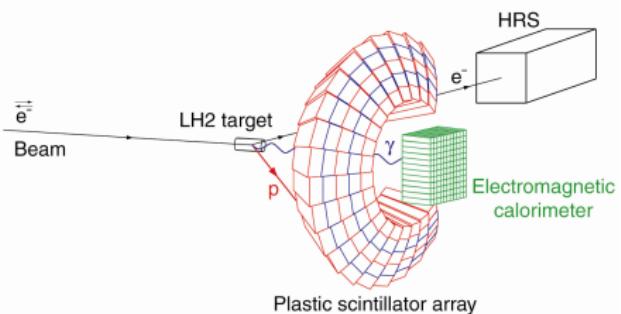
Kinematic settings: testing Q^2 -dependance

Kin	Q^2 (GeV 2)	x_B	θ_e (deg.)	θ_{γ^*} (deg.)	P_e (GeV)
1	1.5	0.36	15.6	22.3	3.6
2	1.9	0.36	19.3	18.3	2.9
3	2.3	0.36	23.9	14.8	2.3

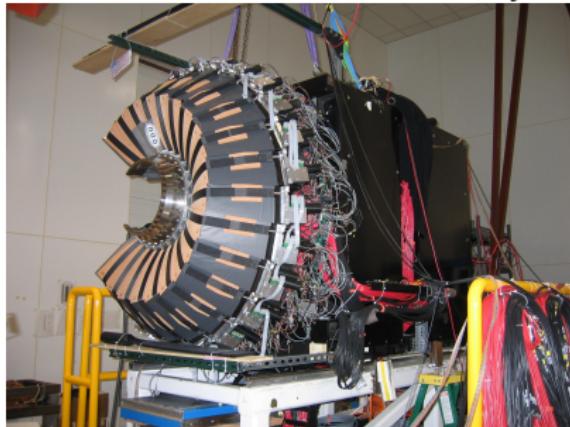


E00-110 experimental setup

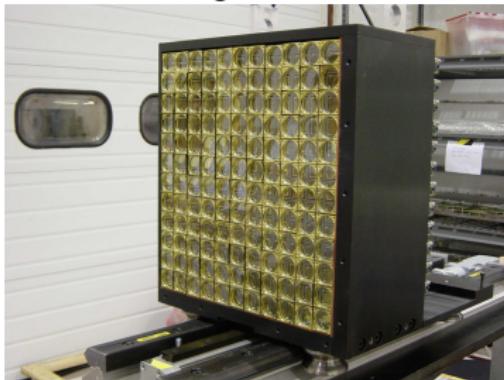
High Resolution Spectrometer



100-channel scintillator array

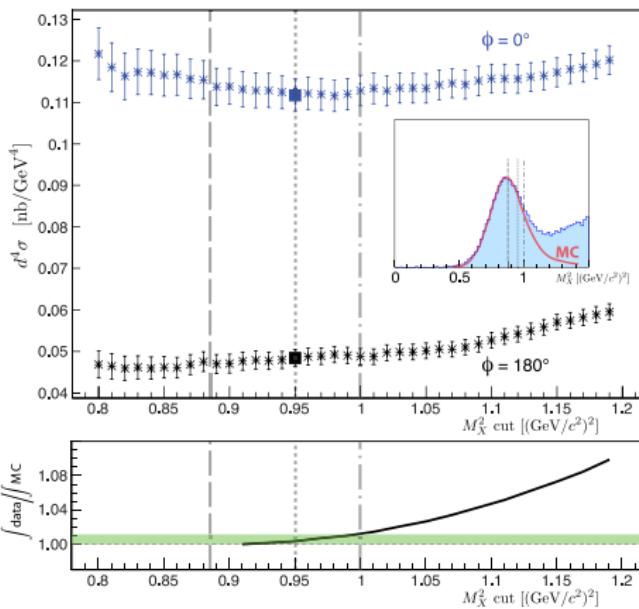
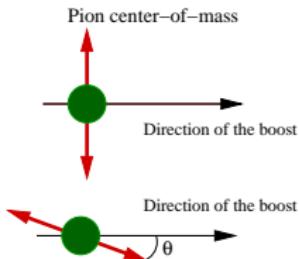
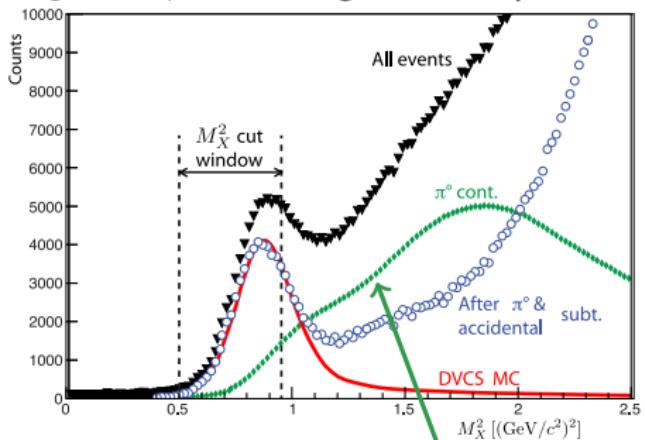


PbF₂ electromagnetic calorimeter



Data analysis: exclusivity and background subtraction

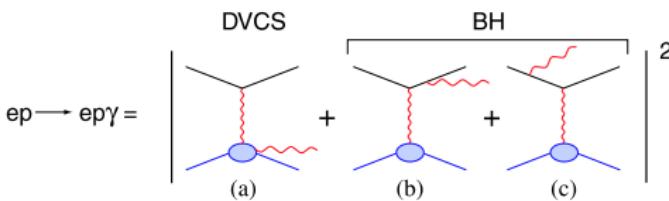
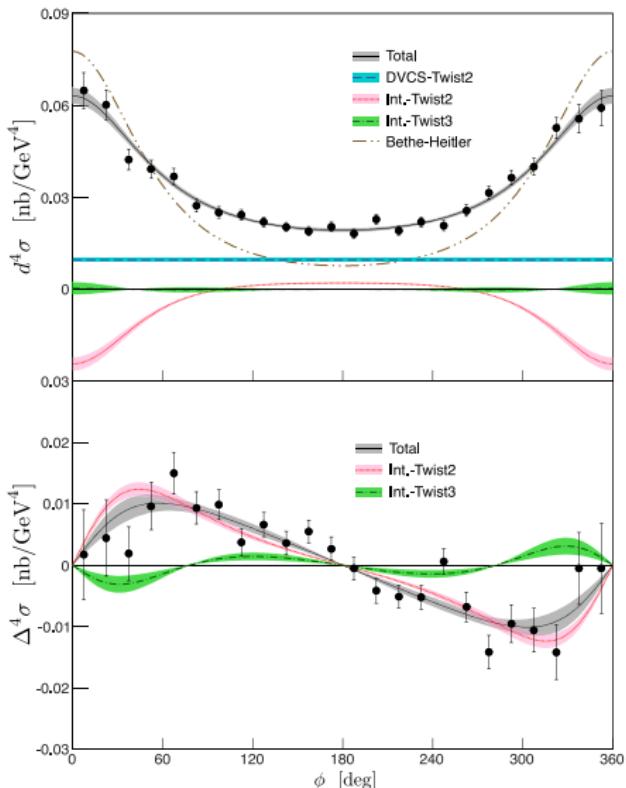
$ep \rightarrow e\gamma X$ missing mass squared



- Only e' & γ detected + M_X^2 -cut
- 2-3% uncertainty on exclusivity

DVCS cross sections: azimuthal analysis

$$Q^2 = 2.36 \text{ GeV}^2, x_B = 0.37, -t = 0.32 \text{ GeV}^2$$



$$d^4\sigma = \mathcal{T}_{\text{BH}}^2 + \mathcal{T}_{\text{BH}} \mathcal{R}\text{e}(\mathcal{T}_{\text{DVCS}}) + \mathcal{T}_{\text{DVCS}}^2$$

$$\mathcal{R}\text{e}(\mathcal{T}_{\text{DVCS}}) \sim c_0^{\mathcal{I}} + c_1^{\mathcal{I}} \cos \phi + c_2^{\mathcal{I}} \cos 2\phi$$

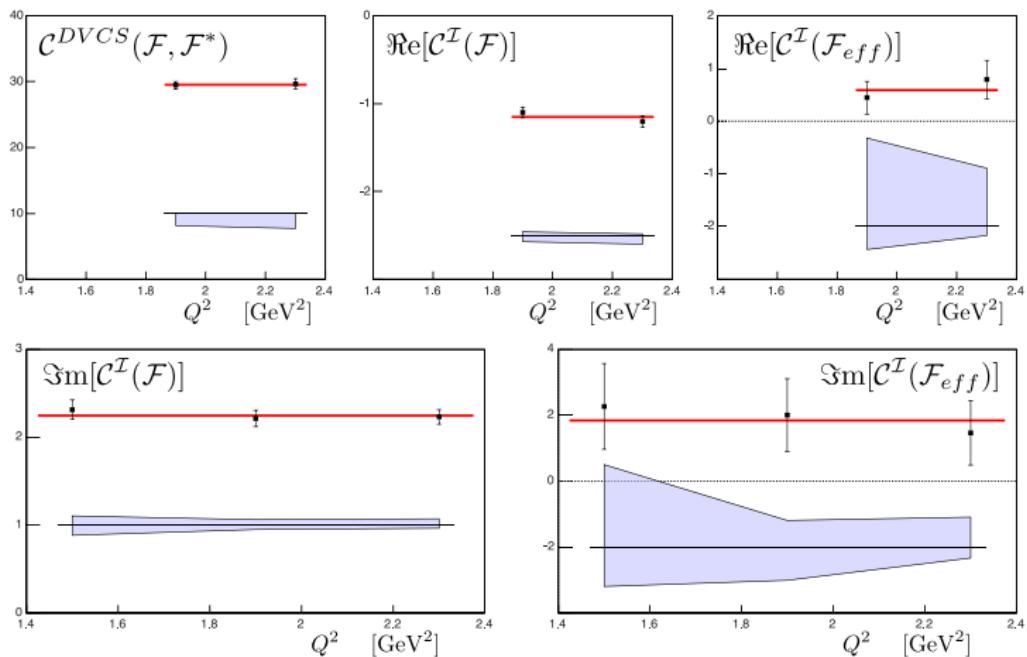
$$\mathcal{T}_{\text{DVCS}}^2 \sim c_0^{\text{DVCS}} + c_1^{\text{DVCS}} \cos \phi$$

$$\Delta^4\sigma = \frac{d^4\vec{\sigma} - d^4\overleftarrow{\sigma}}{2} = \mathcal{I}\text{m}(\mathcal{T}_{\text{DVCS}})$$

$$\mathcal{I}\text{m}(\mathcal{T}_{\text{DVCS}}) \sim s_1^{\mathcal{I}} \sin \phi + s_2^{\mathcal{I}} \sin 2\phi$$

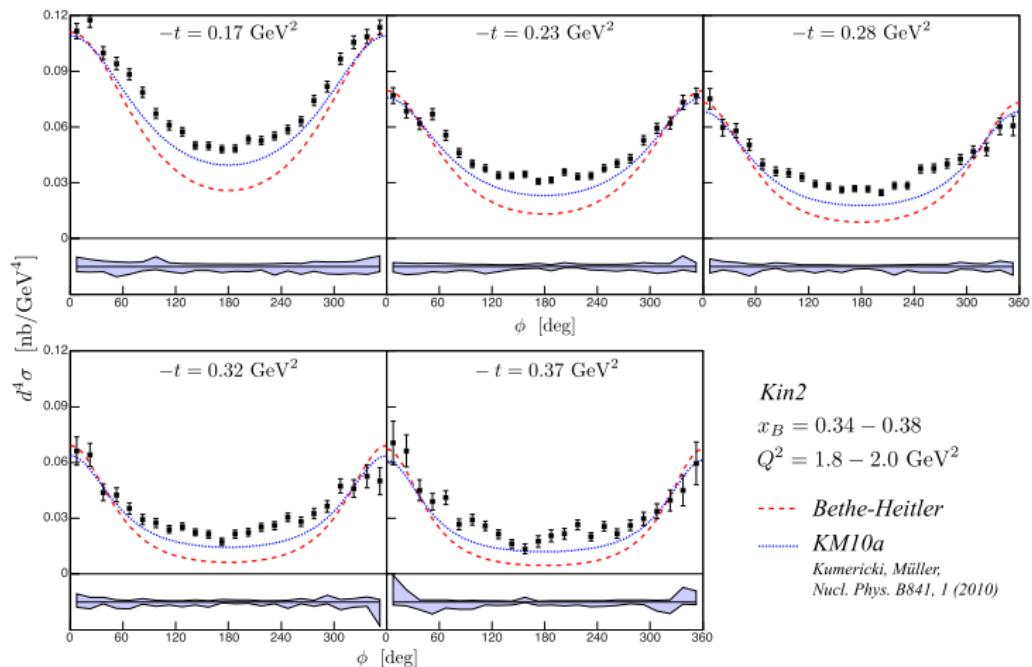
M. Defurne *et al.* Phys. Rev. C 92, 055202 (2015)

DVCS cross sections: Q^2 -dependance



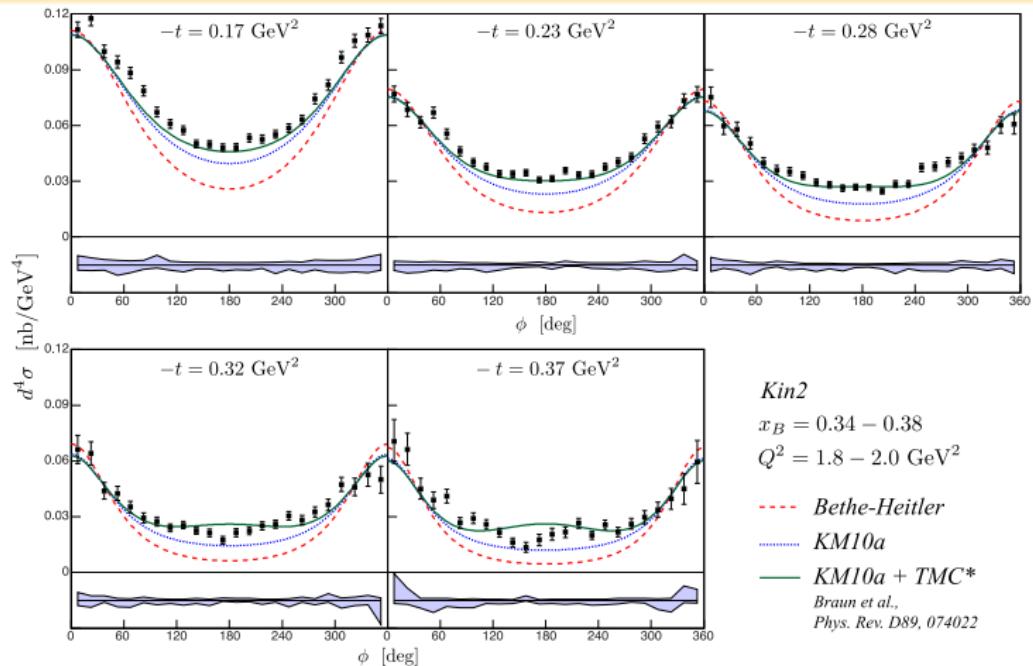
No Q^2 -dependance within limited range \Rightarrow leading twist dominance

DVCS cross sections: higher twist corrections



- KM10a: global fit to HERA x-sec & HERMES + CLAS spin asymmetries
Kumericki and Mueller (2010)

DVCS cross sections: higher twist corrections



- KM10a: global fit to HERA x-sec & HERMES + CLAS spin asymmetries
 Kumericki and Mueller (2010)
- Target-mass corrections (TMC): $\sim \mathcal{O}(M^2/Q^2)$ and $\sim \mathcal{O}(t/Q^2)$

Braun, Manashov, Mueller and Pirnay (2014)

DVCS process: leading twist ambiguity

- DVCS defines a preferred axis: light-cone axis
- At finite Q^2 and non-zero t , there is an ambiguity:
 - 1 Belitsky et al. (“BKM”, 2002–2010): light-cone axis in plane (q, P)
 - 2 Braun et al. (“BMP”, 2014): light-cone axis in plane (q, q')
easier to account for kin. corrections $\sim \mathcal{O}(M^2/Q^2)$, $\sim \mathcal{O}(t/Q^2)$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{F}_{++} = \mathbb{F}_{++} + \frac{\chi}{2} [\mathbb{F}_{++} + \mathbb{F}_{-+}] - \chi_0 \mathbb{F}_{0+} \\ \mathcal{F}_{-+} = \mathbb{F}_{-+} + \frac{\chi}{2} [\mathbb{F}_{++} + \mathbb{F}_{-+}] - \chi_0 \mathbb{F}_{0+} \\ \mathcal{F}_{0+} = -(1 + \chi) \mathbb{F}_{0+} + \chi_0 [\mathbb{F}_{++} + \mathbb{F}_{-+}] \end{array} \right\} \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{l} \mathbb{F}_{-+} = 0 \\ \mathbb{F}_{0+} = 0 \end{array}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{F}_{++} = (1 + \frac{\chi}{2}) \mathbb{F}_{++} \\ \mathcal{F}_{-+} = \frac{\chi}{2} \mathbb{F}_{++} \\ \mathcal{F}_{0+} = \chi_0 \mathbb{F}_{++} \end{array} \right.$$

(eg. $\chi_0 = 0.25$, $\chi = 0.06$ for $Q^2 = 2 \text{ GeV}^2$, $x_B = 0.36$, $t = -0.24 \text{ GeV}^2$)

Rosenbluth-like separation of the DVCS cross section

$$\sigma(ep \rightarrow ep\gamma) = \underbrace{|BH|^2}_{\text{Known to } \sim 1\%} + \underbrace{\mathcal{I}(BH \cdot DVCS)}_{\text{Linear combination of GPDs}} + \underbrace{|DVCS|^2}_{\text{Bilinear combination of GPDs}}$$

$$\mathcal{I} \propto 1/y^3 = (k/\nu)^3,$$

$$|\mathcal{T}^{DVCS}|^2 \propto 1/y^2 = (k/\nu)^2$$

BKM-2010 – at leading twist \rightarrow 7 independent GPD terms:

$$\{\Re e, \Im m [\mathcal{C}^I, \mathcal{C}^{I,V}, \mathcal{C}^{I,A}] (\mathcal{F})\}, \quad \text{and} \quad \mathcal{C}^{DVCS}(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{F}^*).$$

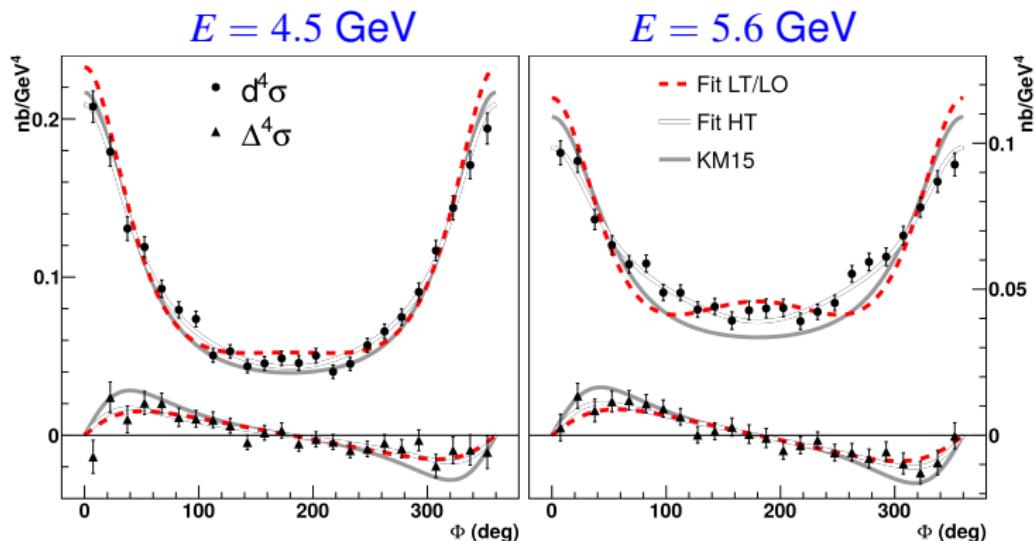
φ -dependence provides 5 independent observables:

$$\sim 1, \sim \cos \varphi, \sim \sin \varphi, \sim \cos(2\varphi), \sim \sin(2\varphi)$$

The measurement of the cross section at **two or more beam energies** for exactly the **same Q^2 , x_B , t kinematics**, provides the additional information in order to extract all leading twist observables independently.

E07-007: DVCS beam-energy dependence

- Cross section measured at 2 beam energies and constant Q^2 , x_B , t



- Leading-twist and LO simultaneous fit of both beam energies (dashed line) does not reproduce the data

Light-cone axis in the (q,q') plane (Braun *et al.*): \mathbb{H}_{++} , $\widetilde{\mathbb{H}}_{++}$, \mathbb{E}_{++} , $\widetilde{\mathbb{E}}_{++}$

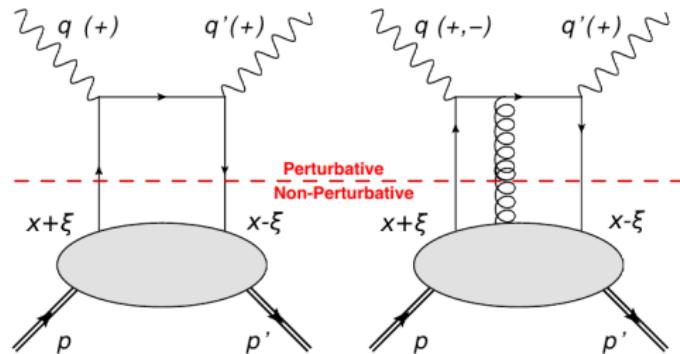
Beyond Leading Order (LO) and Leading Twist (LT)

Two fit-scenarios:

**Light-cone axis in
the (q, q') plane (Braun et al.)**

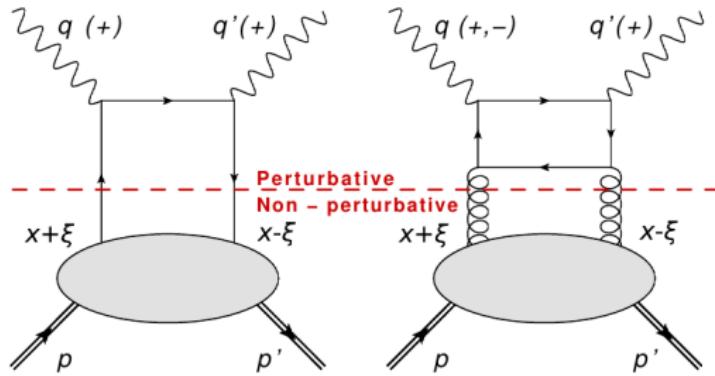
LO/LT + HT

$\mathbb{H}_{++}, \tilde{\mathbb{H}}_{++}, \mathbb{H}_{0+}, \tilde{\mathbb{H}}_{0+}$



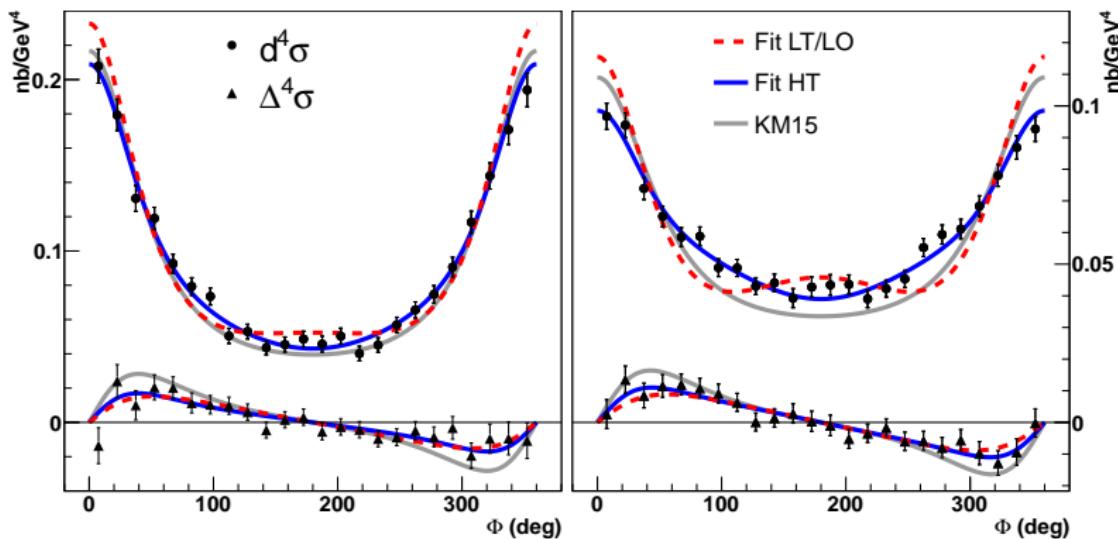
LO/LT + NLO

$\mathbb{H}_{++}, \tilde{\mathbb{H}}_{++}, \mathbb{H}_{-+}, \tilde{\mathbb{H}}_{-+}$



E07-007: DVCS beam-energy dependence

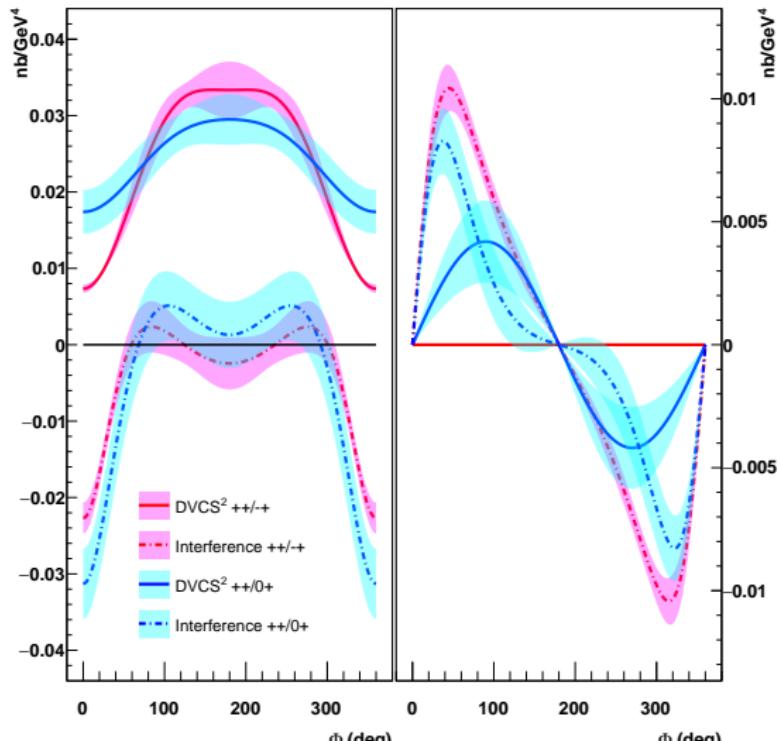
- Cross section measured at 2 beam energies and constant Q^2, x_B, t



- Leading-twist and LO simultaneous fit of both beam energies (dashed line) does not reproduce the data
- Including either NLO or higher-twist effects (dark solid line) satisfactorily reproduce the angular dependence

DVCS² and \mathcal{I} (DVCS·BH) separation

DVCS² and \mathcal{I} (DVCS·BH) separated in NLO and higher-twist scenarios



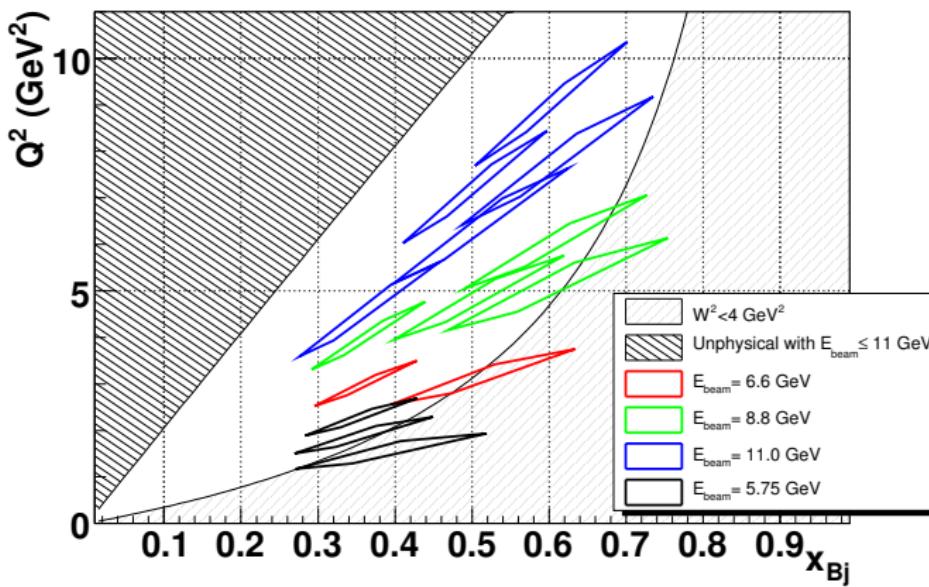
- DVCS² & \mathcal{I} significantly different in each scenario
- Sizeable DVCS² contribution in the higher-twist scenario in the helicity-dependent cross section

arXiv:1703.09442

E12-06-114: JLab Hall A at 11 GeV

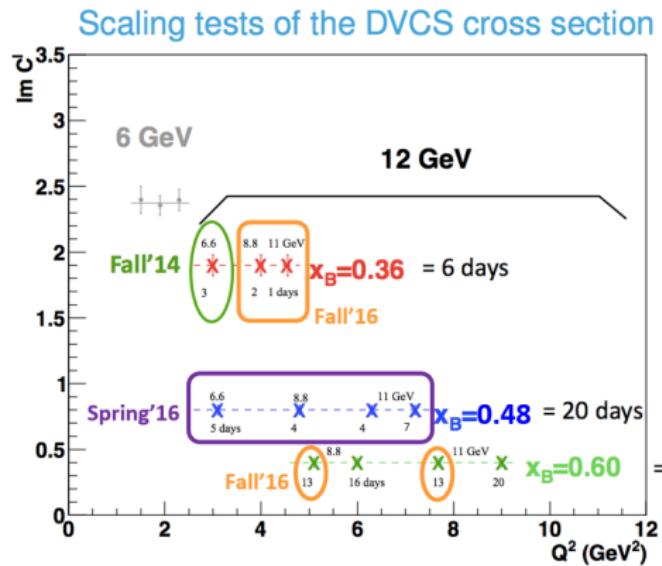
JLab12 with 3, 4, 5 pass beam
 (6.6, 8.8, 11.0 GeV beam energy)

DVCS measurements in Hall A/JLab



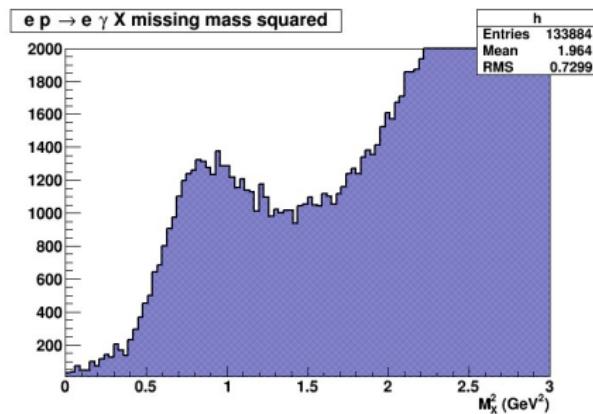
88 days
 250k events/setting

1st Hall A experiment after the Upgrade (2014–2016)



~ 50% of the required beamtime completed

Identification of DVCS events: online $ep \rightarrow e\gamma X$ missing mass squared



Data analysis underway...

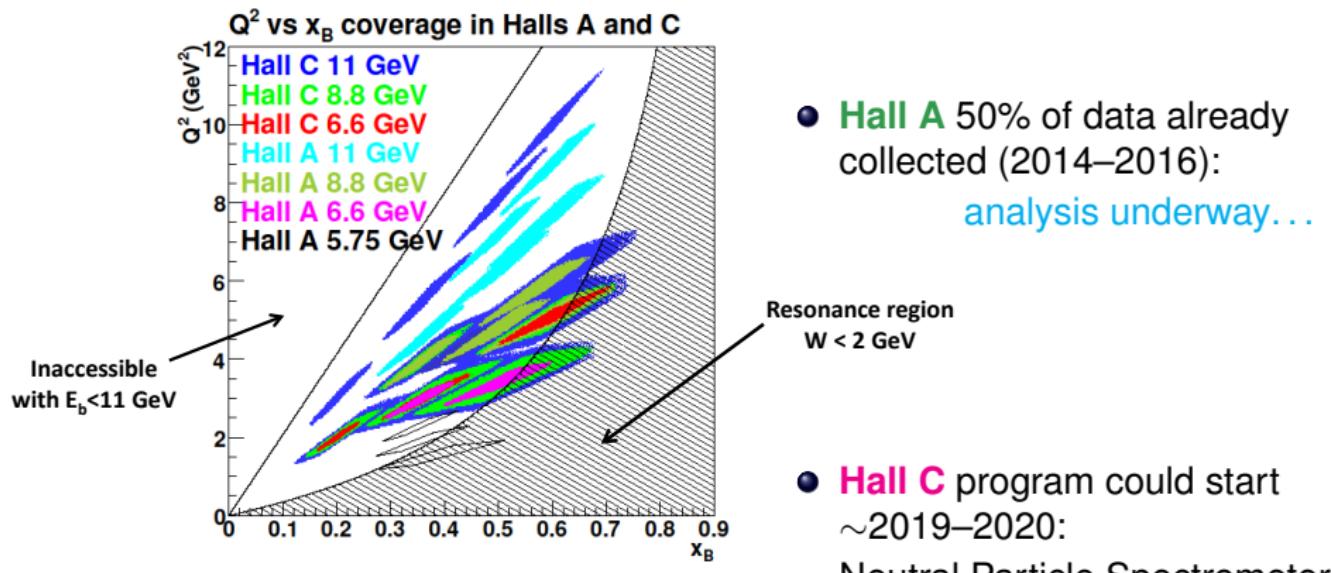
E12-13-010: DVCS in Hall C

- HMS ($p < 7.3\text{GeV}$): scattered electron
- PbWO₄ calorimeter: γ/π^0 detection
- Sweeping magnet



11 (and 8.8 and 6.6) GeV program in Halls A & C

- Approved high precision DVCS & π^0 programs in Halls A & C



Summary

- Recent high precision DVCS cross sections from Hall A at JLab
- Need of higher twist and/or NLO contributions to fully describe the data (eg. in global GPD fits)
- First separation of DVCS² and BH-DVCS interference in the $ep \rightarrow e\gamma p$ cross section
- Approved program of experiments in Hall A and C to continue these high precision DVCS measurements at 12 GeV

Back-up