



# “Future direction of Jet Physics”

Gunther Roland



INT Program 17-1b

May 2017



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REACHING FOR THE HORIZON



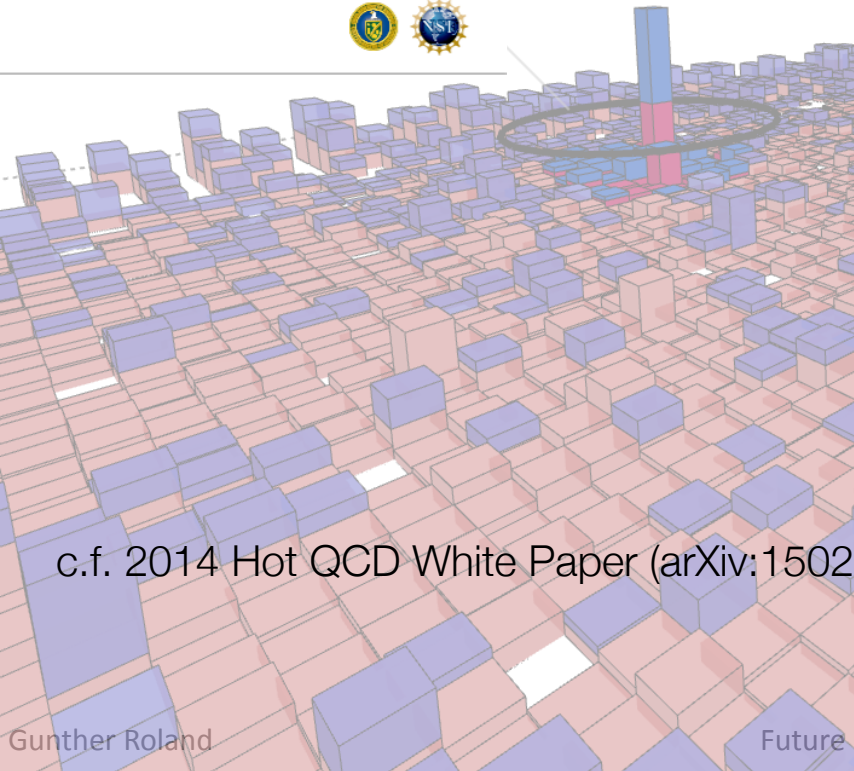
The Site of the Wright Brothers' First Airplane Flight



The 2015  
LONG RANGE PLAN  
for NUCLEAR SCIENCE



Jet 0, pt: 205.1 GeV



There are two central goals of measurements planned at RHIC, as it completes its scientific mission, and at the LHC: **(1) Probe the inner workings of QGP by resolving its properties at shorter and shorter length scales.** The complementarity of the two facilities is essential to this goal, as is a state-of-the-art jet detector at RHIC, called sPHENIX. **(2) Map the phase diagram of QCD with experiments planned at RHIC.**

c.f. 2014 Hot QCD White Paper (arXiv:1502.02730)



# Future directions of Jet Physics

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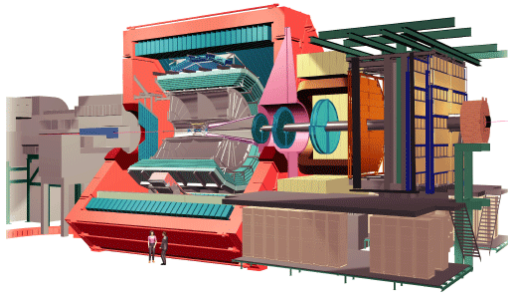
**EXPERIMENTS OF**

**THE FUTURE**

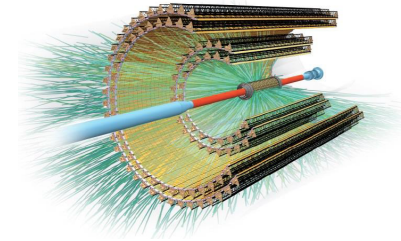




## ALICE

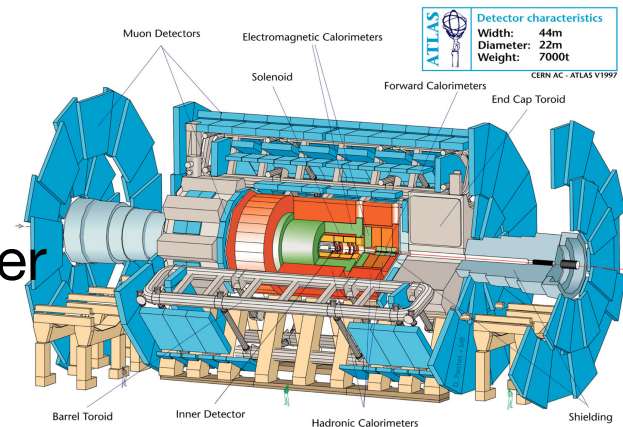


Expanded calorimetry  
 Continuous readout TPC  
 MAPS-based inner tracker  
 Improved data acquisition rate (full PbPb lumi)

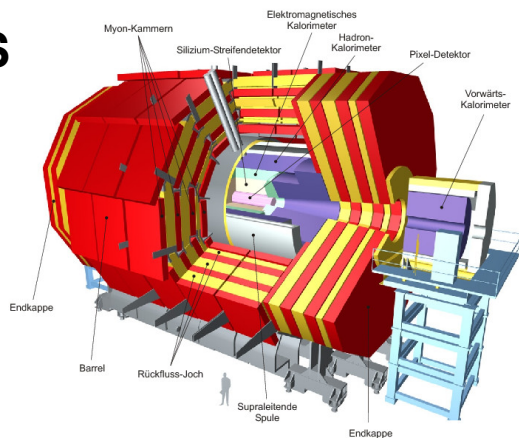


## ATLAS

Improved trigger system  
 New/extended inner tracker



## CMS



Improved trigger system  
 New/extended inner tracker

n.b. more extensive phase-II upgrades for ATLAS/CMS for LHC Run IV, 2026-2030





- 2015 HI run brought  $\sim 0.5/\text{nb}$  PbPb, 30/pb pp @ 5 TeV
  - max PbPb collision rate  $> 15\text{kHz}$
  - pp stat  $\sim 1.5 \times \text{PbPb}$  in 1/5 of data taking time
- In Run 3, 4 expect  $\sim 1.5\text{-}3/\text{nb}$  per run per experiment; 10-20/nb total
  - ATLAS, CMS should be able to take pp reference in 1/6 of PbPb running time; ALICE?

	2010–2011 2.76 TeV $160 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$	HL-LHC 5.5 TeV $10 \text{nb}^{-1}$
Jet $p_T$ reach (GeV/c)	$\sim 300$	$\sim 1000$
Dijet ( $p_{T,1} > 120 \text{ GeV}/c$ )	50k	$\sim 10\text{M}$
b-jet ( $p_T > 120 \text{ GeV}/c$ )	$\sim 500$	$\sim 140\text{k}$
Isolated $\gamma$ ( $p_T^\gamma > 60 \text{ GeV}/c$ )	$\sim 1.5\text{k}$	$\sim 300\text{k}$
Isolated $\gamma$ ( $p_T^\gamma > 120 \text{ GeV}/c$ )	–	$\sim 10\text{k}$
W ( $p_T^W > 50 \text{ GeV}/c$ )	$\sim 350$	$\sim 70\text{k}$
Z ( $p_T^Z > 50 \text{ GeV}/c$ )	$\sim 35$	$\sim 7\text{k}$

- In addition: larger acceptance, better tracking efficiency, better vertex resolution, “infinite” DAQ/Trigger for Run 4



## Also On The First Day

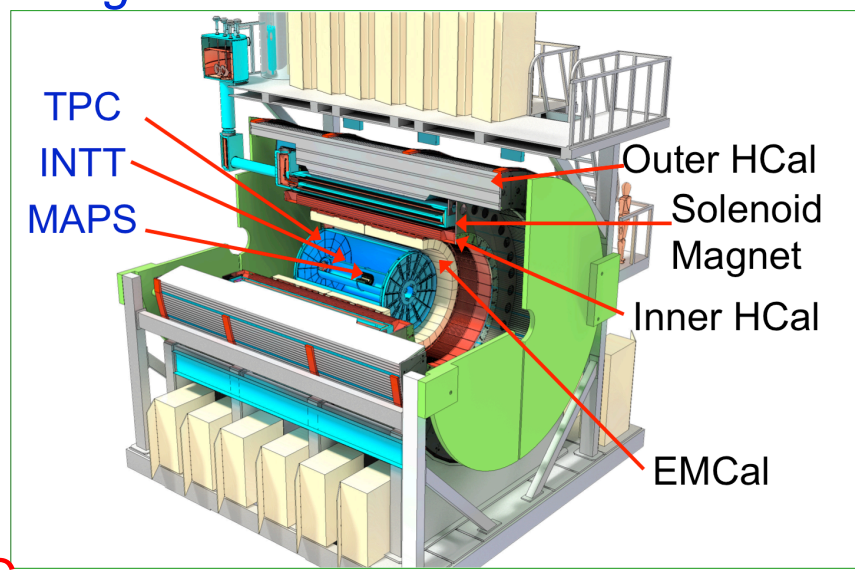
8

- Dr. T. Hallman stated U.S. DOE Nuclear Physics *“is committed to building sPHENIX”*

- sPHENIX provides full jet and HF capability in order to:

- ▶ Probe the sQGP with the highest resolution possible at RHIC

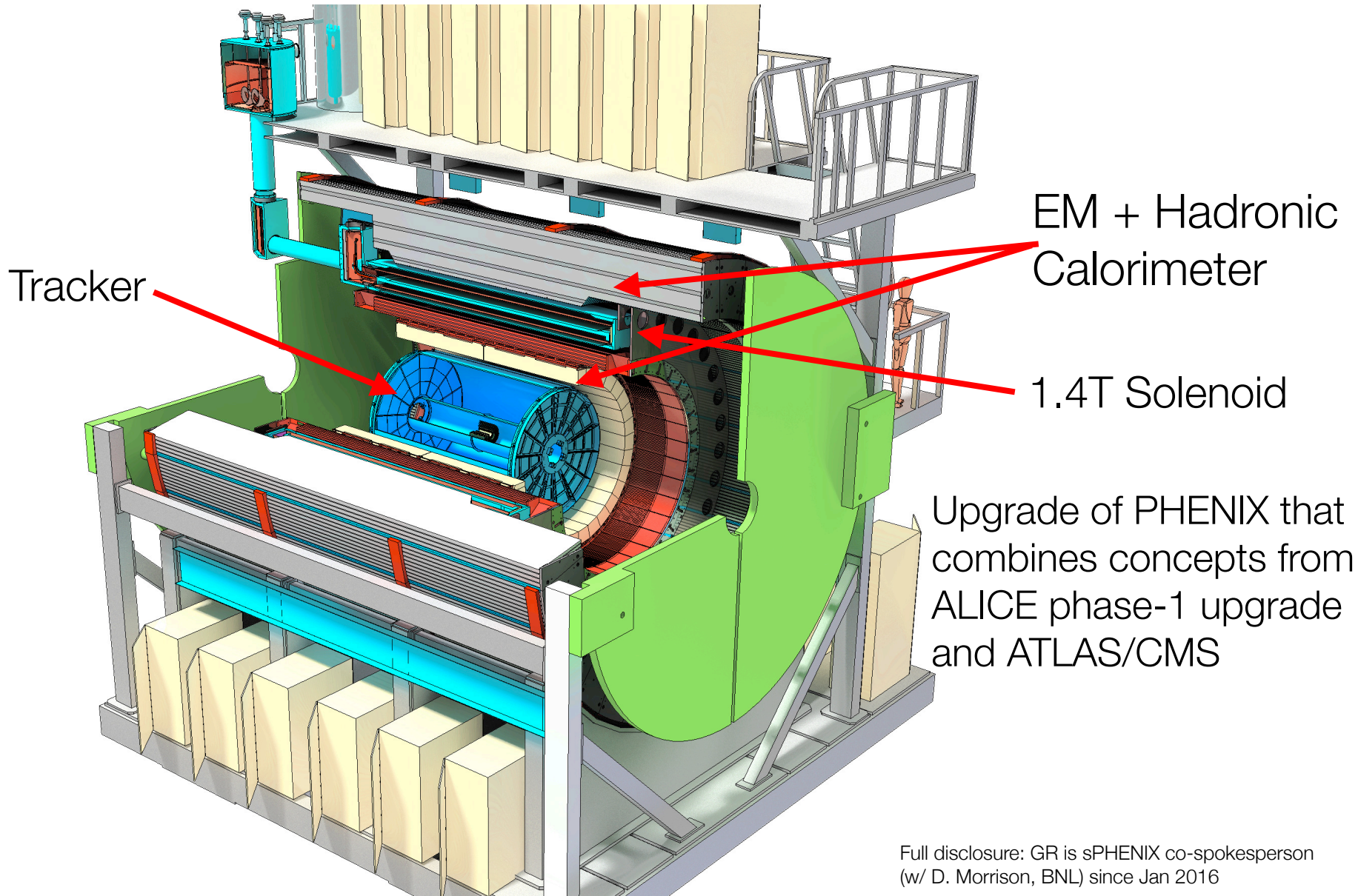
- ▶ Perform vital comparisons to same probes at LHC



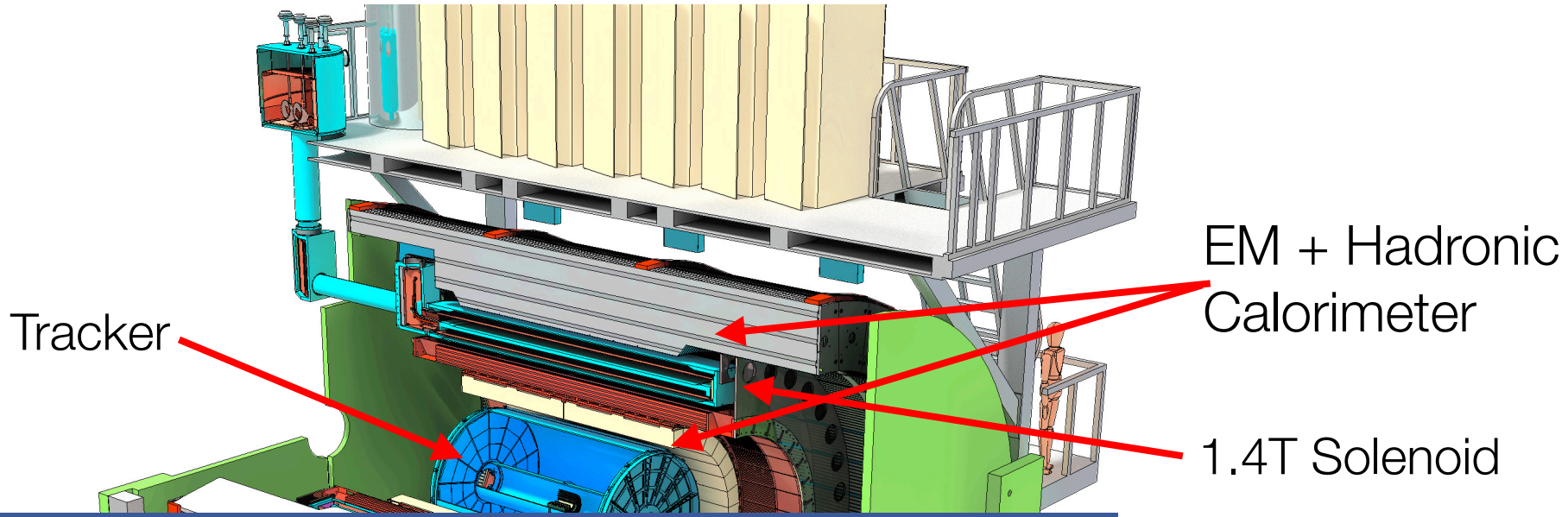
[M. Connors: Design, status and schedule of the sPHENIX experiment at RHIC](#)

Bill Zajc on last day of QM'17





# “State-of-the-Art Jet Detector at RHIC”



sPHENIX Experiment

Gunther Home Find Friends

This is what your Page looks like to a visitor. Switch back to your view to manage this Page.

25 Park Place

sPHENIX Experiment @sPHENIX.Experiment

Home Posts Photos About Likes

Like/follow us on Facebook

Liked Following Share Send Message

Featured For You

Get in touch with sPHENIX Experiment Save sPHENIX

Science & Engineering in Upton, New York

Search for posts on this Page

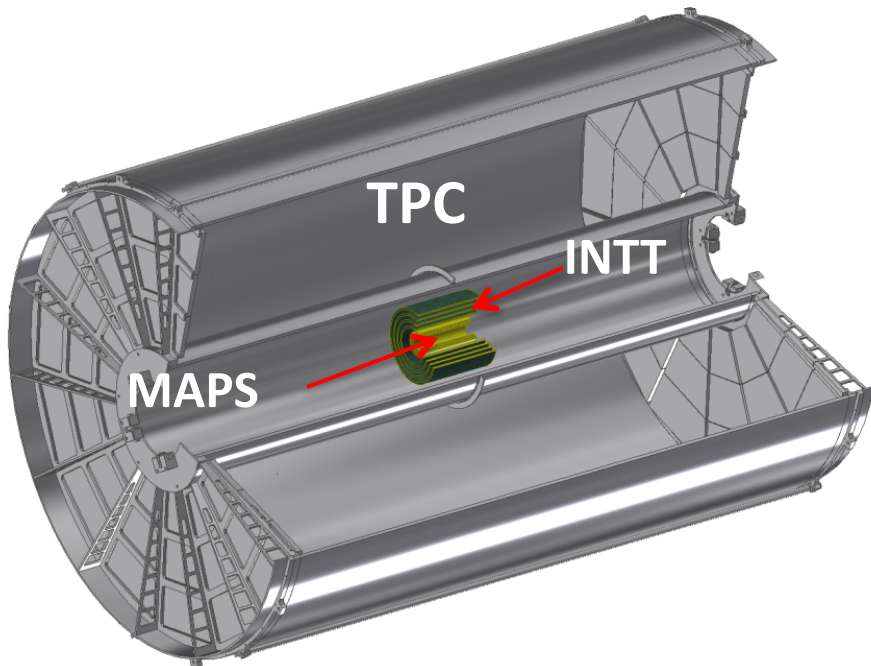
Upgrade of PHENIX that combines concepts from LICE phase-1 upgrade and ATLAS/CMS

Disclosure: GR is sPHENIX co-spokesperson (Morrison, BNL) since Jan 2016



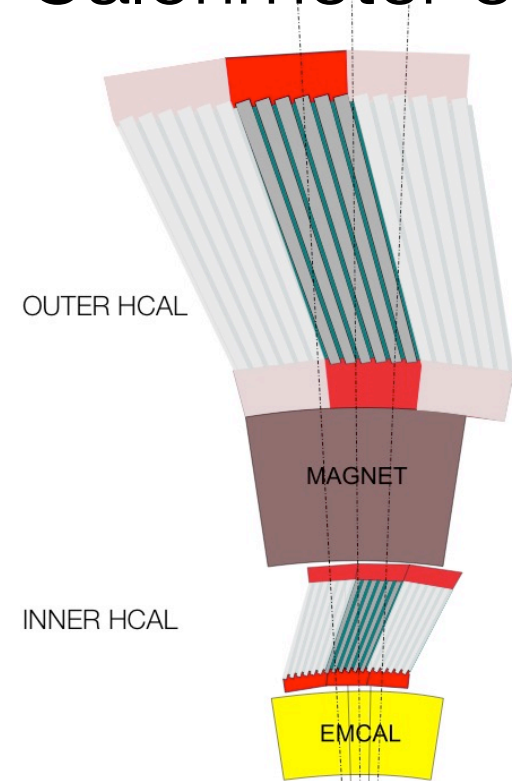


## Tracker



Continuous readout TPC  
 Si strip intermediate tracker  
 3-layer MAPS  $\mu$  vertex

## Calorimeter stack

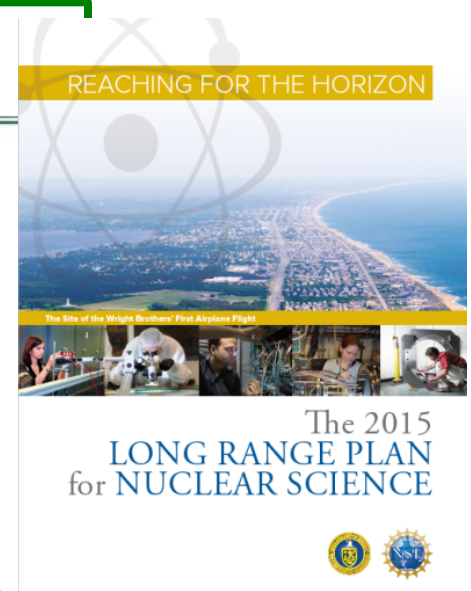
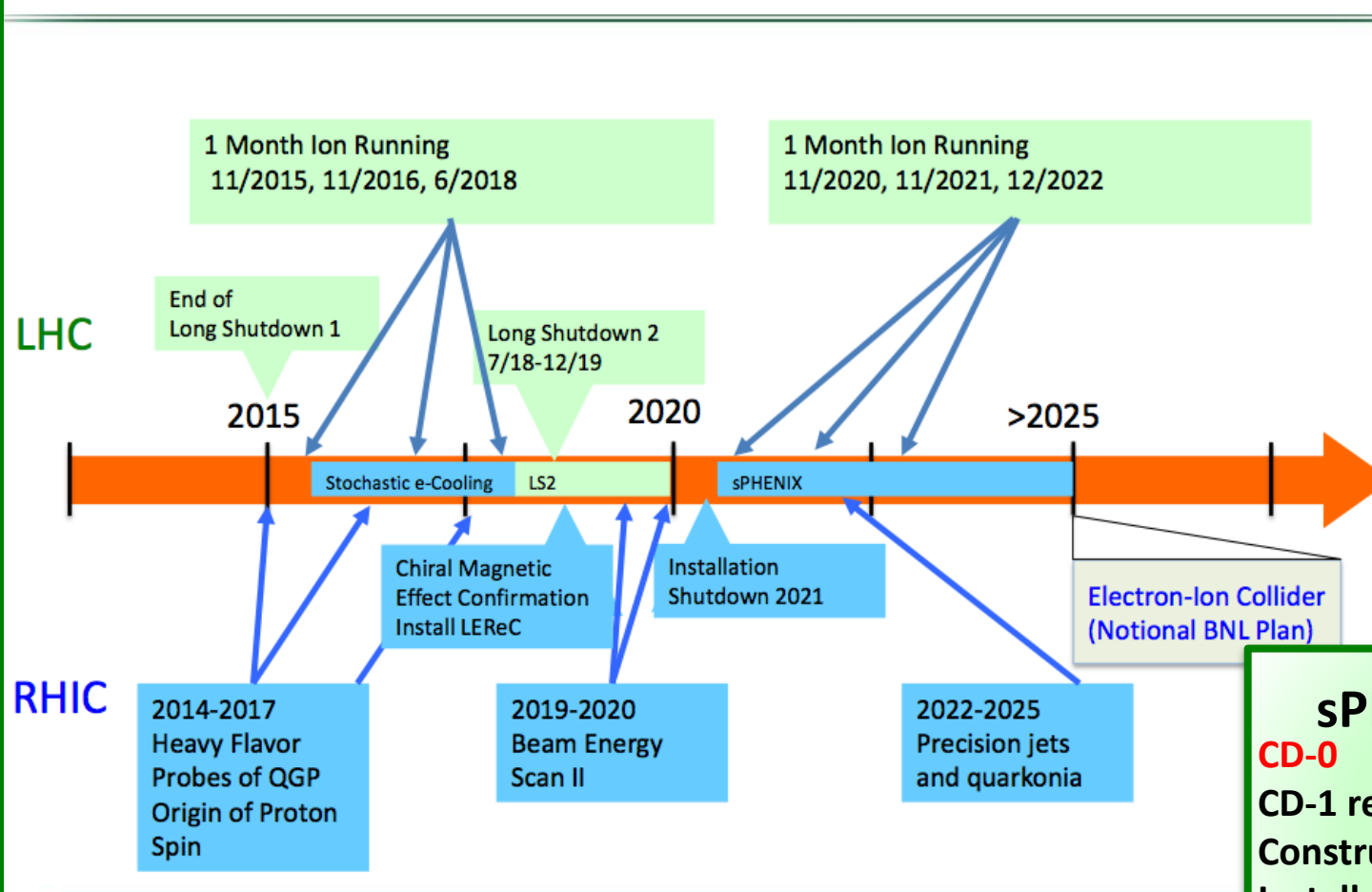


Tungsten/scintillating fiber EMCAL  
 Steel/plastic scintillator HCAL  
 SiPM readout

15kHz+ readout in Au+Au to match expected collision rate in  $|z| < 10\text{cm}$



## RHIC / LHC Timeline



### sPHENIX Schedule

CD-0	Sept 2016
CD-1 review	Nov 2017
Construction Phase	Jul 2018
Installation complete	Apr 2021
Ready for Beam	Jan 2022
Data taking	- 2025+





## RHIC / LHC Timeline

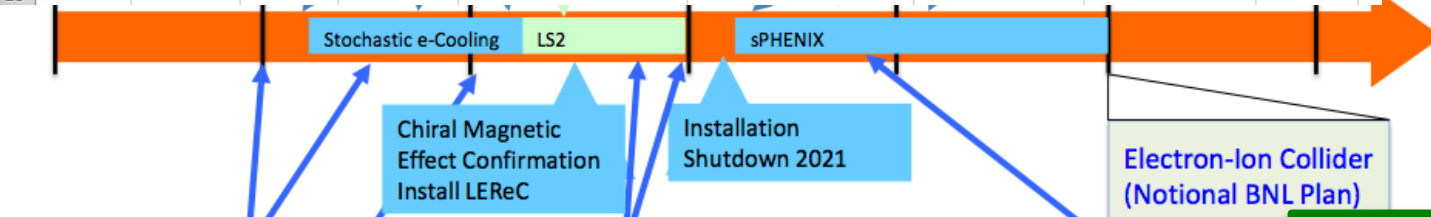
Year	Species	Energy	Physics Weeks	TPC Charge Issue		Radiation Issue		Sampled Evt w/ zcut	Sampled Evt w/o zcut	Straight MB
				Max dNch/deta / second	Max Integrated dNch/deta run	Max dNch/deta / second	Max Integrated dNch/deta run			
2023	Au+Au	200	23.5	2.8E+07	8.1E+13	9.5E+10	3.5E+11	9.5E+10		
2024	p+p	200	11.5	2.2E+07	2.9E+13	2.8E+12	9.5E+12			
	p+Au	200	11.5	2.9E+07	3.8E+13	3.8E+11	2.8E+12			
2025	Au+Au	200	23.5	4.2E+07	1.6E+14	2.2E+11	7.5E+11	9.5E+10		
2026	p+p	200	11.5	4.2E+07	1.6E+14	2.2E+11	7.5E+11			
	p+Au	200	11.5	4.2E+07	1.6E+14	2.2E+11	7.5E+11			
2027	Au+Au	200	23.5	4.2E+07	1.6E+14	2.2E+11	7.5E+11	9.5E+10		
				Integrated Charge over Run -->	5.6E+14					

Developing 5 year sPHENIX runplan  
500b events in  $|z_{vtx}| < 10\text{cm}$  ( $\sim 100/\text{nb}$ )

REACHING FOR THE HORIZON

The Site of the Wright Brothers' First Airplane Flight

The 2015  
**LONG RANGE PLAN**  
for NUCLEAR SCIENCE



RHIC

2014-2017  
Heavy Flavor  
Probes of QGP  
Origin of Proton  
Spin

2019-2020  
Beam Energy  
Scan II

2022-2025  
Precision jets  
and quarkonia

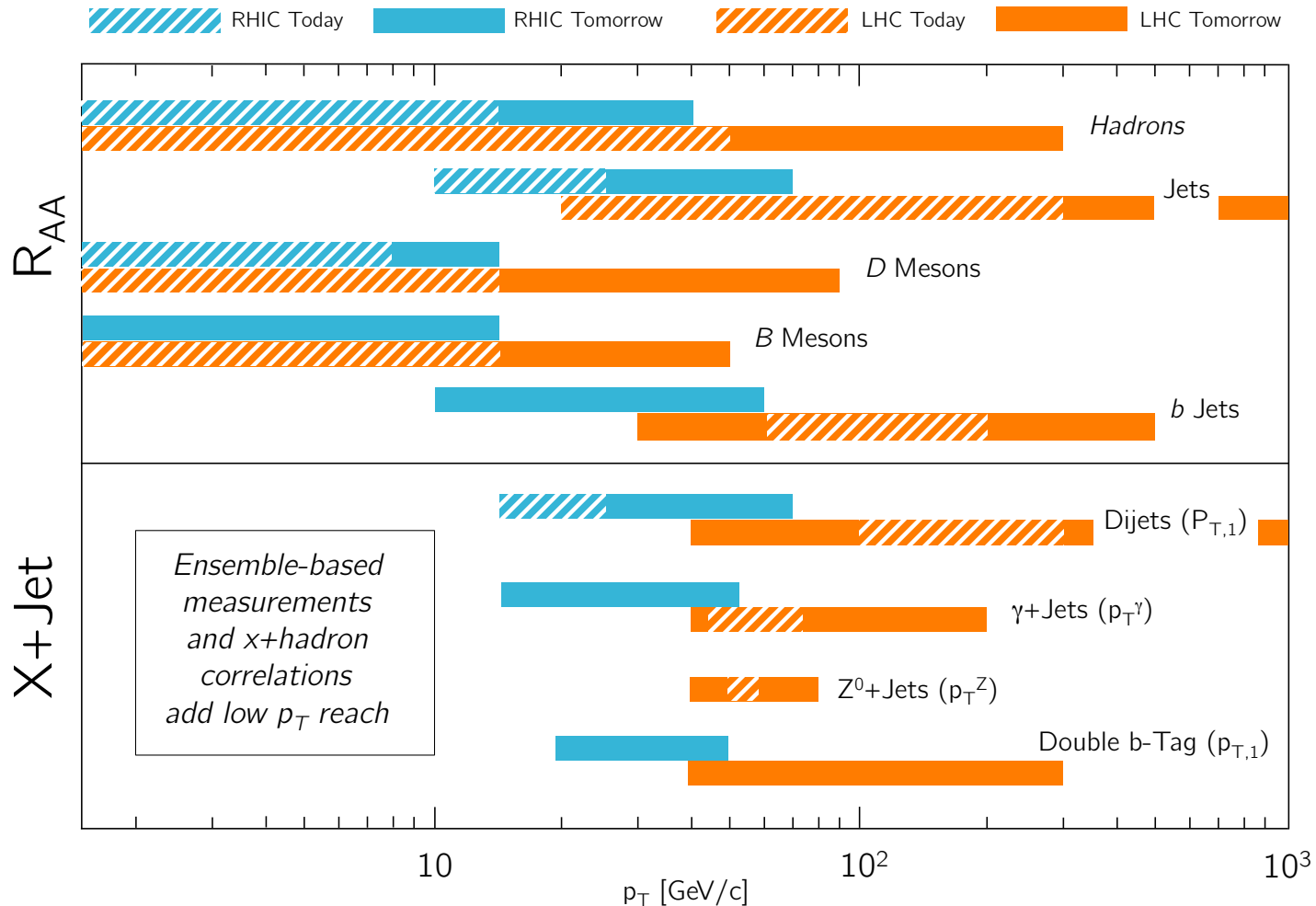
Chiral Magnetic  
Effect Confirmation  
Install LEReC

Installation  
Shutdown 2021

Electron-Ion Collider  
(Notional BNL Plan)

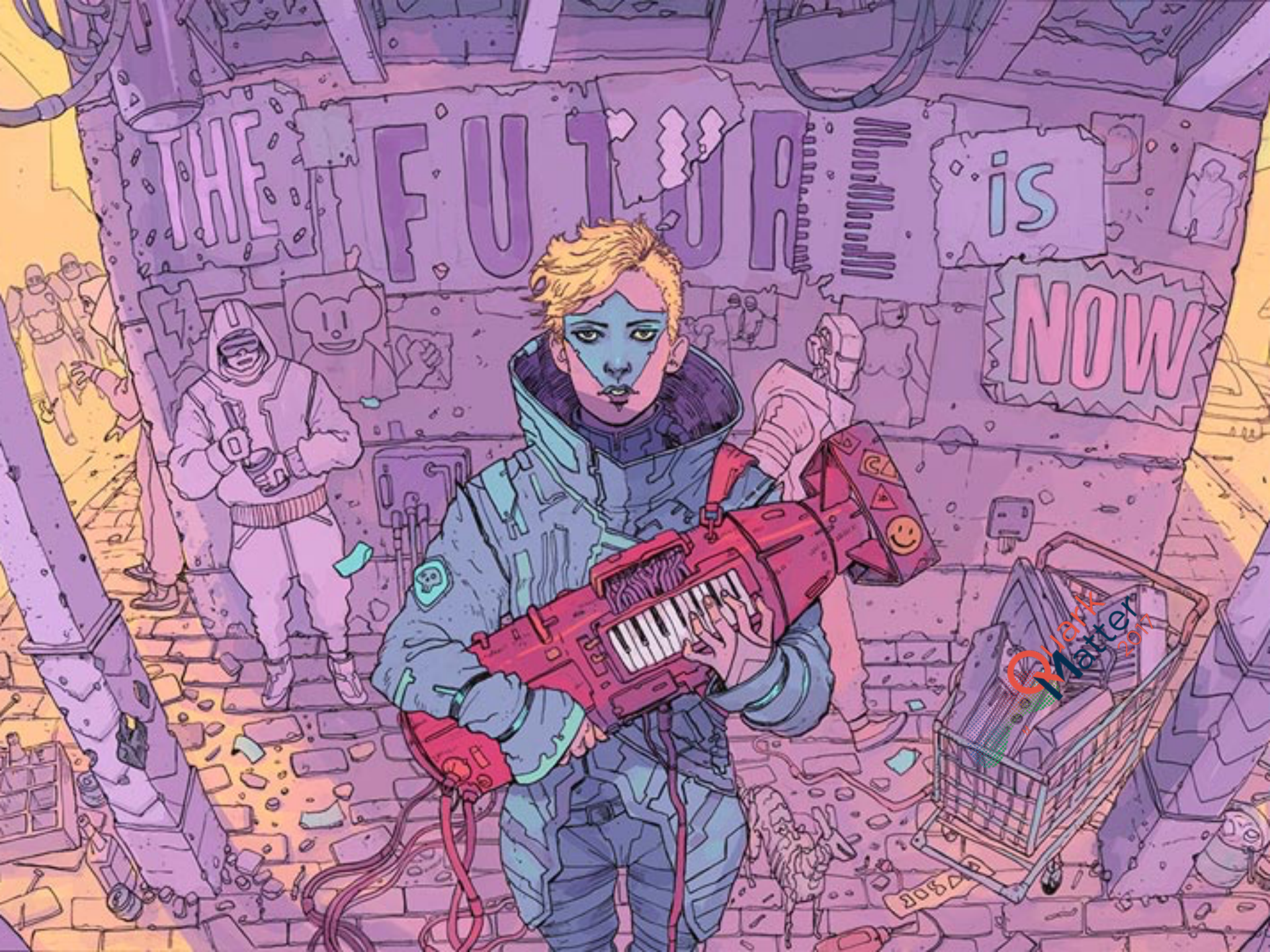
### sPHENIX Schedule

CD-0	Sept 2016
CD-1 review	Nov 2017
Construction Phase	Jul 2018
Installation complete	Apr 2021
Ready for Beam	Jan 2022
Data taking	- 2025+



this was based on 100b events for sPHENIX  
 updated projections for 5 year run plan underway

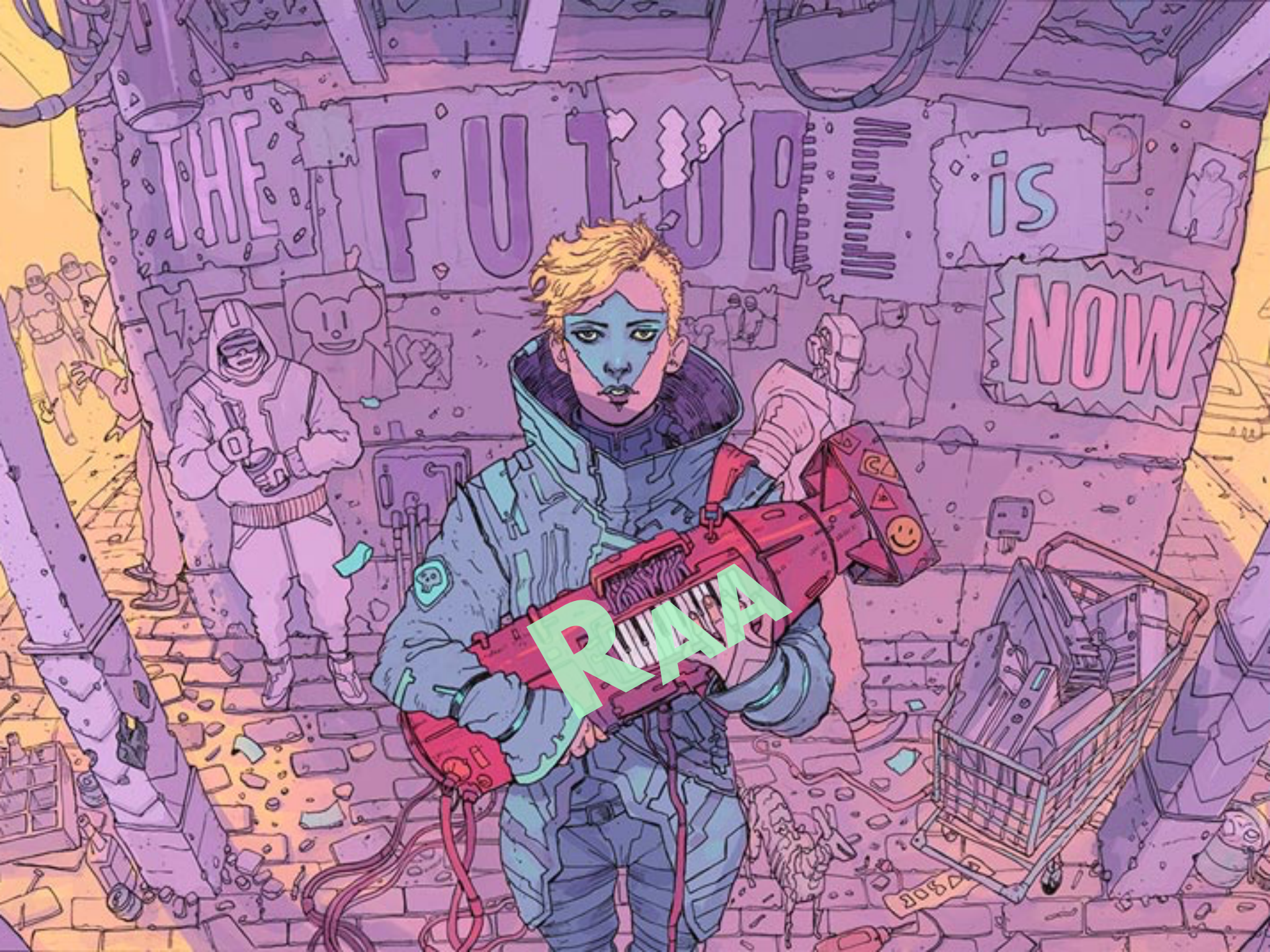




THE FUTURE is NOW

York  
Platter  
1997

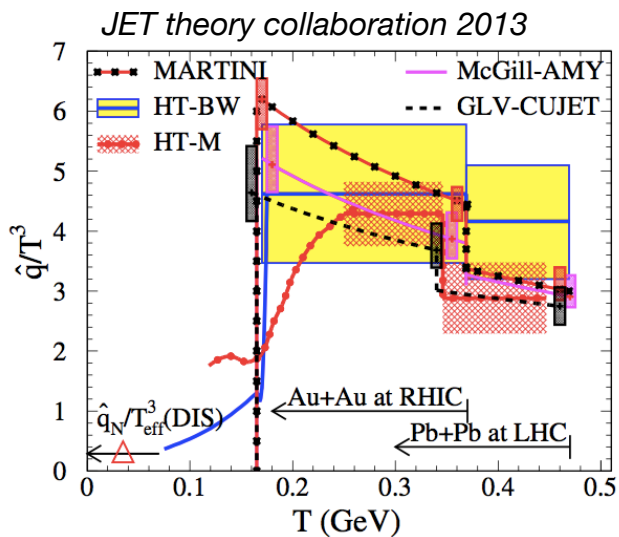
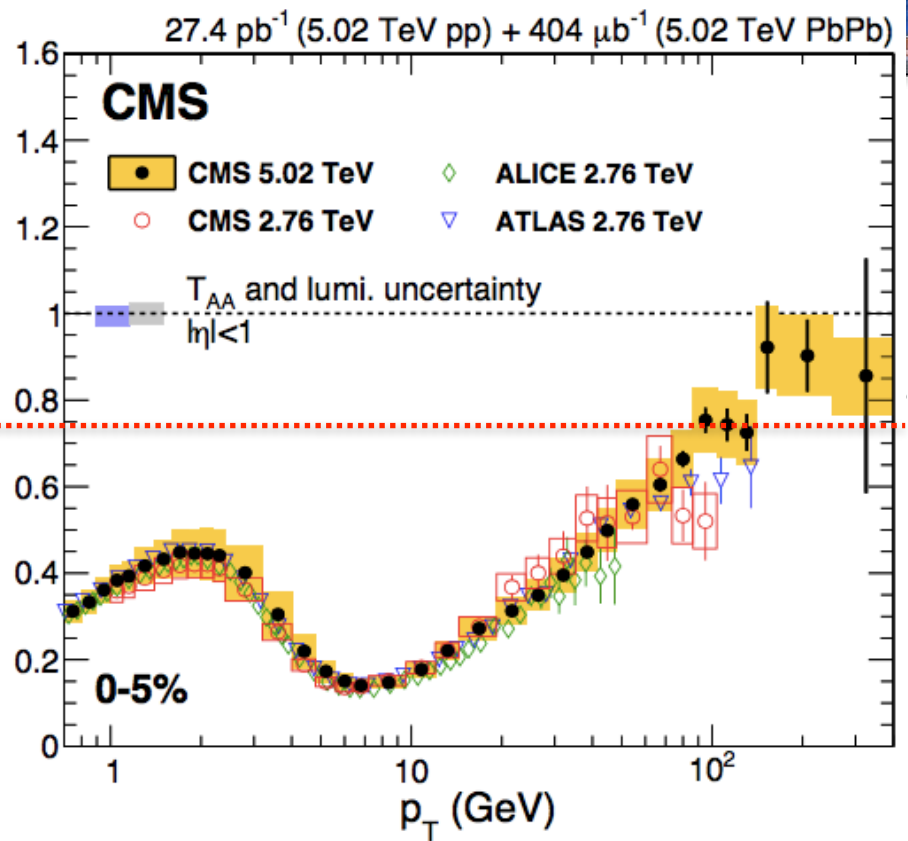
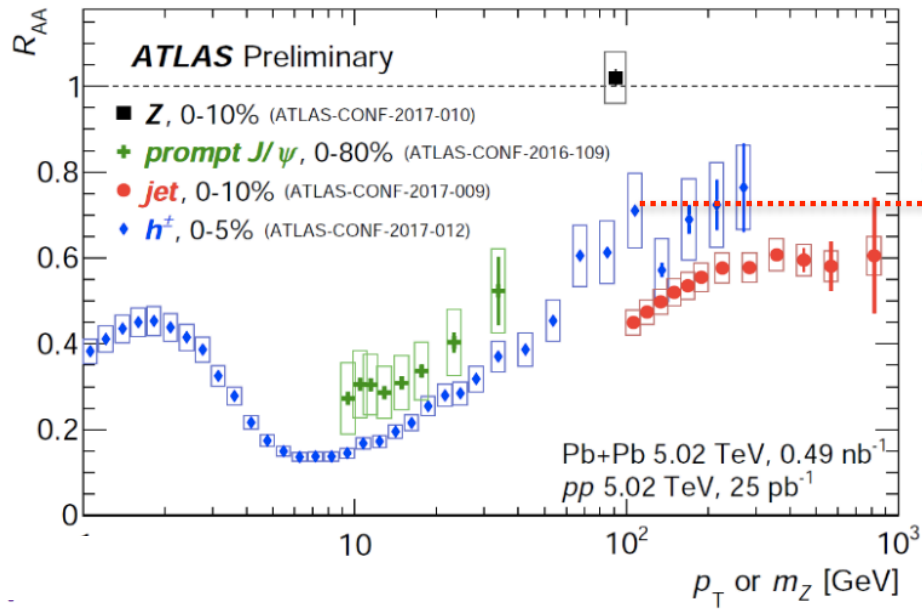




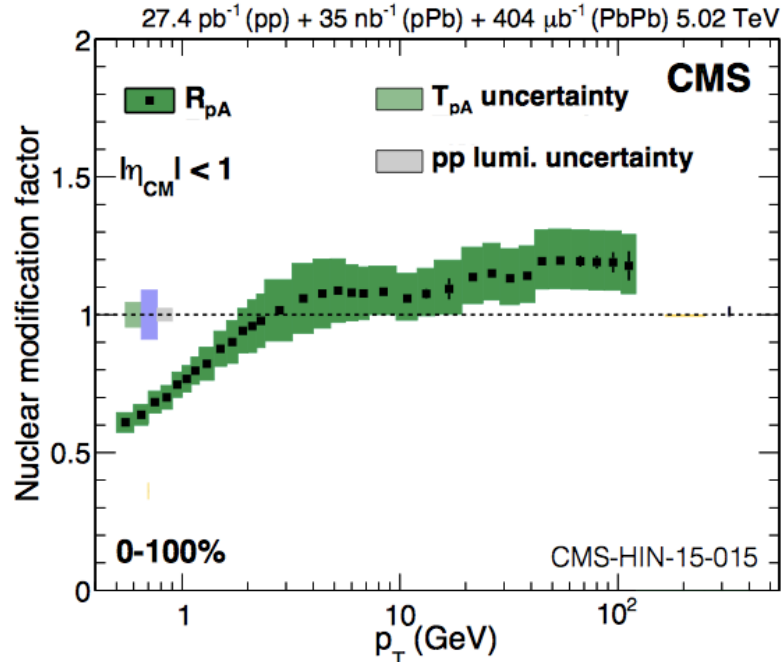
THE FUTURE is NOW

RAA

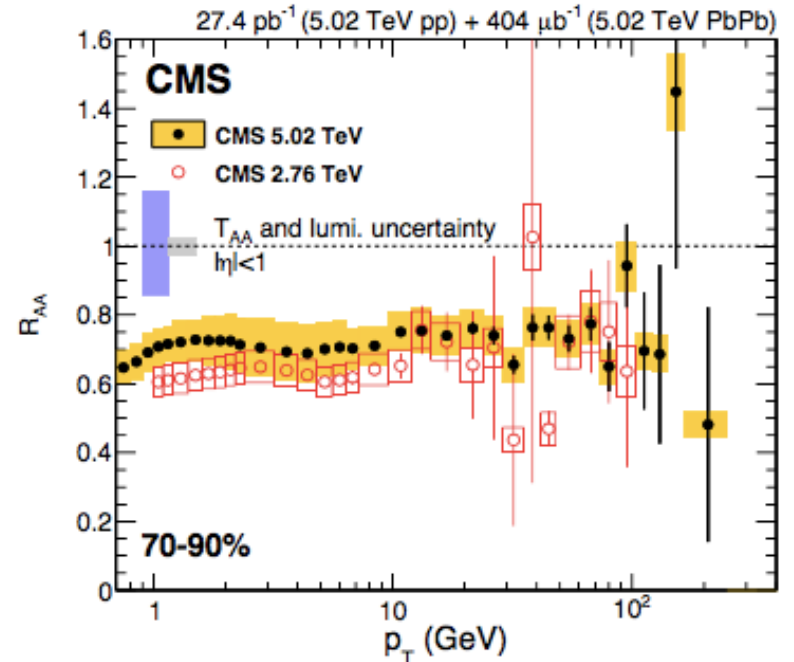




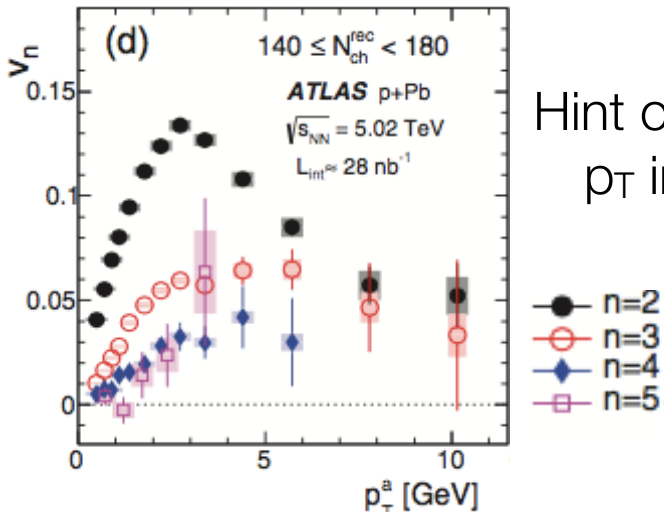
JET or its *Nachfolgeorganisation* needs to follow up with systematic study - what have we learned since 2013?



No suppression in min bias pPb



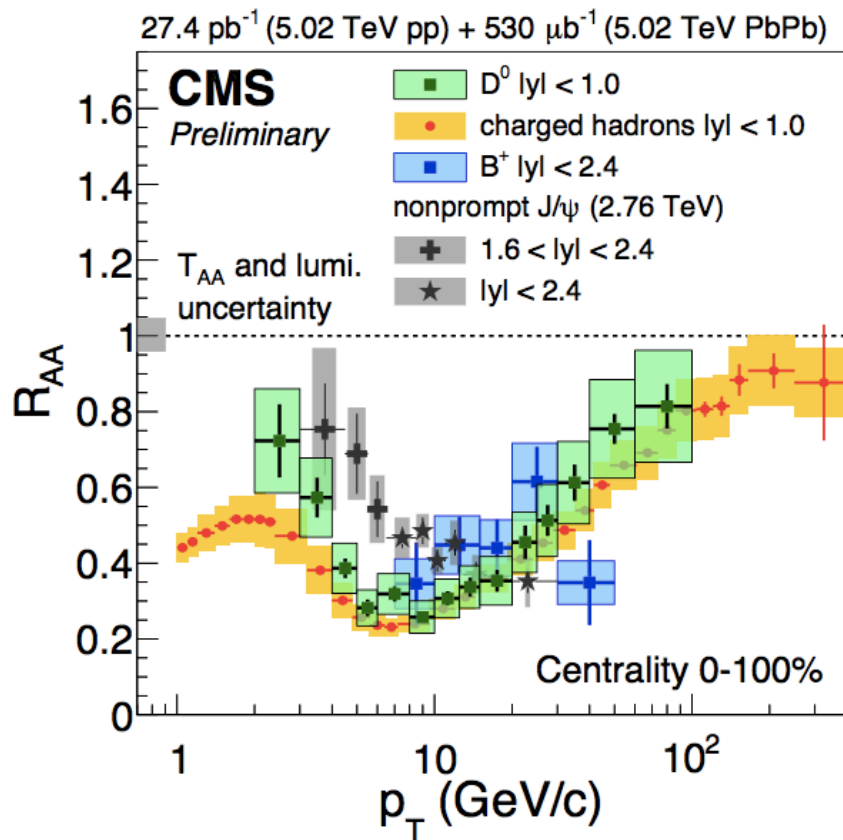
Large suppression in peripheral PbPb



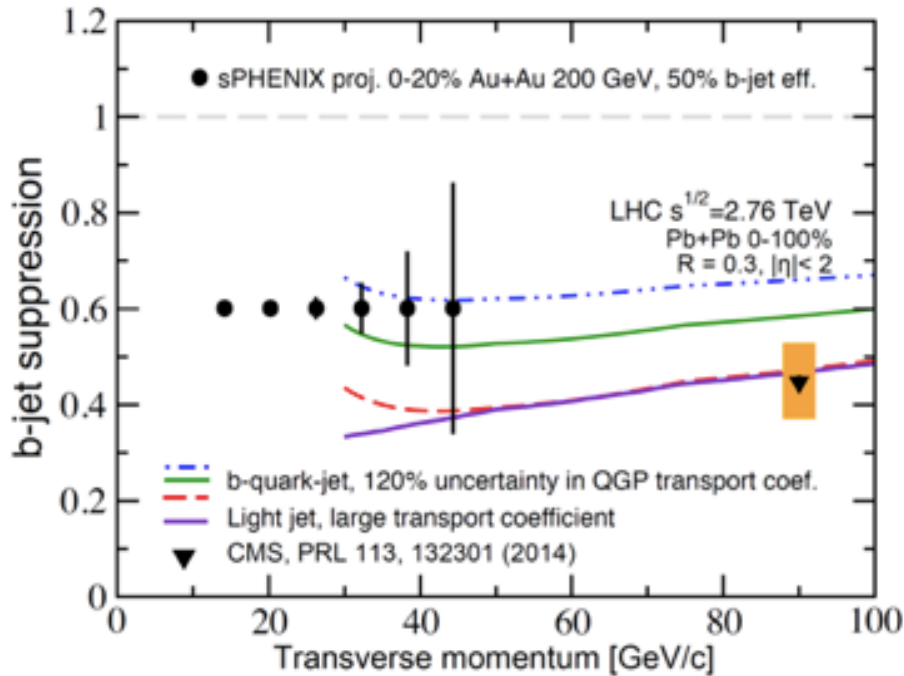
Hint of finite/large  $v_2, v_3$  at high(-ish)  $p_T$  in “central” pPb from ATLAS

Should be possible to resolve with 2015 PbPb and 2016 8TeV pPb

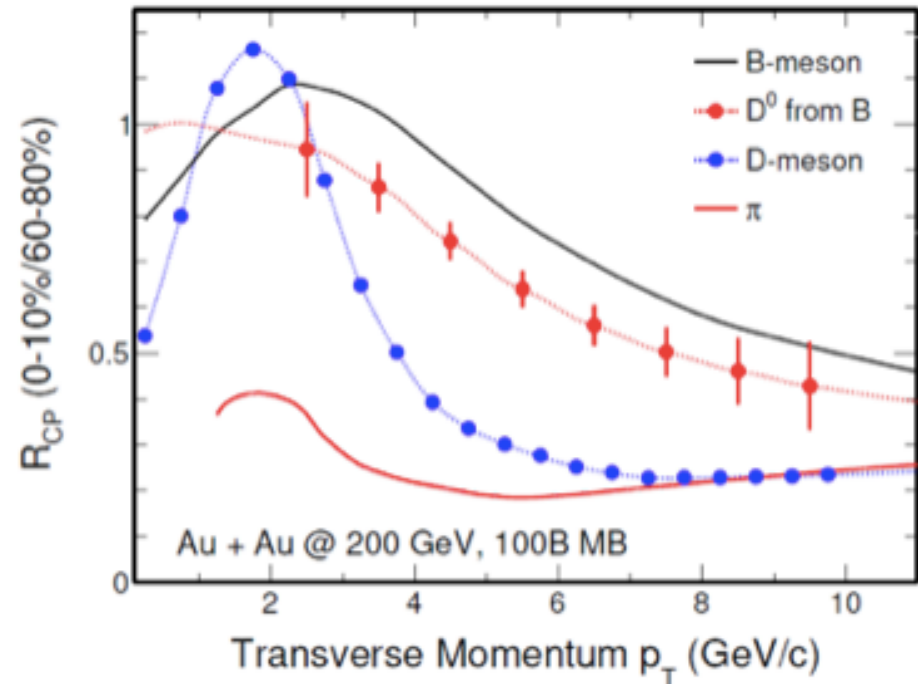




- B<sup>+/-</sup> Future: 0.5/nb → 10/nb+; 1 → 3+ experiments; better resolution, efficiency; more decay channels
- Expect errors comparable to h<sup>+/-</sup> today
- Extension to low p<sub>T</sub> (~0 for D<sup>0</sup>)



b-tagged jets  
(much smaller contribution from gluon splitting than at LHC)

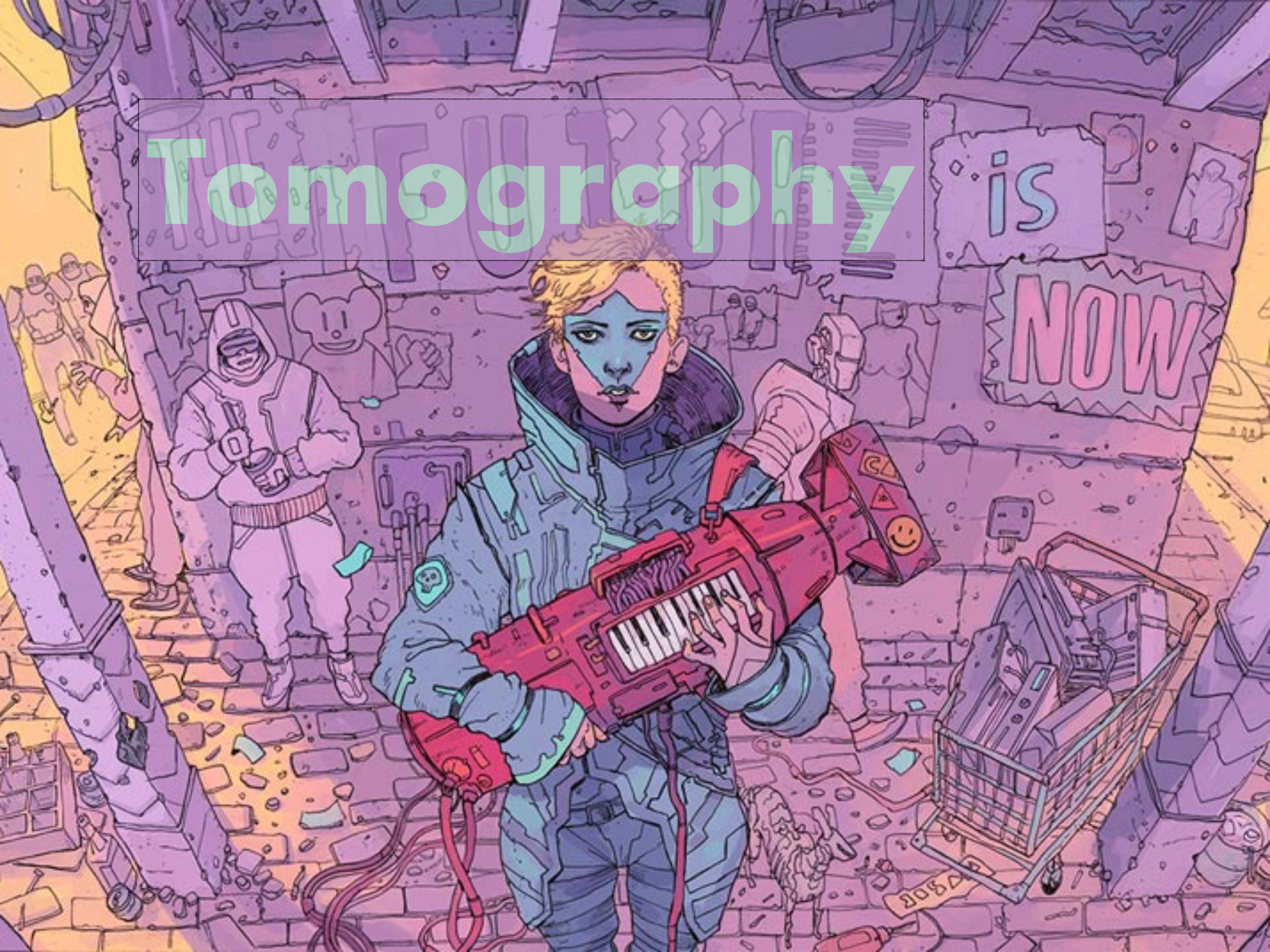


Displaced D<sup>0</sup> mesons as handle B meson suppression

Connect with and extend LHC b measurements



# Tomography

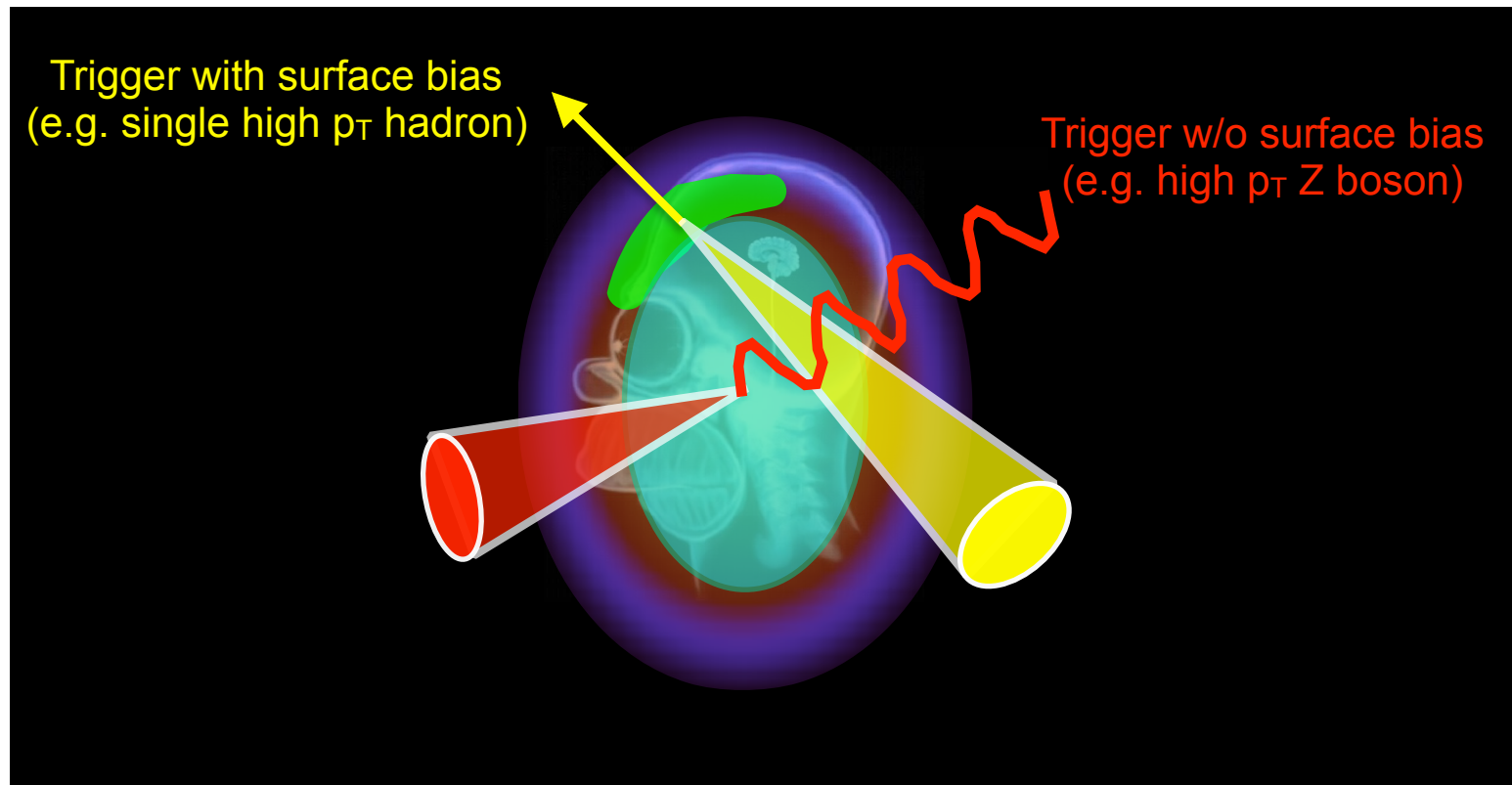






## TOMOGRAPHY

: a method of producing a three-dimensional image of the internal structures of a solid object by the observation and recording of the differences in the effects on the passage of waves of energy impinging on those structures

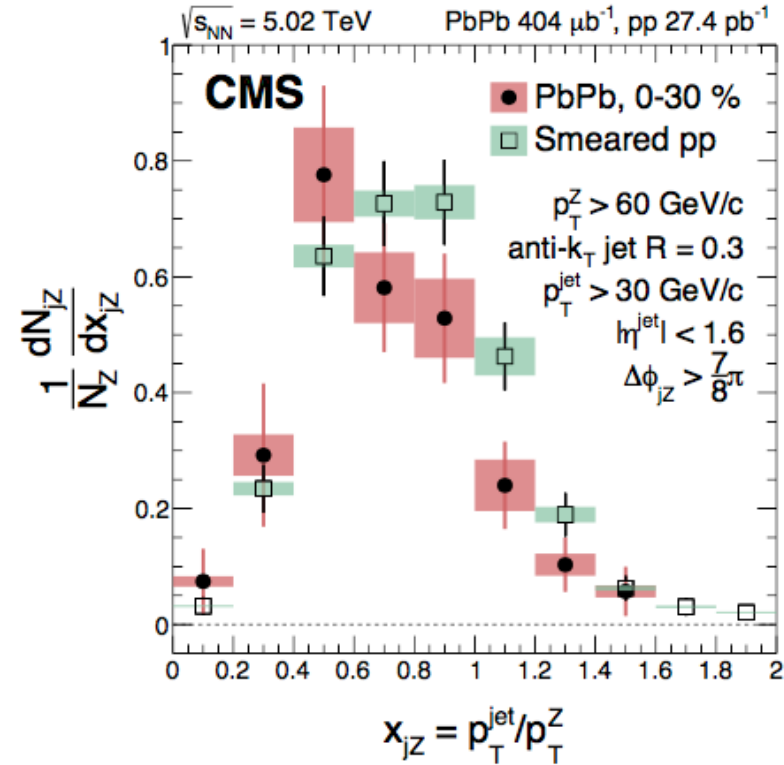


Use  $p_T$ , centrality, pathlength,  $\sqrt{s}$  dependence, trigger biases, flavor tags, ... to isolate different processes in time, coordinate and momentum space



CMS 2017

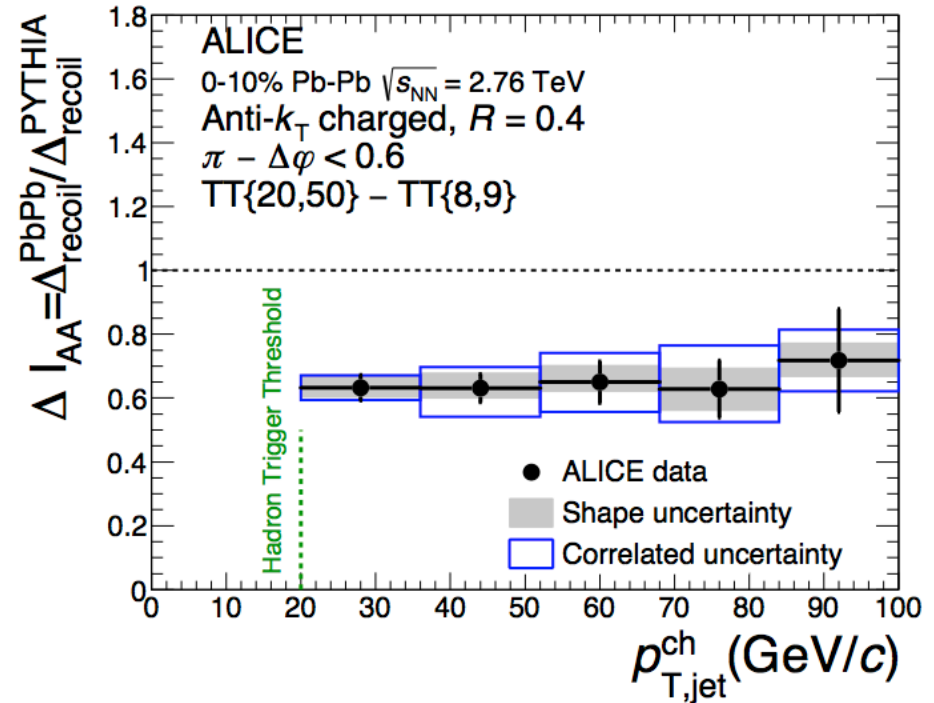
## Z+jet



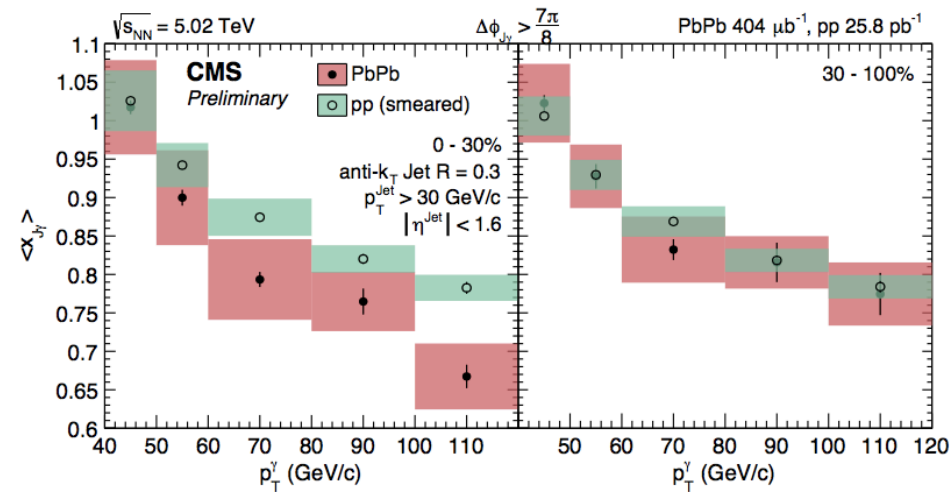
Shift of final state jet momentum relative to initial parton (Z) momentum (no geometry bias)

## jet-hadron

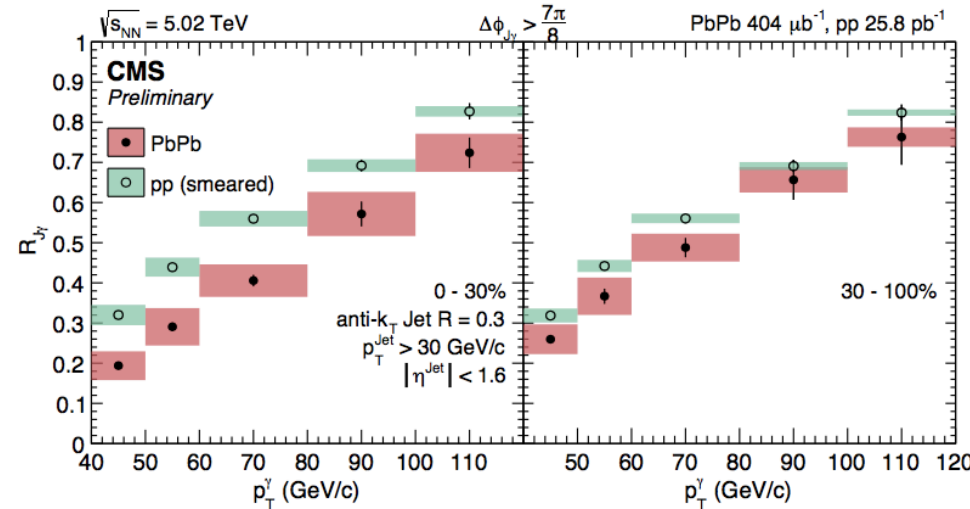
ALICE 2016



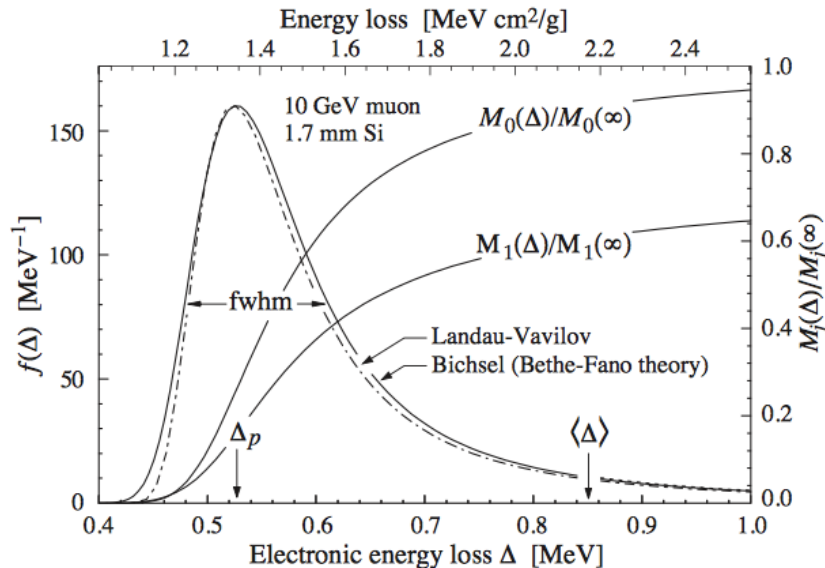
Change in yield of jets recoiling against high  $p_T$  hadrons at given  $p_T$  (geometry bias)



$\langle x_{jg} \rangle$ : average energy loss



$R_{jg}$ : tail of energy loss distribution

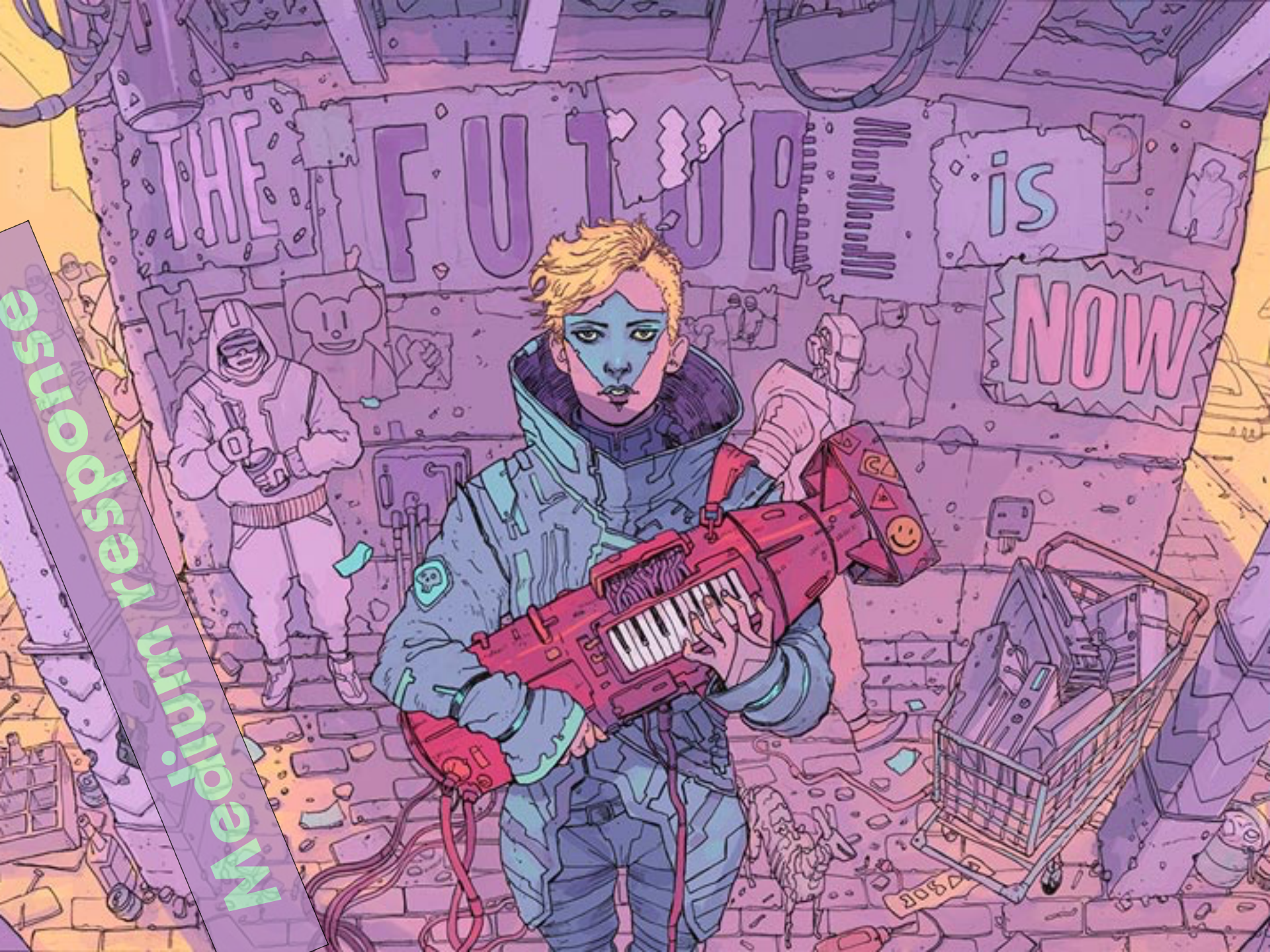


What is the energy loss distribution for partons in QGP?

Is there a difference between models/approximations?



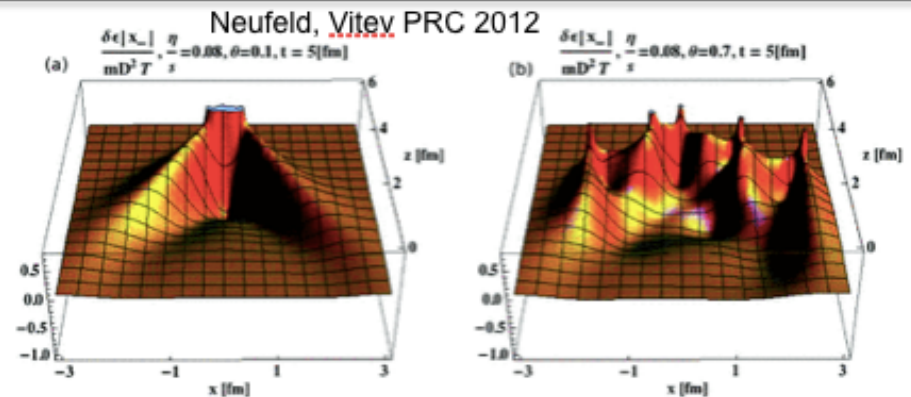
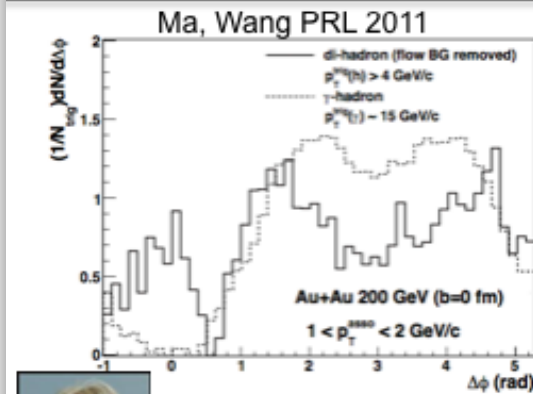
Minimum response







## Energy flow and medium response

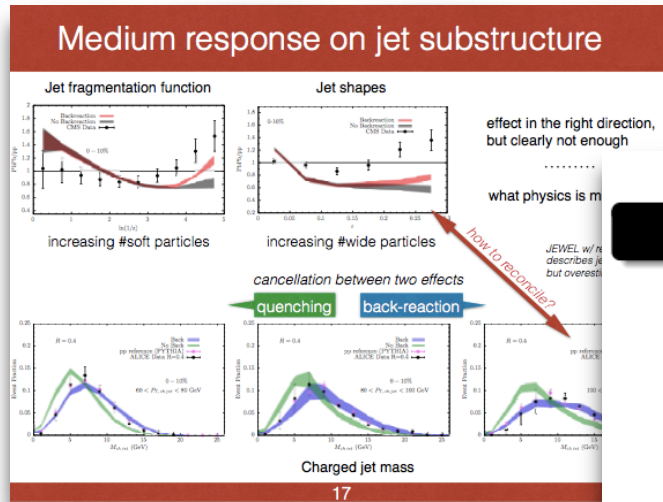


Do we have a medium, if there's no medium response?

Experimental and theoretical challenges:

- Strength and angular structure of medium response unknown
- Jets are correlated with the complex e-by-e flow fields through quenching
- How to distinguish medium-response from modified jet branching?

Fundamentally simpler for photon-jet events!

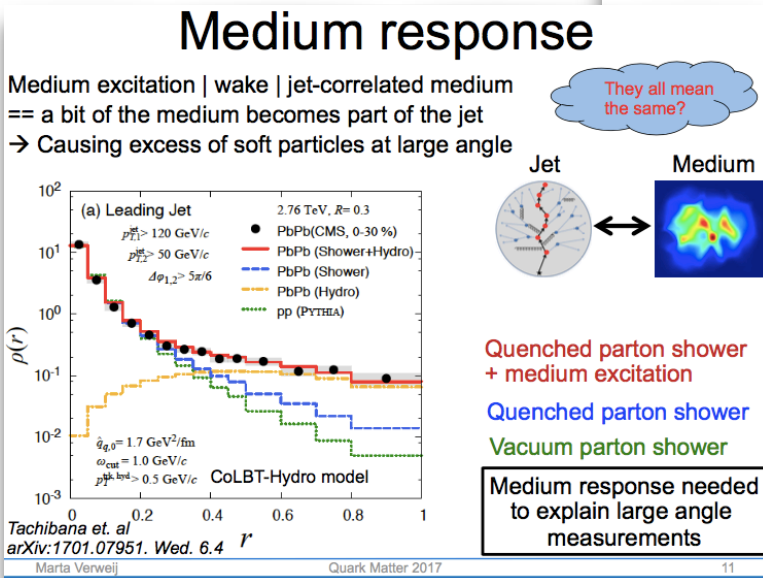


## Jet-induced medium excitation in $\gamma$ -hadron correlation

Wei Chen  
 Collaborators: Yayun He, Horst Stoecker, Longgang Pang, Tan Luo, Enke Wang, Xin-Nian Wang

Institute Of Particle Physics - Central China Normal University

February 7, 2017



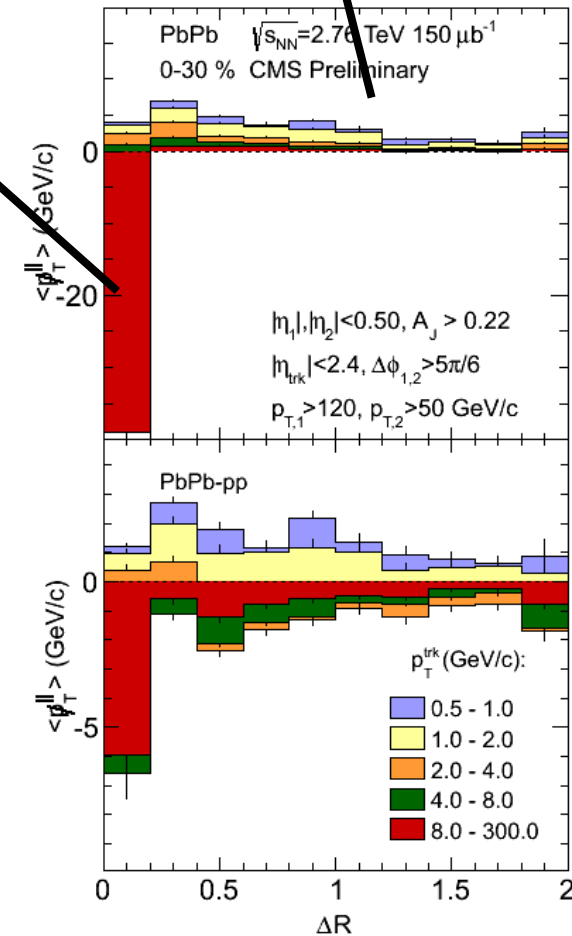
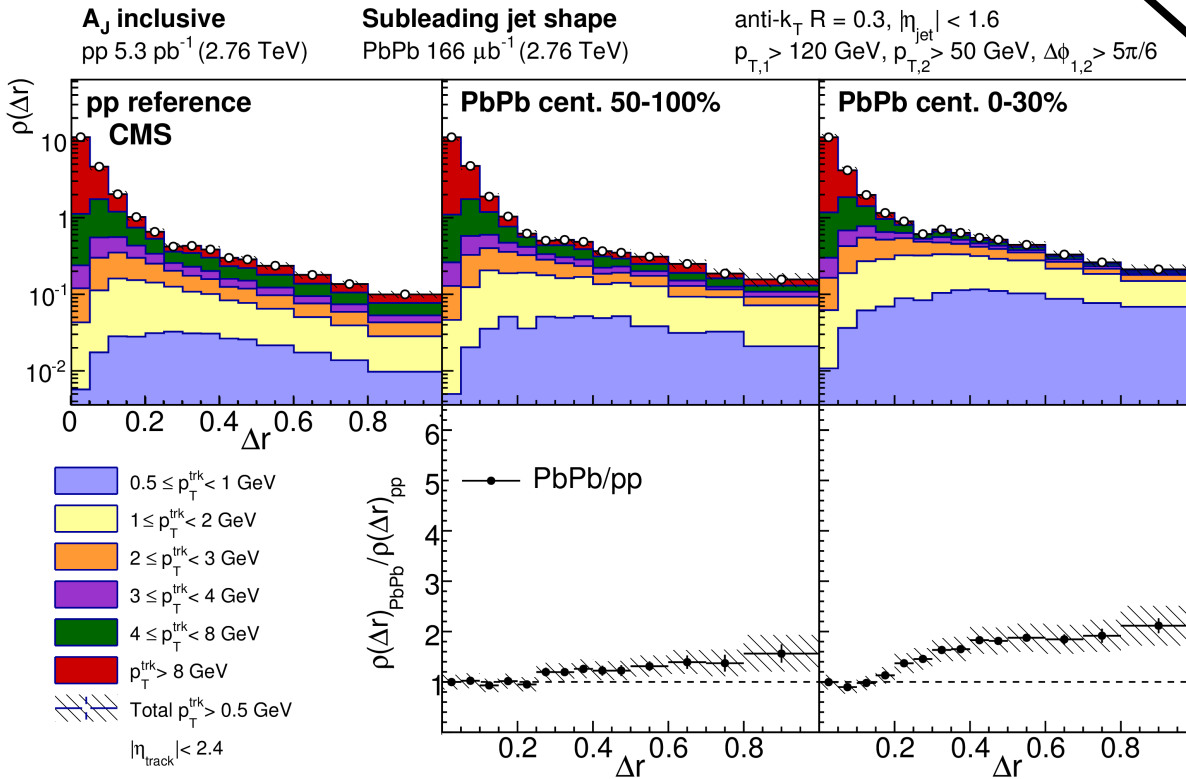
Theorists discover medium response in "old" data





In-cone energy difference  
(leading - subleading jet)

Balanced by low  $p_T$  particles  
at large angles

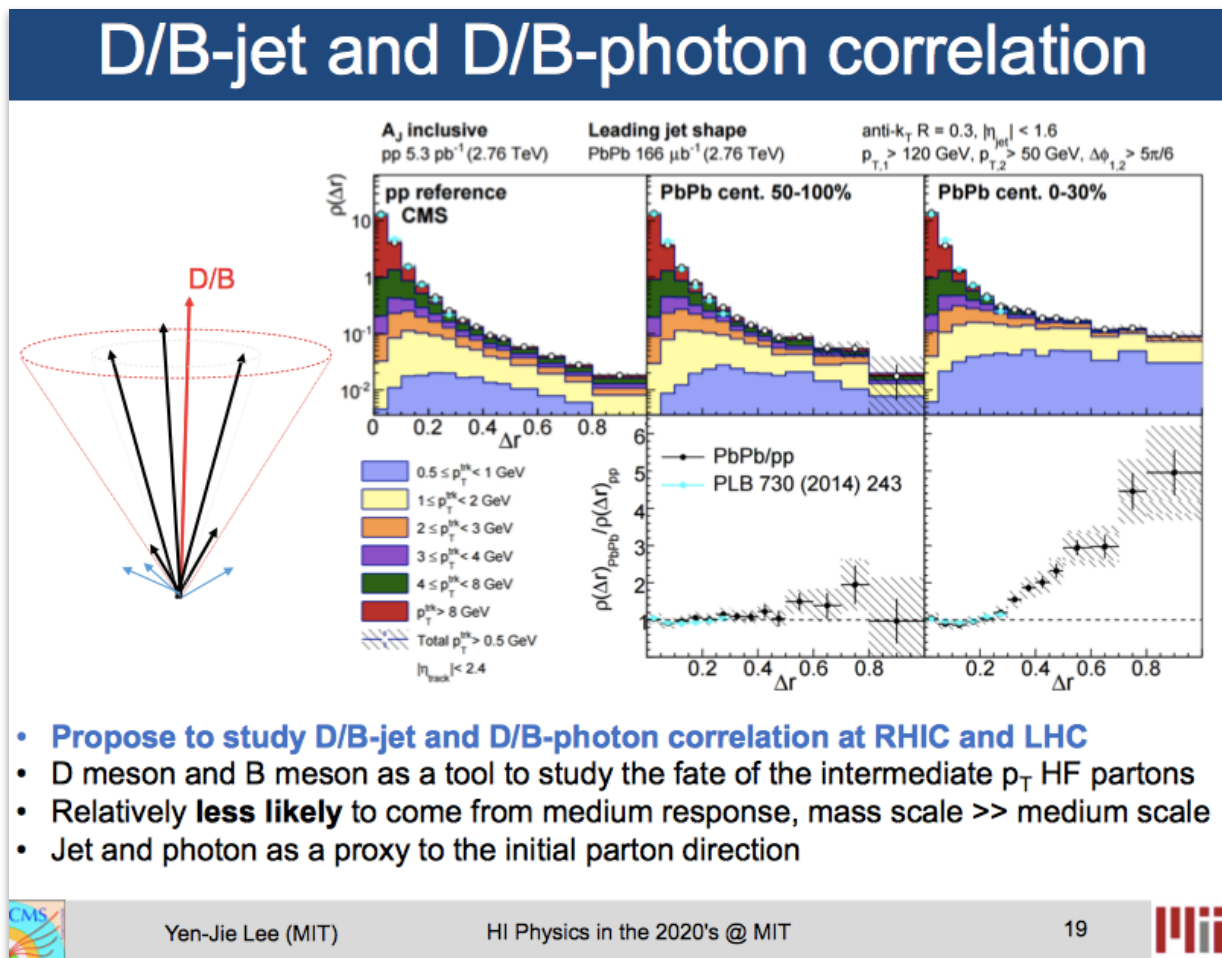


Jet shapes, missing  $p_T$  show energy flow  
out to large angles



How to distinguish jet-stuff from medium-stuff, if there's no distinct angular structure of medium response?

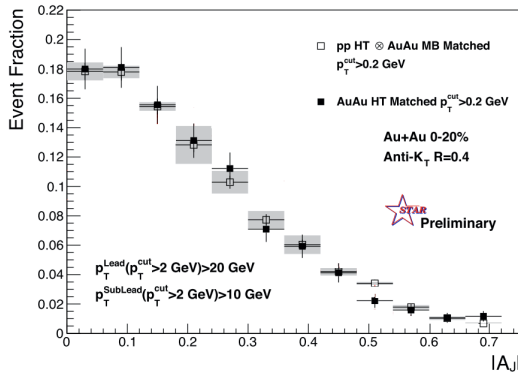
YJ Lee: Look for medium response in HF-jet correlations





## RHIC (STAR)

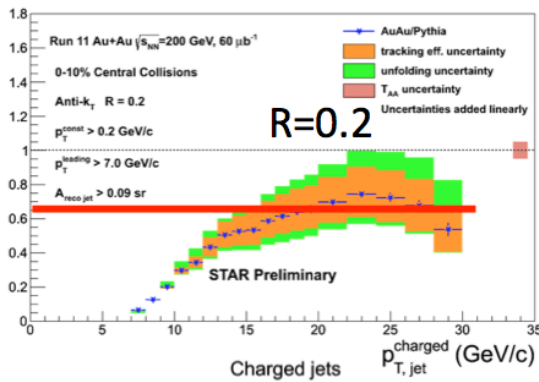
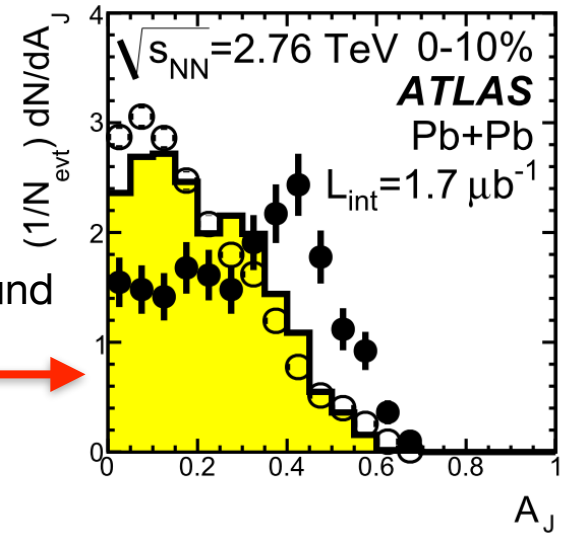
Anti- $k_T$   $R=0.4$ ,  $p_{T,1} > 20$  GeV &  $p_{T,2} > 10$  GeV with  $p_T^{cut} > 2$  GeV/c



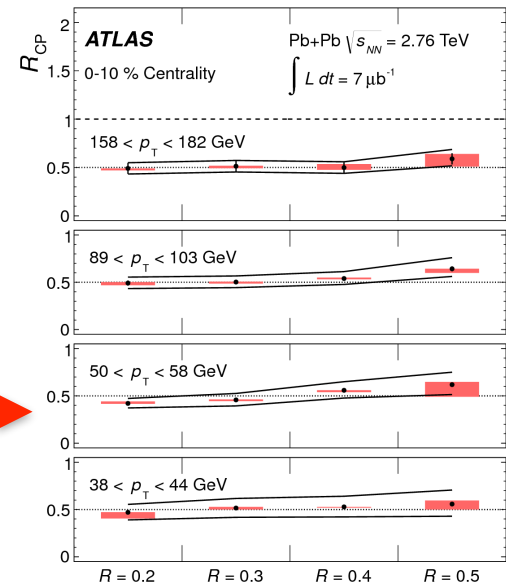
Jets balanced when including  $p_T > 0.2$  GeV

Energy balance found outside of jet cone

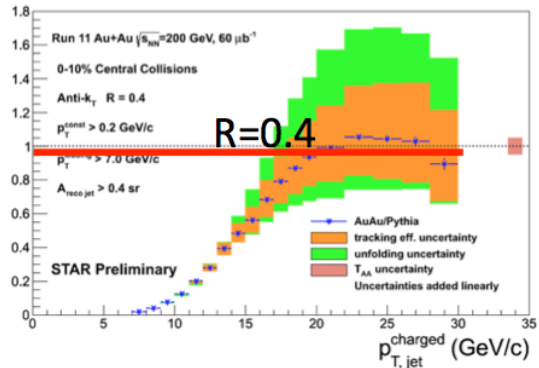
## LHC (ALICE, ATLAS, CMS)



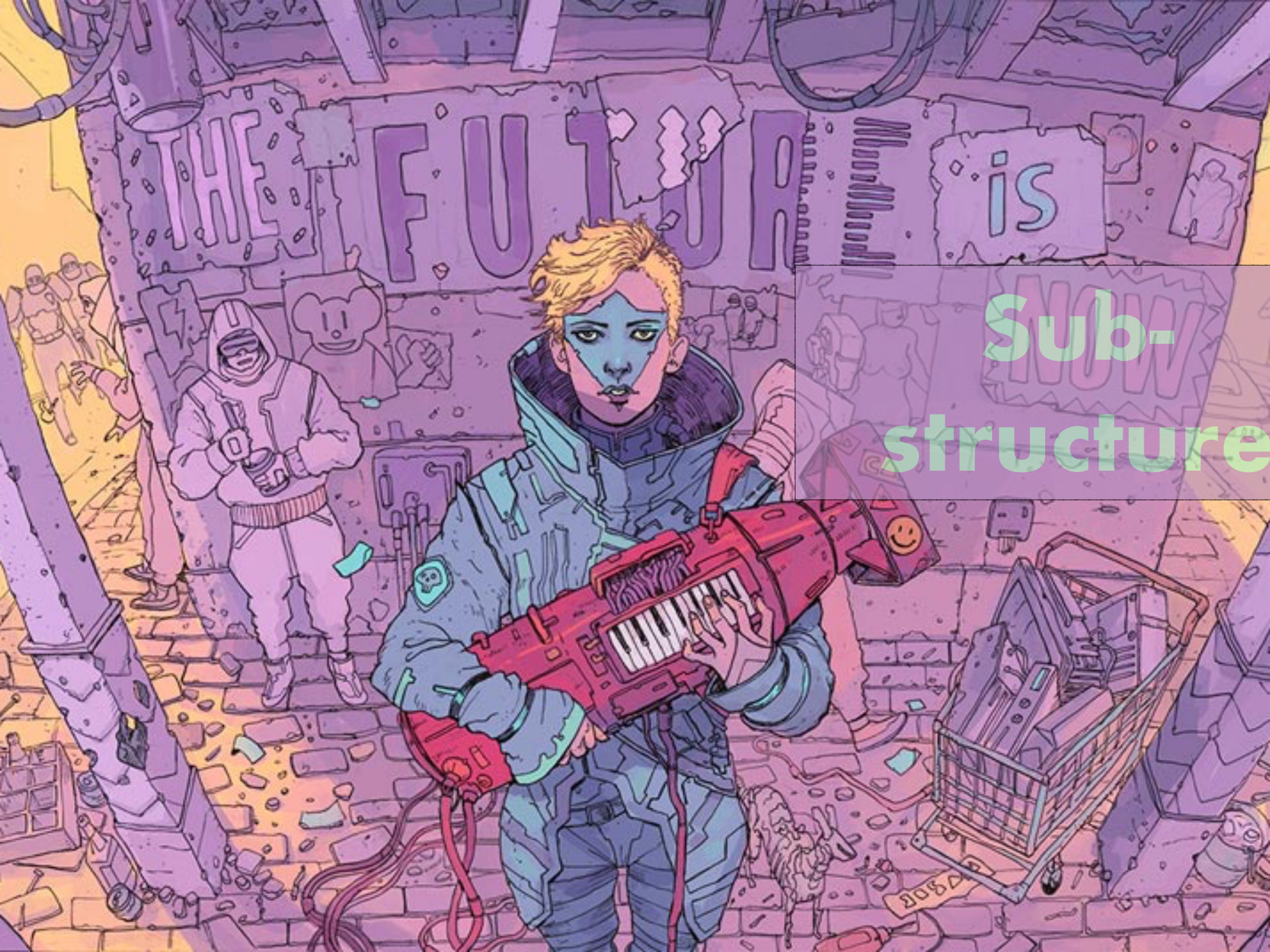
Strong radius dependence of jet RAA



Weak radius dependence of jet RAA





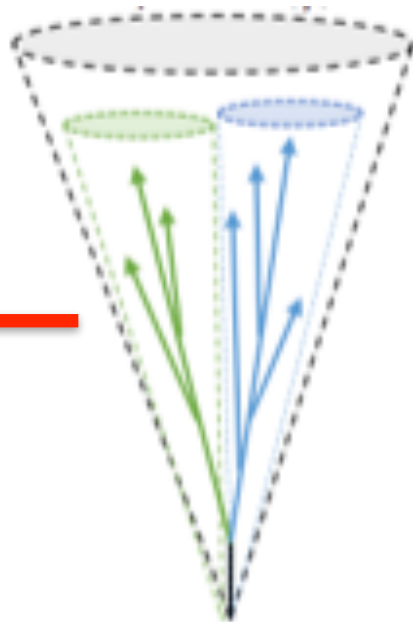
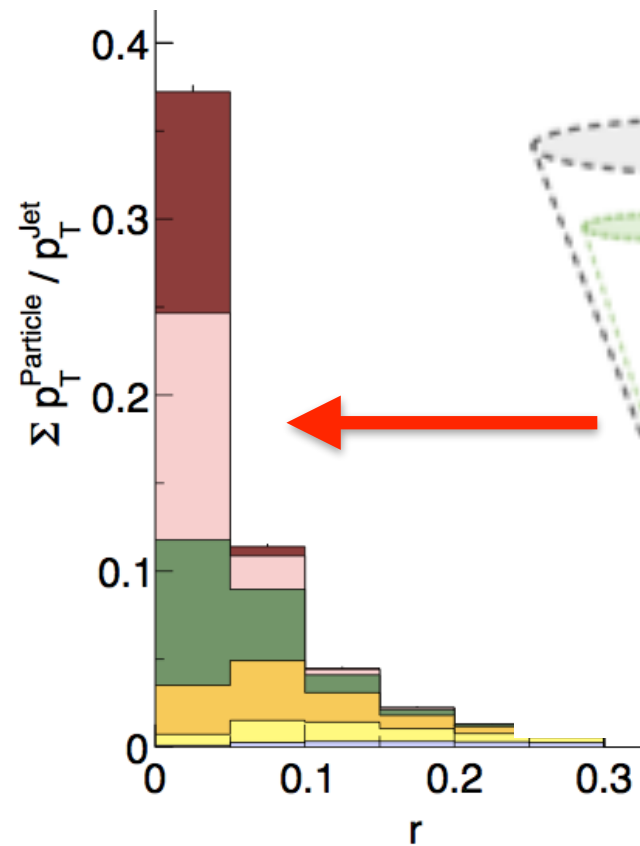


# Sub-structure



Final state jet

Parton shower





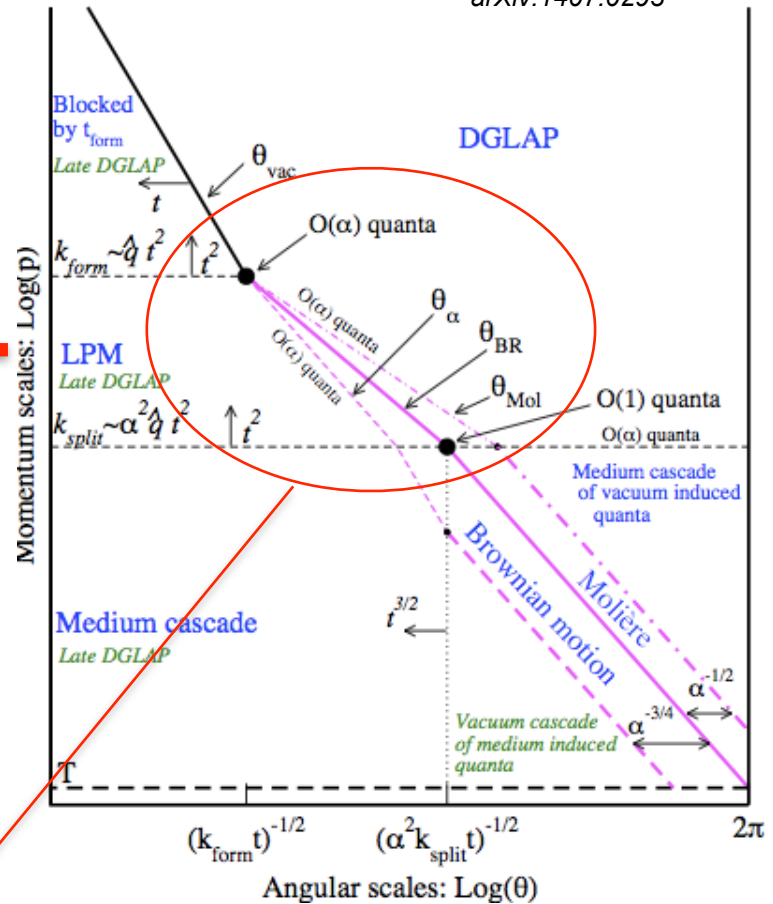
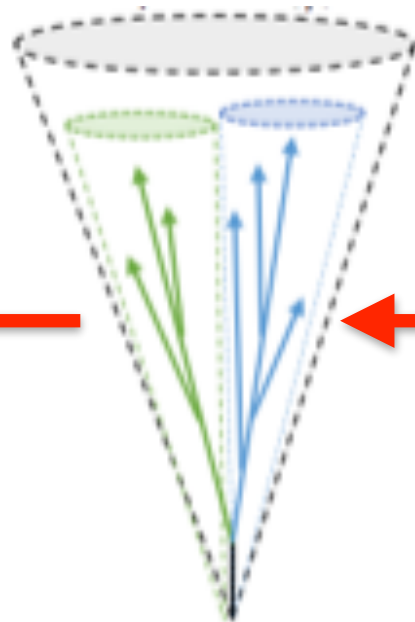
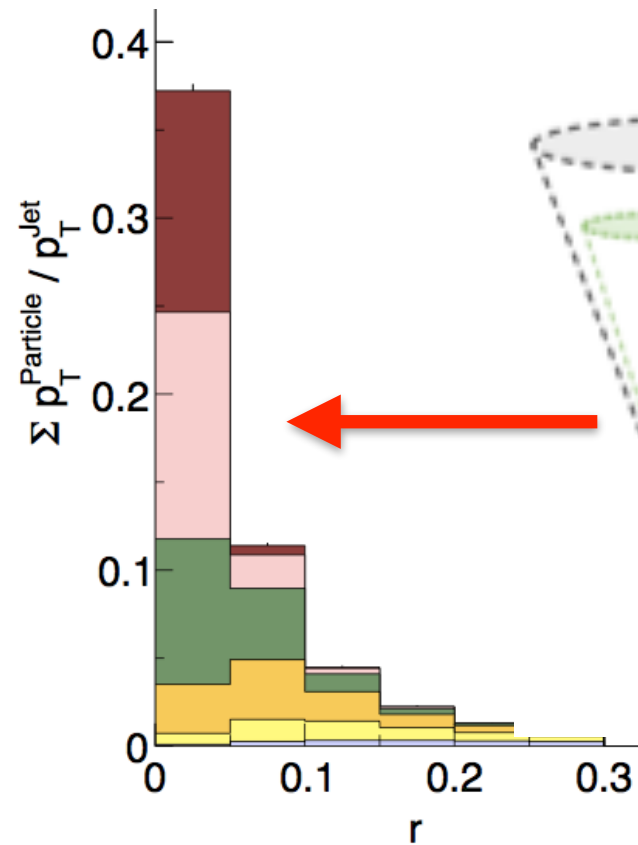


Final state jet

Parton shower

*Snapshot* of angular and momentum structure of intra-jet parton cascade

Kurkela, Wiedemann, arXiv:1407.0293

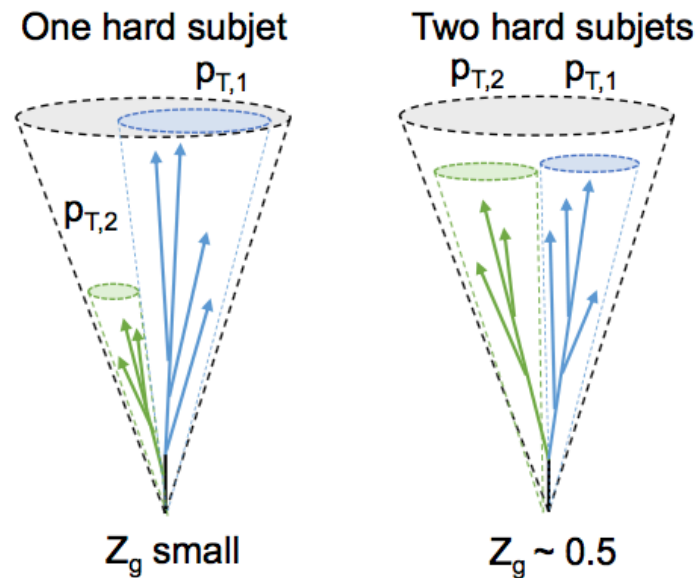
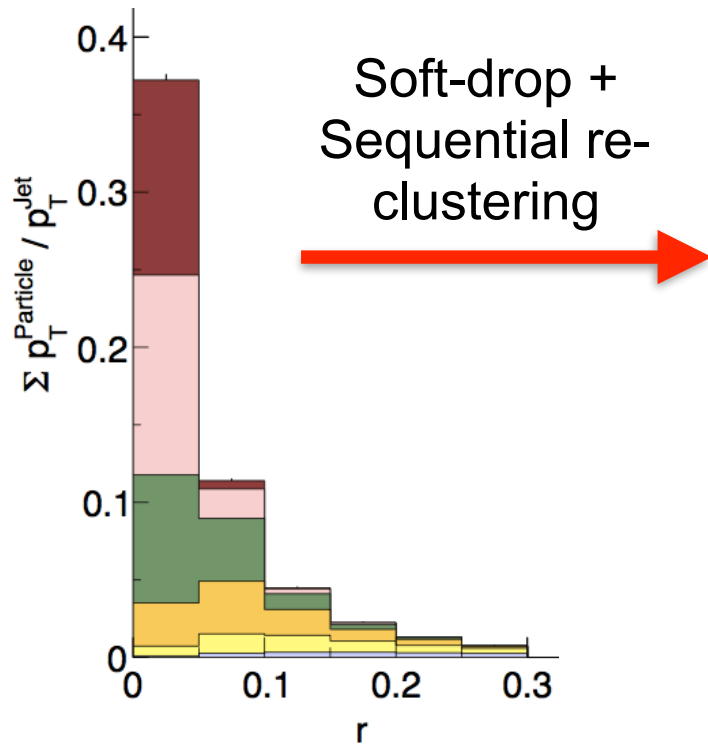


At different scales, evolution is dominated by different mechanisms:

- vacuum evolution
- (jet-constituent)-medium scattering
- in-medium cascade

Detailed understanding of jet modifications on all scales may allow to isolate interactions with “QGP quasiparticles”





from Yen-Jie Lee

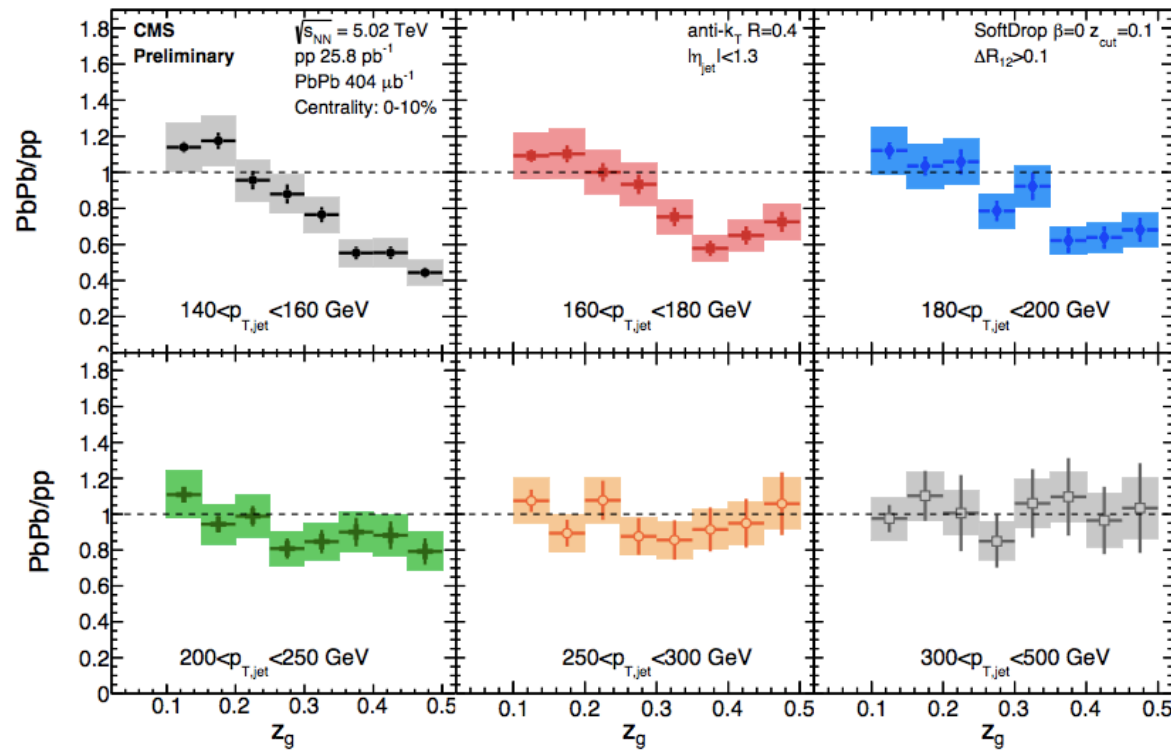
$$Z_g = \frac{p_{T,2}}{p_{T,1} + p_{T,2}}$$

Use clustering + jet grooming techniques to map structure of final state to evolution of parton shower (e.g., “splitting function”)

Does medium resolve early parton shower evolution?

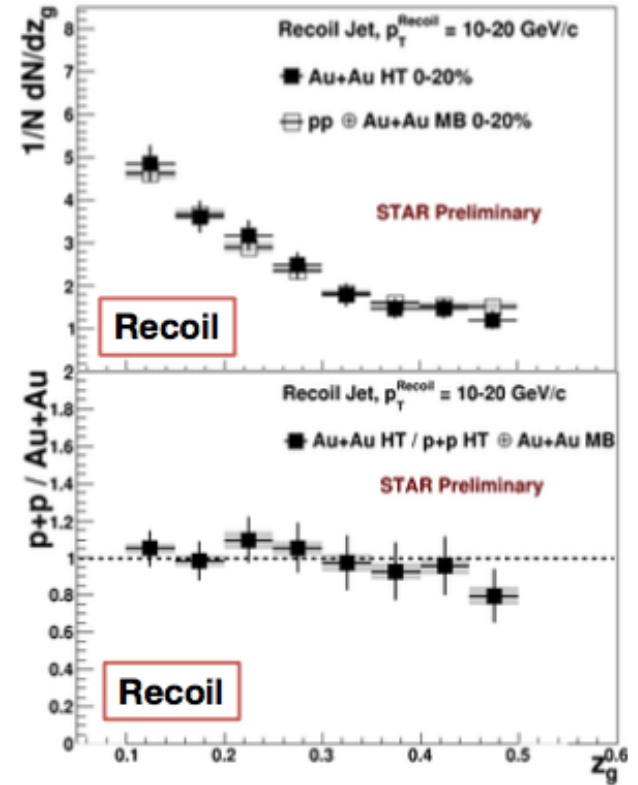
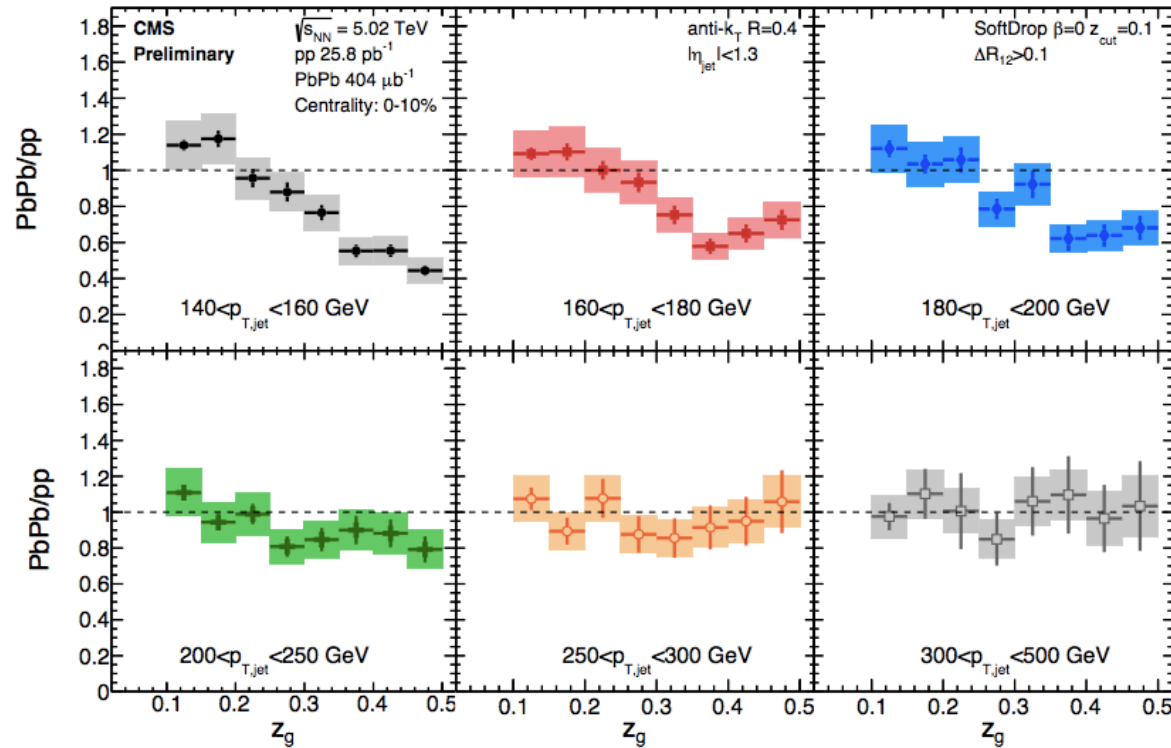


n.b.  $z_g$  ratios not corrected; smearing effect on ratio is small  
 systematic uncertainty includes scale uncertainty for constituent  $p_T$  sum



“Splitting function” is modified  
 for “lower”  $p_T$  jets at LHC...

QGP resolves earliest  
 hard splitting



“Splitting function” is modified  
for “lower”  $p_T$  jets at LHC...

QGP resolves earliest  
hard splitting...

...but not for low  
 $p_T$  jets at RHIC

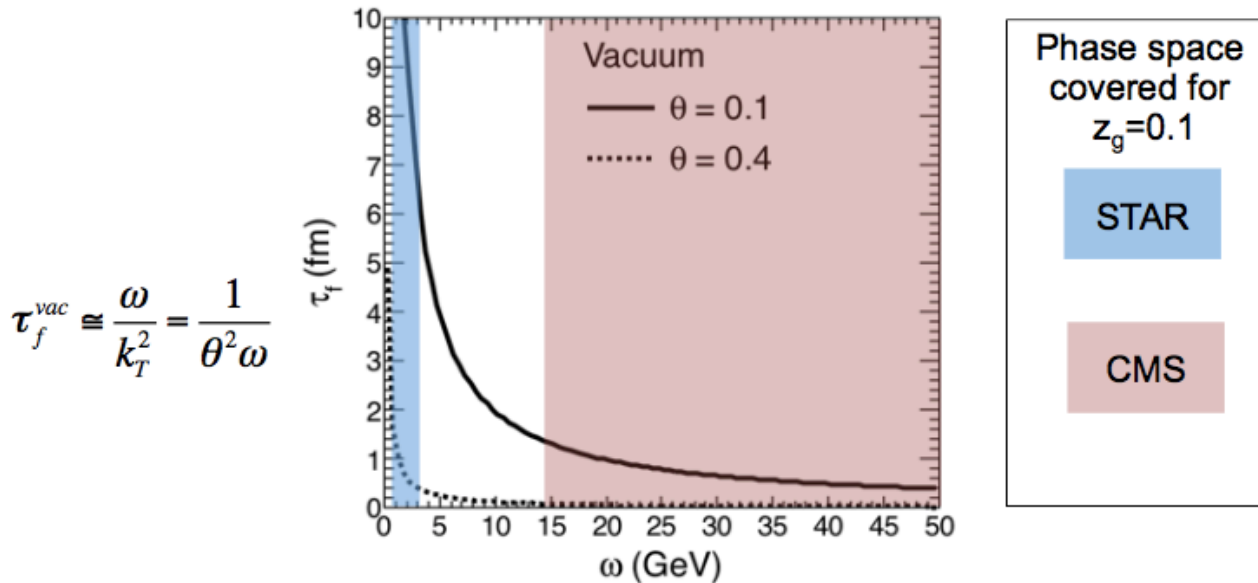
...or not?





## $z_g$ – RHIC vs LHC

Vacuum formation time of gluons with certain energy



STAR and CMS are probing very different formation times. No overlap

Close the gap with lower  $p_T$  jets at LHC and higher  $p_T$  jets at RHIC ( $\rightarrow$  sPHENIX)



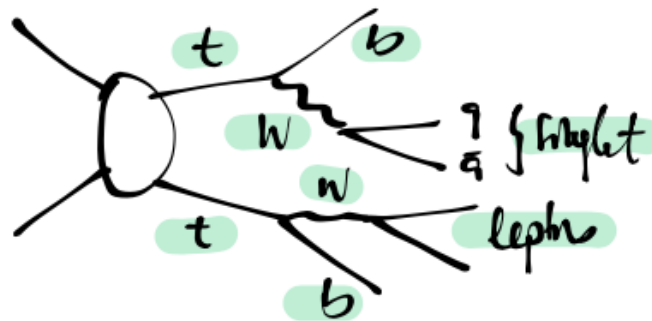
*Apolinário, Milhano, Salam, Salgado :: FCC Yellow Report :: several conference talks :: paper with LHC study soon*

## Simple question

Can we **more directly measure the space-time** development of the medium with jet observables? - including **late times**

**Switch-off the cascade**  
for some time

Use **color-singlet** configurations



**Boosted tops**  
a possibility

→ see talk by Liliana

Main limitation: very rare - **high statistics needed (HL-LHC & FCC studied here)**



Hard Probes - September 2016

Boosted tops in HIC 2

Boost (time dilation) allows to control when/  
where in plasma top/W decay products appear



- Goal: QGP microscopy using jets
- Large harvest of new results from Run 2 at LHC and RHIC upgrades
  - Light hadron and HF  $R_{AA}$
  - Jet tomography with  $h$ ,  $Z$ ,  $\gamma$  tags
  - Re-interpretation of correlation data as medium response
  - Studies of jet substructure
- Old questions remain; new ones arise
- Expect huge experimental progress at LHC + RHIC in 2020's
  - much more complete control over initial/propagating hard scattered object(s)
- **Critical issue is capability of theory to exploit new experimental information**